

This document contains treatment criteria for use of:

Page 003: Section A: Cancer drugs/indications currently funded by the Cancer Drugs Fund (CDF)

Page 044: Section B: NICE & NHSE approved cancer drugs/indications routinely funded by NHSE from 1st April 2016

Page 219: Section C: NHS England interim cancer treatment options funded during the COVID-19 pandemic

ver1.313

28-Jun-24

Medical	Operations and Information	Specialised Commissioning
Nursing	Trans. & Corp. Ops.	Commissioning Strategy
Finance		
Publications Gateway	Reference:	05605
Document Purpose	Policy	
Document Name	National Cancer Drug Fund Li	st
Author	NHS England Cancer Drugs F	und Team
Publication Date	29 July 2016	
Target Audience	Directors, NHS England Direct	al Directors, NHS England Regional stors of Commissioning Operations, st CEs, Patients; Patient Groups; ustry
Additional Circulation		
List Description		
	National Concer Data Fund d	
Description Cross Reference	National Cancer Drug Fund de	acision summaries
Description Cross Reference Superseded Docs (if applicable)	National Cancer Drug Fund de National Cancer Drug Fund Li	
Description Cross Reference Superseded Docs (if applicable)		
Description Cross Reference Superseded Docs (ff applicable) Action Required Timing / Deadlines	National Cancer Drug Fund Li	
Description Cross Reference Superseded Docs (ff applicable) Action Required Timing / Deadlines	National Cancer Drug Fund Li	st (as updated July 2015)
Cross Reference Superseded Docs (ff applicable) Action Required Timing / Deadlines (ff applicable) Contact Details for	National Cancer Drug Fund Li N/A N/A	st (as updated July 2015)
Cross Reference Superseded Docs (ff applicable) Action Required Timing / Deadlines (ff applicable) Contact Details for	National Cancer Drug Fund Li N/A N/A NHS England Cancer Drugs F	st (as updated July 2015)
Cross Reference Superseded Docs (ff applicable) Action Required Timing / Deadlines (ff applicable) Contact Details for	National Cancer Drug Fund Li N/A N/A N/A NHS England Cancer Drugs F Skipton House	st (as updated July 2015)
Cross Reference Superseded Docs (ff applicable) Action Required Timing / Deadlines (ff applicable) Contact Details for	National Cancer Drug Fund Li N/A N/A NHS England Cancer Drugs F Skipton House 80 London Road	st (as updated July 2015)
Cross Reference Superseded Docs (ff applicable) Action Required Timing / Deadlines (ff applicable) Contact Details for	National Cancer Drug Fund Li N/A NHS England Cancer Drugs F Skipton House 80 London Road London Road	st (as updated July 2015)
Description Cross Reference Superseded Docs ((f applicable) Action Required Timing / Deadlines (f d applicable)	National Cancer Drug Fund Li N/A N/A NHS England Cancer Drugs F Skipton House 80 London Road London SE1 6LH england.cdfleam@nhs.net	st (as updated July 2015)

#### A. National CDF List

Notes: This list should be read in conjunction with 'Appraisal and Funding of Cancer Drugs from July 2016 (including the new Cancer Drugs Fund) A new deal for patients, taxpayers and industry' published by NHS England on 8 July 2016 at www.england.nhs.uk/ourwork/cancer/cdf

				Availa	able to new	patients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice o remova served)		Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Interim Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
ATE10	Atezolizumab	lung cancer and with PD-L1 expression on ≥50% of tumour cells and whose disease has not progressed on recently completed adjuvant platinum-based chemotherapy	1. Unit advancediate in the use of yatem attent enter theory with adjust attention and like prescribed by a consultant speciality specifically trained advancement and use of yatem attention and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related advence reactions due to anti-PO-L1 2. The prescribent edition is fully assee of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related advence reactions due to anti-PO-L1 2. The prescribent edition is patient:		From 23-Aug	22	No	n/a	Yes	Agreed	No	пса

				Availal	ble to nev	/ patients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding	CDF		
Blueteq Form ref: Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (bu notice o remova served)	f No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Managed Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))		
			<ol> <li>This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with the combination of avelumab and axitinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> </ol>										
			<ol> <li>The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to checkpoint inhibitor treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies, hepatitis and other immune-related adverse reactions.</li> </ol>	-									
			<ol> <li>The patient has unresectable locally advanced or metastatic renal cell carcinoma (RCC) which has either a clear cell component or is one of the types of RCC as indicated below.</li> <li>Please indicate below which RCC histology applies to this patient:         <ul> <li>RCC with a clear cell component or</li> <li>Papillary RCC or</li> <li>Chromophobe RCC or</li> <li>Collecting duct RCC (Bellini collecting duct RCC) or</li> <li>Medullary RCC or</li> <li>Multinous tubular and spindle cell RCC or</li> <li>Multinous tubular and spindle cell RCC or</li> <li>Multinous tubular and spindle cell RCC or</li> <li>Multinous RCC RCC or</li> <li>Multinous RCC RCC or</li> </ul> </li> <li>Multinous RCC RCC or</li> </ol>										
AVE3	Avelumab in combination with axitinib	For use in treatment-naïve patients with advanced renal cell carcinoma where the following criteria have been met:	<ul> <li>4. The prescribing clinician confirms below the risk status as assessed by the Intermational Metastatic RCC Database Consortium (IMDC) system which scores 1 point for each of the following 6 factors – a score of 0 indicates good risk disease, a score of 1-2 indicates intermediate risk and a score of 3-6 denotes poor risk:</li> <li>The IMDC factors are:</li> <li>Less than 1 year from time of initial diagnosis of RCC to now</li> <li>a Kamofsky performance status of &lt;80%</li> <li>the haemoglobin level is less than 1 year limit of normal</li> <li>the corrected calcium level is &gt;2.5mmol/L</li> <li>the diateted calcium level is &gt;2.5mmol/L</li> <li>the asset of the upper limit of normal</li> <li>the asset of the upper limit of normal.</li> <li>Please indicate below whether the patient is in the good or intermediate or poor risk prognostic group:</li> <li>a.good risk disease (IMDC score of 0) or</li> <li>intermediate risk disease (IMDC score of 3 or 2) or</li> <li>poor risk disease (IMDC score of 3 or 2) or</li> </ul>	From 31-1		From 31-Jul-	2020	No	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Yes	nca
			5. The patient is either completely treatment naïve for systemic immune-modulatory therapy for RCC or if the patient has received prior systemic immune-modulatory therapy in the context of adjuvant/neoadjuvant therapy, then such treatment was completed 12 or more months previously and the patient meets all other criteria listed here. Please mark below whether or not previous systemic immune-modulatory therapy has been received in the adjuvant/neoadjuvant setting: - no previous adjuvant/neoadjuvant systemic immune-modulatory therapy of any kind and the patient is treatment naïve for the locally advanced/metastatic RCC indication or - prior adjuvant/neoadjuvant therapy with immune-modulatory therapy of any kind and the patient is treatment naïve for the locally advanced/metastatic RCC indication or - prior adjuvant/neoadjuvant therapy with immune-modulatory therapies for RCC anti-Programmed Death Teceptor-1 (Po-1), anti-Programmed Death Tiggand 1 (PO-L1), anti-To L2, anti-CD137 or anti-cytotoxic T lymphocyte associated antigen-4 (anti-CTL-4) antibodies and last dose received by the patient was 12 or more months prior to this application and the patient is treatment-naïve for the locally advanced/metastatic RCC indication Please mark in the box the time since end of treatment with adjuvant/neoadjuvant immune-modulatory therapy:										
			6. The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0 or 1.										
			7. The patient has no symptomatic brain metastases or leptomeningeal metastases currently requiring steroids for symptom control. 8. The patient is to be treated until loss of clinical benefit or excessive toxicity or patient choice, whichever is the sconer. Note: there is no stopping rule as to the maximum treatment duration of avelumab plus axitinib in this indication. Note: if either avelumab or axitinib has to be permanently discontinued on account of toxicity, treatment with the other drug can be continued as monotherapy as long as there is no evidence of progressive disease.										
			<ol> <li>Avelumab and axitinib will otherwise be prescribed and administered as outlined in their respective Summary of Product Characteristics (SPCs).</li> <li>A formal medical review to assess the tolerability of treatment with avelumab and axitinib will be scheduled to occur at least by the start of the 3rd 4-weekly cycle of treatment and thereafter on a regular basis.</li> </ol>										
			and thereater on a regular basis. 11. Treatment breaks of up to 12 weeks beyond the expected 4-weekly cycle length are allowed but solely to allow any toxicities to settle.										
			12. If the disease progresses on the avelumab and axitinib combination and further systemic therapy is appropriate, the next line of treatment will be chosen from those options which are routinely commissioned is for the next line of systemic therapy, there will be use of one choice of the following (main) incorporating TKI options which have multiple modes of attion [so-called dirty TKIs]): the currently commissioned 2 nd ine options of cabocarthinib or lenvatinib placevorilmus or nortemberapy or the currently commissioned 1st line options of sunitinib (still on label as 2nd line treatment) or pazopanib (off label as 2nd line treatment).										

				Availa	ble to new	patients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice of removal served)	No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Interim Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
AXI02a_v1.0	Axicabtagene ciloleucel	In patients who relapse within 12 months of completion of 11 line chemoimmundhrapy AND who would otherwise be intended for potential stem cell transplantation gr who are refractory to 1st line chemoimmundhrapy AND who would otherwise be intended for potential stem cell transplantation where the following criteria are met: This form is for the approval of leucapheresis and manufacture of CAR-T cells. There is a second port to this form which relates to the subsequent infusion of CAR-T cells and this will be available forse submission of this frat part of the second port of the form (AV02b) can only be completed as continuation of this first part of the form (AX02c) and must be completed on infusion of CAR-T cells otherwise the treation frust will not be reimbursed for the cost of aucabtagene ciloleucel	1. This paper we have and that feacupters in the random service we have a collegistic sector. The sector we have a sector of the sector of th	-	From 27-Apr-	23	Νο	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Yes	NCA

				Availa	ible to new	patients				Interim Funding	CDF	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (bu notice o remova served)	f No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Transition Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Eligible for Interim Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Managed Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
AXI02a_v1.0	Axicabtagene ciloleucel	In patients who relapse within 12 months of completion of 131 line chemoimmunchreapy AND who would otherwise be intended for potential stem cell transplantation grub are refractory to 1st line chemoimmunchtenzy AND who would otherwise be intended for potential stem cell transplantation where the following criteria are met: This form is for the opproval of leucopheresis and manufacture of CAA+? Cells. There is a second part of ther submission of CAA+? Cells have beequent infusion of CAA+? Cells and this will be ownibble differ submission of Isis part of the form (AU02D) and must be completed on a continuation of this part of the form (AU02D) and must be completed on a cherwise the treating Trust will not be enclamated	- ECOS PS 1     - ECOS PS 1     - I. The patient has sufficient end organ function to tolerate treatment with CAR-T cell therapy.	-	From 27-Ap	-23	No	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Yes	NCA
AXI02b_v1.0	Axicabtagene ciloleucel	Axicabtagene ciloleucel for treating relapsed/refractory diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (DLBCL) or high-grade B-cell lymphoma and in adult patients <u>either</u> , who relapse within 12 months of completion of 1st line chemoimmunotherapy AND who would otherwise be intended for potential stem cell transplantation <u>or</u> who are refractory to 1st line chemoimmunotherapy AND who would otherwise be intended for potential stem cell transplantation where the following criteria are met: This second part of the form is to document the date of infusion of CAR-T cell therapy and for registration of this infusion with NHS England so that the treating Trust is reimbursed for the cost of axicabtagene ciloleucel. There is a first part of the form for the approval of (AXIO2D, This second part of the form (AXIO2D) should only be completed as a continuation form once the date of CAR-T cell infusion is known.	- radiotherapy only or - orticosteroids and chemo(immuno)therapy or - orticosteroids and chemo(immuno)therapy or and adotherapy to - orticosteroids and radiotherapy i corticosteroids 4. The nature of any imaging procedure performed to assess response to bridging therapy below: - no bridging therapy and so no radiological assessment performed. - C Tor MK scan performed or - had bridging therapy hot no radiological assessment performed. 5. The response assessment to bridging therapy below: - no bridging therapy and so no radiological assessment performed.		From 27-Ap	-23	No	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Yes	NCA

				Availat	ble to new	patients				Interim Funding	CDF	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice of removal served)	No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Transition Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Eligible for Interim Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Managed Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
KTE01a_v1.2		For treating mantle cell lymphoma (MCL) in adults previously treated with two or more lines of systemic therapy where the following criteria have been met: This form is for the approval of leucapheresis and manufacture of CAR-T cells. There is a second part to this form which relates to the subsequent infusion of CAR-T cells and this will be available after submission of the first part. The second part of the form (KTED1a) and multiple completed as a continuation of this first part of the form (KTED1a) and must be completed on infusion of CAR-T cells otherwise the treating Trust will not be reimbursed for the cost of brexucabtagene autoleucel.	- has had additionated School of the state of the BTK inhibitor has had additionated School Scho		From 19-Jan-2	1	No	nca	Yes	Agreed	Yes	ncə

				Availa	able to new	patients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed	
Blueteq Form ref:		Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice of removal served)	No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Interim Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
KTE01b_v1.3	Brexucabtagene autoleucel (formerfy known as KTE-X19 (Tecartus*))	For treating relapsed/refractory mantle cell lymphoma (MCL) in patients aged 18 years and over where the following criteria have been met: This second part of the form is to document the date of infusion of CAR-T cell therapy and for registration of this infusion with NH/S England so that the treating Trust is reimbursed for the cost of brexucabtagene autoleucel. There is a first part of the form for the approval of leucapheresis and manufacture of CAR-T cell swhich has already been completed (KTED1a). This second part of the form (KTED1a) should only be completed as a continuation form once the date of CAR-T cell infusion is known.			From 19-Jan-2	n	No	nca	Yes	Agreed	Yes	nca

				Availat	ble to new	v patients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding	CDF	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice o remova served)	f No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Managed Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
BREX01a_v1.0	Brexucabtagene autoleucel	Brexucabtagene autoleucel modified CAR- T cells for treating relapsed/refractory Philadelphia negative or positive B cell	1. The application is being made by and that locacipeness for and testment with brouchbagene autolexcet-modified CAR-T cells will be instand a construction of the systemic attracts adult acute hymphoblastic leukaemia and a member of the training Trust's adult acute hymphoblastic leukaemia and AA-T cell multidisoplinary teams. 2. The patients has CBY positive related or entractive Binesgo acute hymphoblastic leukaemia (ALI). Please title appropriate bins as to which type of ALI: the patient has: Plaidobphi chromosome pagine ALI: effective of the patient has: Plaidobphi chromosome pagine ALI: effective of the patient has: Plaidobphi chromosome pagine ALI: Plaidobphi chromosome pagintereation Plaidobphi chromosome pagintereation Plaidobphi chromo		From 27-Apr	23	No	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Yes	NCA
BREX01b_v1.0	Brexucabtagene autoleucel	and positive B cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia in patients aged 26 years and over where the following criteria are met: This second form is to document the date of infusion of CAR T cell therapy and for registration of this infusion with NHS England so that the treating Trust is reimbursed for the cost of brexucabtragene autoleucci. There is a first form for the approval of leucapheresis and manufacture of CAR T	2. Whether the patient was treated with bridging therapy in between leucapheresis and CAR-T cell infusion. Please indicate what type(s) of bridging therapy have been required by ticking the most appropriate option below: - no bridging therapy at all or - corticitate vision of the steriod o	- - -	From 27-Apr	-23	No	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Yes	NCA

				Availa	able to nev	w patients	;	Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (bu notice c remova served	of No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
CABNIV1_v1.0	Cabozantinib in combination with nivolumab	cell carcinoma for whom combination treatment with either nivolumab plus ipilimumab or lenvatinib plus pembrolizumab would otherwise be	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic and-cancer therapy with the combination of cabcanathib plan involumal with be president by according transmission of the use of systemic anic cancer therapy. 2. The prescribing clinician is fully avaire of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions. 3. The pattern has unserschiel locally advanced or metastatic read cell carcinopantes, begins the fixed base of the types of RCC as indicated below. Please indicate below which ICC biology applies to this patient: Please indicate below which ICC biology applies to this patient: Please indicate below which ICC biology applies to the patient: Please indicate below which ICC biology applies to the patient: Please indicate below which ICC biology applies to the patient: Please indicate below which ICC biology applies to the patient: Please indicate below which ICC biology applies to the patient: Please indicate below the ICC and the patient of descent is in the intermediate or poor risk category as assessed by the international Metastatic RCC Database Consortium (IMDC) Please indicate below the patient of descent is not all below - a score of 0 indicates good risk disease, a score of 1 a indicates intermediate risk and a score of 3 denotes peor Please indicate below whether the initial diagnosis of RCC to now - a Kannofsky performance status of a disease is in the intermediate or poor risk prognostic group: - the manoglobic intermediate is status the type initial of around - the patient to antic below initial diagnosis of RCC to now - a Kannofsky performance status of - a 2 or o - poor risk prognostic group: - a form fidewase (IMCC score of a 2 or - poor risk prognostic group: - a form fidewase (IMCC score of a 2 or - poor risk prognostic group: - a form fidewase (IMCC score of a 2 or - poor risk prognostic group has been received in the patient risk reserved provide previse previse in the two previse systemic immune-modulatory therapy:		From 07-Ma	ar24	No	nca	Yes	Agreed	Νο	09-Jul-24

				Availal	ble to new p	oatients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice of removal served)	No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Interim Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
			1. I confirm that this application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with crizotinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy									
			<ol> <li>The patient has histological or cytological evidence of NSCLC that carries a ROS1 gene rearrangement based on a validated test <u>OR</u> there is documented agreement by the lung MDT that the radiological appearances are in keeping with locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC AND there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of a ROS1 gene rearrangement.</li> <li>Please mark below on which basis the diagnosis of ROS1 positive NSCLC has been made in this patient:         <ul> <li>Histological or cytological evidence.</li> <li>Documented agreement by the lung MDT that the radiological appearances are in keeping with locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC and there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of a ROS1 gene rearrangement</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	y the lung the								
		1st or subsequent line systemic therapy	3. I confirm that this non squamous NSCLC carries a confirmed ROS1 gene rearrangement as demonstrated by an accurate and validated assay	1								
CRI3 v1.0	Crizotinib	for ROS1-positive inoperable locally advanced/metastatic non squamous non-	4. I confirm that the patient has received no previous ROS1-targeted therapy		rom 31-May-	18	No	nca	Yes	Agreed	Yes	nca
chis_vilo	Childhind		5. I confirm that EITHER the patient has received no previous cytotoxic chemotherapy for locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer OR has been previously treated with cytotoxic chemotherapy for locally advanced or metastatic disease		Tom 51-Way-			inco	163	Agreed	163	lica
			Note: NHS England has a strong preference for ROS1-positive patients to be treated with crizotinib as 1st line therapy for locally advanced/metastatic NSCLC though recognises that some patients have had to be treated with chemotherapy for urgent clinical reasons before the ROS1 result was known									
			6. I confirm that crizotinib will be used only as single-agent therapy									
			7. I confirm that the patient has an ECOG performance status of 0 or 1 or 2									
			8. I confirm that the patient either has no brain metastases or, if the patient has brain metastases, the patient is symptomatically stable prior to starting crizotinib									
			9. I confirm that the patient will be treated until loss of clinical benefit or excessive toxicity or patient choice to discontinue treatment, whichever is the sooner									
			10. I confirm that treatment breaks of up to 6 weeks are allowed but solely to allow toxicities to settle									
			11. I confirm that crizotinib will be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC)									

					Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed					
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice of removal served)	No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Interim Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
DABTRA4	Dabrafenib (as Finlee*) in combination with trametinib (as Spexotras*)	For the treatment of paediatric patients aged 1-17 years with BRAF V600E mutation positive glioma where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient is currently aged between 1 and 12 years. Note: dabrafenib and tranetinib are not licensed in adults in this glioma indication. 3. The patient is currently aged between 1 and 12 years. Note: dabrafenib and tranetinib are not licensed in adults in this glioma indication. 4. The patient is currently aged between 1 and 12 years. Please mark below which scenario applies to this patient low grade glioma with a BRAF V600E mutation and requires systemic therapy or the patient thas a high grade glioma with a BRAF V600E mutation and has received at last of weight and therapy and/or chemotherapy. Please mark below which scenario applies to this patient low grade glioma having previously had radiotherapy or - low grade glioma having previously had radiotherapy only or - high grade gliona having previously had radiotherapy only or - high grade gliona having previously had radiotherapy only or - high grade gliona having previously had radiotherapy only 5. The patient is ether treatment rate to BRAF and MEK inhibitors for the gliona or - the patient is currently receiving dabrafenib in combination with trametinib via a company compasionata access scheme and all treatment criteria on this form are fulfiled. Please indicated below which option applies: - No prior BRAF and MEK inhibitors for the treatment of gliona or - the patient is currently receiving dabrafenib in combination with trametinib via a company compassionate access scheme and all treatment criteria on this form are fulfiled. Please enter below as to which ECOG performance status applies to this patient: - performance score S0-80 or - per	Recom	mended from available fron			nca	Yes	Agreed	Νο	27-Aug-24

				Availa	able to ne	w patient		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (b notice remov server	of <sub>No</sub>	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
DOS1_v1.0	Dostarlimab	or mismatch repair deficient (dMMR) recurrent/advanced endometrial	1. This application is being made by and also that the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with dostarlinab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accretited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-1/PD-11 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-1/PD-11 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-1/PD-11 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-1/PD-11 2. The prescribing of indication disease of endometrial carcinoma. Pressem and below which of the following scenarios best describes the hyperone coil or or 1. The patient previously had a hypercentomy and relageed with both host incurrence and distant disease or 1. The patient previously had coil advaranced disease, did not have surgery and has relapsed with distant disease or 1. The patient's tumour has a documented presence of microatellite instability-high (MSH) or DKA minautch repair deficiency (dMMR) confirmed by validated testing. 3. The patient's tumour has a documented presence of microatellite instability-high (MSH) or fully advanced/metastatic endometrial carcinoma. Pressem and below which of the patient previous disease disease direct or yes of the carrene with platinum-based thermoty for recurrent/locally advanced/metastatic endometrial carcinoma or 1. The patient's tumour has a documented presence of microatellite instability-high (MSH) or DKA mismatch repair deficiency (dMMR) confirmed by validated testing. 3. The patient first presented with distant spress 3.		From UB-F	2b-22	No	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Yes	nca

				Availat	ple to new p	atients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice of removal served)	No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Interim Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
D052_v1.0	Dostarlimab in combination with platinum-containing chemotherapy (carboplatin and paciltaxei)	advanced disease and who are not candidates for potentially curative surgery or radiotherapy or chemoradiotherapy but are eligible for systemic therapy where the following criteria have been met:	- the interful side the commandor of exploration and/or pacificate as the common pacificate of upstandard by particle of upstandard by the common pacificate as the common	- - - - - - -	rom 05-Mar-2	-4	Νο	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Yes	nca

				Availa	ible to nev	v patients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (bu notice o remova served	of No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
EUR1_V1.0	Eiranatamab	modulatory agent and at least one anti-	1. This application for etranstanum encoherapy is both being made by and the finit cycle of systemic ani-cencer therapy with elematamab will be prescribed by a consultant 2. The patients win abut with a proven diagnosis of multiple myeloma. 4. The patients are abut with a proven diagnosis of multiple myeloma. 4. The patients are abut with a proven diagnosis of multiple myeloma. 4. The patient is an abut with a proven diagnosis of multiple myeloma. 4. The patient sum abut with a proven diagnosis of multiple myeloma with a sociated diagnosis of amyeloasis and the NS founding for elenatamab is only for relayaed or refractory myelom indication in the specific indication encommended by NEC. 4. This patient has been previously treated with at least one proteasome inhibitor. 4. This patient has been previously treated with at least one proteasome inhibitor. 5. This patient has been previously treated with a least one anti-CDB astbody. 5. This patient has been previously treated with at least one anti-CDB astbody. 5. This patient has been previously treated with at least one anti-CDB astbody. 5. This patient has been previously treated with at least one anti-CDB astbody. 6. This patient has been previously treated with at least one anti-CDB astbody. 6. This patient has been previously treated with at least one anti-CDB astbody. 7. This patient has been previously treated with at least one anti-CDB astbody. 7. This patient has been previously treated with at least one anti-CDB astbody. 7. This patient has been previously treated with at least one anti-CDB astbody. 7. This patient has been previously treated with at least one anti-CDB astbody. 7. This patient has been previously treated with at least one anti-CDB astbody. 7. This patient has been previously treated with at least one anti-CDB astbody. 7. This patient has been previously treated with at least one anti-CDB astbody. 7. This patient has been previously treated with an goomaldomide-containing regimen and also set out below which line of myeloma therapy elanat		From 21-Jur	5-24	Νο	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Yes	nca

				Availa	ble to new (	patients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice of removal served)	No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Interim Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
ELR1_v1.0	Eiranatamab	modulatory agent and at least one anti-	<ol> <li>Whether the patient has been treated with a BCMA-targeted antibody drug conjugate (such as belantamab mafodotin).</li> <li>Please confirm which situation applies to this patient:         <ul> <li>This patient has not been previously treated with a BCMA-targeted antibody drug conjugate or</li> <li>This patient has not progressive disease during or following the last received line of systemic anti-myeloma therapy.</li> <li>The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0 or 1 or 2:</li> </ul> </li> <li>Please record below the ECOG performance status         <ul> <li>PS 0 or</li> <li>PS 1 or</li> <li>PS 2</li> <li>The treatment has not be used in combination with any other anti-myeloma agent.</li> <li>The repatient has facilities to mange severe reactions to elematamab for the cycle 1 day 1 and cycle 1 day 4 treatments with elranatamab before the patient is then treated with the recommended full elranatamab weekly dosing schedule and b) the need for patients to switch to 2-weekly elranatamab baging after 24 weeks of treatment.</li> <li>The treating hospital has facilities to manage severe reactions to elranatamab including cytokine release syndrome (CRS) and immune effector cell-associated neurotoxicity syndrome (CRS).</li> <li>The prescribing clinician and the treating team are aware of the risks and grading of both cytokine release syndrome and immune effector cell-associated neurotoxicity syndrome, their monitoring and management as illustrated in Tables 2 and 3 of section 4.2 of the elranatamab Summary of Product Characteristics and both and the treating team have all undegroup treatment and the patient has been instructed to remain within close proximity of a healthcare facility for these 48 hours after administration of the 2 step u doses in week 1 day 1 and week 1 d</li></ul></li></ol>	-	From 21-Jun-2	24	Νο	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Yes	nca

				Availa	ble to new	patients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding	CDF Managed	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice of removal served)	No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
ENTIa_v1.0	Entrectinib	have a neurotrophic tyrosine receptor kinase (NTRX) gene fusion AND disease which is locally advanced or metastatic or for which surgical resection is likely to result in sever morbidity AND who have no satisfactory treatment options where the following criteria have been met: This ENTIa form is for the initiation of funding of the first TWEVE weeks of entrectinib Iterationet. PET/CT/MS scans of index assessable/measureable disease and also of the brain must be done prior to commencing entrecinib and repeated at 10 weeks offer the start of treatment (if not indicated before 10 weeks on account of assessing risk of disease progression). AEGIST response on the repeated assessment must be mode. Form ENTIA which requires information as to this RECIST response assessment must then be completed for continuation of funding for entrectinib beyond the initial 12 week period otherwise the dispensing Trust will not receive reimbursement for further entrectinib. Form ENT2 is for the use of entrectinib in patients with ROS1 non small cell lung cancer.	1. This patient is aged 12 years or older. Entrectinib is only licensed in those aged 12 and above. If the patient is aged under 12 years, larotrectinib is licensed in this age group and can be accessed via form LATL. 3. The patient is aged 12 years or older. Entrectinib is only licensed in those aged 12 and above. If the patient is aged under 12 years, larotrectinib is licensed in this age group and can be accessed via form LATL. 3. This patient as prove histological disposits of a malignant solid tumour (ie a carcinoma or a surcom or melanoma or a brain or spinal cord tumour) and does NOT have a leakaenia or a lympiona or myelon. Pleas state below the site of origin of the patient's cancer and its specific histological type. 4. This patient has disease that is locally advanced or metastatic or would require surgical resection likely to result in severe morbidity. Please enter below the type of disease that is locally advanced or metastatic or would require surgical resection likely to result in severe morbidity. Please enter below the type of surgical resection which would otherwise have been redefined disease for which surgical resection which would otherwise have been redefined disease for which surgical resection with the patient is nigrody by the English of the disease and 5. This patient has readistory systemic therapy to patient, statistication yracine therapy to patient, statistication yracine therapy to patient, statistication yracine therapy to patient, and after entrectinib in order to test whether entrectinib has been used after all NFS finded systemic therapy to patient, statistic or ystemic therapy the patient and after entrectinib. THE gene fusion systemic therapy for locally advanced/metastatic disease or		From 25-Jun-	20	No	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Yes	nca

				Availa	ble to new p	oatients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice of removal served)		Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Interim Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
ENT1b_v1.0	Entrectinib	Entrectinib response assessment and treatment continuation form in the treatment of patients who have solid tumours that have a neurotrophic tyrosine receptor kinase (NTRK) gene (Vision AND disease which is locally advanced or metastatic or for which surgical resection is likely to result in severe mobildry AND who have no satisfactory treatment options where the following criteria have been met: This form ENT1b requires information as to the RECIST response assessment made at 10 weeks after thiatiation of entrectinib to occur beyon the hinitial 22 weeks point of the initiation of funding for entrectinib to occur beyon the hinitial 22 weeks of entrectinib. Note: the ENT1a form is for the initiation of treatment, a Mercetinib treatment. A PET/CT/MK scan of tinding of the first TWELVE weeks of entrectinib treatment. A PET/CT/MK scan of the brain must be done prior to commencing entrecting to resource licks after the start of treatment (if not i sassessing risk of disease progression).	1. This record of response assessment and (as appropriate) this application to continue treatment with entrectinib is being made by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. A RECIST radiological assessment has been made of the index disease at 10 weeks after the start of entrectinib and 1 have indicated the outcome of this RECIST assessment below. This response assessment should exclude metastatic disease in the brain/CNS. 4. Complete response of disease or - partial response of disease or - stable disease or - the patient topics on the above box. If the patient does not have any metastatic intra-cerebral disease, please indicate in the relevant box. If the patient does not have any metastatic intra-cerebral disease, please indicate in the relevant box. If the patient does not have any metastatic intra-cerebral disease, please indicate in the relevant box. If the patient does not have any metastatic intra-cerebral disease, please indicate in the relevant box. If the patient does not have any metastatic intra-cerebral disease, or - or priceive disease in the brain/CNS or - partial response assessment scan:  4. The current dinical decision to continue or discontinue treatment with entrectinib and date of above CT/MR response assessment scan:  4. The current dinical decision to continue or discontinue treatment with entrectinib and cance disease or - the patient will discontinue or has discontinue treatment with entrectinib and cance disease or - the patient will discontinue or has discontinued tr		From 25-Jun-2	0	No	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Yes	nca

				Availa	ble to new	patients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed	
Blueteq Forn ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice of removal served)	No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Interim Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
			1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with fedratinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.									
			This patient is an adult with a diagnosis of primary myelofibrosis (also known as chronic idiopathic myelofibrosis) or post polycythaemia vera myelofibrosis or post essential thrombocythaemia myelofibrosis. Please enter below as to which type of myelofibrosis applies to this patient:     - primary myelofibrosis or     - post polycythaemia vera myelofibrosis or     - post polycythaemia vera myelofibrosis or     - post polycythaemia wera myelofibrosis or     - post polycythaemia vera myelofibrosis or     - post polycythaemia vera myelofibrosis     - This patient's myelofibrosis has a risk category that is either intermediate-2 or high risk.     Please enter below which myelofibrosis to category applies to this patient:									
	FED1_v1.0 Fedratinib		- intermediate-2 or - high risk									
FED1_v1.0		For the treatment of patients with myelofibrosis previously treated with ruxolitinib where the following criteria have been met:	4. The patient has symptomatic disease-related splenomegaly and/or constitutional symptoms of myelofibrosis. 5. The patient has been previously treated with ruxolitinib. Please enter below the reason as to why the patient discontinued the ruxolitinib whether for disease progression or intolerance of ruxolitinib: <ul> <li>- disease progression on ruxolitinib or</li> <li>- patient intolerance of ruxolitinib</li> </ul> Note: although the marketing authorisation of fedratinib includes patients who are either treatment naive to JAK inhibitor therapy or who have been treated with ruxolitinib, the company's submission to NICE was only for patients previously treated with ruxolitinib	-	From 17-Nov-	21	No	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Yes	nca
			6. The patient has an ECOG performance status (PS) of 0 or 1 or 2.									
			7. The prescribing clincian is aware that patients must have thiamine (vitamin B1) levels tested both before and during fedratinib therapy and that thiamine deficiency must be corrected before treatment starts and during fedratinib therapy.									
			8. In terms of active systemic therapy fedratinib is being given as monotherapy.									
			9. The patient has not previously received fedratinib unless the patient has received fedratinib via a company early access scheme and the patient meets all the other criteria listed here.									
			10. Fedratinib is to be continued until loss of clinical benefit or unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment.									
			11. The prescribing clinician is aware that fedratinib has clinically important interactions with drugs which affect the CYP3A4, CYP2C19 and CYP2D6 enzyme systems (as set out in sections 4.4 and 4.5 of fedratinib's Summary of Product Characteristics).									
			12. A formal medical review as to how fedratinib is being tolerated and whether treatment with fedratinib should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the start of the third 4-weekly cycle of treatment.									
			13. When a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected 4-weekly cycle length is needed, I will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment, including indicating as appropriate if the patient had an extended break because of COVID 19.									
			14. Fedratinib is to be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics.									

				Availal	ple to new pa	atients						
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice of removal served)	No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Transition Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Funding (Yes, No,	Interim Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
ISA1_v1.1	Isətuximəb	Isatuximab in combination with pomalidomide and dexamethasone for the 4th line treatment of adult patients with relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with isaturmab in combination with pomalidomide and dexamethasone will be prescribed by a consultant speciality specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The pattern has a diagnois of multiple myeloma. 3. The pattern has received 3 and only 3 prior lines of treatment and that the numbering of a line of treatment is in accordance with the international Myeloma Workshop Consensus recommendations for the uniform reporting of clinical trials (http://slinide/cstifical-gamethasone) will be generated and and specifical or an organical specifical specif		om 15-Oct-2	0	Νο	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Yes	nca

				Avai	lable to new	patients						
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice of removal served)	No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Transition Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected Pending)	Funding (Yes, No,	Interim Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	CDF Managed Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
IVO2	Ivosidenib in combination with azačitidine	For newly diagnosed and untreated adult acute myeloid leukaemia with an isocitrate dehydrogenease-1 (IOH1) R132 mutation in patients who are not eligible for standard induction chemotherapy where the following criteria have been met::	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has newly diagnosed acute myeloid leukaemia (ANL). 3. The patient has heneyl diagnosed acute myeloid leukaemia (ANL). 4. The patient has proviously untreated ANL and state below whether the patient has de novo ANL or secondary ANL de novo ANL de novo ANL de novo ANL secondary ANL secondary ANL de novo ANL secondary ANL de novo ANL secondary ANL seconda		From 10-May	-24	No	n/a	Yes	Agreed	No	tbc

				Availa	ble to new	patients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice of removal served)	No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Interim Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
LARIa_v1.0	Larotrectinib	AND disease which is locally advanced or metastatic or for which surgical resection is likely to result never emotivity AND who have no satisfactory treatment options where the following criteria have been met: This LAR1a form is for the initiation of treatment with larotrectinib and is only for funding of the first NFUEV weeks of larotrectinib treatment. PET/CT/NR scans of the assessment motorectinib and essee and also of the brain must be done prior to commencing larotrectinib and reseated at 10 weeks after the start of treatment (if not indicated before 10 weeks on account of assessing risk of disease progression). A RECIST response on the repeated assessment must be made. Form LAR1b which requires information as to this RECIST response assessment must them be completed for continuation of funding for larotrectinib beyond the initial 2-week period otherwise the dispensing Trust will not receive reimbursement for further larotrectinib.	1. This application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with larstretchink will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic and cancer therapy. 2. This patient has a proven histological diagonis of a malignant solid tumour (ie a circinoma or a surcoma or melanoma or a brain or spinal cord tumour) and does NOT have a leakamin or a synoman. Please state the site of origin of the patient's cancer (b) off acroma, please enter surcoma; if unknown primary, please state as such and its pescific histological type (leg for brast cancer discult acroma, beater acromame acre of plan (a cancer). Con-squamous NSCL det; ce for surcoma; fibrostratoma, surcoma; fibrostratoma, surceroit acroma or a surcoma or melanoma or a brain or spinal cord tumour), and does NOT have a leakamin or a synoma. Note a such and its pescific histological type (leg for brast cancer discult across base that is being tratectic:		From 21-Apr-2	0	Νο	ncə	Yes	Agreed	Yes	nca

				Avai	able to nev	v patients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (bu notice c remova served	f No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Interim Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
LAR1b_v1.0	Larotrectinib	Intery to result in severe motionity AND with have no satisfactory treatment options This form LAR1b requires information as to the RECIST response assessment made at 10 addition, form LAR1b must be completed for continuation of funding for larotrectinib. In addition, form LAR1b must be completed for control the initial 12 week period otherwise the dispensing Trust will not receive reimbursement for further larotrectinib. Note: the LAR1a form is for the initiation of treatment with larotrectinib and is only for funding of the first TWELVE weeks of larotrectinib treatment. A PET/CT/MB scan of the varian must be done prior to commencing inortectinib and received at the sets of	1. This record of response assessment and (as appropriate) this application to continue treatment with larotrectinib is being made by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. A RECIST radiological assessment has been made of the index disease at 10 weeks after the start of larotrectinib and I have indicated the outcome of this RECIST assessment below. This response assessment are of assess or - table disease or - tabl	-	From 21-Ap	-20	No	nca	Yes	Agreed	Yes	ncə

				Availa	ble to new	patients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice of removal served)	No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Interim Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
NIR3_v1.2	Niraparib	Niraparib monotherapy as maintenance treatment in patients with high grade epithelial stage III or IV ovarian, fallopian tube or primary peritoneal carcinoma who are in response following platinum-based FIRST line chemotherapy AND who HAVE a deleterious or suspected deleterious BRCA germline and/or somatic BRCA mutation [NICE TAG73] where the following criteria have been met: There is a separate form NIR4 for use of niraparib monotherapy as maintenance treatment in patients with high grade epithelial stage III or IV ovarian, fallopian tube or primary peritoneal carcinoma who are in response following platinum-based FIRST line chemotherapy and who DO NOT HAVE a deleterious or suspected deleterious BRCA germline and/or somatic BRCA mutation	<ol> <li>This patient HAS a documented deleterious or suspected deleterious BRCA 1 or BRCA 2 mutation(s).</li> <li>Please enter below as to which deleterious or suspected deleterious BRCA mutation(s) the patient has:</li> <li>BRCA 1 mutation or</li> <li>BRCA 2 mutation or</li> </ol>		From 15-Jan-	21	No	nca	Yes	Agreed	Yes	пса

				Availa	able to new (	oatients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice of removal served)	No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Interim Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
NIR3_v1.1 (CONT)	Niraparib	are in response following platinum-based FIRST line chemotherapy AND who HAVE a deleterious or suspected deleterious BRCA germline and/or somatic BRCA mutation (TA673) where the following criteria have been met: There is a separate form NIR4 for use of niraparib monotherapy as maintenance treatment in patients with high grade epithelial stage III or IV ovarian, fallopian tube or primary peritoneal carcinoma with- are in response following platinum-based	- the patient has received niraparib as part of a company early access scheme for this 1st line maintenance indication and all the other criteria set out in this form are fulfilled or - the patient has previously received olaparib monotherapy as 1st line maintenance therapy and this has had to be stopped within 3 months of its start solely as a consequence of dese-linning toxicity and in the clear absence of disease progression  12. Niraparib will be used as monotherapy.  13. Maintenance inraparib is not being administered concurrently with maintenance bevacizumab.  14. The patient has an ECOG performance status of either 0 or 1.  Note: a patient with a performance status of 2 or more is not eligible for niraparib  15. Niraparib to be continued until disease progression		From 15-Jan-2	1	No	nca	Yes	Agreed	Yes	ncə

				Ava	ilable to ne	w patient	5	Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Ye	Yes (bu notice removi served	of No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed,	Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
NIR4_1.2	Niraparib	are in response following platinum-based FIRST line chemotherapy AND who DO NOT HAVE a deleterious or suspected deleterious BRCA germiline and/or somatic BRCA mutation [NICE TA673] There is a separate form NIR3 for use of niraparib monotherapy as maintenance treatment in patients with high grade epithelial stage III or IV ovarian, fallopian			From 15-Ja	n-21	No	nca	Yes	Agreed	Yes	nca

				Availa	ıble to nev	v patients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed	
eq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (bu notice o remova served	f No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Interim Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
!4_v1.0 :ONT)	Niraparib	Niraparib monotherapy as maintenance treatment in patients with high grade epithelial stage III or IV ovarian, fallopian tube or primary peritoneal carcinoma who rare in response following platimum-based FIRST line chemotherapy AND who DO NOT HAVE a deleterious or suspected deleterious BRCA germline and/or somatic BRCA mutation There is a separate form NIR3 for use of niraparib monotherapy as maintenance treatment in patients with high grade epithelial stage III or IV ovarian, fallopian tube or primary peritoneal carcinoma who are in response following platinum-based fIRST line chemotherapy and who HAVE a deleterious or suspected deleterious BRCA germline and/or somatic BRCA mutation			From 15-Jar	21	No	nca	Yes	Agreed	Yes	ncə

				Availa	ble to new	patients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed	Empedad Estar
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice of removal served)	No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Interim Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
			1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with adjuvant osimertinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.									
			2. The patient has a histologically documented non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC).									
			3. The patient has undergone a complete resection of the NSCLC with all surgical margins negative for tumour.									
			<ul> <li>4. The pathological stage determined on this patient's surgical NSCLC specimen was a stage IB or IIA or IIB or IIA or N2 only IIIB tumour according to the UICC/AICC TNM 8th edition.</li> <li>Please mark below which stage applies to this patient: <ul> <li>stage IB disease (T2a N0)</li> <li>stage IB disease (T2a N0)</li> <li>stage IIA disease (T2a N1 or T1b N1 or T1c N1 or T2a N1 or T2b N1 or T3 N0)</li> <li>stage IIA disease (T1a N2 or T1b N2 or T1c N2 or T2a N2 or T2b N2 or T3 N1 or T4 N0 or T4 N1)</li> <li>N2 only stage IIB disease (T3 N2 or T4 N2)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Note: the trial included patients using the UICC/AICC 7th edition and hence the corresponding 7th edition stages have been translated into those of the 8th edition.</li> </ul>									
		Osimertinib for adjuvant treatment in adults after complete tumour resection in patients with UICC/AICC 8th edition stage Bo r stage IIA or stage IIB or stage IIIA or N2 only stage	- exon 19 deletion (EX19del) or									
OSI3_v1.1	Osimertinib	IIIB non-small cell lung cancer whose tumours have either an EGFR exon 19	6. The patient did not receive any pre-operative systemic therapy (cytotoxic chemotherapy, immunotherapy, EGFR-targeted tyrosine kinase inhibitors) for the NSCLC.		From 30-Nov	-21	No	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Yes	nca
		deletion or an exon 21 (L858R) substitution	7. The patient did not receive any pre-operative or post-operative radiation therapy for the NSCLC.									
		mutation where the following criteria have been met:	8. No more than 10 weeks have elapsed since surgery if the patient did not receive adjuvant chemotherapy or no more than 26 weeks have elapsed since surgery if the patient was treated with adjuvant cytotoxic chemotherapy after surgery for the NSCLC. Please mark below which scenario applies to this patient: <ul> <li>the patient has not received adjuvant chemotherapy after surgery and this application for adjuvant osimertinib is occurring at a time when no more than 10 weeks have elapsed since surgery or</li> <li>the patient has received and completed adjuvant chemotherapy after surgery and this application for adjuvant osimertinib is occurring at a time when no more than 26 weeks have elapsed since surgery or</li> </ul>									
			9. The patient has had no prior treatment with an EGFR inhibitor.									
			10. The patient has an ECOG performance status (PS) of 0 or 1.									
			11. The patient does not have brain metastases on CT or MR imaging of the brain done either before surgery or prior to this application.									
			12. The patient will be treated with osimertinib for whichever is the sooner of: disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or withdrawal of patient consent or for a total treatment									
			duration of 3 calendar years.									
			13. A formal medical review as to how osimertinib is being tolerated and whether treatment with osimertinib should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the second 4-weekly cycle of treatment.									
			14. When a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected 4-weekly cycle length is needed, I will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment,									
			including indicating as appropriate if the patient had an extended break because of COVID 19.									
		1	15. Osimertinib will be used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).									

				Ava	ailable	e to new p	oatients		Terreitter	ru-this fea	Interim Funding	CDF	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Ye	es r	Yes (but notice of removal served)	No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Transition Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Eligible for Interim Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Managed Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
PEMB5_v1.2	Pembrolizumab	The treatment of relapsed or refractory classical Hodgkin lymphoma in ADULTS who are stem cell transplant-ineligible and have failed bernusimab vedoriu where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with pembrolizumab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The prescribing clinican I am fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies, hepatitis and skin toxicities. 3. The practient is an ADULT and has histologically documented classical Hodgkin lymphoma Note: there is a separate Blueted form to be used for pembrolizumab in this indication in children. 4. The patient has failed at least 2 lines of chemotherapy and also failed treatment with brentuximab vedotin. 5. The patient has not received stem cell transplantation. 7. The patient is currently ineligible for stem cell transplantation. 7. The patient is currently ineligible for stem cell transplantation. 7. The patient is a candidate for future stem cell transplantation or not. Please mark appropriately in one of the boxes below: 7. The patient is a candidate for stem cell transplantation. 7. The patient has an to ceeving forts the cult devery good the response to pembrolizumab may be 8. The patient has an COCG performance status (PS) of 0 or 1. 9. The patient has an to ceeving prior treatment with an anti-PD-1, anti-PD-12, anti-CD137, or anti-cytoxic T-lymphocyte-associated antigen-4 (CTLA-4) antibody. 10. Pembrolizumab montherapy 400mg. 11. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with pembrolizumab should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the scend cycle if seveekly administration is used. 12. The patient will be monolizemab should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the scend cycle if seveekly administration is used. 13. The patient will be morbilizemab whichever is the sooner. 14. The patient will be morbilizemab of the sooner. 15. The patient wi		Fro	əm 25-Jul-1	8	No	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Yes	30-Jul-24
PEMB6_v1.2	Pembrolizumab	The treatment of relapsed or refractory classical Hodgkin lymphoma in CHILDREN who are stem cell transplant-ineligible and have failed bernuximab vedorit where the following criteria have been met	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with pembrolizumab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephrits, endocrinopathies, hepatitis and skin toxicities. 3. The patient is a CHILD aged 3 years and older and has histologically documented classical Hodgkin lymphoma. Note: there is a separate Blueteq form to be used for pembrolizumab in this indication in adults. 4. The patient has failed at least 2 lines of chemotherapy and also failed treatment with brentuximab vedotin. 5. The patient has not received tem cell transplantation of any kind. 6. The patient is currently ineligible for stem cell transplantation. 7. The patient is a candidate for thure stem cell transplantation. 7. The patient is a candidate for thure stem cell transplantation not not. Please mark appropriately in one of the boxes below: 7. The patient is a candidate for thure stem cell transplantation or not. Please mark appropriately in one of the boxes below: 7. The patient is a candidate for thure stem cell transplantation there is sufficient benefit of treatment with pembrolizumab or 7. The patient is an ECOG performance status (PS) of 0 or 1 or its equivalent Linsky score. 9. The patient has not received prior treatment with an anti-PD-1, anti-PD-12, anti-PD-12, or anti-cytoxic T-lymphocyte-associated antigen-4 (CTLA-4) antibody. 10. Pembrolizumab is being given as monotherapy and will commence at a dose of 2mg/kg bodyweight up to a maximum of 200mg in 3-weekly cycles of pembrolizumab 11. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with pembrolizumab should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the third cycle of treatment with 3-weekly administration of pembrolizu	-	Fro	om 25-Jul-1	8	No	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Yes	30-Jul-24

				Availa	ible to new	patients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice of removal served)	No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)		agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
RUC1_v1.3	Rucaparib	As maintenance treatment in patients with high grade epithelial ovarian, faliopian tube or primary peritoneal carcinoma who have a deleterious or suspected deleterious germline and/or somatic BRCA mutation and who have a recent FIRST OR SUBSEQUENT Platnum-based SUBSEQUENT platnum-based chemotherapy where the following criteria have been met: There is a separate form (RUC2) for rucaparib as maintenance treatment in patients with high grade epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube or primary peritoneal carcinoma who do NOT have a deleterious or suspected deleterious germline and/or somatic BRCA mutation and who are in response following platitum-based SECOND or subsequent line chemotherapy			From 11-Oct-	19	Νο	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Yes	nca

				Avai	able to new	patients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (bu notice o remova served)		Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
RUC2_v1.1	Rucaparib	As maintenance treatment in patients with high grade epithelial ovarian, fallopian do NOT have a deleterious or suspected deleterious germline and/or somatic BRCA SUBSEQUENT relapse of platinum- sensitive disease and who are now in response following a SECOND OR SUBSEQUENT relapse of platinum- sensitive disease and who are now in response following a SECOND OR SUBSEQUENT relapse of platinum- based by where the following criteria have been met: There is a separate form RUC1 for rucaparb as maintenance treatment in peritonse carcinoma who have a deleterious or suspected deleterious germline and/or somatic BRCA mutation and who are in response following a platinum-based SECOND OR SUBSEQUENT line chemotherapy	1. This application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with ncaparib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. I confirm that this patient has a proven histological diagnosis of predominantly high grade serous or high grade endometrioid or high grade clear cell ovarian, fallopian tube or primary perticonal carcinoma. Please enter below as to which is the predominant histology in this patient:high grade endometrioid adenocarcinoma orhigh grade endometrioid detemption assoched the endotherapy (Le. the disease responded to the line of platinum-based chemotherapy parcenting the most recent line of platinum-based chemotherapy and has received a minimum of 4 cycles of platinum-based treatment. Please enter below what line of platinum-based themotherapy in the software a partial or complete responses to treatment:a dil line orA dil line orA dil line orA dil line or greater		From 11-Oc	19	No	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Yes	nca

				Availat	ble to new p	atients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice of removal served)	No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Interim Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
SELIN1_v1.0	Selinexor in combination with bortezomib and dexamethasone	For the treatment of multiple myeloma in transplant ineligible patients who have had only 1 prior line of systemic therapy where the following citteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy. with selensor in combination with bortezomib and dexamethasone will be prescribed by a consultant specifical generation and accordied in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The gatemic hyse a diagnosis of multiple myeloma. 3. The gatemic hyse have a proven diagnosis of myelona with an associated diagnosis of amyloidosis) and that NIS funding for selineor plus bortezomib and dexamethasone is only fore the specific 2 and in multiple myeloma indication recommended by NICE. Please tick box below:		From 02-Feb-2	4	No	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Νο	nca

			Availa	Availal	ble to new	patients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice of removal served)	No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
SEUN2_v1.0	Selinexor in combination with dexamethasone	For the treatment of multiple myeloma in patients who have had at least 4 prior lines of systemic therapy and whose disease is refractory to at least 2 proteasome inhibitors, 2 immunomodulatory agents and an anti- CO38 monoclonal antibody and which has also demonstrated disease progression on the last therapy where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-ancer therapy with selinexor plus dexamethasone will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and according of interve and trained and tracer therapy. 2. The parties of the intervent and the constraints of selinexor plus desamethasone is not funded for amyloidosis patients (with the exception of patients who have a proven diagnois of myloing selence plus desamethasone is only for the specific 5th or more line multiple myeloms indication recommended by NEC. Please tick boo bolow:		From 09-Apr-	24	No	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Νο	09-Aug-24

				Availa	ble to new j	patients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice of removal served)	No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Interim Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
SELIN3_v1.0	Selinexor in combination with bortezonib and dexamethasone	For the treatment of multiple myeloma in transplant ineligible patients who have had only 2 prior lines of systemic therapy and who are refractory to lenalidomide where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with selfinesor in combination with bortezomib and desamethasone will be prescribed by a constraint specifical specifical materiation and accendent in the use of systemic attracemer therapy. 2. The patient has a diagnois of multiple myeloma. 3. The practifical cinclend nearboards that the combination of selfnexor plus bortezomib and desamethasone is not funded for amyloidosis patients who have a proven diagnosis of myeloma with an associated diagnosis of amyloidosis and that NHS funding for selfnexor plus bortezomib and desamethasone is only fore the specific 2rd line multiple myeloma. 4. The patient does not have a diagnosis of primary amyloidosis 4. The patient does not have a diagnosis of primary amyloidosis 4. The patient does not have a diagnosis of primary amyloidosis 4. The patient has received 2 and no more than 2 prior lines of systemic treatment and that the numbering of a line of treatment is in accordance with the international Myeloma is planned materia (inclus cinclend) and examethasone is being prescribed for the myeloma. 4. The patient has received 2 and no more than 2 prior lines of systemic treatment and that the numbering of a line of treatment is in accordance with the international Myeloma is planned materia (inclus cinclend) and preservites with the planned materia (inclus cinclend) examples when follower by berne (it anglican charace materia) when a barned patient barned park and water as sequence of treatments administered in planned materia (inclus cinclendene) application berne planned cycles of single-agent therapy or combination is as a sequence of treatment administered in planned materia (inclus cinclendene) application therapy is the sequence of the application is proceed. A new line of therapy is a sequence of treatment administered in planned materia (inclus cinclendenee) application is proceed. A new line of therapy is a sequence of treatment administered in planned park of administant tre		From 22-Apr-1	24	No	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Νο	13-Aug-24

				Availa	able to new	patients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed	
Blueteq Fo ref:	m Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice of removal served)	No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Interim Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
SEL1_v1.0	Selpercatinib	For the treatment of patients with previously treated RET fusion positive non medullary thyroid cancer where the following criteria have been met:	<ol> <li>This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with selpercatinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>This patient is an adult with a proven histological or cytological diagnosis of non-medullary thyroid cancer (there is a separate form SEL02 for selpercatinib in medullary thyroid cancer, applicat ythyroid cancer or - applicat ythyroid cancer or - anaplastic thyroid cancer and - anaplastic thyroid cancer in this patient's thyroid cancer or - anaplastic thyroid cancer and - anaplastic thyroid cancer and - anaplastic thyroid cancer in - anaplastic thyroid cancer (papillary/follcular/Hurtle cell) and has therefore been treated with lenvatinib or sorafenib or the patient has anaplastic thyroid cancer and there is a separate form or - anaplastic thyroid cancer and there is a separate of thyroid cancer and there is a separate of thyroid cancer and there is a separate of thyroid cancer and there is a separate form which case no previous. Tk threapy that the patient has received:         - lenvatinib for differentiated thyroid cancer and hence no previous. Tk threapy that the patient has received:         - lenvatinib for differentiated thyroid cancer and hence no previous. Tk threapy must be a received:         - lenvatinib is being given as montherapy.</li> <li>She patient has not previous. Tk therapy must be a step and be order previous. Tk threapy not therapy the other criterial listed here.</li> <li>Selpercatinib is being given as montherapy.</li> <li>The patient has not previous. Tk therapy must be a company of Product Characteristics (SPC):         - the dosage of selpercatinib is according to dody weight         - selpercatinib is a cording to dody weight        -</li></ol>		From 01-Oct-	221	No	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Yes	nca
			12. Selpercatinib is to be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics.									

				Availa	able to new	patients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed		
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice of removal served)	No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Interim Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))	
			This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with selpercatinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.     This patient is an addu to an addicestent aged 12 years and older with a proven histological or cytological diagnosis of medullary thyroid cancer (there is a separate form SEL01 for selpercatinib in non-medullary thyroid cancer).     Please enter below as to whether the patient is an addu to an adduct or addicescent aged 12 years or older:     - the patient is an adduct and addicestent aged 12 years or older:     - the patient is an adduct and the provention of the patient is an adduct or the patient is and the patient is an adduct or the patient is an adduct or the p	-									
			<ol> <li>This patient's thyroid cancer has been documented as having a RET mutation as determined by a validated genomic test.</li> <li>Please enter below as to which RET mutation is present in this patient's thyroid cancer:         <ul> <li>+0918T mutation or</li> <li>- an extracellular cysterine mutation or</li> <li>+V804M/L mutation or</li> <li>- v804M/L mutation or</li> <li>- another mutation</li> </ul> </li> </ol>										
SEL2_v1.0	Selpercatinib	For the treatment of patients with previously treated RET mutant medullary thyroid cancer where the following criteria have been met:	4. The patient has been previously treated with cabozantinib or vandetanib. Please enter below as to the previous TKI therapy that the patient has received: - cabozantinib or - vandetanib 5. The patient has an ECOG performance status (PS) of 0 or 1 or 2. 6. Selpercatinib is being given as monotherapy.	-	From 01-Oct-	rom 01-0ct-21 No n/a	Yes	Agreed	Yes	nca			
			The patient has not previously received selpercatinib or any other TKI which targets the RET receptor unless the patient has received selpercatinib via a company early access scheme and the patient meets all the other criteria listed here. 8. Selpercatinib is to be continued until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment. 9. The prescribing clinician is aware of the following issues as regards the administration of selpercatinib as detailed in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC):	-									
			<ul> <li>the dosage of selpercatinib is according to body weight</li> <li>selpercatinib has reduced solubility at a higher pH and hence precautions are necessary with the co-administration of proton pump inhibitors or H2 antagonists</li> <li>selpercatinib has clinically important interactions with CYP3A inhibitors or CYP3A inducers</li> </ul>		-								
			10. A formal medical review as to how selpercatinib is being tolerated and whether treatment with selpercatinib should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the start of the third 4-weekly cycle of treatment. 11. When a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected 4-weekly cycle length is needed, I will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment,	-									
			including indicating as appropriate if the patient had an extended break because of COVID 19. 12. Selpercatinib is to be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics.	an extended break because of COVID 19.									

				Availa	ble to new	patients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice of removal served)	No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
SEL3_v1.1	Selpercatinib	Selpercatinib as monotherapy for the treatment of adult patients with advanced non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) whibiting a RE gene fusion and who have previously received immunotherapy and/or platinum-based chemotherapy where the following criteria have been met:	- the patient has received 1st line immunotherapy monotherapy for locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC followed by 2nd line cytotoxic chemotherapy with or without further		From 25-Nov-	21	Νο	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Yes	nca

				Avail	lable to n	ew patien	s			Interim Funding	CDF	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (t notice remo serve	val No	Transition Drug (Olo CDF) Indication (Yes or No	by manufacturer (Agreed,	Eligible for Interim Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Managed Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
SEL4	Selpercatinib	line treatment of adult patients with <u>previously untreated</u> advanced non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) exhibiting a RET gene fusion where the following criteria have been met:			From 22-	un-23	Νο	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Yes	nca

				Availa	ble to new	patients				Interim Funding	CDF	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice of removal served)	No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Transition Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Eligible for Interim Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Managed Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
SOT1_v1.2	Sotorasib	Sotorasib as monotherapy for the treatment of adult patients with advanced non-small cell lung cancer (MSCL) exhibiting a KRAS G12C mutation and who have been previously treated with at least 1 prior system Citerapy for advanced NSCL owhere the following criteria have been met:	<ol> <li>This application for solonable blong made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with solonasb will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the ord systemi article cancer therapy.</li> <li>The patient has locally advanced or metatatic non-small cell lung cancer.</li> <li>The patient has bas toolay advanced or metatatic non-small cell lung cancer.</li> <li>The patient has bas toolay advanced or metatatic non-small cell lung cancer.</li> <li>The patient has bas toolay advanced or metatatic non-small cell lung cancer.</li> <li>The patient has bas toolay advanced or metatatic non-small cell lung cancer.</li> <li>The patient has bas toolay advanced or metatatic non-specific toolay to the RBAS G12C mutation:</li> <li></li></ol>		rom 03-Ma	22	Νο	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Yes	nca

				Availab	le to new	patients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice of removal served)	No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Interim Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
Ti501a_v1.2	Tisagenlecleucel	second part of the form (TIS01b) can only be completed as a continuation of this first part of the form (TIS01a) and must be completed on infusion of CAR-T cells	1. This application is being made by and that leucapheresis for and treatment with tisagenledeucel-modified CAR T cells will be initiated by a consultant haematologist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy and working in an accredited CAR T cell swill be initiated by a consultant haematologist specifically create inprobabistic leukaema and anness of the treating Trust's acute lymphobiastic leukaema and who is a mether of the treating Trust's acute lymphobiastic leukaema (ALL). Please tick appropriate box as to which type of ALL the patient has: Philadelphia chromosome positive ALL or Philadelphia chromosome appative ALL or Philadelphia	Fr	rom 16-Nov-	18	Νο	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Yes	13-Aug-24
TI501b_v1.1	Tisageniecieucel	Philadelphia negative and positive B cell acute lymphoblastic leakamain in patients aged 25 years and under where the following criteria are met: Note: This second part of the form is to document the date of infusion of CAR T-cell therapy and for registration of this infusion with NHS England so that the treating Trust is reimbursed for the cost of tisagenicelexel. There is of part of the form for the approval of leucopheresis and mandpecture of CAR-Tecll Which has already	1. This application for continuation is being made by and treatment with tisagenlecleucel-modified CAR T cell will be initiated by a consultant haematologist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy and working in an accredited CAR T cell multidisciplinary teams. 2. The patient has a performance score of at least 50% as assessed by the Karnofsky scale (age 16 years or over) or the Lansky scale (<16 years). 3. The patient has a performance score of at least 50% as assessed by the Karnofsky scale (age 16 years or over) or the Lansky scale (<16 years). 3. The patient has sufficient end organ function to tolerate treatment with tisagenlecleucel-modified CAR T cells. 4. Prior to infusion 2 doxes of tocilizumab are available for use in this patient in the event of the development of cytokine release syndrome. 5. Tisagenlecleucel-modified CAR T cell therapy will otherwise be used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC). 6. Following national approval for use of tisagenlecleucel here has been local CAR T cell multidisciplinary team agreement that this patient continues to have the necessary fitness for infusion and fulfils all of the treatment circle area.	Fr	rom 16-Nov-	18	No	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Yes	13-Aug-24

				Availal	ole to new p	atients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice of removal served)	No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
TRADI_VI.1	Trastuzumab deruxtecan		1. This application for trastruumab dematean for the treatment of unrestable locally advanced or metastatic treast cancer is being made by and the first cycle of trastruumab dematean for the treatment of unrestable locally advanced or metastatic treast cancer. 3. The pattern has unrescribed by a consulting decaling treatment accredited in the use of systemic and: cancer througy. 4. If this pattern has intrologically documented treast cancer which is HER2 3by (immunohistochemistry and/or has a HER2 amplification ratio of 22.0 by in situ hybridisation. 4. If this pattern testered with a HER2-targeted necadjuwant regimen which contained both perturumab and trastruumab the pattern test rested with a HER2-targeted necadjuwant regimen which contained both perturumab and trastruumab the pattern was treated with a HER2-targeted necadjuwant regimen which contained trastruumab as the sole HER2-targeted agent the pattern was treated with a HER2-targeted adjuwant regimen which contained trastruumab as the sole HER2-targeted agent the pattern was treated with a HER2-targeted adjuwant regimen which contained trastruumab as the sole HER2-targeted agent the pattern was treated with a HER2-targeted adjuwant regimen which contained trastruumab as the sole HER2-targeted agent the pattern was treated with a HER2-targeted adjuwant regimen which contained trastruumab and trastruumab. The pattern was treated with a HER2-targeted adjuwant regimen which contained trastruumab as the sole HER2-targeted agent the pattern was treated with a HER2-targeted adjuwant regimen which contained trastruumab and trastruumab. The pattern was treated with a HER2-targeted aginant regimen to hocally advanced/metastatic disease which included trastruumab and trastruumab. The pattern was treated with a HER2-targeted aginant regimen for locally advanced/metastatic disease which included trastruumab and trastruumab. The pattern was treated with a HER2-targeted aginant regimen for locally advanced/metastatic disease which included trastruumab and trastruuma		From 20-Apr-2	1	Νο	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Yes	nca

				Availa	ble to new	patients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding	CDF	
Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice o removal served)	f No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Managed Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
TRAD2_v1.0	Trastuzumab deruxtecan	For treating over-expressed HER2 positive unresectable locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer in patients who have received 1 or more anti-HER2 therapies and who are treatment-naive for trastuzumab entansine in the advanced/metastatic disease setting where the following criteria have been met:			From 20-Dec	-22	Νο	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Yes	ΠCƏ

				Availa	ble to new	patients		Transition	Eligible for	Interim Funding agreed by	CDF Managed	
Blueteq Form ref:		Indication	Criteria for use	Yes	Yes (but notice of removal served)	No	Transition Drug (Old CDF) Indication (Yes or No)	Funding agreed by manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending)	Interim Funding (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	manufacturer (Agreed, Rejected, Pending, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Access Scheme (Yes, No, Not currently applicable (NCA))	Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning (Date if known or Not currently applicable (NCA))
			1. This application for venetoclax plus obinutuzumab is being made by and the first cycle of this systemic anti-cancer therapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.									
			a meeta and accurate in the use of systemic and cancer approximately and a second seco									
			The patient has been tested for 17p deletion and the result is negative.									
			A The patient has been tested for TPS3 mutation and the result is negative.									
			5. The patient has symptomatic disease which requires systemic therapy.									
			6. The patient has not received any previous systemic therapy for CLL/SLL.									
			7. The patient has a performance status of 0 or 1 or 2.									
			8. In the absence of this venetoclax plus obinutuzumab treatment option, the patient would otherwise have been treated with the combination of fludarabine, cyclophosphamide and rituximab (FCR) or the combination of bendamustine and rituximab (BR). Please record below as to which combination you would have treated the patient with in the absence of this CDF access to venetoclax plus obinutuzumab: - FCR or - BR									
		For the treatment of patients with previously untreated chronic lymphatic	9. Venetoclax will be given in combination with obinutuzumab and that the venetoclax dose titration schedule will only be commenced after the patient has received the first 3 doses of obinutuzumab in cycle 1 (on days 1±2, 8 and 15) i.e. the venetoclax dose titration schedule is planned to commence on cycle 1 day 22 and be completed on cycle 2 day 28.									
VEN7_v1.1	Venetoclax in combination with obinutuzumab	leukaemia in whom chemotherapy with the combinations of either FCR or BR would otherwise have been SUTABLE where the following criteria have been met:	10. All of the following for the prevention and treatment of tumour lysis syndrome: - that the patient has been prospectively assessed for the risk of the development of tumour lysis syndrome [TL5] with venetoclax - that appropriate TLS risk mitigation strategies have been put in place as outlined in the updated venetoclax Summary of Product Characteristics - that there is a robust system in place for measuring appropriate blood chemistries both at the specified timings of blood chemistries according to TLS risk status and at the venetoclax dose levels described in Section 4.2 Table 3 of the Summary of Product Characteristics. See https://www.medicines.org.uk/emc/medicine/32650 or https://product.smhra.gov.uk/bustance?VSNETOCLAX - that there is a robust system in place for ensuring the rapid review in real time of these blood chemistry results by a senior clinician with experience in the management of TLS - that there is a robust system in place for the withholding of the next days dose of each scheduled dose escalation until the blood chemistry results have been confirmed as being satisfactory by a senior clinician	From 10-Nov-20	20	No	n/a	Yes	Agreed	Yes	nca	
			1. The patient has been assessed specifically for potential drug interactions with venetoclax.									
			12. The patient has been assessed apeciment on premised and memory and approximation such as the patient has been assessed apecimentation of the patient of the patient duration duration of the patient duration duration of the patient duration duration duration of the patient duration durati									
			weeks, consisting of 1 week from cycle 1 day 22 followed by 11 cycles of 4-weekly cycles of venchoclax in cycles 2-12.									
			13. The treatment duration of obinutuzumab is for a maximum of 6 cycles of obinutuzumab.									
			14. Venetoclax is to be continued until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment or for the maximum treatment duration of 12 cycles (as									
			measured above), whichever of these events is the sooner.									
			15. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with venetoclax in combination with obinutuzumab should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of									
			the first 8 weeks of treatment.									
			16. When a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected 4-weekly cycle length is needed, I will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment,									
			including as appropriate if the patient had an extended break on account of Covid-19.									
			17. Venetoclax and obinutuzumab will be otherwise used as set out in their respective Summary of Product Characteristics (SPCs).									

#### B. NICE approved and baseline funded drugs/indications from 1st April 2016

Notes: If no Blueteq approval criteria are set this is because this was not considered necessary at the time of approval. However Blueteq registration will be required for all cancer drugs moving from the CDF to baseline as a result of positive final NICE guidance from 7th December 2016.

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
			1. This application for abemaciclib in combination with an aromatase inhibitor is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy				
			2. The patient has histologically or cytologically documented oestrogen receptor positive and her-2 negative breast cancer				
			3. The patient has had no prior treatment with a CDK 4/6 inhibitor unless either palbociclib or ribociclib has had to be stopped within 6 months of its start solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease progression or abemaciclib has been previously received as adjuvant therapy and treatment with abemaciclib was completed without disease progression at least 12 months prior to the first diagnosis of recurrent or metastatic disease.				
ABEM1_v1.2	Abemaciclib (in combination with an	The treatment of previously untreated, hormone receptor-positive, HER2- negative, locally advanced or metastatic	Please mark below which one of these 4 scenarios applies to this patient: - no prior treatment with a CDK 4/6 inhibitor or - previous treatment with the 1st line CDK4/6 inhibitor palbociclib but treatment has had to be stopped within 6 months of its start solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of progressive disease or - previous treatment with the 1st line CDK4/6 inhibitor ribociclib but treatment has had to be stopped within 6 months of its start solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of progressive disease or - previously received adjuvant abemaciclib for high risk early breast cancer and treatment with abemaciclib was completed without disease progression at least 12 months prior to the first diagnosis of recurrent or metastatic disease	No	TA563	27-Feb-19	28-May-19
	aromatase inhibitor)	breast cancer where the following criteria			11000	2710015	20 may 25
		have been met:	<ol> <li>The patient has metastatic breast cancer or locally advanced breast cancer which is not amenable to curative treatment</li> </ol>	-			
			5. The patient is male or is female and if female is either post-menopausal or if pre- or peri-menopausal has undergone ovarian ablation or suppression with LHRH agonist treatment				
			6. The patient has had no previous hormone therapy for locally advanced or metastatic disease i.e. is hormone therapy naïve for locally advanced/metastatic breast cancer.	1			
			Note: previous hormone therapy with anastrazole or letrozole whether as adjuvant therapy or as neoadjuvant treatment is allowed as long as the patient has had a disease-free interval of 12 months or more since completing treatment with neoadjuvant or adjuvant anastrazole or letrozole.				
			7. Abemaciclib will only be given in combination with an aromatase inhibitor				
			8. The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0 or 1 or 2	-			
			9. Treatment will continue until there is progressive disease or excessive toxicity or until the patient chooses to discontinue treatment, whichever is the sooner				
			10. Treatment breaks of up to 6 weeks are allowed, but solely to allow toxicities to settle				
			11. Abemaciclib will be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC)				
			1. This application for abemaciclib in combination with fulvestrant is being made by and the first cycle of abemaciclib plus fulvestrant will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of				
			systemic anti-cancer therapy.	-			
			The patient has histologically or cytologically documented oestrogen receptor positive and HER-2 negative breast cancer     The patient has metastatic breast cancer or locally advanced breast cancer which is not amenable to curative treatment	-			
			5. The parent has metastatu breast cancer or locarity avanced breast cancer wind is not amenable to bradere treatment A. The parent in same or is female and if female is either post-menopausi and argument and the parent and the parent is inder or suppression with LHRH agonist treatment A. The parent is male or is female and if is male is either post-menopausi and argument argument and argument arg	- 1			
			The patient has a ECCG certain contact of the right	-			
			5. The partient has an ECOO performance status of 0 of 10 2 6. The partient has received previous endocrine therap according to one of the three populations as set out below as these are the only groups for which there was evidence submitted to NICE for the use of abemacicilib plus	- 1			
			fulvestrant. Please record which population the patient falls into:				
			<ul> <li>has progressive disease whilst still receiving adjuvant or neoadjuvant endocrine therapy for early breast cancer with no subsequent endocrine therapy received following disease progression or</li> <li>has progressive disease within 12 or less months of completing adjuvant endocrine therapy for early breast cancer with no subsequent endocrine therapy received following disease progression or</li> <li>has progressive disease on 1st line endocrine therapy for advanced/metastatic breast cancer with no subsequent endocrine therapy received following disease progression</li> </ul>				
ABEM2_v1.4	Abemaciclib (in combination with fulvestrant)	The treatment of hormone receptor- positive, HER2-negative, locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer where the	7. The patient has had no prior treatment with a CDK 4/6 inhibitor unless either palbociclib (in combination with fulvestrant) or ribociclib (in combination with fulvestrant) has had no be stopped within 6 months of its start solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease progression or abemaciclib has been previously received as adjuvant therapy and treatment with abemaciclib was completed without disease progression at least 12 months prior to the first diagnosis of recurrent or metastatic disease.	No	TA725	15-Sep-21	14-Dec-21
		following criteria have been met:	Please mark below which one of the 4 scenarios applies to this patient: - no prior treatment with a CDK 4/6 inhibitor or - previous treatment with the CDK4/6 inhibitor palbociclib in combination with fulvestrant but treatment has had to be stopped within 6 months of its start solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence				
			of progressive disease or - previous treatment with the CDK4/6 inhibitor ribociclib in combination with fulvestrant but treatment has had to be stopped within 6 months of its start solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of progressive disease or				
			- or erviously received adjuvant abemaciclib for high risk early breast cancer and treatment with abemaciclib was completed without disease progression at least 12 months prior to the first diagnosis of recurrent or metastatic	≗ of			
			8. The patient has had no prior treatment with fulvestrant	4			
			9. The patient has had no prior treatment with everolimus 10. Abstraction will be absorbed in the combination of the second seco	4			
			10. Abemaciclib will only be given in combination with fulvestrant 11. Treatment will continue until there is progressive disease or excessive toxicity or until the patient chooses to discontinue treatment, whichever is the sooner	4			
			11. Treatment win continue into mere's progressive bases or excessive country or unit the parent chooses to uncontinue readment, wincheven's the source.  12. Treatment win contained and there is progressive bases or excessive country or unit the parent chooses to uncontained readment, wincheven's the source.  13. Treatment bases of up to 6 weeks are allowed, but solely to allow toxicities to settle  14. Treatment bases of up to 6 weeks are allowed, but solely to settle  15. Treatment bases of up to 6 weeks are allowed, but solely to settle  15. Treatment bases of up to 6 weeks are allowed, but solely to settle  15. Treatment bases of up to 6 weeks are allowed, but solely to settle  15. Treatment bases of up to 6 weeks are allowed, but solely to settle  15. Treatment bases of up to 6 weeks are allowed, but solely to settle  15. Treatment bases of up to 6 weeks are allowed, but solely to settle  15. Treatment bases of up to 6 weeks are allowed, but solely to settle  15. Treatment bases of up to 6 weeks are allowed, but solely to 5 weeks  15. Treatment bases of up to 6 weeks are allowed and the settle  15. Treatment bases of up to 6 weeks are allowed and the settle  15. Treatment bases of up to 6 weeks are allowed and the settle  15. Treatment bases of up to 6 weeks are allowed and the settle  15. Treatment bases of up to 6 weeks are allowed and the settle  15. Treatment bases of up to 6 weeks are allowed and the settle  15. Treatment bases of up to 6 weeks are allowed and the settle  15. Treatment bases of up to 6 weeks are allowed and the settle  15. Treatment bases of up to 6 weeks are allowed and the settle  15. Treatment bases of up to 6 weeks are allowed and the settle  15. Treatment bases of up to 6 weeks are allowed and the settle  15. Treatment bases of up to 6 weeks are allowed and the settle  15. Treatment bases of up to 6 weeks are allowed and the settle  15. Treatment bases of up to 6 weeks are allowed and the settle  15. Treatment bases of up to 6 weeks are allowed and the settle  15. Treatment bases	1			
			13. Advanced based fully start will be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC)	1			

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
			1. This application for abemaciclib in combination with endocrine therapy is being made by and the first cycle of abemaciclib plus endocrine therapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has early breast cancer. 3. The patient has histologically or cytologically documented hormone receptor-positive and HER-2 negative breast cancer. 4. The patient has histologically or cytologically documented hormone receptor-positive and HER-2 negative breast cancer. 4. The patient has histologically or cytologically documented hormone receptor-positive and HER-2 negative breast cancer. 4. The patient has histologically or cytologically applies to this patient: -24 positive axillary hymph nodes and a primary tumour size 25cm or -1.3 positive axillary hymph nodes and a primary tumour size 25cm or -3.3 positive axillary hymph nodes and a primary tumour size 25cm and histological grade 3 disease -3.4 positive axillary hymph nodes and a primary tumour size 25cm or -3.5 positive axillary hymph nodes and a primary tumour size 25cm and histological grade 3 disease -3.4 positive axillary hymph nodes and a primary tumour size 25cm or -3.5 positive axillary hymph nodes and a primary tumour size 25cm and histological grade 3 disease -3.4 positive axillary hymph nodes and a primary tumour size 25cm or -3.5 positive axillary hymph nodes and a primary tumour size 25cm and histological grade 3 disease -4.5 positive axillary hymph nodes -5.5 positive axillary hymph nodes -5.5 positive axillary hymph nodes -5.5 positive -5.5 pos	-			
ABEM3	Abemaciclib in combination with endocrine therapy		S. The patient has completed any adjuvant or neoadjuvant chemotherapy.  6. The patient has completed any adjuvant or neoadjuvant chemotherapy.  Please mark in the box below the relevant treatment that the patient did or did not receive:	No	TA810	20-Jul-22	18-Oct-22
			13. The prescribing clinician is aware of abemaciclib's interactions with CYP3A4 inhibitors and inducers as outlined in abemaciclib's Summary of Product Characteristics.     14. The prescribing clinician is aware of the necessary abemaciclib dose adjustments for diarrhoea, increased aminotransferases, interstitial lung disease and venous thromboembolic events as outlined in abemaciclib's Summary of Product Characteristics.     15. When a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected 4-weekly cycle length is needed, the prescribing clinician will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment, including as appropriate if the patient had an extended break on account of Covid-19.     16. Abemaciclib will be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).     1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with abiraterone will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.				
ABI1	Abiraterone	Abiraterone for treating metastatic hormone-relapsed prostate cancer before chemotherapy is indicated	2. This patient of the provide plant is more than the provide on the product of	Yes	TA387	27-Apr-16	26-Jul-16

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
ABI2	Abiraterone	For the treatment of patients with hormone-relapsed (castrate-resistant) metastatic prostate cancer with disease progression during or following treatment with docetaxel-containing chemotherapy where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with abiraterone will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. This patient either has a proven histological or cytological diagnosis of adenocarcinoma of the prostate or has presented with a clinical picture consistent with metastatic prostate cancer and a serum PSA of 250 ng/mL. 3. This patient has hormone-relapsed (castration-resistant) metastatic prostate cancer. 4. The patient has been treated with doctaxet-containing chemotherapy and has progressed during or following treatment. 5. One of the following applies to this patient as regards any previous use of 2nd generation receptor inhibitors (such as enzalutamide, darolutamide or apalutamide) or CYP17 enzyme inhibitors (such as abiraterone). Please enter below as to which scenario applies to this patient: - the patient has not previously received any treatment with enzalutamide or darolutamide or abiraterone or - the patient has previously received enzy treatment with prednisolone 6. Abiraterone is to be given in combination with prednisolone 7. The patient has a ECOG performance status (PS) of 0 or 1 or 2. 8. Abiraterone is to be continued until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment. 9. A formal medical review as to how abiraterone is being tolerated and whether treatment with enzalutamide should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the start of the third 4-weekly cycle of treatment. 10. Where a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected 4-weekly cycle length is needed, I will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment, including indicating as appropriate if the patient had an extended break because of CVID 19.		TA259	27-Jun-12	25-Sep-12
ACA1_v1.2	Acalabrutinib monotherapy	For the treatment of patients with previously untreated chronic lymphatic leukaemia which has a 17p deletion or TP53 mutation where the following criteria have been met:	11. Airraterone is to be otherwise used as set out in its summary of Product Characteristics.         1. This application for acalaburulin is being made by and the first cycle of this systemic anti-cancer therapy with acalaburulinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.         2. The patient has been diagnosed with chronic lymphatic leukaemia (CLL) or small hymphocytic lymphoma (SLL).         3. The patient has been diagnosed with chronic lymphatic leukaemia (CLL) or small hymphocytic lymphoma (SLL).         3. The patient has been diagnosed with chronic lymphatic leukaemia (CLL) or small hymphocytic lymphoma (SLL).         3. The patient has been tests below:         - positive for 179 deletion and positive for TP53 mutation or         - negative for 17 deletion and positive for TP53 mutation.         4. The patient has not received any previous systemic therapy for CLL/SLL unless 1st line acalaburulinib was previously commenced via an AstraZeneca early access scheme or 1st line ibrutinib has had to be stopped as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the dear absence of disease progression.         Please mark which of the 3 scenarios below applies to this patient:       -         - the patient has an treezived any previous systemic therapy for CLL/SLL unless 1st line acalaburulinib has had to be stopped soley as a consequence of dose-limiting toxic/und in the dear absence of disease progression.         Please mark which of the 3 scenarios below applies to this patient:       -         - the patient previously commenced 1st line acalaburulinib has had to be s	No	TA689	21-Apr-21	20-Jul-21

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
ACA2_v1.3	Acalabrutinib monotherapy	For the treatment of patients with previously treated chronic lymphatic leukaemia where the following criteria have been met:	<ol> <li>This application for acalabrutinib is being made by and the first cycle of this systemic anti-cancer therapy with acalabrutinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>The patient has been previously diagnosed with chronic lymphatic leukaemia (CLL) or small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL).</li> <li>The patient has been tested for 17p deletion and not TP53 mutation and the results are as shown below:         negative for both 17p deletion and positive for TP53 mutation or         negative for 17p deletion and positive for TP53 mutation or         negative for 17p deletion and positive for TP53 mutation or         negative for 17p deletion and positive for TP53 mutation or         negative for 17p deletion and positive for TP53 mutation or         negative for both 17p deletion and positive for TP53 mutation or         negative for both 17p deletion and positive for TP53 mutation or         negative for both 17p deletion and TP53 mutation or         negative for both 17p deletion and positive for TP53 mutation or         negative for both 17p deletion and positive for 17p.         </li> <li>The patient has been previously treated with systemic therapy.         </li> <li>The patient has been previously treated with systemic therapy for CLL/SLL         </li> <li>The patient has been previously treated with systemic therapy for CLL/SLL         </li> <li>The patient has once realpead and this application will be the first use of a PIK inhibitor since the 1st line combination of ibrutinib plus venetodax.         </li> <li>Please mark which of the 4 scenarios below applies to this patient:         <ul> <li>the patient has previously commenced and this application will be the first use of a PIK inhibitor since the 1st line combination of ibrutinib for relapsed/refractory CLL/SLL and anubrutinib has had to be stopped solely because of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absen</li></ul></li></ol>	No	TA689	21-Apr-21	20-Jul-21
			The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0 or 1 or 2.     Subscription     The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0 or 1 or 2.     Subscription     Subscriptio				
ACA3_v1.3	Acalabrutinib monotherapy	For the treatment of patients with previously untreated chronic lymphatic leukaemia which does not have a 17p deletion or a TPS3 mutation and in whom chemotherapy with FCA or BR is unsuitable where the following criteria have been met:	<ul> <li>Link application for acalabrutinib is being made by and the first cycle of this systemic anti-cancer therapy with acalabrutinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>Link application for acalabrutinib is being made by and the first cycle of this systemic anti-cancer therapy with acalabrutinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>The patient has been diagnosed with chronic lymphatic leukaemia (CLI) or small kymphocytic lymphoma (SLL).</li> <li>The patient has been tested for 17p deletion and the result is negative.</li> <li>The patient has been tested for 17p deletion and the result is negative.</li> <li>The patient has been diagnoses with chronic kymphatic leukaemia (CLI) or small kymphocytic lymphoma (SLL).</li> <li>The patient has been diagnoses with chronic kymphatic leukaemia (CLI) or small kymphocytic lymphoma (SLL).</li> <li>The patient has been diagnoses with chronic kymphatic and ritusima (KCR) or the combination of fludarabine, cyclophosphamide and ritusima (KCR) or the combination of fludarabine, cyclophosphamide and ritusima (KCR) or the combination of fludarabine, cyclophosphamide and ritusima (KCR) or the combination of fludarabine, cyclophosphamide and ritusima (KCR) or the saturation by a strate care and make a submission to NICE for the assessment of clinical and cost effectiveness of 1st line acalabrutinib materia submission to NICE for the assessment of clinical and cost effectiveness of 1st line acalabrutinib the saturation will be assess scheme and all other treatment criteria on this form are fulfilled</li> <li>the patient has not received any previous systemic therapy for CL/SLL ulses stime and all other treatment criteria on this form are fulfilled</li> <li>the patient has an ECCO performance status of 0 or 1 or 2.</li> <li>Use of acalabrutinib in hindication.</li> <li>Note: AstraZeneca d</li></ul>	Νο	TA689	21-Apr-21	20-Jul-21

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
ALE1	Alectinib	For anaplastic lymphoma kinase-positive advanced non-small cell lung cancer previously untreated with an ALK inhibitor where the following criteria are met:	1. This application for alectimib is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has incluly advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer. 3. The patient has histological or cyclogical evidence of NSCLC that carries an anaptatic lymphoma kinase (ALK) rearrangement based on a validated test <b>OB</b> there is documented agreement by the lung MDT that the natiological appearances are in keeping with locally advanced or metastatic NSCL <b>CAM</b> there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of an activating anaptasic lymphoma kinase (ALK) rearrangement. <sup>1</sup> Histological or cyclogical evidence of NSCL that been made in this patient: <sup>1</sup> Histological or cyclogical evidence. <sup>2</sup> Occumented agreement by the lung MDT that the radiological appearances are in keeping with locally advanced or metastatic NSCL and there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of an activating anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK) rearrangement. <sup>4</sup> The patient has not previously received any ALK inhibitor unless 1st line brigatinib or 1st line critizating for the four scenarios applies to this patient: <sup>1</sup> the patient has previously received any ALK inhibitor or <sup>1</sup> the patient has previously received any ALK inhibitor or <sup>1</sup> the patient has previously received any ALK inhibitor or <sup>1</sup> the patient has previously received any ALK inhibitor or <sup>1</sup> the patient has previously received any ALK inhibitor or <sup>1</sup> the patient has previously received critical is a 1st line ALK-targeted therapy and this has had to be stopped within 3 months of its start solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease pregression. <sup>2</sup> The patient has previously received critical as 1st line ALK-targeted therapy and this has had to be stopped within 3 months of its start solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease pregression or <sup>1</sup> the patient has previously received critical has 1st line ALK	No	TA536	08-Aug-18	07-Sep-18

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
ALP1	Alpelisib in combination with fulvestrant	For treatment of hormone receptor- positive, HER2-negative, locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer in patients previously treated with a CDK4/6 inhibitor and an aromatas inhibitor where the following criteria have been met:	Note: the company sourneed a case to recer for consideration of cimical and cost enecureness only in patients previously dealed with a convey minimuter. This population is non-over than the marketing automation and the second source and the s	No	TA816	10-Aug-22	08-Nov-22

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
APA1	Apalutamide in combination with androgen deprivation therapy (ADT)	For the treatment of non-metastatic hormone-resistant (castration-resistant) prostate cancer in patients who are a high risk of developing metastatic disease where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with apalutamide will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. This patient has non-metastatic prostate cancer as defined by recent imaging with conventional imaging with both a whole body isotope bone scan and a CT/M8 scan of the chest, abdomen and pelvis. Note: patients with the sole abnormality of pelvic lymph nodes measuring <2cm in short axis diameter and which are below the aortic bifurcation are eligible for apalutamide in this indication. 4. The patient has hormone-resistant (castrate-resistant) disease as defined by 3 rising PSA levels (after the nadir PSA level) and taken at least 1 week apart during androgen deprivation therapy. 5. The patient's serum testosterone levels <3c.7mon/L on gonadotrophin releasing hormone agonist/antagonist therapy or after bilateral orchidectomy. 6. The current PSA level is 22mg/ml. 7. The patient is at high risk of developing metastatic disease as defined by a PSA doubling time of ≤10 months during continuous ADT. Please document the actual PSA doubling time in the box below: 8. The patient has not previously received any 2nd generation androgen receptor inhibitors (such as enzalutamide, darolutamide, apalutamide) or CYP17 enzyme inhibitors (such as abiraterone) unless the patient received darolutamide for non-metastatic hormone-resistant (castration-resistant) which had to be stopped because of dose-limiting toxicity in the clear absence of disease progression and the patient meets all the other criteria listed on this form Please mark below which of these 2 clinical scenarios applies to this patient: - the patient has not previously received any androgen neceptor therapy. 1. Apalutamide is being given only in combination with androgen deprivation therapy. 1. Apalutamide is to be continued on this form 10. Apalutamide is not previously received any androgen neceptor trajeted agent - the patient necei	No	TA740	28-Oct-21	26-Jan-22
APA2	Applutamide in combination with androgen deprivation therapy (ADT)	For the treatment of patients with newly diagnosed metastatic hormone-sensitive prostate cancer who are ineligible for chemotherapy with docetaxed where the following criteria have been met:	<ul> <li>14. Apalatamide is to be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics</li> <li>1. This apalitation is ble made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with apalatamide will be prescribed by a consultant specialitis specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>2. This patient there has a prove histological crycological diagnosis of adencarcinoma of the prostate or has presented with a clinical picture consistent with metasatic prostate cancer with both widespread bone metastases radiologically typical of prostate cancer with both widespread bone metastases within the patient and a serum PS of 250 mg/m.</li> <li>2. This patient has not yet received any ADT for metastatic prostate cancer or - the patient has received any upfort docetaatic cherostherapy for metastatic hornste center and up to the stating an anotygen receiptor targeted agent.</li> <li>4. The patient has not yet received any upfort docetaatic cherostherapy for metastatic hornste equation to a serum PS of 250 mg/m.</li> <li>5. The patient has not received any upfort docetaatic cherostherapy for metastatic hornste equation target and a second by the patient is inelligible for docetaate on the grounds of either having significant combridings (i.e. the patient has not receive upform docetaate) of the oxiet of 10 or 2.</li> <li>6. The parenthing clinical has assessed this patient? Status as regards receiving upfort docetaate in the status of the docetaate in the patient is inelligible for docetaate on the grounds of either having significant combridings (i.e. the patient has the transmet below which of the existent with docetaate) (i.e. the patient has the oxiet (i.e. the patient has been fully informed consent, i.c. online that any androgen receive upform docetaate) (i.e. the patient has the fully informed consent, i.c. online that any androgen receive upform docetaate) (i.e. the patient has the there being no further posuble treatment options of cherostherapy wita</li></ul>	No	TA741	28-Oct-21	26-Jan-22

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
ARS1	Arsenic trioxide	Arsenic trioxide for treating newly diagnosed low to intermediate risk acute promyelocytic leukaemia in ADULTS where all the following criteria are met:	1. An application is made by and the start of systemic anti-cancer therapy with arsenic trioxide will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy 2. The patient is an ADULT and has a confirmed diagnosis of acute promyelocytic leukaemia characterised by the presence of the t(15;17) translocation and/or the presence of the Pro-Myelocytic Leukaemia/Retinoic-Acid-Receptor- alpha (PML/RAR-alpha) gene 3. The patient is newly diagnosed with acute promyelocytic leukaemia 4. The patient has low to intermediate risk acute promyelocytic leukaemia are not funded for treatment with arsenic trioxide 5. The patient high risk acute promyelocytic leukaemia are not funded for treatment with arsenic trioxide 5. The patient will be treated with induction treatment of arsenic trioxide in combination with all-trans-retinoic acid (ATRA) 6. Induction treatment with arsenic trioxide will be continued until complete remission is achieved but if complete remission is not achieved by day 60, arsenic trioxide will be discontinued 7. As consolidation therapy, a maximum of 4 cycles of arsenic trioxide will be prescribed, each cycle being 4 weeks on treatment followed by 4 weeks off therapy 8. The dosing and schedule if administration of arsenic trioxide will be either in accordance with that described in the Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC) or that used in the UK NCRI AML17 trial as reported in Lancet 0ncology 2015; 16:1295-1305. 11 the AML17 dosing and schedule is used, hospital Trust policy regarding unlicensed treatments should be followed 9. The traating team is aware of the risk of and the treatment for * APL differentiation syndrome * CT incorespondentiation and the need for monitoring of electrolytes * Uver toxicity The use of arsenic trioxide is exclued from the NHS England Treatment Break Policy The use of arsenic trioxide is exclued form the NHS England Treatment Reak Policy 10. Ascenic trioxide is to be otherwise used as set up in IS SPC	No	TA526	13-Jun-18	11-Sep-18
AR52	Arsenic trioxide	Arsenic trioxide for treating relapsed/refractory acute promyelocytic leukaemia in ADULTS where the following criteria are met:	12. A sepile tribude is to be unevise used as set out. In ISPC 1. An application is made by and the start of systemic anti-cancer therapy with arsenic trioxide will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy 1. An application is made by and the start of systemic anti-cancer therapy with arsenic trioxide will be prescribed by the presence of the [15:17] translocation and/or the presence of the Pro-Myelocytic Leukaemia/Retinoic-Acid-Receptor- alpha (PML/RAR-alpha) gene 3. The patient has acute promyelocytic leukaemia which is EITHER refractory to or relapsed after previous treatment which included a retinoid and chemotherapy OR has relapsed after a complete remission which lasted at least 2 years following previous arsenic trioxide and all-trans-retinoic acid treatment 4. The patient will be treated will be treatment and consolidation treatment of arsenic trioxide in combination with all-trans-retinoic acid (ATEA) As combination therapy with ATRA is unlicensed in this relapsed/refractory setting, hospital Trust policy regarding unlicensed treatments should be followed 5. Induction treatment with arsenic trioxide will be continued until complete remission is achieved but if complete remission is not achieved by day 50 if the dosing and schedule is used as in the Summary of Product Characteristics is used for a maximum of 5 weeks or the dosing and schedule in the UK NCRI AML17 protocol (Lancet Oncology 2015; 16: 1295-1305), arsenic trioxide will be extend to arsenic trioxide will be extend to administration of arsenic trioxide will be extend to a second with that described in the summary of Product Characteristics is used for a maximum of 5 weeks of the asing and schedule in the UK NCRI AML17 protocol (Lancet Oncology 2015; 16: 1295-1305) is used for a maximum of 4 cycles of arsenic trioxide, each cycle being 4 weeks on treatment followed by 4 weeks of therapy 7. The dosing and schedule in the UK NCRI AML17 protocol. (Hancet Oncology 2015	No	TA526	13-Jun-18	11-Sep-18

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
ARS3	Arsenic trioxide	Arsenic trioxide for treating newly diagnosed low to intermediate risk acute promyelocytic leukaemia in CHILDREN where the following criteria are met:	<ol> <li>An application is made by and the start of systemic anti-cancer therapy with arsenic trioxide will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy </li> <li>The patient is a CHILD and has a confirmed diagnosis of acute promyelocytic leukaemia characterised by the presence of the t[15;17] translocation and/or the presence of the Pro-Myelocytic Leukaemia/Retinoic-Acid-Receptor-alpha (PML/RAR-alpha) gene         <ul> <li>The patient is newly diagnosed with acute promyelocytic leukaemia</li> <li>The patient is newly diagnosed with acute promyelocytic leukaemia (white cell count \$10 x 10<sup>9</sup>/L) and has not received any chemotherapy for this. Patients with high risk acute promyelocytic leukaemia are not funded for treatment with arsenic trioxide</li> <li>The patient will be treated with induction treatment of arsenic trioxide in combination with all-trans-retinoic acid (ATRA)</li> <li>Induction treatment with arsenic trioxide will be prescribed, each cycle being 4 weeks on treatment followed by 4 weeks off therapy</li> <li>The patient is a pre-pubescent or post-pubescent child and will be treated with the dosing and schedule of administration of arsenic trioxide either in accordance with that described in the Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC) or that used in the UK RIMAIT triat as reported in Lancet Oncology 2015, 16: 1295-1305.</li> </ul> </li> <li>The use of arsenic trioxide has been discussed at a multi-disciplinary team (MDT) meeting which must include two consultants in the subspecialty with active and credible expertise in the relevant field of whom at least one must be a consultant paediatrician. The MDT should include a paediatric pharmacist and other professional groups appropriate to the disease area         <ul> <li>The hospital Trust policy regarding unilcensed treatments for *APL differentiation syndrome</li></ul></li></ol>	No	TA526	13-Jun-18	11-Sep-18
AR54	Arsenic trioxide	Arsenic trioxide for treating relapsed/refractory acute promyelocytic leukaemia in cHLIDERU where the following criteria have been met:	12. Arsenic trioxide is to be otherwise used as set out in its SPC         1. An application is made by and the start of systemic anti-cancer therapy with arsenic trioxide will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy         2. The patient is a CHILD and has a confirmed diagnosis of acute promyelocytic leukaemia characterised by the presence of the t[15;17] translocation and/or the presence of the Pro-Myelocytic Leukaemia/Retinoic-Acid-Receptor- alpha (PML/RAR-alpha) gene         3. The patient has acute promyelocytic leukaemia which is ETHER refractory to or relapsed after previous treatment which included a retinoid and chemotherapy OR has relapsed after a complete remission which lasted at least 2 years following previous arsenic trioxide and all-trans-retinoic acid treatment         4. The patient will be treated with induction and consolidation treatment of arsenic trioxide in combination with all-trans-retinoic acid (ATRA)         As combination threapy with ATRA is unlicensed in this relapsed/refractory setting, hospital Trust policy regarding unlicensed treatments should be followed         5. Induction treatment with arsenic trioxide will be continued until complete remission is and thered by day 50 if the UK NCRI AML17 protocol is used (Lancet Oncology 2015; 16: 1295-1305), arsenic trioxide will be discontinued         6. As consolidation therapy, either the dosing and schedule in the Summary of Product Characteristics is used for a maximum of 5 weeks or the dosing and scheduling of the UK NCRI AML17 protocol (Lancet Oncology 2015; 16: 1295-1305).         12.95-1305) is used for a maximum of 4 cycles of arsenic trioxide, head the dosing and schedule in the Summary of Product Characteristi	No	TA526	13-Jun-18	11-Sep-18

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
ASCI	Asciminib	For the treatment of patients with chronic phase Philadelphia chromosome-positive chronic myeloid leukaemia previously treated with two or more tyrosine kinase inhibitors where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application for asciminib is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has Philadelphia chromosome positive chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML). 3. The CML remains in chronic phase. 4. A test for T315 mutation has been done and is negative. 5. The patient has received previous treatment with 2 or more TNS for CML Please tick the appropriate oglino below as to the total number of different TKs received by this patient: 2. Previous different TKs 4. Previous different TKs 4. Or more previous different TKs 4. Or more previous treatment with points the total number of different TKs received by this patient: 4. Or more previous different TKs 4. Or more previous different T	- No	TA813	03-Aug-22	02-Sep-22

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
ATE1	Atezolizumab		1. An application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with atezolizumab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies and hepatitis. 3. The patient has histologically or cyclogically documented transitional cell carcinoma of the urothelial tract 4. The patient has disease that is either locally advanced (in F4b any N or any T N2-3 disease) or metastatic (any T any N M1 disease) 5. The patient has not treewed previous chemotherapy neodigurant chemotherapy or chemo-radiotherapy OR, if previously treated with platinum-based chemotherapy whether as adjuvant chemotherapy or chemo-radiotherapy OR, if previously treated with platinum-based chemotherapy or as neoadjuvant chemotherapy or chemo-radiotherapy* * Patient has an ECOG performance status (PS) of 0, 1 or 2. Note: treatment of platients of performance status (PS) of 0, 1 or 2. Note: treatment of platients of performance status (PS) of 0, 1 or 2. Note: treatment of platients of performance status (PS) of 0, 1 or 2. Note: treatment of platients of performance status (PS) of 0, 1 or 2. Note: treatment of platients of performance status (PS) of 0, 1 or 2. Note: treatment of platients of performance status (PS) of 0, 1 or 2. Note: treatment of platients of performance status (PS) of 0, 1 or 2. Note: treatment of platients of performance status (PS) of 0, 1 or 2. Note: treatment of platients of performance status (PS) of 0, 1 or 2. Note: treatment of platients of performance status (PS) of 0, 1 or 2. Note: treatment of platients of performance status (PS) of 0, 1 or 2. Note: treatment of platients of performance status (PS) of 0, 1 or 2. Note: treatment of platients of performance status (PS) of 0, 1 or 2. Note: trea	No	TA739	27-0ct-21	25-Jan-22
			9. The patient's urothelial tumour has undergone PD-L1 testing 10. A PD-L1 expression of 25% has been recorded and the measurement used for PD-L1 testing is defined as the presence of discernible PD-L1 staining of any intensity in tumour infiltrating immune cells covering 25% of tumour area occupied by tumour cells, associated intra-tumoural and contiguous perl-tumoural desmoplastic stroma 11. The patient has not received prior treatment with an anti-PD-L1, anti-PD-L1, anti-PD-L2, anti-CD137, or anti-Cytotxic T-lymphocyte-associated antigen-4 (CTLA-4) antibody 12. The patient has not received prior treatment with an anti-PD-L1, anti-PD-L2, anti-PD-L2, anti-CD137, or anti-Cytotxic T-lymphocyte-associated antigen-4 (CTLA-4) antibody 13. A terailournab will be administered as montherapy either subcutaneously at a dose of 1875mg every 3 weeks or intravenously at a dose of 1200mg every 3 weeks or 1680 mg every 4 weeks. 14. A formal medial review as to whether treatment with atexciticume or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the third cycle of treatment 15. The patient is to be treated until disease progression and loss of clinical benefit or excessive toxicity or patient choice, whichever is the sooner 16. Treatment breaks of up to 12 weeks beyond the expected cycle length are allowed but solely to allow immune toxicities to settle. Where treatment is interrupted any restart and continuation of drug must be in line with the treatment breaks policy outlined in Specialised Services Circular (SSC) 1918. 17. Atzenzitumab will otherwise be used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
ATE2	Atezolizumab	all the following criteria are met:	1. An application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic and -cancer therapy, with atosolutionabulities prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic and-cancer therapy, endocringative, heaptists and kin toracticles. 2. The prescribing clinica is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-11 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocringative, heaptists and kin toracticles. 3. The patient has a histologically- corporated ther previous previous for non-signamous). 5. PD-11 testing with an approvad and validated test determine the Tomary Properties foror (To his application and the result is set out below. 7. PS	No	TA520	16-May-18	14-Aug-18

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
			1. The application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with atezolizumab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for the immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies and hepatitis 3. The patient has histologically or cytologically documented transitional cell carcinoma of the urothelial tract 4. The patient's disease is either locally advanced (i.e. T4b any N or any T N2-3 disease) or metastatic (any T any N M1 disease) 5. The patient has either not received previous adjuvant chemotherapy, nor chemo-radiotherapy, or if previously treated with platinum-based chemotherapy whether as adjuvant chemotherapy or as neoadjuvant chemotherapy or with chemo-radiotherapy, has relapsed < 12 months since completing the platinum-based chemotherapy*				
ATE3	Atezolizumab	Atezolizumab for locally advanced or metastatic urothelial cancer previously treated with platinum-based chemotherapy where all the following	neoagluvant chemotherapy or with chemor-axistherapy, has relapsed 5.12 months since completing the platinum-based chemotherapy. * Patients meeting this criterion are eligible to be considered as previously treated for locally advanced/ metastatic disease (and can answer "Yes" to criteria 6 below) but must satisfy all other criteria 6. There has been disease progression during or following previous platinum-based combination chemotherapy for inoperable locally advanced or metastatic urothelial cancer 7. The patient has an ECOG performance status (PS) score of 0 or 1 7. The patient has an ECOG performance status (PS) score of 0 or 1	No	TA525	13-Jun-18	13-Jul-18
		criteria are met:	8. The patient has not received prior treatment with an anti-PD-1, anti-PD-L1, anti-PD-L2, anti-CD137, or anti-Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated antigen-4 (CTLA-4) antibody unless it was received as part of the atezolizumab compassionate use programme for this indication and the patient meets all other criteria listed here 9. Atezolizumab will be administered as monotherapy either subcutaneously at a dose of 1875mg every 3 weeks or intravenously at a dose of 1200mg every 3 weeks or 1680 mg every 4 weeks.				
			10. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with atezolizumab should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the third cycle of treatment         11. The patient is to be treated until disease progression and loss of clinical benefit or excessive toxicity or patient choice, whichever is the sooner				
		12. The patient will receive a maximum treatment duration of 2 years of uninterrupted treatment (i.e. a maximum of 35 administrations if given every 3 weeks, or a maximum of 26 administrations if given every 4 weeks) with atezoilzumab, whichever is later*. *Where treatment is interrupted any restart and continuation of drug must be in line with the treatment break policy outlined in Specialised Services Circular (SSC) 1918. 13. The patient has no symptomatically active brain metastases or leptomeningeal metastases					
			14. Atezolizumab will otherwise be used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC)				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
ATE4	Atezolizumab (in combination with bevacizumab, carboplatin and paclitaxel)	The first line treatment of adult patients with locally advanced or metastatic non- squamous non-small cell lung cancer with a PD-L1 tumour proportion score of 0-49% and without EGFR and ALK mutations where the following criteria are met:	1. This application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with the combination of atecolourand, earboplatin and pacitated will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accretized in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. All the prescribed prescribed adverse reactions due to antis PD-11 treatments including parumonitis, collis, rephrits, endocrinopathies, hepatitis and akin toxicites. 3. The patient has a histologically- or cytologically-confirmed diagnosis of non-squamous non-small cell lung cancer (PGCL). 4. The patient has a histologically- or cytologically-confirmed diagnosis of non-squamous non-small cell lung cancer (PGCL). 5. EGR and ALX testing have been done and both are negative. 6. PO-11 testing with an approved and alter target after potentially curvative treatment with local management of NSLC with surgerly/chemondiotherapy/radiotherapy. 5. EGR and ALX testing have been done and both are negative. 6. PO-11 testing with an approved and alter all the provident options. PO-11 testing must be done. This is also because Roche's submission to NEC Sought recommendation only for patients with a PD-11 TPS of 0- PMS-1. The combination of aterodizamab, because links of the patient completed the last treatment with chemotherapy or checkpoint inhibitor immunotherapy <u>as part of</u> 7. Elling the patient has not revised any previous splatent or to the first diabation contradication. PMS-1. The patient has not received any previous splatent of the PMS-1 canter therapy for MSCL: 1. The patient has not received any treation with therapy for MSCL and this was completed more than 6 months before first diagnosis of recurrent or metastatic disease or 1. The patient has not received any treation with therapy for MSCL and this was completed more than 6 months before first diagnosis of recurrent or metastatic disease or 1. The patient has not received any treation with therapy for MSCL and this was completed more than 6 months before first diagnosis of recurrent o	No	TA584	05-Jun-19	03-Sep-19
			Note: a lower starting dose or pacinaxel 12 singlimination of account of patients of Astal origin as per the sync. 11. After completion of the combination of atexolizumab, carboplatin and pacinaxel and in the absence of disease progression, maintenance treatment with atexolizumab and bevacizumab will continue until loss of clinical benefit or unacceptable toxicity or withdrawal of patient consent or for a maximum treatment duration of 2* years, whichever occurs first. *2 years treatment is defined as a maximum of 35 x 3-weekly cycles of atexolizumab and bevacizumab including the initial 4 induction cycles of treatment. Note: atexolizumab in this maintenance treatment will be administered either subcutaneously at a dose of 1875mg every 3 weeks or intravenously at a dose of 1200mg every 3 weeks. 12. The patient has a performance treatment will be administered either subcutaneously at a dose of atexolizumab, carboplatin (AUC Gmg/m/min) and pacintaxel (200mg/m <sup>3</sup> ). Note: the chemotherapy doses in this regimen are higher than may be the case in common practice and so careful selection of patients is required to ensure that patients can tolerate these higher doses of chemotherapy. 13. The patient has no symptomatically active brain metastases or leptomeningeal metastases. 14. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with the combination of atexolizumab, bevacizumab, carboplatin and pacilitaxel should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the first 6 weeks of treatment. 15. Where a treatment break of more than 12 weeks beyond the expected cycle length is needed, a treatment break form will be completed to restart treatment, including an indication as appropriate if the patient had an extended break because of COVID 19. 16. Atexolizumab and bevacizumab will be otherwise used as set out in their respective Summaries of Product Characteristics.				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
ATES	Atezolizumab (in combination with bevacizumab, carboplatin and paclitaxel)	or ALK or ROS1 or MET exon 14 or KRAS G12C or RET or BRAF mutation positive locally advanced or metastatic non-	1. This application is being made by and the fits cycle of systemic and - cancer therapy. 2. The proceeding clinical is thigh aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-P0-L1 treatments including perumonits, collis, nephrits, endorrings, the system of the compared due points of non-system of the compared for the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-P0-L1 treatments including perumonits, collis, nephrits, endorrings, the system of the compared due points of non-system of the compared for the management of the treatment modifications that may be required for the management of the treatment modifications that may be required for the management of the treatment with the design of the adverse treatment with adverse treatment with adverse treatment with the design of t	No	TA584	05-Jun-19	05-Jul-19

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
ATE6_Y1.1	Atezolizumab in combination with nab- paclitaxel	For treating untreated PD-11-positive, triple negative, unresectable, locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer for patients whose timours express PD-1 at a level of 1% or more where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with ateolizurable in combination with nab-pacifixael will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The prescribing dincians is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with ateolizurable or metastatic breast cancer. 3. The patient has a histologically- or cytologically-constructed adjusces of locally advanced and unrescetable or metastatic breast cancer. 4. The patient has a histologically- or cytologically-constructed made by a different systemic and the sis negative for all of the following: the HE2 receptor, ocestrager receptor and progesterior receptor i.e. the patient has triple negative disease. 5. The patient's treast cancer has had receptor analysis performed and this is negative for all of the following: the HE2 receptor, ocestrager receptor and progesterior more of the tumour area occupied by tumore cells, societied intra-tumour and and ontiguous performant and contiguous performant and contiguous performant and contiguous performant and contiguous performance of second performance indicated text. Note: the measurement used for PD-11 expersion bolow: PD-12 exper		TA639	01-Jul-20	31-Jul-20
ATE7	Aterolizumab in combination with carboplatin and etoposide	For the first-line treatment of adult patients with extensive-stage small cell lung cancer where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with aterolizumab in combination with carboplatin and etoposide will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies and hepatitis. 3. The patient has a histologically or cytologically determined diagnosis of small cell lung cancer (SCLC). 4. The patient has not received previous systemic therapy for his/her extensive stage disease. Previous treatment with concurrent chemoradiotherapy for limited stage SCLC is allowed as long as therapy was completed at least 6 months prior to the diagnosis of recurrent and extensive stage disease. 6. The patient has not received previous systemic of 0 or 1. 7. The patient will be treated with a maximum of for 3-weekly cycles of aterolizumab in combination with carboplatin (AUC Smg/ml/min) and etoposide (100mg/m² IV on days 1-3 or oral equivalent on days 2-3). 8. On completion of 4 cycles of aterolizumab in combination with carboplatin (AUC Smg/ml/min) and etoposide (100mg/m² IV on days 1-3 or oral equivalent on days 2-3). 9. Aterolizumab will be deministered ither subcatureously at a dose of 1875mg every 3 weeks or intravenously at a dose of 1200mg every 3 weeks or 1680 mg every 4 weeks. 10. The patient has no symptomatically active brain metastases or leptomeningeal metastases. 11. The patient has no prior treatment with anti-PO-L1/IPO-1 therapy for small cell lung cancer, unless this was received for this indication via the EAMS scheme or via a Roche (non-EAMS) access program. Please mark below which of these 3 clinical sciencing as papito storing applies to this patient: - No prior treatment with anti-PO-L1/IPO-1 therapy for small cell lung cancer, unless this was received f	No	TA638	01-Jul-20	31-Jul-20

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
ATES	Atezolizumab in combination with bevacizumab	For the first-line systemic treatment of adult patients with locally advanced or metastatic and/or unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with atscolizumab in combination with bevacizumab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of application anti-cancer therapy. 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephrits, endorringshites and hepatitis. 3. The patient has a diaposis of phositocellular carcinoma and that one of the following applies to the patient planes cancing of the patient planes and planes of the planes		TA665	Guidance 16-Dec-20	

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
ATE9_v1.2	Atezolizumab	Atezolizumab monotherapy for the first line treatment of locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer which has PD-L1 expression in at least 50% of tumour cells or in at least 10% of tumour-infiltrating immunc cells where all the following criteria are met:	<ul> <li>In his application is being made by and the first cycle or systemic anti-cancer therapy with atexplication monochrapy will be precisived by a constraint speciality specifically trained and accredited in the used systemic anti- orient training.</li> <li>In prescribed, by sential and a site interaction:</li> <li>In prescribed, by sential and a site interaction:</li> <li>In prescribed, by sential and accredited in the magnetizet of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-Pr-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis,</li> <li>In a prescribed, by sential and a site interaction:</li> <li>In prescribed, by sential and a site interaction:</li> <li>In a prescribed by sential and a site interaction:</li> <li>In a prescribed by sential and a site interaction:</li> <li>In a prescribed by sential and a site interaction:</li> <li>In a prescribed by sential and a site interaction:</li> <li>In a prescribed by sential and a site interaction:</li> <li>In a prescribed by sential and accretion in the sential sential sential and accretion in the sential sential sential and accretion in the sential sen</li></ul>	Νο	TA705	02-Jun-21	31-Aug-21

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
AVE1	Avelumab	The treatment of previously untreated (with systemic therapy) metastatic Merkel cell carcinoma where all the following criteria are met:	1. An application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with avelumab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for the immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, a. The patient has a confirmed histological or cytological diagnosis of Merkel cell carcinoma 4. The patient has metastatic disease 5. The patient has metastatic disease 6. The patient has related a direct to any systemic anti-cancer therapy for Merkel cell carcinoma and in particular has not received any prior treatment with any anti-PD-1, anti-PD-	No	TA691	21-Apr-21	20-Jul-21
AVE2	Avelumab	The treatment of previously treated (with systemic cytotoxic chemotherapy) metastatic Merkel cell carcinoma where all the following criteria are met:	1. An application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with avelumab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for the immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies and hepatitis 3. The patient has a confirmed histological or cytological diagnosis of Merkel cell carcinoma 4. The patient has metastatic disease 5. I confirm that the patient has previously been treated with cytotoxic chemotherapy for metastatic Merkel cell carcinoma and has not received any prior treatment with any anti-PD-1, anti-PD-12, anti-CD137 or anti- cytotoxic 1-hympocyt-associated antigen-4 (CTLA-4) antibody 6. The patient has a ECOG performance status of either 0 or 1. Note: a patient with a performance status of 2 or more is not eligible for avelumab 7. If the patient has be used as monotherapy only 8. Avelumab is to be used as monotherapy only 9. Avelumab is to be continued until loss of clinical benefit or unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment. I also confirm that patients with radiological disease progression not associated with significant clinical deterioration (defined as no new or worsening symptoms <b>and</b> no change in performance status for greater than 2 weeks <b>and</b> no need for salvage therapy: all 3 conditions must apply) can continue treatment 10. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with avelumab bac eallowed but solely to allow its to be continue to a to the treatment with avelumab bac eallowed but solely to allow its to be to sole therated in the set of the direct or to a sub order the treatment with avelumab are allowed but solely to allow its to be to sole therate. 11. Treatment breaks of up to 12 weeks beyond the expected cycle length of avelumab are allowed but solely to allow immune toxiciti	No	TA517	11-Apr-18	10-Jul-18
AVE4_v1.0	Avelumab	Avelumab monotherapy for the maintenance treatment of adult patients with locally advanced or metastatic urothelia carcinoma who have just completed and not progressed on 1st line platium-containing combination chemotherapy where the following criteria have been met:	<ul> <li>1. This spillcation is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with avelumab monotherapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies, hepatitist and skin toxicity.</li> <li>3. The patient has including uncombined dues on orthelial carcinoma.</li> <li>4. The patient has recently completed 1st line combination chemotherapy with either the combination of gemcitabine plus carboplatin.</li> <li>Piese entre below whether the patient commenced is line chemotherapy with either gemcitabine plus calplatin or gemcitabine plus carboplatin.</li> <li>5. The patient has completed at least 4 cycles and no more than 6 cycles of combination chemotherapy with gemcitabine plus calplatin or gemcitabine plus carboplatin.</li> <li>6. The patient had a CT or MR scan after completing this chemotherapy or an evolution of percentable plus calplatin or gemcitabine plus carboplatin.</li> <li>7. The patient had a CT or MR scan after completing this chemotherapy or an evolution of percentable of progressive disease compared with the scans performed prior to chemotherapy and with any scans whilst on chemotherapy.</li> <li>Piese entre below the response status of the tumour as assessed radiologically at the end of chemotherapy.</li> <li>Patient share to end of 1st line chemotherapy or - partial response to treatment at the end of 1st line chemotherapy and withing the 10 weeks of receiving the last dose of chemotherapy.</li> <li>Piese there are follow the responded to chemotherapy as demonstrated on an interval scan during chemotherapy.</li> <li>Piese treatment with avelumab within 4 to 10 weeks of receiving the last dose of chemotherapy.</li> <li>Piese treatment with avelumab with</li></ul>	No	TA788	11-May-22	10-Jun-22

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
AXI01a_v1.1	Axicabtagene ciloleucel	Axicabtagene ciloleucel for treating relapsed/refractory diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (DLBCL), primary mediastinal B- cell lymphoma to DLBCL in patients previously treated with two or more lines of systemic therapy where the following criteria are met: This form is for the approval of leucapheresis and manufacture of CAR-T cells. There is a second part to this form which relates to the subsequent influsion of CAR-T cells and this will be available after submission of the first part. The second part of the form (AXIDD) can only	- re-biopsy at second relapse has confirmed DLB or PMBCL or - re-biopsy at second relapse was/is unsafe plus there is progressive disease at previously documented sites of active disease and the previous histology was DLBCL or PMBCL or - re-biopsy at second relapse has again confirmed transformed lymphoma (TFL, MZL, CLL, NLPHL) to DLBCL or - re-biopsy at second relapse has again confirmed transformed flymphoma (TFL, MZL, CLL, NLPHL) to DLBCL or - re-biopsy at second relapse has again confirmed transformed flymphoma (TFL, MZL, CLL, NLPHL) to DLBCL or - re-biopsy at second relapse has again confirmed transformed flymphoma (TFL, MZL, CLL, NLPHL) to DLBCL or - re-biopsy at second relapse has again confirmed transformed flymphoma (TFL, MZL, CLL, NLPHL) to DLBCL or - re-biopsy at second relapse has again confirmed transformed flymphoma (TFL, MZL, CLL, NLPHL) to DLBCL or - re-biopsy at second relapse has again confirmed transformed flymphoma (TFL, MZL, CLL, NLPHL) to DLBCL or - re-biopsy at second relapse has again confirmed transformed by the second relapse has again confirmed transformed transformed by the second relapse has again confirmed transformed by the second relapse has again confirmed transformed transformed transformed transformed by the second relapse has again confirmed transformed by the second relapse has a second relapse has again confirmed transformed trelapse has again confirmed trelapse has again	Yes	TA872	28-Feb-23	29-May-23

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
		Axicabtagene ciloleucel for treating relapsed/refractory diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (DLBCL), primary mediastinal B- cell lymphoma DEDCL in patients previously treated with two or more lines of systemic therapy where the following criteria are met:	<ol> <li>The patient has an ECOG performance score of 0 or 1. Please enter below as to the patient's current ECOG performance status (PS): The ECOG performance status scale is as follows:</li> <li>PS 0 The patient is fully active and able to carry on all pre-disease performance without restriction</li> <li>PS 1 The patient is restricted in physically strenuous activity but is ambulatory and able to carry out work of a light or sedentary nature eg light house work, office work</li> <li>PS 2 The patient is restricted in physically strenuous activity but is ambulatory and able to carry out work of a light or sedentary nature eg light house work, office work</li> <li>PS 3 The patient is ambulatory and capable of all selfcare but unable to carry out any work activities and lis up and about more than 50% of waking hours</li> <li>PS 3 The patient is capable of only limited selfcare and is confined to bed or chair more than 50% of waking hours</li> <li>PS 4 The patient is completely disabled, cannot carry out any selfcare and is totally confined to bed or chair</li> <li>The patient currently has a performance status of <b>either</b></li> <li>ECOG PS 0</li> </ol>				
AXI01a_v1.0	Axicabtagene ciloleucel	This form is for the approval of leucapheresis and manufacture of CAR-T cells. There is a second part to this form which relates to the subsequent infusion of CAR-T cells and this will be available after submission of the first part. The second part of the form (AXI01a) can only be completed as a continuation of this first part of the form (AXI01a) and must be completed on infusion of CAR-T cells otherwise the treating Trust will not be	13. The patient has sufficient end organ function to tolerate treatment with CAR-T cell therapy. 14. The patient has either had no previous therapy with any genetically modified autologous or allogeneic T cell immunotherapy or the patient has been treated with doses of genetically modified autologous or allogeneic T cell immunotherapy within an abandoned dosing cohort in a first in human dose-escalation phase I clinical trial. Please tick appropriate box as to which type of previous treatment the patient has had: - No previous therapy with any genetically modified autologous or allogeneic T cell immunotherapy or - Previously treated with doses of genetically modified autologous or allogeneic T cell immunotherapy or - Previously treated with doses of genetically modified autologous or allogeneic T cell immunotherapy or - Previously treated with doses of genetically modified autologous or allogeneic T cell immunotherapy or - Previously treated with doses of tocilizumab are available for use in this patient in the event of the development of cytokine release syndrome. 15. Avicabtagene ciloleuce-Immodified CAR-T cell therapy will otherwise be used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC). 17. Approval for the use of axicabtagene ciloleucel has been formally given by the National DIBC//PMBCL/TFL CAR-T cell Clinical Panel.	Yes	TA872	28-Feb-23	29-May-23
		reimbursed for the cost of axicabtagene ciloleucel	Please state date of approval (DD/MM/YYYY) 18. Following national approval for use of axicabtagene ciloleucel there has been local CAR-T cell multidisciplinary team agreement that this patient continues to have the necessary fitness for treatment and fulfils all of the treatment criteria listed here. 1 This application for continuation is being made by and treatment with axicabtagene ciloleucel-modified CAR-T cells will be initiated hy a consultant haematologist/medical oncologist specifically trained and according in the use	-			
AXI01b_v1.0	Axicabtagene ciloleucel	follicular lymphoma (TFL) to DLBCL in	1. This application for continuation is being made by and treatment with adicabagene ciloleucel-modified CAR-T cell will be initiated by a consultant haematologist/medical oncologist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy and working in an accredited CAR-T cell treatment centre <b>and</b> who is a member of the National CAR-T Clinical Panel for DLBCL, PMBCL and TFL <b>and</b> a member of the treating Trust's DLBCL, PMBCL by TLBCL, PMBCL and TFL <b>and</b> a member of the treating Trust's DLBCL, PMBCL by TLBCL, PMBCL and TFL <b>and</b> a member of the treating Trust's DLBCL, PMBCL by TLBCL, PMBCL and TFL <b>and</b> a member of the treating Trust's DLBCL, PMBCL by TLBCL, PMBCL and TFL <b>and</b> a member of the treating Trust's DLBCL, PMBCL by TLBCL, PMBCL by TLBC	Yes	TA872	28-Feb-23	29-May-23

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	: TA	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
AZA1_v1.0	Azacitidine	Oral azacitidine as maintenance therapy in newly diagnosed AML patients in remission following at least induction chemotherapy and who are not candidates for, or who chosos not to proceed to, haemopoletic stem cell transplantation where the following treatment criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with oral azactidine will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has newly diagnosed acute myeloid leukaemia (AML). 3. The patient has been treated with standard intensive cytanabine based induction chemotherapy. 4. The patient has either received any consolidation chemotherapy or not. Please mark below whether consolidation chemotherapy was received or not:		TA827	OS-Oct-22	02-Sep-22 (Supply available from 13-Oct-22)
BEN1	Bendamustine	The first line treatment of low grade lymphoma where all the following criteria	12. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with oral azacitidine should continue will occur at least by the end of the second cycle of treatment.         13. Where a treatment break of more than 10 weeks beyond the expected cycle length is needed, the prescribing clinician will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment, including indicating as appropriate if the patient thad an extended break because of COVID 19.         14. Azacitidine will be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).         1. Application made by and first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy         2. Low grade non-Hodgkin's lymphoma         3. Option for 1st-line chemotherapy only	Yes	n/a - NHS England		08-Jul-18
BEN2	Bendamustine	are met: The first line treatment of mantle cell non- Hodgkin's lymphoma where all the following criteria are met:	To be used within the treating Trust's governance framework, as Bendamustine is not licensed in this indication Note: Can be used in combination with Rituximab, which is commissioned by NHS England for this indication.     Application made by and first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy     A monte cell non-Hodgkin's lymphoma     Sat-line treatment in patients unsuitable for standard treatment     To be used within the treating Trust's governance framework, as Bendamustine is not licensed in this indication	Yes n/a - NHS England clinical policy Yes n/a - NHS England clinical policy	-	08-Jul-18	
BEN6	Bendamustine	The treatment of relapsed low grade lymphoma where all the following criteria are met:	Note: Can be used in combination with Rituximab, which is commissioned by NHS England for this indication.         1. Application made by and first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.         2. Low grade non-Hodgkin's lymphoma         3. Relapsed disease         4. Unable to receive FCR         6. Unable to receive FCR         7. No prior bendamustine         8. To be used within the treating Trust's governance framework, as Bendamustine is not licensed in this indication.	Yes	n/a - NHS England clinical policy	-	01-Apr-21

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
BEV2	Bevacizumab	The first line treatment of recurrent or metastatic cervical cancer in combination with chemotherapy where all the following criteria are met:	An application has been made and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy      Description      The indication will be for 1st line palliative chemotherapy      Description      Description	Yes	n/a - NHS England clinical policy		01-Apr-21
BEV3	Bevacizumab at a dose of 7.5mg/Kg	In combination with 1st line chemotherapy A5 INDUCTION TREATMENT for patients with stage III or IV ovarian, fallopian tube or primary peritoneal carcinoma where the following criteria have been met: Note: there is a separate form BEV9 for the use of bevacizumab at a dose of 15mg/kg in combination with 1st line chemotherapy A5 INDUCTION TREATMENT for advanced ovarian cancer Note: there is a separate form BEV10 for the use of bevacizumab monotherapy at a dose of 7.5mg/kg as MAINTENANCE treatment after completion of induction chemotherapy Note: there is a separate form OLAP4 for the use of bevacizumab at a dose of 15mg/kg in combination with olaparib as MAINTENANCE treatment after completion of induction chemotherapy	Note: Everaciumab should be discontinued for reasons of toxicity or disease progression, whichever occurs first.         1. This splittation is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy, with bevaciumab in combination with induction chemotherapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.         2. Bevaciumab at a dose of 7.5mg/Kg is to be used in combination with 1st line induction chemotherapy for previously untreated advanced epithelial ovarian, failopian tube or primary peritoneal cancer.         3. One of the following criteria applies to this patient:       )         ) FIGO stage III disease and disulked but residual disease more than 1cm or       )         ) FIGO stage III disease and insultable for debulking surgery or       )         ) FIGO stage III disease and resultable for debulking surgery, or       )         ) FIGO stage III disease and resultable for debulking surgery, or       )         ) Ho to stage III disease and resultable for debulking surgery, or       )         ) Ho to stage III disease and resultable for debulking surgery, or       )         ) Ho to stage III disease and resultable for these patients who have inoperable stage IV disease or inoperable stage IV disease or inoperable stage III disease or who are unable to undergo surgery due to increased risk during COVID19 or         ) Ho to star drade of chemotherapy following interval debulking surgery performed after 3 – 4 cycles of non-bevaciumab neuroble to undergo surgery due to increased risk during COVID19 or         ) Ho to st	Yes	n/a - NHS England clinical policy	- -	01-Apr-21
BEVS	Bevacizumab	The third line treatment of low grade gliomas of childhood where all the following criteria are met:	Application made by and first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy to be prescribed by a consultant paediatric specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy     Progressive low grade glioma     No previous treatment with either irinotecan or bevacizumab     A. Irinotecan and bevacizumab to be the 3rd or further line of therapy     S. A maximum of 12 months duration of treatment to be used     Consent with the parent/guardian to specifically document the unknown long term toxicity of this combination, particularly on growth and ovarian function     T. To be used within the treating Trust's governance framework, as Bevacizumab and Irinotecan are not licensed in this indication in children     S. In the period immediately prior to the application for irinotecan and bevacizumab, the appropriate specialist MDT has considered the use of proton beam radiotherapy.     NOTE: Bevacizumab is ONLY approved for use in combination with combination chemotherapy and is not approved for use as a single agent maintenance therapy     NOTE: Additional data on long term toxicity must be collected by the paediatric oncology community	Yes	n/a - NHS England clinical policy		01-Apr-21

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
BEV9	Bevacizumab at a dose of 15mg/Kg	in combination with 1st line chemotherapy AS INDUCTION TREATMENT patients with stage III or IV ovarian, faliopian tube or primary peritoneal carcinoma where the following criteria have been met: Note: there is a separate form BEV3 for the use of bevacizumab at a dose of 7.5mg/Kg in combination with 1st line chemotherapy AS INDUCTION TREATMENT for advanced ovarian cancer Note: there is a separate form BEV10 for the use of bevacizumab monotherapy at a dose of 7.5mg/Kg as MAINTENANCE treatment after completion of induction chemotherapy Note: there is a separate form OLAP4 for the use of bevacizumab at a dose of 15mg/Kg in combination with olaparib as MAINTENANCE treatment after completion of induction chemotherapy	<ol> <li>Lonfirm that this application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>Lonfirm that bevacizuma b at a dose of Symg/Kg is to be used in combination with 1st line induction chemotherapy for previously untreated advanced epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube or primary peritoneal cancer.</li> <li>Lonfirm that one of the following criteria applies to this patient:         <ul> <li>IPGO stage III disease and debulked with no residual disease or residual disease less than 1cm or</li> <li>IPGO stage III disease and debulked with no residual disease or more than 1cm or</li> <li>IPGO stage III disease and debulked with residual disease of more than 1cm or</li> <li>IPGO stage III disease and debulked with residual disease in the nor or</li> <li>IPGO stage III disease and debulked with residual disease of more than 1cm or</li> <li>IPGO stage III disease and debulked with residual disease of more than 1cm or</li> <li>IPGO stage III disease and debulked with residual disease of more than 1cm or</li> <li>IPGO stage III disease and debulked with residual disease of more than 1cm or</li> <li>IPGO stage III disease and debulked with residual disease less than 1cm or</li> <li>IPGO stage III disease at presentation and requires neo-adjuvant chemotherapy due to low likelihood of optimal primary surgical cytoreduction or</li> <li>IPGO stage III disease at presentation and requires neo-adjuvant chemotherapy. or</li> <li>III he stor 2nd cycle of chemotherapy following primary debulking surgery, or</li> <li>III he stor 2nd cycle of chemotherapy following primary debulking surgery, or</li> <li>III he stor 2nd cycle of chemotherapy following surgery perimed after 3 - 4 cycles of non-bevacizumab-containing neoadjuvant chemotherapy, or</li> <li>III he stor 2nd cycle of chemotherapy for those patients who h</li></ul></li></ol>	Yes	n/a - NHS England clinical policy	-	01-Apr-21
BEV10	Bevacizumab at a dose of 7.5mg/Kg	for advanced ovarian cancer Note: there is a separate form BEV9 for the use of bevacizumab at a dose of 15mg/Kg in combination with 1st line	<ul> <li>10. Lonfirm that bevacizumab is to be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics.</li> <li>1. confirm that bis application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with maintenance bevacizumab monotherapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>2. Loonfirm that bevacizumab at a dose of 7.5mg/Kg is to be used as maintenance monotherapy after completion of 1st line induction chemotherapy in combination with bevacizumab 7.5mg/Kg for previously untreated advanced epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube or primary peritoneal cancer.</li> <li>3. Loonfirm that this application for maintenance bevacizumab monotherapy continues the use of bevacizumab 7.5mg/Kg previously given in combination with 1st line induction chemotherapy.</li> <li>4. Loonfirm that bevacizumab is to be given as monotherapy for a maximum of 18 cycles in all, this figure including the number of cycles given in combination with 1st line induction chemotherapy.</li> <li>5. Loonfirm that bevacizumab is to be given at a dose of 7.5mg/Kg every 3 weeks.</li> <li>6. Loonfirm that Londerstand that this dosage of bevacizumab is not licensed in ovarian cancer, this use of bevacizumab must be used within the treating Trust's governance framework.</li> <li>Note: This policy relating to the use of maintenance bevacizumab 7.5mg/Kg is NOT for patients with stage I-III disease who have had optimal debulking</li> <li>7. Loonfirm that when a treatment break is needed of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected cycle length of 3-weekly treatment, I will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment, including as appropriate if the patient had an extended break on account of Covid-19.</li> <li>8. Loonfirm that bevacizumab is to be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics.</li> </ul>	Yes	n/a - NHS England clinical policy	-	01-Apr-21

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	TA	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
			1. An application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy is to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy				
			2. The patient has relapsed or refractory Philadelphia negative acute lymphoblastic leukaemia (ALL).	1			
			3. The patient has been previously treated with intensive combination chemotherapy as initial treatment with or without subsequent salvage therapy or inotuzumab ozagamicin	]			
			4. The patient is an adult* *note there is a separate Blueteq form to be used for blinatumomab in this indication in children.				
BLI1	Blinatumomab	The treatment of relapsed/refractory Philadelphia negative B-precursor acute lymphoblastic leukaemia in ADULT	5. Blinatumomab should only be requested by and administered in either bone marrow transplant centres or in major haematological centres that regularly treat patients with relapsed ALL and who have close and regular ALL multi disciplinary team meetings and links with bone marrow transplant centres.	- Yes	TA450	27-Apr-17	26-Sep-17
		patients	6. The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0 - 2.				
			7. A maximum of 5 cycles of treatment with bilnatumomab will be administered.				
			8. Blinatumomab will be used as monotherapy				
			9. No planned treatment breaks of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected cycle length are allowed (to allow any toxicity of current therapy to settle or intercurrent comorbidities to improve).* *Requests for continuation of treatment after unplanned treatment breaks over this duration should be made via the treatment break approval process				
			10. Blinatumomab should otherwise be used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).				
			1. An application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy is to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy				
			2. The patient has relapsed or refractory Philadelphia negative acute lymphoblastic leukaemia (ALL).	_			
			3. The patient has been previously treated with intensive combination chemotherapy as initial treatment with or without subsequent salvage therapy or inotuzumab ozagamicin	1			
			4. The patient is a child* and	1			
			- is either post pubescent or - is either post pubescent and will receive blinatumomab at the dosage described in the phase 2 part of the blinatumomab trial protocol NCT01471782 and reported in J Clin Oncol 2016; 34: 4381-4389 ************************************				
BLI2	Blinatumomab	The treatment of relapsed/refractory Philadelphia negative B-precursor acute	5. Blinatumomab should only be requested by and administered in principal treatment centres	Yes	TA450	27-Apr-17	26-Sep-17
ULIZ	binatunonab		6. The use of the blinatumomab has been discussed at a multi disciplinary team (MDT) meeting which must include at least two consultants in the subspecialty with active and credible expertise in the relevant field of whom at least one must be a consultant paediatrician. The MDT should include a paediatric pharmacist and other professional groups appropriate to the disease area.	163	14450	27-5pi-17	20-360-17
			7. The patient has a performance status of 0 - 2.				
			8. A maximum of 5 cycles of treatment with blinatumomab will be administered.	_			
			9. Binatumomab will be used as monotherapy				
			10. No planned treatment breaks of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected cycle length are allowed (to allow any toxicity of current therapy to settle or intercurrent comorbidities to improve).* *Requests for continuation of treatment after unplanned treatment breaks over this duration should be made via the treatment break approval process				
			11. Trust policy regarding unlicensed treatments should be followed as blinatumomab is not licensed in this indication in children				
			12. Blinatumomab should otherwise be used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).	1			

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
813	Blinatumomab	with minimal residual disease post 1st line induction chemotherapy in B-precursor acute lymphoblastic leukaemia in ADULT	1. This application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with blinatumomab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. 2. The patient is an adult* *note there is a separate Bluteq form to be used for blinatumomab in this minimal residual disease indication in children. 3. The patient has CD19 positive acute lymphoblastic leukaemia (ALL). Please indicate below whether the patient has Philadelphia negative or positive ALL: - Philadelphia positive ALL (use is on-label) or - Philadelphia positive ALL (use is on-label). By ticking this box for use in Philadelphia positive ALL I confirm that my hospital Trust policy regarding unlicensed treatments is being followed as blinatumomab is not licensed in Philadelphia positive ALL 4. The patient has been previously treated with intensive 1st line combination chemotherapy as initial induction treatment. 5. The patient has been previously treated with intensive 1st line combination chemotherapy as initial induction treatment. 5. The patient has been shown to have minimal residual disease of ≥ 0.1% (≥10-3) confirmed in a validated assay with a minimum sensitivity of 10-4. Note: a level of minimal residual disease (MRD) of less than 0.1% is not recommended by NICE and not funded. 5. The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0.2. 9. The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0.2. 9. The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0.2. 10. A maximum of 4 cycles of blinatumomab and the potential benefits and risks associated with continued treatment after the 1st cycle of blinatumomab in patients who also not show haematological benefits will be used as montherapy. 11. Blinatumomab will be used as montherapy. 13. Blinatumomab will be used as montherapy. 14. Blinatumomab will be used as nontherapy. 15. Blinatumomab will be used as set out in its summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).	No	TA589	24-Jul-19	22-Oct-19
BLI4	Blinatumomab	The treatment of patients in first complete haematological remission and with minimal residual disease post 1st line induction chemotherapy in Barprcursor acute lymphoblastic leukaemia in CHILD patients where all the following criteria have been met:	<ol> <li>Lonfirm that this application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>Lonfirm that the patient is a child* and please mark as to whether pre- or post-pubescent:         <ul> <li>is post-pubescent and will receive blinatumomab at the padelartic dosage described in the blinatumomab summary of product characteristics (SmPC).</li> <li>* hore pubescent and will receive blinatumomab in this indication in adults.</li> </ul> </li> <li>I confirm that the patient has CD19 positive acute lymphoblastic leukaemia (ALL).</li> <li>Pease indicate bloow whether the patient has Philadelphia negative or positive ALL:             <ul> <li>* Philadelphia negative ALL or</li> <li>* I confirm that the patient has been previously treated with 1st line intensive combination chemotherapy as initial induction treatment.</li> </ul> <li>So confirm that the patient has been previously treated with 1st is not recommended by NIC2 and not funded.</li> <li>I confirm that the patient has performance status of 0-2.</li> <li>I confirm that the patient has performance status of 0-2.</li> <li>I confirm that the patient has performance status of 0-2.</li> <li>I confirm that the patient has performance status of 0-2.</li> <li>I confirm that the patient has performance status of 0-2.</li> <li>I confirm that the patient has performance status of 0-2.</li> <li>I confirm that the patient has performance status of 0-2.</li> <li>I confirm that the patient will be treated with 1 cycle of induction bilinatumomab and the potential benefits and risks associated with continued treatment after the 1st cycle of bilinatumomab in patients who do not show haematological benefit will be assessed.</li> <li>I confirm that the patient will be treated with 1 cycle of induction bilinatumomab will be will onow a</li></li></ol>	No	TA589	24-Jul-19	22-Oct-19
BOS1	Bosutinib	Bosutinib for previously treated chronic myeloid leukaemia	1. I confirm that an application has been made and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.     2. I confirm the patient has chronic, accelerated or blast phase Philadelphia chromosome positive chronic myeloid leukaemia.     3. I confirm the patient has had previous treatment with 1 or more tyrosine kinase inhibitor.     4. I confirm the patient is not appropriate with either imatinib, nilotinib or dasatinib.     5. I confirm the patient will receive the licensed dose and frequency of bosutinib	Yes	TA401	24-Aug-16	22-Nov-16

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
BRE3 (formerly BRE2)	Brentuximab	Treatment of brentuximab-naïve relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma following autologous stem cell transplant in ADULT patients where the following criteria are met:	An application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy is to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy  2. The patient has relapsed or refractory CD30+ Hodgkin lymphoma. 3. The patient has relapsed Hodgkin lymphoma after autologous stem cell transplant 4. The patient has never received brentuximab unless previously enrolled in the NCRI-adopted clinical trial called ECHELON-1 5. Treatment with brentuximab will be discontinued after 4 cycles if CT or PET-CT scans to assess response demonstrate a response status of less than a partial or a complete response 6. The patient is an adult* * note there is a separate blueted form to be used for brentuximab in this indication in children 7. No planned treatment breaks of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected cycle length are allowed (to allow any toxicity of current theray to settle or intercurrent comorbidities to improve). * Requests for continuation of treatment after unplanned treatment breaks over this duration should be made via the treatment break approval process 8. No re-use of brentuximab will be used outside this indication unless previous partial/complete response to brentuximab is being used as a bridge to allogeneic stem cell transplant or donor lymphocyte infusion* * note there is a separate blueted form for such re-use of brentuximab will be administered to the patient 9. A maximum of 16 cycles of brentuximab will be administered to the patient 10. Brentuximab will otherwise be used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).	Yes	TA524 (formerly TA446)	13-Jun-18	26-Sep-17
BRE4 (formerly BRE2)	Brentuximab	Treatment of brentuximab-naïve relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma following autologous stem cell transplant in CHLD patients where the following criteria are met:	An application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy is to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy      L. The patient has relapsed or refractory CD30+ Hodgkin lymphoma.     The patient has relapsed Hodgkin lymphoma after autologous stem cell transplant     The patient has relapsed Hodgkin lymphoma after autologous stem cell transplant     The patient has relapsed bit postplate to the patient bit of the pa	Yes	TA524 (formerly TA446)	13-Jun-18	26-Sep-17

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
			1. Application made by and first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy				
			2. The patient is an adult* *note there is a separate blueteq form to be used for brentuximab in this indication in children	-			
			3. The patient has relapsed or refractory CD30+ Hodgkin lymphoma.	]			
			4. The patient has relapsed Hodgkin lymphoma after at least 2 prior systemic therapies when either autologous stem cell transplant or further multi-agent chemotherapy is not a treatment option.				
		Treatment of brentuximab-naïve	S. The patient has had no previous stem cell transplant				
		relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma following at least 2 prior therapies when	6. The patient has never received brentuximab unless previously enrolled in the NCRI-adopted clinical trial called ECHELON-1				
BRE5 (formerly BRE2)	Brentuximab	autologous stem cell transplant or multi-	7. Treatment with brentuximab will be discontinued after 4 cycles if CT or PET-CT scans to assess response demonstrate a response status of less than a partial or a complete response	Yes	TA524	13-Jun-18	11-Sep-18
(Tormerly BRE2)		agent chemotherapy is not a treatment	8. I confirm that no more than 16 cycles of brentuximab may be administered per patient				
		option in ADULT patients where the following criteria are met:	9. No planned treatment breaks of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected cycle length are allowed (to allow any toxicity of current therapy to settle or intercurrent comorbidities to improve). *Requests for continuation of treatment after unplanned treatment breaks over this duration should be made via the treatment break approval process				
			10. No re-use of brentuximab will be used outside this indication unless previous partial/complete response to brentuximab and brentuximab is being used as a bridge to allogeneic stem cell transplant or donor lymphocyte infusion*				
			*note there is a separate blueted form for such re-use of brentuximab	-			
			11. Brentuximab will otherwise be used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).				·
			1. Application made by and first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy				
			2. The patient is a child* and is either post pubescent or is pre pubescent and will receive brentuximab dosage described in the phase 2 part of the brentuximab trial protocol C25002 http://www.clinciatrials.gov/c12/show/NCT014920887term=C25002&rank=1 and reported on http://www.bloodjournal.org/content/122/21/4378 *note there is a separate Bluteg form to be used for brentuximab in this indication in adults.				
			3. The patient has relapsed or refractory CD30+ Hodgkin lymphoma.	-			
			A. The patient has relapsed Hodgkin lymphoma after at least 2 prior systemic therapies when either autologous stem cell transplant or further multi-agent chemotherapy is not a treatment option.	1			
			5. The patient has had no previous stem cell transplant	1			
		Treatment of brentuximab-naïve	6. The patient has never received brentuximab	1			
		relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma	7. Treatment with brentuximab will be discontinued after 4 cycles if CT or PET-CT scans to assess response demonstrate a response status of less than a partial or a complete response	1			
BRE6	Brentuximab	following at least 2 prior therapies when autologous stem cell transplant or multi-	8. I confirm that no more than 16 cycles of brentuximab may be administered per patient	Yes	TA524	13-Jun-18	11-Sep-18
(formerly BRE2)		agent chemotherapy is not a treatment option in CHILD patients where the	9. The use of the brentuximab has been discussed at a multi disciplinary team (MDT) meeting which must include at least two consultants in the subspecialty with active and credible expertise in the relevant field of whom at least one must be a consultant paediatrician. The MDT should include a paediatric pharmacist and other professional groups appropriate to the disease area.				
		following criteria are met:	10. No planned treatment breaks of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected cycle length are allowed (to allow any toxicity of current therapy to settle or intercurrent comorbidities to improve). *Requests for continuation of treatment after unplanned treatment breaks over this duration should be made via the treatment break approval process				
			11. No re-use of brentuximab will be used outside this indication unless previous partial/complete response to brentuximab and brentuximab is being used as a bridge to allogeneic stem cell transplant or donor lymphocyte infusion*				
			*note there is a separate blueteq form for such re-use of brentuximab				
			12. Trust policy regarding unlicensed treatments has been followed as brentuximab is not licensed in this indication in children.	arding unlicensed treatments has been followed as brentuximab is not licensed in this indication in children.			
						1	1

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
BRE7	Brentuximab	Re-use of brentuximab in relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma in ADULT patients:	An application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy is to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy      The patient has relapsed or refractory CD30+ Hodgkin lymphoma.     The patient has relapsed Hodgkin lymphoma after autologous stem cell transplant     Previous use of brentuximab achieved a partial/complete response to brentuximab     S. Brentuximab is being used as a bridge to allogeneic stem cell transplantation or donor lymphocyte infusion     Freetnum with brentuximab will be discontinued after 4 cycles if CT or PET-CT scans to assess response demonstrate a response status of less than a partial or a complete response     The patient is an adult*     Note there is a separate blueteq form to be used for brentuximab in this indication in children     No planned treatment breaks of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected cycle length are allowed (to allow any toxicity of current therapy to settle or intercurrent comorbidities to improve).     *Requests for continuation of treatment after unplanned treatment breaks over this duration should be made wia the treatment break approval process     A maximum of 16 cycles of brentuximab will otherwise be used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).	Yes	TA524 (formerly TA446)	13-Jun-18	26-Sep-17
BRE8	Brentuximab	Re-use of brentuximab in relapsed/refractory Hodgkin lymphoma in CHILD patients:	<ol> <li>An application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy is to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy</li> <li>The patient has relapsed or refractory CD30+ Hodgkin lymphoma.</li> <li>The patient has relapsed Hodgkin lymphoma after autologous stem cell transplant</li> <li>Previous use of brentuximab achieved a partial/complete response to brentuximab</li> <li>Brentumimab is being used as a bridge to allogeneic stem cell transplantation or donor lymphocyte infusion</li> <li>Treatment with brentuximab will be discontinued after 4 cycles if CT or PET-CT scans to assess response demonstrate a response status of less than a partial or a complete response</li> <li>The patient is a child* and is either post pubescent or is pre pubescent and will receive brentuximab dosage described in the phase 2 part of the brentuximab trial protocol C25002 http://www.clincaltrials.gov/c12/show/NCT014920887tem=C250028rank=1 and reported on http://www.bloodjournal.org/content/122/21/4378</li></ol>	Yes	TA524 (formerly TA446)	13-Jun-18	26-Sep-17

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
BRE9 (formerly BRE1)	Brentuximab	The treatment of relapsed or refractory systemic anaplastic large cell lymphoma in ADULT patients, where the following criteria have been met:	<ol> <li>This application is being made by and first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with brentuximab vedotin will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>The patient has relapsed or refractory systemic anaplastic large cell lymphoma (sALCL) after front line chemotherapy.</li> <li>Be Brentuximab is not available for primary cutaneous anaplastic large cell lymphoma unless it has transformed into systemic anaplastic large cell lymphoma unless it has transformed into systemic anaplastic large cell lymphoma.</li> <li>The patient has a proven histological diagnosis of CD30+ve systemic anaplastic large cell lymphoma.</li> <li>Ether the patient has never previously been treated with brentuximab vedotin or was previously treated with brentuximab vedotin in combination with cyclophosphamide, doxorubicin and prednisone and did not have refractory disease to this therapy.</li> <li>Pase mark with brentuximab vedotin</li> <li>Received prior treatment with brentuximab vedotin in combination with cyclophosphamide, doxorubicin and prednisone and did not have refractory disease to this therapy.</li> <li>Shentuximab is to be used as single-agent therapy.</li> <li>Treatment with brentuximab vedotin in combination with cyclophosphamide, doxorubicin and prednisone and did not have refractory disease to this therapy.</li> <li>Treatment with brentuximab vedotin may be administered per patient (this total of 16 cycles includes any previous treatment with brentuximab vedotin may be administered per patient (this total of 16 cycles includes any previous treatment with brentuximab vedotin as part of prior therapy).</li> <li>A formal medical review as to how the brentuximab vedotin is being tolerated and whether treatment with brentuximab vedotin should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the first 6 weeks of treatment.</li> <li>If a treatment break of more than 6 we</li></ol>	Yes	TA478	04-Oct-17	02-Jan-18
BRE10 (formerly BRE1)	Brentuximab	The treatment of relapsed or refractory systemic anaplastic large cell lymphoma in CHILD patients, where the following criteria have been met:		Yes	TA478	04-0ct-17	02-Jan-18

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
BRE11	Brentuximab vedotin	lymphoma following at least 1 prior systemic therapy in ADULT patients where the following criteria are met: Note: there is a separate Blueteq form for	1. This application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with brentuximab vedotin will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has relapsed or refractory CD30+ cutaneous T cell lymphoma, the type of which is one of the following: advanced stage IIB-IVB mycosis fungoides or primary cutaneous anaplastic large cell lymphoma or Sezary syndrome. Please mark in the tick box below which of these 3 types of cutaneous T cell lymphoma applies to this patient: - stage IIB-IVB mycosis fungoides or - primary cutaneous anaplastic large cell lymphoma or - sezary syndrome Note: Takeda restricted Its submission to NICE for the consideration of the clinical and cost effectiveness of brentuximab vedotin in only these 3 subtypes of cutaneous T cell lymphoma (CTCL) and NICE has optimised its recommendations in CTCL accordingly, Brentuximab vedotin is therefore not approved for use in patients with other types of cutaneous lymphoma such as lymphomatoid papulosis, subcutaneous pannicultis-like T cell NHL and primary cutaneous peripheral T cell lymphoma. 3. The patient has never previously received treatment with brentuximab vedotin unless thas been given as part of any compassionate use scheme and the patient meets all the other criteria set out here including the maximum treatment duration of 16 cycles of brentuximab vedotin will be administered to this patient. 5. No more than 16 cycles of brentuximab vedotin will be administered to this patient. 6. The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0 or 1 or 2. 7. No planed treatment breaks of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected cycle length are allowed (to allow any toxicity of current therapy to estelle or intercurrent comorbidities to improve). * Requests for continuation of treatment and file unplaned treatment breaks over this duration should be made via the treatment break approval process 8. This sequence of cycles of treatment with brentuximab vedot	No	TA577	24-Apr-19	23-Jul-19
BRE12	Brentuximab vedotin		1. This application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with brentuximab vedotin will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient is a child* and please mark as to whether the child is pre- or post-pubescent: 4. Bootspubescent or 4. Bootspu	No	TA577	24-Apr-19	23-Jul-19

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	TA	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
			1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with brentuximab vedotin in combination with chemotherapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.				
			2. The patient has a proven histological diagnosis of CD30+ve systemic anaplastic large cell lymphoma (sALCL).	-			
			3. The patient is previously untreated for systemic anaplastic large cell lymphoma.				
	Brentuximab vedotin	For previously untreated systemic	4. The patient has not received prior treatment with brentuximab vedotin.				
BRE13	in combination with	anaplastic large cell lymphoma (sALCL) in	5. The patient will be treated with brentuximab vedotin in combination with cyclophosphamide, doxorubicin and prednisone.	No	TA641	12 4	10-Nov-20
BKE13	cyclophosphamide, doxorubicin and	an ADULT patient where the following criteria have been met:	6. The patient will be treated with a maximum of 6 or 8 cycles of chemotherapy, 6 cycles being the usual maximum.	NO	14041	12-Aug-20	10-100-20
	prednisone	cittena nave been met.	7. The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0 or 1 or 2.				
			8. A formal medical review as to how the combination of brentuximab vedotin and chemotherapy is being tolerated and whether treatment with the combination of brentuximab vedotin and chemotherapy should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the first 6 weeks of treatment.				
			9. When a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected 3 week cycle length occurs, I will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment.				
			10. Brentuximab vedotin will otherwise be used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC)	1			
			1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with brentuximab vedotin in combination with chemotherapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.				
			2. The patient has a proven histological diagnosis of CD30+ve systemic anaplastic large cell lymphoma (sALCL).				
			3. The patient is previously untreated for systemic anaplastic large cell lymphoma.	1			
			4. The patient is a child* and the prescribing clinician understands that the Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC) states 'The safety and efficacy in children less than 18 years have not yet been established.' Please mark as to whether pre- or post-pubescent: <ul> <li>is post-pubescent</li> <li>pre-pubescent</li> <li>Please enter in the box below the patients age in years and months:</li> </ul> *Note: there is a separate Blueteq form to be used for brentuximab in this indication in adults.				
BRE14	Brentuximab vedotin in combination with	For previously untreated systemic anaplastic large cell lymphoma (sALCL) in	<ol> <li>The patient has not received prior treatment with brentuximab vedotin or previous cytotoxic chemotherapy*.</li> <li>Note: patients who present with rapidly progressing disease may receive a single course of chemotherapy, as an emergency treatment given before final diagnosis is established.</li> </ol>	No	TA641	12-Aug-20	03-Feb-23
	chemotherapy	CHILD patients where the following criteria are met:	6. the patient will be treated with brentuximab vedotin in combination with chemotherapy using the brentuximab vedotin dose (1.8mg/kg) and chemotherapy schedule described in the reference below and I understand that that the trial excluded patients less than 10kg so brentuximab must only be given to patients who weigh 10kg or more. 'awe E Reilly AF, Jum MS, Gross TG, Saguilig L, Brakasuskas D et al Brentuximab vedotin in combination with chemotherapy for pediatric patients with ALK1 ALCL: results of COG trial ANHL12P1: Blood 1 July 2021 Volume 137, Number 26, B3595-3603'				
			7. The use of the brentuximab vedotin has been discussed at a multi-disciplinary team (MDT) meeting which must include at least two consultants in the subspecialty with active and credible expertise in the relevant field of whom at least one must be a consultant paediatrician. The MDT should include a paediatric pharmacist and other professional groups appropriate to the disease area.	n			
			8. The patient has an ECOG (or equivalent Karnofsky/Lansky Scale) performance status of 0 - 2.	1			
			9. The patient does not have disease isolated to the skin, stage I disease, or central nervous system involvement.	1			
			10. Trust policy regarding unlicensed treatments is being followed.				
			11. When a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected 3 week cycle length occurs, a treatment break approval form will be completed to restart treatment. *Requests for continuation of treatment after unplanned treatment breaks over this duration should be made via the treatment break approval process				
			12. Brentuximab vedotin will otherwise be used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).	1			

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
BRI1	Brigatinib	Brigatinib for anaplastic lymphoma kinase positive advanced non-small-cell lung cancer previously treated with crizotinib where all the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with brigatinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has histological or cyclological evidence of NSCLC that carries an anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK) rearrangement based on a validated test <b>OR</b> there is documented agreement by the lung MDT that the radiological appearances are in keeping with locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC AMD there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of an activating anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK) rearrangement. Please mark below on which basis the diagnosis of ALK positive NSCLC has been made in this patient: - Histological evidence Documented agreement by the lung MDT that the radiological appearances are in keeping with locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC and there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of an activating anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK) rearrangement. Please mark below on which basis the diagnosis of ALK positive NSCLC has been made in this patient: - Histological evidence Documented agreement by the lung MDT that the radiological appearances are in keeping with locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC and there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of an activating anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK) rearrangement Histological evidence Documented agreement by the lung MDT that the radiological appearances are in keeping with locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC and there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of an activating anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK) rearrangement Histological evidence Documented agreement by the lung MDT that the radiological appearances are in keeping with locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC and there is an informative circulating the etert result confirming the presence of an activating anapl	No	TA571	20-Mar-19	18-Jun-19
BRI2	Brigatinib	For anaplastic lymphoma kinase-positive advanced non-small cell lung cancer previously untreated with an ALK inhibitor where the following criteria have been met:	<ul> <li>11. Brigatinib will be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics</li> <li>11. This application for brigatinib is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>2. The patient has locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer.</li> <li>3. The patient has locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer.</li> <li>3. The patient has locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC AND there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of an activating anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK) rearrangement. Please mark below on which basis the diagnosis of ALK positive NSCLC has been made in this patient.</li> <li>Histolgical or cytological evidence.</li> <li>Occumented agreement by the lung MDT that the radiological appearances are in keeping with locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC and there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of an activating anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK) rearrangement.</li> <li>Please mark below on which basis the diagnosis of ALK positive NSCLC has been made in this patient:</li> <li>Histological or cytological evidence.</li> <li>Occumented agreement by the lung MDT that the radiological appearances are in keeping with locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC and there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of an activating anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK) rearrangement.</li> <li>A. The patient has not previously received any ALK inhibitor unless either 1st line alectinib or 1st line certinib to 1st line critotion bas had to be stopped within 3 months of its start solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease progression or</li> <li>the patient has previously received alectinib a 1st line ALK-targeted therapy and this has had to be stopped within 3 months of its start solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease provisionally received certinib as</li></ul>	No	TA670	27-Jan-21	27-Apr-21
			for locally advanced/metastatic non-small cell lung cancer at a time when the ALK status was not known and the patient has since received no further therapy.         Please mark which of these 2 scenarios below applies to this patient:         - the patient previously received 1st line cytotoxic chemotherapy-containing systemic treatment for locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC at a time when the ALK status was not known.         6. The patient previously received 1st line cytotoxic chemotherapy-containing systemic treatment for locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC at a time when the ALK status was not known.         6. The patient either has no known brain metastases or if the patient has brain metastases, the patient is symptomatically stable prior to starting brigatinib.         8. Brigatinib will be used as monotherapy.         9. The patient will be treated and uncertained bar of concerns the patient of locally advanced or advanced or does occurs to 180mg daily from days 8 onwards.         10. The patient will be treated until loss of clinical benefit or excessive toxicity or patient choice to discontinue treatment, whichever is the sooner.         11. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with brigatinib should continue or not will be scheduled to cocur at least by the end of the first 8 weeks of treatment.         12. When a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected 4-weekly cycle length is needed, I will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment, including as appropriate if the patient had an extended break on account of Covid-19.         13. The prescribing dincina is aware that: a) none of alectinib or certinib or cricinib are to be used following disese progression on br				
CABA1	Cabazitaxel	Cabazitaxel for hormone-relapsed metastatic prostate cancer treated with docetaxel		- Yes	TA391	25-May-16	25-May-16

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
CAB01	Cabozantinib	The treatment of medullary thyroid cancer where all the following criteria are met:	This application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with cabozantinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy     This patient has a confirmed histological diagnosis of medullary thyroid carcinoma     The patient has either metastatic disease or inoperable locally advanced disease     The disease is progressive and is either symptomatic or imminently likely to become symptomatic     The patient has return naive to both cabozantinib and vandetanib unless the patient has do discontinue vandetanib within 3 months of starting vandetanib because of toxicity (i.e. there is vandetanib toxicity which cannot be managed by dose delay or dose modification) and there has been no disease progression whilst on vandetanib.     The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0 or 1 or 2.     Cabozantinib is to be continued as long as clinical benefit is observed or until there is unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment	Yes	TA516	28-Mar-18	26-Jun-18
			<ol> <li>A formal medical review as to whether treatment with cabozantinib should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the first 8 weeks of treatment</li> <li>No treatment breaks of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected cycle length are allowed (to allow any toxicity of current therapy to settle or intercurrent comorbidities to improve)</li> <li>Cabozantinib is to be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics</li> </ol>	-			
CABO2	Cabozantinib	The treatment of previously treated advanced renal cell carcinoma where the following criteria are met:	1. An application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with cabozantinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy 2. The patient has a histological diagnosis of renal cell carcinoma with a clear cell component Note papillary, chromophobe and Xp11 translocation sub types can be treated as per clear cell pathway 3. The patient has either metastatic disease or inoperable locally advanced disease 4. The patient has relater metastatic disease or inoperable locally advanced disease 4. The patient has previously received at least 1 vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF)-targeted systemic therapy or has received prior treatment with an anti-PD-1, anti-PD-12, anti-CD137, or anti-Cytotoxic T- lymphocyte-associated antigen-4 (CTLA-4) antibody for renal cancer and has not been previously treated with cabozantinib. 5. The patient has progressed on previous treatment or within 6 months of most recent dose of VEGF inhibitor 6. The patient has progressed study of of or 1 7. If the patient has brain metastases then these have been treated and are stable 8. Cabozantinib is to be continued until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or the patient's choice to stop treatment 9. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with abozantinib is dualt continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the first 8 weeks of treatment 10. No planned treatment breaks of more thorae breaks beyond the expected cycle length are allowed (to allow any toxicity of current therapy to settle or intercurrent comorbidities to improve).* ** **equests for continuation of treatment theraks approval process. 11. Cabozantinib will obterwise be used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).	Yes	TA463	08-Nov-17	08-Nov-17
CABO3	Cabozantinib	The treatment of treatment-naïve intermediate or poor risk advanced renal cell carcinoma where the following criteria are met:	1. Application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with cabozantinb will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy 2. This patient has a confirmed histological diagnosis of renal cell carcinoma (RC) with a clear cell component Note papillary, chromophobe and Xp11 transicotation sub types can be treated as per clear cell pathway 3. The patient has either metastatic disease or inoperable locally advanced disease 4. The patient has either metastatic disease or inoperable locally advanced disease 5. The patient has intermediate risk OR poor risk advanced renal cell carcinoma as defined by the International Metastatic Renal Cell Carcinoma Database Consortium. Good risk patients are not eligible for cabozantinib therapy. Intermediate risk OR poor risk advanced renal cell carcinoma as defined by the International Metastatic Renal Cell Carcinoma Database Consortium. Good risk patients are not eligible for cabozantinib therapy. Intermediate risk OR poor risk advanced renal cell carcinoma as defined by the International Metastatic Renal Cell Carcinoma Database Consortium. Good risk patients are not eligible for cabozantinib therapy. Intermediate risk OR poor risk advanced renal cell carcinoma as defined by the International Metastatic Renal Cell Carcinoma Database Consortium. Good risk patients are not eligible for cabozantinib therapy. Intermediate risk OR poor risk advanced renal cell carcinoma as defined by the International Metastatic Renal Cell Carcinoma Database Consortium. Good risk patients are not eligible for cabozantinib therapy. I Mangglobin - Clower film of normal Corrected calcinum > upper limit of normal Corected calcinum > upper limit of normal Cor	Yes	TA542	03-Oct-18	01-Jan-19
CABO4	Cabozantinib	For the second line of tyrosine kinase	I. Cabozantini is to be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics I. Cabozantini is to be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics I. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with cabozantinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. I. The patient has been previously treated with sorafenib for locally advanced or metastatic hepatocellular carcinoma. I. The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0 or 1. Note: NICE has not recommended cabozantinib in patients with an ECOG performance status of 2 or more. S. The only other TXi with which the patient has been previously treated is sorafenib unless regorafenib has had to be stopped within 3 months of its start solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease progression. C. The patient has not been previously treated with cabozantinib. T. Cabozantinib is to be used only as monotherapy. S. Cabozantinib is to be used only as monotherapy. S. Cabozantinib is to be used only as monotherapy. S. Cabozantinib is to be used only as monotherapy. S. Cabozantinib is to be continued until loss of clinical benefit or unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment, whichever is the sooner. S. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with cabozantinib should continue or not will be scheduled to occur no later than by the end of the 2nd month of therapy. S. A formal medical review as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics.	Yes	TA849	14-Dec-22	14-Mar-23

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
CARI	Carfilzomib	The treatment of previously treated multiple myeloma where all the following crtieria are met:	<ol> <li>This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with carfilzomib plus dexamethasone will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>The patient has a diagnosis of multiple myeloma.</li> <li>The patient has received 1 and only 1 prior line of treatment and that the numbering of a line of treatment is in accrdance with the International Myeloma Workshop Consensus recommendations for the uniform reporting of clinical trials (http://clio.org/10.1012/splot47). A line of therapy is defined as one or more cycles of a planned treatment program. This may consist of one or more planned cycles of single-agent therapy or combination therapy, as well as a sequence of treatments administered in a planned manner (eg induction chemotherapy(chemotherapics if followed by stem cell transplantation then maintenance is considered to be 1 line of therapy is interrupted by a new for additional treatment (eg induction chemotherapy(chemotherapics if followed by stem cell transplantation then maintenance is considered to be 1 line of therapy. In an event of diseservation off therapy is interrupted by a need for additional treatment for the disease.</li> <li>Note: the use of carflizomib in combination with dexamethasone in patients who have had 1 and only 1 prior line of therapy is because of NICE's specific recommendation for routine commissioning. The use of carflizomib in combination with dexamethasone in patients who have had 1 and only 1 prior line of therapy is not preving of disease.</li> <li>Note: the use of carflizomib or the 2- or more prior line patient groups is not permitted.</li> <li>- The patient has not received any previous systemic therapy with bortezomib for this patient:         <ul> <li>- The patient has not received any previous treatment with bortezomib or</li> <li>- the patient has not creceived any previous systemic therapy with bort</li></ul></li></ol>	-	TA657 (previously TA475)	18-Nov-20	17-Oct-17
CAR2	<b>Carfilzomib</b> in combination with lenalidomide and dexamethasone	For the treatment of previously treated multiple myeloma in patients who have had 1 prior line of systemic therapy where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with carfilzomib in combination with lenalidomide and dexamethasone will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has a diagnosis of multiple myeloma. 3. The patient has releaded or progressing disease. 4. The patient has received 1 and only 1 prior line of treatment and that the numbering of a line of treatment is in accordance with the international Myeloma Workshop Consensus recommendations for the uniform reporting of clinical trials (http://doi.org/10.1182/blood-2012-02-9947). A line of therapy is defined as one or more cycles of a planned treatment program. This may consist of one or more planned cycles of single-agent therapy or combination therapy, as well as a planned focus there of therapy is modified to include other treatment agents (alone or in combination) as a result of disease progression, relapse or toxicity. A new line of therapy asis starts when a planned period of observation off therapy is include other treatment adjustication dense in the 2-or more prior line patient groups is not perinted. 5. The patient was treated with a bortezomib-containing regimen as part of 1st line treatment and the patient responded to this bortezomib-containing therapy. NICE's specific recommendation only in the Asymet streated with a bortezomib. Note: the company, when Maing its submission to NICE, signaled tait with deficialization of a received as part of induction therapy prior to a stem cell transplant. Please confirm whether the patient has received as part of induction chemotherapy prior to a stem cell transplant. Please confirm whether the patient has received previously treated with hoad responded to a bortezomib-containing therapy or or to a stem cell transplant. Please confirm whether the patient has received previously related with lenalidomide on only: the patient has a received previously reated with healidomide conta	No	TA695	28-Apr-21	27-Jul-21
			Utcanticution will only be administered in combination with lenalidomide and dexamethasone and with no other systemic anticancer therapies. 12. Cartilizomib Will only be administered in combination with lenalidomide and dexamethasone is to be continued until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment or patient proceeds to stem cell transplant*, whichever is the sooner *Carfilzomib with lenalidomide and dexamethasone is intended to be used for transplant ineligible patients after relapse or progression of first line therapy. Any patient receiving carfilzomib with lenalidomide and dexamethasone is intended to be used for transplant ineligible patients after relapse or progression of first line therapy. Any patient receiving carfilzomib with lenalidomide and dexamethasone is intended to be used for transplant cannot resume treatment post-transplant as carfilzomib with lenalidomide and dexamethasone is intended to be used for transplant cannot resume treatment post-transplant as carfilzomib with lenalidomide and dexamethasone is not funded as maintenance therapy post- transplant. 13. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with carfilzomib plus lenalidomide plus dexamethasone should continue or not will be scheduled to occur no later than by the end of the 2nd month of therapy. 14. Where a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected 4-weekly cycle length is needed, 1 will complete a treatment break form to restart treatment, including an indication as appropriate if the patient had an extended break 15. Carfilizomib will otherwise be used as set out in its summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).	chever t-			

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	TA	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
CEM1	Cerniplimab	Cemiplimab monotherapy for the treatment of adult patients with locally advanced or metastatic cutaneous squamous cell carcinoma where the following treatment criteria have been met:	1. This application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with eemplimab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies, hepatitis and cutaneous reactions including Stewers-Johnson syndrome and toxic epidermal necrolysis. 3. The patient has either locally advanced disease or metatatic disease and is not a candidate for curative surgery or curative radiotherapy. Please record here whether the disease is locall advanced or metatatic and if metastitis, whether the disease is notal advanced or metatatic and if metastitis, whether the disease is notal advanced or metatatic and if metastitis, whether the disease is notal advanced or metatatic and if metastitis, whether the disease is notal advanced or metatatic and if metastitis, whether the disease is notal advanced or metatatic and if metastitis, whether the disease is notal advanced or metatatic and if metastitis, whether the disease is notal advanced or metatatic and if metastitis, whether the disease is notal advanced or metatatic disease with spread that includes distant metatasis (g lung, liver, bone etc) 5. The patient does not have a contra-indication to being treated with cemplimab tand that 1 am aware that immunoscoppressive agents which no indicules of preunomitis within the last Systemic and advanced or disease and is not a configure gene to an immunoscoppressive agents within the patient to an immunoscoppressive agents within the patient patient to an immunoscoppressive agents within the patient to an immunoscoppressive agents within the patient patient to an immunoscoppressive agents within the patient patient to asses or a history of pneumonitis within the last Systemic and fully discussed with the patie	No	TA802	29-Jun-22	27-Sep-22

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
		Ceritinib for anaplastic lymphoma kinase-	1. I confirm that this application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with ceritinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.     2. The patient has histological or cyclological evidence of NSCLC that carries an anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK) rearrangement based on a validated test <b>OR</b> there is documented agreement by the lung MDT that the radiological appearances are in keeping with locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC <b>AND</b> there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of an activating anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK) rearrangement.     Please mark below on which basis the diagnosis of ALK positive NSCLC has been made in this patient:     - Histological or cyclological evidence.     - Documented agreement by the lung MDT that the radiological appearances are in keeping with locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC and there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of an activating free DNA test result confirming the presence of an activating free DNA test result confirming the presence of an activating anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK) rearrangement.     - Histological or cyclological evidence.     - Documented agreement by the lung MDT that the radiological appearances are in keeping with locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC and there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of an activating anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK) rearrangement     - Documented agreement by the lung MDT that the radiological appearances are in keeping with locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC and there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of an activating anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK) rearrangement     - Documented agreement by the lung NDT that the patient has progressed on is 1st line crizotinib or 2nd line crizotinib after 1st line chemotherapy and that the patient has not	_			
CER1	Ceritinib	positive advanced non-small-cell lung cancer previously treated with crizotinib where the following criteria are met:	certinib. Certinib in this indication is only funded in patients who have been treated with and progressed on crizotinib as their sole TKI treatment. 4. I confirm that the patient has not been treated with 2nd line brigatinib after 1st line crizotinib unless the brigatinib had to be stopped within 3 months of its start solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease progression. 5. I confirm that the patient has not been previously treated with ceritinib. 6. I confirm that the patient has not been previously treated with ceritinib. 7. I confirm that the patient has a nECOS performance status of 0 or 1 or 2. 8. I confirm that the patient either has no brain metastases or, if the patient has brain metastases, the patient is symptomatically stable prior to starting ceritinib. 9. I confirm that the patient will be treated with ceritinib until loss of clinical benefit or excessive toxicity or patient choice to discontinue treatment, whichever is the sooner. 10. I confirm that ceritinib lie to therwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics	No	TA395	22-Jun-16	20-Sep-16
CER2	Ceritinib	For anaplastic lymphoma kinase-positive advanced non-smail cell lung cancer previously untracted with an ALK inhibitor where the following criteria have been met:	This application for certimib is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with certifinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.     This application for certimib is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with certifinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.     This application for certimib is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with certification of NSCL that carries an anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK) rearrangement based on a validated test <b>OR</b> there is documented agreement by the lung MOT that the radiological appearances are in keeping with locally advanced or metastatic NSCL <b>C AND</b> there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of an activating anaplastic hymphoma kinase (ALK) rearrangement.     Please mark below on which basis the diagnosis of ALK positive NSCL can been made in this patient:     - Histological evidence.     - Documented agreement by the lung MDT that the radiological appearances are in keeping with locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC and there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of an activating anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK) rearrangement     - Histological cycleogical evidence.     - Documented agreement by the lung MDT that the radiological appearances are in keeping with locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC and there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of an activating anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK) rearrangement     - Histological cycleogical evidence.     - Decumented agreement by the lung MDT that the radiological appearances are in keeping with locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC and there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of an activating anaplastic lymphoma kinas	No	TA500	24-Jan-18	24-Apr-18
			S. The patient is treatment-naive to 1st line cytotoxic chemotherapy-containing systemic treatment for this locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC indication. Note: the only previous cytotoxic treatment allowed for patients to be treated with 1st line ceritinib is adjuvant or neoadjuvant chemotherapy or chemotherapy given concurrently with radiotherapy. 6. The patient has an ECOS performance status of 0 or 1 or 2. 7. The patient either has no known brain metastases or if the patient has brain metastases, the patient is symptomatically stable prior to starting ceritinib. 8. Ceritinib will be used as monotherapy. 9. The patient either has no known brain metastases or if the patient choice to discontinue treatment, whichever is the sooner 10. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with ceritinib should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the first 8 weeks of treatment. 11. When a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected 4-weekly cycle length is needed, I will complete a treatment treak approval form to restart treatment, including as appropriate if the patient had an extended break on account of Covid-19. 12. The presting clinician is aware that a) none of alectinib or brigatinib or circotinib are to be used following disease progression on ceritinib as a set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).				

Blueteq Form ref	: Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
CET4	Cetuximab In combination with FOLFIRNOX/ FOLFOXIRI (5- fluorouracil, irinotecan and oxaliplatin) chemotherapy	For chemotherapy-naive metastatic colorectal cancer where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer thrapy, with octualmab in combination with FQLFIRINDX/FQUFOXIRI chemothrapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accretion of systemic anti-cancer thrapy. 2. This patient has MS with type metastatic colorectal cancer. 3. This patient has the developmentation control of systemic anti-cancer thrapy. 3. This patient has not necessity previous cytoxics chemothrapy for metastatic colorectal cancer or the patient has not had previous necadjuvant chemothrapy or not: - 1- the patient has not had previous cytoxic chemothrapy for metastatic colorectal cancer or the patient has not had previous necadjuvant cytoxic chemothrapy for potentially rescable metastatic colorectal cancer or exact line treatment if treated with 1st line pentrolizumab for MSH/dMMR disease. Pease mark beads whether the patient has had previous chemothrapy for potentially rescable metastatic colorectal cancer or exact line treatment for metastatic colorectal cancer or exact line treatment if treated with 1st line pentrolizumab for MSH/dMMR disease. Pease mark beads whether the patient has not necessity and treated static colorectal cancer or exact line treatment for metastatic colorectal cancer or exact line treatment for potentially rescable metastatic disease. Patients who for progress while on treatment with returning or gantumumab unless this was received an equipative cancer do metastatic disease. Patients who for progress while on treatment with returning or gantumumab containing combination neoadjuvant chemothrapy for potentially rescable metastatic disease. Patients who have successful rescetion if the matastate become unsultable for surgery or hwe unsuccessful surgery, may continue treatment with the same ectavimab/pantumumab-containing combination chemothrapy	Yes	TA439	29-Mar-17	27-Jun-17

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
CET1	Cetwimab in combination with irinotecan-based chemotherapy	For chemotherapy-naive metastatic colorectal cancer where all the following criteria are met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with eetusimab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. This patient has RAS wild-type metastatic colorectal cancer. 3. This patient has not necesive previous cyclotoxic treatment for metastatic colorectal cancer or - the patient has not necesive previous cyclotoxic chemotherapy for potentially resectable metastatic colorectal cancer or - the patient has not had previous neoadjuvant cyclotoxic chemotherapy for potentially resectable metastatic colorectal cancer or - the patient has not had previous neoadjuvant cyclotoxic chemotherapy for potentially resectable metastatic colorectal cancer or - the patient has not had previous neoadjuvant cyclotoxic chemotherapy is being used as either 1st line treatment for metastatic colorectal cancer or - cetusimab in indectan-based combination is being used as either 1st line treatment for metastatic colorectal cancer or - cetusimab indicatean-based chemotherapy is being used as 1st line treatment for metastatic colorectal cancer or - cetusimab indicatean-based hemotherapy is being used as 1st line treatment for metastatic colorectal cancer or - cetusimab indicatean-based hemotherapy is being used as 1st line treatment for metastatic colorectal cancer or - cetusimab indicatean-based hemotherapy is being used as 1st line involumab which was previously available as an Interim COVID option 5. The patient has not received prior treatment with cetusimab or panitumumab unless this was received a part of combination chemotherapy with the intention of resection if the metastaste colorectale, and who do not progress while on treatment with detuximab/panitumumab-containing combination chemotherapy and you continue treatment with the same cetusimab/panitumumab-containing combination chemotherapy for metastatic disease. Patients who have successful resection(s) after neoadjuvant cetusimab/panitumumab-containing	Yes	TA439	29-Mar-17	27-Jun-17
			6. The prescribing clinician is aware that if this patient has BRAF V600 mutation-positive disease, the patient will be ineligible for encorafenib plus cetuximab as a subsequent line of therapy if they receive a cetuximab/panitumumab-containing regimen now as first-line therapy. 7. The prescribing clinician is aware that from 1st December 2020 an NHS England Best Value framework is in operation for cetuximab and panitumumab in first line colorectal cancer. The choice of this panitumumab -containing regimen is therefore in line with the local application of the Best Value framework for these drugs within my organisation. 8. Cetuximab will be given in combination with irinotecan-based combination chemotherapy. 9. Cetuximab will be given in a 2-weekly regimen at a dose of 500mg/m <sup>2</sup> . 10. As this dose and schedule of cetuximab is not licensed, this use of cetuximab must be used within the Trust's governance framework. 11. Cetuarimab in combination with irinotecan-based combination can be subsequently continued in combination with a fluoropyrimidine alone until disease progression occurs. If the patient experiences excessive toxicity with irinotecan, cetuximab can be subsequently continued in combination with a fluoropyrimidine alone until disease progression and then will be discontinued. Note: continued use of ectuximab beyond 1st line therapy is not commissioned once disease progression has occurred with 1st line treatment. 12. Where a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected cycle length is needed, I will complete a treatment break form to restart treatment, including an indication as appropriate if the patient had an extended break because of COVID 19 13. The use of cetuximab will be as per the Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
CET2	Cetuximab in combination with oxaliplatin-based chemotherapy	For chemotherapy-naive metastatic colorectal cancer where all the following criteria are met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle dystemic anti-cancer therapy with ectualinab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. This patient has AS-WidAype metastatic colorectal cancer. 3. This patient has not necework provides cyclotack chemotherapy for metastatic colorectal cancer or the patient has not necework provides neosityouts (cyclotack chemotherapy for metastatic colorectal cancer or the patient has not had previous neosityouts (cyclotack chemotherapy for potentially rescribed metastatic colorectal cancer or the patient has not had previous neosityouts (cyclotack chemotherapy for potentially rescribed metastatic colorectal cancer or the patient has not had previous neosityouts (cyclotack chemotherapy for potentially rescribed metastatic colorectal cancer or the patient has not had previous neosityouts (cyclotack chemotherapy for potentially rescribed metastatic colorectal cancer or the patient has not neosity provide the patient having the patient having culturab and cancer as 2 not in treatment for metastatic colorectal cancer or technom - oxaliptatin-based combination is being used as 11 file treatment for metastatic colorectal cancer or technom - oxaliptatin-based chemotherapy is being used as 11 file treatment for metastatic colorectal cancer or technom - oxaliptatin-based chemotherapy is being used as 2 not in treatment for thestatic colorectal cancer or technom - oxaliptatin-based chemotherapy is being used as 2 not in treatment for thestatic disease. Patients with not reserved with previous theoremical disease and having previous previous meadijowant chemotherapy if proteinally rescetable metastatic disease. Patients with not reserved with previous chemotherapy if the previous chemotherapy if the previous chemotherapy if the previous chemotherapy if the previous chemotherapy if they prevent with rescribed as and of combination chemotherapy if they previous chemotherapy in the previous chemoth		TA439	29-Mar-17	27-jun-17

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
CET3_V1.1	Cetuximab	Cetuximab in combination with chemotherapy for the first cytotxxic- containing treatment of recurrent/metastatic squamous cell cancer of the head and neck only originating in the oral cavity where the following criteria are met:	<ol> <li>An application has been made and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>The patient has a confirmed histological diagnosis of squamous cell carcinoma.</li> <li>The patient has a primary tumour that originated in the oral cavity.</li> <li>The patient has necurrent and/or metastatic disease.</li> <li>The patient has not received any previous cytotoxic chemotherapy for this recurrent/metastatic oral cavity tumour on the only systemic therapy for this recurrent/metastatic oral cavity tumour or the only systemic therapy for this recurrent/metastatic oral cavity tumour or the only systemic therapy for this recurrent/metastatic oral cavity tumour or the only systemic therapy for this recurrent/metastatic oral cavity tumour or the only systemic therapy for this recurrent/metastatic oral cavity tumour or the only systemic therapy for this recurrent/metastatic oral cavity tumour or the only systemic therapy for this recurrent/metastatic oral cavity tumour or the only be used in combination with a maximum of 6 cycles of platinum-based combination chemotherapy followed by single agent cetuximab as maintenance therapy.</li> <li>The patient has a ECOG performance status of or 1.</li> <li>Cetuximab is to be continued until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment, whichever is the sooner.</li> <li>When a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected 3- or 4-weekly cycle length is needed, a treatment break approval from will be completed to restart treatment.</li> <li>Cetuximab will be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics.</li> </ol>	Yes	TA473	31-Aug-17	31-Aug-17
CLO1	Clofarabine	The treatment of relapsed/refractory acute lymphoblastic leukaemia where all the following criteria are met:	<ol> <li>Application made by and first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy</li> <li>Acute lymphoblastic leukaemia</li> <li>Relapsed/ refractory disease with intent to use treatment to bridge to bone marrow transplant</li> </ol>	Yes	n/a - NHS England clinical policy	-	01-Apr-21
CRI1	Crizotinib	For anaplastic lymphoma kinase-positive advanced non-small cell lung cancer previously untreated with an ALK inhibitor where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application for rubicinits is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with rizotion shill be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer. 3. The patient has locally advanced or metastatic CMCC. MAD there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of an activating anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALX) rearrangement. Break may below on which basis the diagnosis of ALX positive MSCL CMB been is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of an activating anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALX) rearrangement. Presence of an activating anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALX) rearrangement by the lung MDT that the radiological appearances are in keeping with locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC and there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of an activating anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALX) rearrangement. Presence of disease progression Presence of an activating anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALX) rearrangement with end with of the four scenarios applies to this patient: The patient has neer previously received an ALX inhibitor or the patients: The patient has neer previously received an ALX inhibitor or the patients previously received an ALX inhibitor at the advanced or metastatic NSCLC indication or the patient has neer previously received an ALX-targeted therapy and this has had to be stopped within 3 months of its start solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease progression Previously received an ALX-targeted therapy and this has had to be stopped within 3 months of its start solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease progression Previously received and ALX-targeted therapy and this has had to be stopped within 3 months of its start solely as a consequence of dose-limitin	No	TA406 TA422	28-Sep-16	28-Dec-16

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
DABTRA3	Dabrafenib in combination with trametinib	For the first line treatment of metastatic BRAF V600 mutation positive non-small cell lung cancer where the following criteria have been met:	<ol> <li>This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with dabrafenib in combination with trametinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>The patient has a histological confirmed diagnosis of non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC).</li> <li>The patient has a histological control cyclogical evidence of NSCLC that contains a BRAF V600E mutation based on a validated test OR there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of a BRAF V600E mutation.</li> <li>Please mark below on which basis the diagnosis of BRAF V600E mutation positive NSCLC has been made in this patient:         <ul> <li>Histological or cyclogical evidence or</li> <li>Documented agreement by the lung MDT that the radiological appearances are in keeping with metastatic NSCLC and there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of a BRAF V600E mutation</li> <li>The patient has metastatic non-small cell lung cancer.</li> <li>I confirm that the patient is treatment naive to BRAF and MEK inhibitors for the treatment of metastatic NSCLC.</li> <li>I confirm that the patient has not received any previous systemic therapy for metastatic NSCLC.</li> <li>Note: any prior adjuvant or neoadjuvant chemotherapy or Immunotherapy for NSCLC does not count as previous systemic therapy in this regard.</li> <li>The patient has no known brain metastases or if the patient has brain metastases, the patient is symptomatically stable prior to starting dabrafenib in combination with trametinib.</li> <li>The patient either has no known brain metastases or if the patient has brain metastases, the patient is symptomatically stable prior to starting dabrafenib in combination with trametinib.</li> <li>The patient has no known brain metastases or if the patient ha</li></ul></li></ol>	Yes	TA898	14-Jun-23	started
DAC01	Dacomitinib	The treatment of untreated EGFR mutation-positive non-small-cell lung cancer where all the following criteria have been met:	This application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with dacomitinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy     The patient has a histologically or cytologically confirmed diagnosis of non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) that is either stage IIB or stage IV NSCLC     This patient's NSCLC has been shown to express an EGFR-activating mutation as demonstrated by an accurate and validated assay     The patient has received no previous EGFR-targeted therapy unless this has had had to be stopped within 3 months of its start solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease progression.     S. The patient has received no previous cytotoxic chemotherapy for locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer     G. Dacomitinib will be used only as monotherapy     The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0 or 1     B. The prescribing clinician is aware of the potential drug interactions associated with dacomitinib therapy and the dose reductions or discontinuations required for the management of interstitial lung toxicity, diarrhoea and     cutaneous toxicity.     J. The patient will be treated until loss of clinical benefit or excessive toxicity or patient choice to discontinue treatment, whichever is the soner     IO. Treatment breaks of up to 6 weeks are allowed but solely to allow toxicities to settle     II. Dacomitinib will be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC)	NO	TA595	14-Aug-19	12-Nov-19

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
			This application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with daratumumab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.     This application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with daratumumab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.     This patient has a diagnosis of multiple myeloma.     The patient has a diagnosis of multiple myeloma indication is not funded for amyloidosis patients (with the exception of patients who have a proven diagnosis of myeloma and also have an associated diagnosis of Please tick box below:     This patient does not have a diagnosis of primary amyloidosis     This patient has a proven diagnosis of primary amyloidosis     This patient has a proven diagnosis of progressive myeloma and also an associated diagnosis of amyloidosis and daratumumab is being prescribed for the myeloma     Note: For amyloidosis patients requiring systemic therapies, NHS England does fund treatments already in routine commissioning for myeloma. NHS England does not fund daratumumab in this indication for patients with     amyloidosis unless they have a proven diagnosis of progressive myeloma and also an associated diagnosis of amyloidosis     The patient has received 3 and no more than 3 prior lines of treatment and that the numbering of these lines of treatment program. This may consist of one or more planned cycles of single-agent therapy or combination therapy, as well as a sequence of treatments administered in a planned manner (eg induction chemotherapy and stem cell transplantation the maintenance is considered to be 1 line of therapy is a treatly in include other treatment agents (alone or in combination) as a result of disease progression, release or discidy. A new line of therapy is a treatly is indicide to confirm it is being used in a comore dialone or in combination there any calc				
DAR1	Daratumumab	The treating of relapsed and refractory multiple myeloma where all the following criteria are met:	5. The patient has responded to at least 1 of these 3 lines of treatment. 6. In relation to the immediately previous line of systemic therapy, the patient has: - documented relapse of disease after initial response or	No	TA783	13-Apr-22	12-jul-22
			- 0 - 1 - 2 11. The patient has not been previously treated with daratumumab or an anti-CD38 antibody unless they have been previously treated with daratumumab in which case the patient must have received the daratumumab as part of induction therapy pre-transplant and must have responded to that daratumumab-containing combination. The daratumumab-free period from previous therapy until now must be stated below. Please enter below as to which scenario applies to this patient: - no previous treatment with daratumumab or - previous treatment with daratumumab in the transplant-eligible setting and disease responded to this. Please record the time since the start of the last cycle of daratumumab to now: 12. Daratumumab is only to be used as a single agent. It is not to be used in combination with other agents. The first administration of daratumumab can be given in split doses on different days if necessary.				
			13. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with daratumumab should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the first 8 weeks of treatment. 14. Daratumumab is to be continued until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment. 15. Where a treatment treak of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected cycle length is needed, i will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment, including indicating as appropriate if the patient had an 16. Daratumumab will be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics.				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
DAR2	Daratumumab (in combination with bortezomib and dexamethasone)	For treating relapsed multiple myeloma in patients who have had only 1 line of therapy and are transplant ineligible where the following criteria have been met:	I. The specific discuss is being made to put if the first cycle of specific discusses of the specific discusses of material	Yes	TA897	06-Jun-23	04-Sep-23
			17. Daratumumab will be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics.				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
DAR3	Daratumumab in combination with bortezomib, thalidomide and dexamethasone	For induction and consolidation therapy o <u>transplant-eligible</u> multiple myeloma where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is both being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has newly diagnosed multiple myeloma. Note: this drastunuals indication is not funded for patients with primary anyloidosis. Please confirm this by ticking the box below: - this patient has not privicially received any systemic anti-cancer therapy for myeloma except for an emergency use of a short course of corticosteroids before this treatment. 4. The patient has not privicially received any systemic anti-cancer therapy for myeloma except for an emergency use of a short course of corticosteroids before this treatment. 4. The patient has not privicially received any systemic anti-cancer therapy for myeloma except for an emergency use of a short course of corticosteroids before this treatment. 5. Duratumuma bills be given in combination with bortezomib, thalidomide and dexamethasone. 5. Duratumuma is not funded for this transplant eligible indication in combination with other ant-myeloma drugs. 6. The patient is of ECOG performance status 0 or 1 or 2. Please to the boxes below: - eprformance status 0 or 1 or 2. Please to the boxes below: - eprformance status 1 or - performance status 2 or - Duratumuma will be as: - weekly treatment in weeks 3-16 (a total of 3 doses) - 2-weekly treatment join in weeks 3-16 (a total of 3 doses) - autoent to a subscitation of dratumumab a total gives on different days if IV infusion is used instead of subcutaneous daratumumab, bortezomib, thalidomide and dexamethasone. 8. There will be no prescription of maintenance daratumumab far completion of the 2 post-transplant consolidation cycles of daratumumab, bortezomib, thalidomide and dexamethasone. 9. Hepaties and and condition maintenance daratumumab far completion of the 2 post-transplant consolidation cycles of daratumumab, bortezomib, thalidomide and dexamethasone. 1. The dosage schedule of an antenance daratumumab far completion of the 2 post-transplant consolidation cycles of daratumumab, toratezomib, thalidomide and de	No	TA763	02-Feb-22	03-May-22

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
DAR4	Daratumumab in combination with lenalidomide and dexamethasone	For the treatment of newly diagnosed and treatment-naive patients with multiple myelona who are INELIGIELE for an autologous stem cell transplant where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is both being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with daratumumab in combination with lenalidomide and dexamethasone will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has newly diagnosed multiple myeloma. Note: this daratumumab indication is not funded for patients with primary amyloidosis. Please confirm this by ticking the box below: - This patient does not have a diagnosis of primary amyloidosis 3. The patient does not have a diagnosis of primary amyloidosis 3. The patient does not have a diagnosis of primary amyloidosis 3. The patient does not have a diagnosis of primary amyloidosis 3. The patient does not have a diagnosis of primary amyloidosis 3. The patient does not have a diagnosis of primary amyloidosis 3. The patient is ineligible for an autoigous stem cell transplant. 5. Daratumumab will only be given in combination with lenalidomide and dexamethasone and that it is not to be used in combination with any other agents. 6. The patient is neligible for an autoisgous stem cell transplant. 9. Derformance status 0 or 1 or 2. Please tick one of the boxes below: 9. performance status 0 or 1 or 2. 9. Please tick one of the boxes below: 9. performance status 1 or 9. performance status 2 9. And then there status 1 or 9. performance status 2 9. And then there status 1 or 9. Performance status 2 9. And then there status 1 or 9. Performance status 2 9. And then there status 1 or 9. Performance status 2 9. And then there status 1 or 9. Performance status 2 9. And then there status 1 or 9. Performance status 2 9. And then there status 1 or 9. Performance status 2 9. And then there status 1 or 9. Performance status 2 9. And then there status 1 or 9. Performance status 2 9. And then there administration of daratumumab can be given in split doses on di	No	TA917	25-Oct-23	23-Jan-24

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
DARS	Daratumumab in combination with bortezonib, cyclophosphanide and dexamethasone	For the treatment of newly diagnosed and treatment-naive patients with systemic immunoglobulin light chain amyloidosis (AL) where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is both being made by and the first optical systemic attricement therapy with distributionable (A). 2. The pattern has an excreted in the use of ytemics attricement therapy for systemic (B) that any holds (A). 3. The pattern has prevalent of the systemic attricement therapy for systemic (B) that any holds (A). 3. The pattern has prevalent of the systemic attricement therapy for light Cahan anyholds (A) that any test of the construction of controctorerads before this treatment. Where balance attrices that have already commenced any systemic therapy for light Cahan anyholds (A). 4. The system of the systemic attrice action of the systemic attrice action of the systemic attrice action of the system of t	Νο	TA959	27-Mar-24	25-Jun-24

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
DAR5 (CONT)	Daratumumab in combination with bortezomib, cyclophosphanide and dexamethasone		11. The the patient is of ECOS performance status 0 or 1 or 2.         Please tick one of the boxes below:         - performance status 1 or         - performance status 2         12. Daratummab will only be given in combination with bortezomib, cyclophosphamide and dexamethasone and that it is not to be used in combination with any other agents.         13. The dosage schedule of daratumumab will be as follows:         weekly treatment given in weekls 1-8 ( total of 8 doses in 2 x 4-weekly cycles)         2-weekly treatment in weeks 9-24 (a total of 8 doses in 4 x 4-weekly cycles)         2-weekly treatment of daratumumab and be given in split doses on different days if IV infusion is used instead of the preferred subcutaneous daratumumab formulation.         14. Anaximum of 6 cycles of the combination of daratumumab plus bortezomib, cyclophosphamide and dexamethasone will be given unless there is development of progressive disease, unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment.         15. Daratumumab amontherapy will continue to be given after completion of the combination therapy until whichever of the following events occurs first: the development of progressive disease, unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment or after completion of a total 24 x 4-weekly cycles of daratumumab counted for daratumumab hortezomib, cyclophosphamide and dexamethasone.         Note: there is no funding for daratumumab after completion of a total of 24 x 4-weekly cycles. It is therefore important that at the time of consenting, patients are informed of this maximum daratumumab treatment duration.	No	TA959	27-Mar-24	25-Jun-24
			16. Hepatitis B virus screening has been recently done and that if positive hepatitis B viral serology is found, the patient will be monitored for hepatitis B virus reactivation as outlined in the daratumumab Summary of Product Characteristics. 17. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with daratumumab in combination with bortezomib, cyclophosphamide and dexamethasone continues or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the second 4- weekly cycle of treatment.				
			18. When a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected 4-weekly cycle length is needed, the prescribing clinician will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment. 19. The National Amyloidosis Centre is auditing the outcomes of treatment-naïve patients commencing this daratumumab combination for light chain amyloidosis and details of this audit can be obtained by emailing Darren Foard (Clinical Nurse Specialist) at darent.foard@hts.net Note: NHS England strongly recommends participation in this audit which will provide real world evidence of this combination including data in patients with renal and cardiac involvement (some groups of which were excluded from the registration trial). 20. Daratumumab will be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics.				

risk of developing metastatic disease where the following criteria haves bey met m	Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
extended bleak because of COVID15.	DAR01	in combination with androgen deprivation	hormone-resistant (castration-resistant) prostate cancer in patients who are at hig risk of developing metastatic disease where the following criteria have been	<ul> <li>2. This patient has a proven histological or cytological diagnosis of adenocarcinoma of the prostate without neuroendocrine differentiation or features of a small cell carcinoma.</li> <li>3. This patient has non-metastatic prostate cancer as defined by recent imaging with conventional imaging with both a whole body isotope bone scan and a CT/MR scan of the chest, abdomen and pelvis.</li> <li>Note: patients with the sole abnormality of pelvic lymph nodes measuring &lt;2cm in short axis diameter and which are below the aortic bifurcation are eligible for darolutamide in this indication.</li> <li>4. The patient has hormone-resistant (castrate-resistant) disease as defined by 3 rising PSA levels (after the nadir PSA level) and taken at least 1 week apart during androgen deprivation therapy.</li> <li>5. The patient's serum testosterone level is &lt;1.7nmol/L on gonadotrophin releasing hormone agonist/antagonist therapy or after bilateral orchidectomy.</li> <li>6. The current PSA level is ≥2ng/ml.</li> <li>7. The patient is a thigh risk of developing metastatic disease as defined by a PSA doubling time of ≤10 months.</li> <li>Please document the actual PSA doubling time in the box below:</li> <li>8. The patient has an to previously received any 2nd generation androgen receptor inhibitors (such as enzalutamide, apalutamide) or CYP17 enzyme inhibitors (such as abiraterone) unless the patient received apalutamide for non-metastatic hormone-resistant (castration-resistant) which had to be stopped because of dose-limiting toxicity in the clear absence of disease progression and the patient meets all the other criteria listed on this form.</li> <li>Please mark below which of these 2 clinical scenarios applies to this patient:</li> <li>the patient received apalutamide for non-metastatic hormone-resistant (castration-resistant) which had to be stopped because of dose-limiting toxicity in the clear absence of disease progression and the patient meets all the other criteria listed on this form</li> <li>10. Darolutamide for</li></ul>	No	TA660	25-Nov-20	23-Feb-21

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
DAR02	Darolutamide in combination with androgen deprivation therapy (ADT)	For the treatment of patients with newly diagnosed metastatic hormone-sensitive prostate cancer where the following criteria have been met:	<ol> <li>This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with darolutamide will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>This patient either has a proven histological or cyclological diagnosis of adenocarcinoma of the prostate or has presented with a clinical picture consistent with metastatic prostate cancer with both widespread bone metastases radiologically typical of prostate cancer and a serum PSA of 250 mg/mL.</li> <li>This patient has newly diagnosed metastatic prostate cancer that is hormone sensitive and has currently received androgen deprivation therapy (ADT) for no longer than 12 weeks.</li> <li>Please enter below as to which scenario applies to this patient:         <ul> <li>The patient has not cyter received any ADT for metastatic prostate cancer</li> <li>The patient has not cyter cocievad in prostate cancer.</li> <li>The patient has not cyter cocievad in prostate cancer.</li> <li>The patient has not cyter cocievad in prostate cancer.</li> <li>The patient has not cyter cocievad in the mouther app, has consented such treatment and has not yet commenced upfront docetaxel chemotherapy for metastatic hormone sensitive prostate cancer.</li> <li>The patient has not cyter cocievad and patient to the patient:</li> <li>Ecco GOS 0</li> <li>Cor GP 1</li> <li>Darolutamide is being given in combination with both docetaxel and ADT.</li> </ul> </li> <li>The patient has not previously received any androgen receptor targeted agent such as enzalutamide or aplutamide or abiraterone unless the patient has progressive metastatic disease following completion of treatment with 2 years of ADT plus abiraterone with or without enzalutamide for high risk non-metastatic disease as part of the STAMPEDE trial (ISACTN78818544) and did not progress whilst on such tre</li></ol>	No	TA903	21-Jun-23	19-Sep-23

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
DAS4	Dasatinib		1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with dasatinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has Philadelphia chromosome positive CML in chronic phase. 3. The patient has been previously treated with imatinib which had to be discontinued due to resistance or intolerance. Please mark below whether the patient was resistant to or intolerant of imatinib: - resistant to imatinib or - intolerant of imatinib 4. The use of dasatinib has been discussed by the relevant multi-disciplinary team (MDT) involved in chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) decision making, which must include at least two consultants in the subspecialty with active and credible expertise in the relevant field of whom at least one must be a consultant paediatrician. 5. The patient is a child and 1 understand the Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC) states that "there is no experience with treatment of paediatric patients below 2 years of age" and "there is limited data in imatinib-resistant or intolerant paediatric patients below 6 years of age". 6. Treatment with dasatinib will be as monotherapy and with dosing appropriate to the tablet formulation or the oral suspension as described in the separate tablet and oral suspension Summaries of Product Characteristics (SPC). 7. The prescribing clinician understands the SPC cautions that in paediatric patients after at least 2 years of treatment, treatment-related adverse events associated with bone growth and development were reported and close monitoring of growth in aediatric patients under dasatinib treatment is therefore recommended. 8. When a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected cycle length is needed, I will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment, including indicating as appropriate if the patient had an extended break because of COVID19. 9. Dasatinib will otherwise be used as outlined in the Summary of Pr	- No	As referenced in TA425	21-Dec-16	21-Mar-17
DAS6	Dasatinib	Dasatinib for the treatment of untreated chronic phase chronic myeloid leukaemia	1. I confirm that an application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. I confirm that the patient has chronic phase myeloid leukaemia 3. I confirm that the patient has received no prior treatment unless it was dasatinib received as part of the SPIRIT 2 trial for this indication and the patient meets all other criteria listed here* <sup>4</sup> in March 2018 patients previously entered into the Spirit 2 trial and receiving free-of-charge supplies of dasatinib can transition to NHS commercial supply. 4. I confirm that imatinib is not appropriate for this patient and that this has been discussed and supported by the relevant MDT involved in CML decision making unless they are already receiving dasatinib as part of the SPIRIT 2 trial for this indication and the patient meets all other criteria listed here 5. I confirm that dasatinib will be used as outlined in the Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).	No	TA426	21-Dec-16	21-Mar-17

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
DIN1	Dinutuximab beta	Dinutuximab beta as part of <u>1st line</u> <u>therapy</u> for high risk neuroblastoma in patients aged 12 months and above and who have both responded to induction chemotherapy and been treated with myeloablative therapy and stem cell transplantation where the following criteria are met:	<ol> <li>An application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with dinutuximab beta will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for hypersensitivity reactions, capillary leak syndrome, neuropathic pain, peripheral neuropathy and ocular toxicity</li> <li>The patient is currently aged 12 months or older and has histologically documented neuroblastoma according to the international Neuroblastoma Staging System (INSS)</li> <li>The patient has high risk disease defined as either INSS stage 2, 3, 4 and 4s with MVCN amplification or INSS stage 4 without MVCN amplification and aged &gt;12 months at diagnosis</li> <li>The patient achieved at least a partial response to induction chemotherapy</li> <li>The patient was treated with myeloablative therapy and stem cell transplantation</li> <li>The patient has not received prior treatment with an anti-GD2 antibody antibody unless transitioning from the company's current access scheme for high risk patients and provided that all other treatment criteria listed here are fuffilied</li> <li>Dinutuximab beta is not being given in combination with interleukin-2</li> <li>A formal medical review as to whether treatment with dinutximab beta should continue or not and at what dose will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the first cycle of treatment</li> <li>The patient will be treated until disease progression or excessive toxicity or completion of 5 cycles of therapy or patient/parent/guardian (as appropriate) choice to discontinue treatment, whichever is the sooner</li> <li>Treatment breaks of up to 6 weeks beyond the expected cycle length are allowed</li> <li>Dinutximab beta will obterwise be used as evolue in the Stammay of Product Characteristics (SPC)</li> </ol>	No	TA538	22-Aug-18	20-Nov-18
DIN2	Dinutuximab beta	in patients aged 12 months and above and who have them both responded to intensive induction chemotherapy used to treat high risk 1st line patients and been treated with nyeloablative therapy and stem cell transplantation where the following criteria are met:	<ol> <li>An application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with dinutuximab beta will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for hypersensitivity reactions, capillary leak syndrome, neuropathic pain, peripheral neuropathy and ocular toxicity</li> <li>The patient is currently aged 12 months or older and has histologically documented neuroblastoma according to the international Neuroblastoma Staging System (INSS)</li> <li>The patient has relapsed or refractory neuroblastoma and has disease that requires intensive induction chemotherapy (similar in type to that used in 1st line induction chemotherapy for high risk disease) and myeloablative chemotherapy and stem cell transplantation</li> <li>The patient takieved at least a partial response to induction chemotherapy</li> <li>The patient takieved at least a partial response to induction chemotherapy and stem cell transplantation</li> <li>The patient has not received prior treatment with an anti-602 antibody other than dinutuximab beta received solely in the context of participation in the BEACON or MINIVAN trials</li> <li>Dinutuximab beta is not being given in combination with interfeukin-2</li> <li>A formal medical review as to whether treatment with dinutuximab bata should continue or not and at what dose will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the first cycle of treatment.</li> <li>The patient will be treated until disease progression or excessive toxicity or completion of 5 cycles of therapy or patient/parent/guardian (as appropriate) choice to discontinue treatment, whichever is the sooner</li> <li>The matient beta will be treated until disease to up to its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC)</li> </ol>	No	TA538	22-Aug-18	20-Nov-18

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
			1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with durvalumab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies, hepatitis and skin toxicity. 3. The patient has a histologically- or cytologically-confirmed diagnosis of non-small cell lung cancer. 4. PD-L1 testing with an approved and validated test to determine the PD-L1 Turnour Proportion Score (TFS) has been done prior to this application and either the result demonstrates a PD-L1 score of 1% or more and the result is set out below or the PD-L1 TPS cannot be ascertained despite a clear intent and a reasonable attempt to do so. Please document the actual TPS below: TPS:	-			
DUR1_v1.1	Durvalumab	The treatment of PD-L1 ≥1% positive locally advanced and unresectable non- small-cell ung cancer which has not progressed following concurrent platinum- based chemoralitoherapy where all the	Please lick the correct box as to staging: - stage III disease or - stage III disease 6. The patient has recently completed treatment with 2 or more cycles (defined according to local practice) of platinum-based combination chemotherapy given concurrently with definitive radical radiotherapy which must have been at a dose of 54-666 y (or a biologically equivalent dose of 54-666 y). Note: durvalumab is not approved by NICE for use after sequential chemotherapy and radiotherapy.	No	TA798	22-Jun-22	20-Sep-22
		following criteria are met:	<ol> <li>The patient has been re-staged since chemoradiotherapy was completed and does not have any evidence of disease progression or metastatic spread.</li> <li>The patient will start his/her first treatment with durvalumab within 42 days of the last active treatment date of the concurrent chemoradiotherapy treatment program.</li> </ol>				
			9. The patient has an ECOG performance status (PS) of 0 or 1.				
			10. The maximum treatment duration with durvalumab will be 12 months, this being measured from the date of first durvalumab treatment. Note: the total active treatment period is a maximum of 12 months ie in those patients who have toxicity and thus have dose interruptions, the maximum number of treatment cycles is 26 2-weekly cycles or 13 x 4-weekly cycles.				
			11. Treatment with durvalumab will continue until loss of clinical benefit or excessive toxicity or the patient decision to stop therapy or the treatment duration of 12 months has been completed, whichever is the sooner. Note: no re-treatment with durvalumab is allowed.				
			12. The patient has not received prior treatment with an anti-PD-1, anti-PD-12, anti-PD-12, anti-CD137, or anti-Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated antigen-4 (CTLA-4) antibody unless the patient was treated with neoadjuvant nivolumab plus chemotherapy and failed to have progressive disease after nivolumab plus chemotherapy and did not proceed to a resection. Please tick the correct box in relation to any previous immunotherapy: - no previous immunotherapy for NSCL or				
			- the only previous immunotherapy for NSCLC has been with neoadjuvant nivolumab plus chemotherapy and the patient failed to have progressive disease after nivolumab plus chemotherapy and did not proceed to a resection 13. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with durvalumab should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the first 3 cycles of treatment.	-			
			14. Treatment breaks of up to 12 weeks beyond the expected cycle length are allowed but solely to allow any immune toxicities to settle.	1 1			
			15. The licensed dose and frequency of durvalumab will be used, either 10 mg/kg every 2 weeks or 1500 mg every 4 weeks.	1			

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
DUR2_v1.0	Durvalumab in combination with gemcitabine and cisplatin	For the 1st line treatment of patients with locally advanced or unresectable or recurrent or metastatic biliary tract cancer where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with durvalumab in combination with gemitabine and cisplatin will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrimopathies, hepatitis and skin toxicity. 3. The patient has a histologically- or cytologically-confirmed diagnosis of adenocarcinoma of the billary tract which comprises intrahepatic cholangiocarcinoma or extrahepatic cholangiocarcinoma or gall bladder carcinoma. Please mark below which of these 3 sites of disease applies to this patient:intrahepatic cholangiocarcinoma - ealial bladder carcinoma - ealier with a primary parcreatic or small bowel carcinoma which is sited at the ampulla is not eligible for access to durvalumab plus gencitabine and cisplatin as the tumour arises from the billary epithelium. Note: a patient with a primary pancreatic or small bowel carcinoma which is sited at the ampulla is not eligible for treatment with durvalumab plus gencitabine and cisplatin The patient has locally advanced or unresectable or recurrent or metastatic billary tract cancer indication unless the patient is transferring from a durvalumab compassionate access scheme in which case the patient may have previously had gencitabine plus cisplatin in combination with durvalumab for this indication but all other treatment criteria on this form must be fulfilled. Note: patient with a not neoxeleved prior adjuwant chemotherapy are eligible for durvalumab bus gencitabine and cisplatin plus cisplatin in combination of gencitabine plus cisplatin unelss the patient	No	TA944	10-Jan-24	09-Apr-24

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
			1. This application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with encorafenib in combination with binimetinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy				
			2. This patient has a confirmed histological diagnosis of malignant melanoma.				!
			3. This patient's cancer has been shown to contain a BRAF V600 mutation.				!
			4. The patient has unresectable stage III or stage IV disease that has been staged according to the AJCC 8th edition				!
	Encorafenib (in	The treatment of unresectable stage III or	5. The patient is treatment naive to BRAF V600 and MEK inhibitors for malignant melanoma unless either the patient has previously received adjuvant dabrafenib and trametinib and did not progress during such therapy or has received a sufficient trial of dabrafenib plus trametinib for advanced disease and this has had to be stopped solely as a consequence of persistent dose-limiting toxicity and in the documented absence of disease progression. Note: sequential treatment is not commissioned with dabrafenib plus trametinib and then on disease progression with encorafenib plus binimetinib.				
ENC1_v1.1	combination with	stage IV BRAF V600 mutation positive malignant melanoma where the following	6. The patient has sufficient ECOG performance status to tolerate treatment with the combination of encorafenib plus binimetinib	No	TA562	27-Feb-19	28-May-19
	binimetinib)	criteria are met:	7. Treatment with encorafenib in combination with binimetinib will be continued until loss of clinical benefit or unacceptable toxicity or withdrawal of patient consent unless the patient is enrolled in the DyNAMic clinical trial (trial reference CTA 21266/0255/001-0001) in which case an intermittent adaptive dosing schedule as guided by circulating tumour DNA levels can be used as per the trial protocol.	-			
			8. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with encorafenib in combination with binimetinib should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the first 8 weeks of treatment	1 1			!
			9. Where a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected cycle length is needed, the prescribing clinician will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment, including indicating as appropriate if the patient had an extended break because of COVID 19. Note: patients in the DyNAMIc clinical trial (trial reference CTA 21266/0255/001-0001) who draw the adaptive intermittent treatment arm do not need to apply for approval to restart after treatment breaks that are a planned part to the DyNAMIc clinical trial (trial reference CTA 21266/0255/001-0001) who draw the adaptive intermittent treatment arm do not need to apply for approval to restart after treatment breaks that are a planned part				
			of the trial schedule. 10. Encorafenib in combination with binimetinib is to be otherwise used as set out in their respective Summaries of Product Characteristics	-			!
							───╯
			1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with encorafenib in combination with cetuximab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.				!
		3. This patient 4. This patient 5. The patient classed as hav Please note bo - One prior reg	2. The patient has a histologically proven diagnosis of colorectal adenocarcinoma.	1			!
			3. This patient's colorectal cancer has been shown to be of RAS wild type.				'
			4. This patient's colorectal cancer has been shown to contain a BRAF V600E mutation.				
			5. The patient has failed one or two prior regimens for advanced/metastatic disease. Note: if the patient progressed through adjuvant chemotherapy or within 6 months of completing adjuvant chemotherapy, the patient can be classed as having received one line of treatment for metastatic disease.				
			Please note below whether the patient has been previously treated with one or two prior regimens for advanced/metastatic disease: - One prior regimen - Two prior regimens				
			6. The patient has not received prior treatment with any BRAF inhibitor or MEK inhibitor unless this was received for this specific indication via interim COVID19 funding. Please mark below which of these 2 clinical scenarios applies to this patient:	-			
			- No prior treatment with any BRAF or MEK inhibitor     - Received prior treatment with encorafenib is a Interim COVID19 funding (form code ENC2CV)				!
ENC2	Encorafenib in combination with cetuximab	For previously treated BRAF V600E mutation positive metastatic colorectal cancer where the following criteria have been met:	- Received prior treatment with extraction of anterim COVID19 funding (form code EVC2CV)	No	TA668	06-Jan-21	06-Apr-21
			8. The patient will be treated with encorafenib at an initial continuous dose of 300mg daily as part of a 28-day cycle.	-			
			9. The patient will be treated with cetuximab at a dose of 500mg/m2 every two weeks as part of a 28-day cycle.	]			
			10. The patient has an ECOG performance status (PS) of 0 or 1.	_			
			11. The patient has no active brain metastases or leptomeningeal metastases.				!
			12. Encorafenib with cetuximab is to be continued until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment, whichever is the sooner.				
			13. A formal medical review as to how the combination of encorafenib plus cetuximab is being tolerated and whether treatment with the combination of encorafenib plus cetuximab should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the first 8 weeks of treatment.				
			14. Where a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected cycle length is needed, I will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment, including indicating as appropriate if the patient had an extended break because of COVID 19.				
			15. Encorafenib and cetuximab will be otherwise used as set out in their respective Summary of Product Characteristics (SPCs).				'

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
ENT2	Entrectinib	Entrectinib for ROSI-positive recurrent or locally advanced or metastatic non-small- cell lung cancer previously untrated with a ROSI inhibitor therapy where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with entrectinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has histological or cytological evidence of NSCLC that carries a ROS1 gene rearrangement based on a validated test OR there is documented agreement by the lung MDT that the radiological appearances are in Keeping with locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC AND there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of a ROS1 gene rearrangement. Please mark below on which basis the diagnosis of ROS1 positive NSCLC has been made in this patient: - Histological or cytological evidence Documented agreement by the lung MDT that the radiological appearances are in keeping with locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC and there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of a ROS1 gene rearrangement 3. The patient has not previously received a ROS1 inhibitor. Note: previous treatment with critozionib is not allowed. The NICE recommendation and the entrectinib Summary of Product Characteristics both state that entrectinib is indicated in the treatment of patients who have not been previously treated with AOS1 inhibitors no previous treatment with any systemic therapy for recurrent or locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC or - the only systemic therapy was for recurrent or locally advanced or netastatic NSCLC and was with cytotocic chemotherapy The patient has not been previously treated with entrectinib unless entrectinib has been received as part of any compassionate use scheme and the patient meets all the other criteria set out here S. Entrectinib will be used only as monotherapy The patient has no brain metastases or, if the patient has brain metastases, the patient is symptomatically stable prior to starting entrectinib A formal medical review as to whether treatment with entrectinib should continue or no	No	TA643	12-Aug-20	10-Nov-20
ENZ3	Enzalutamide in combination with androgen deprivation therapy (ADT)	For the treatment of patients with newly diagnosed metastatic hormone-sensitive prostate cancer where the following criteria have been met:	1. This splication is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with enablatamide will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. This patient either has a proven histological or cyclogical diagnosis of adenocarcinoma of the prostate or has presented with a clinical picture consistent with metastatic prostate cancer with both widespread bone metastates raidologically (picial of opticalist cancer and a surun PSA of 250 m/m. 3. This patient has not with docetaal on more than 9 months. Please enter below is to with scanner and palies to this patient: 1. The patient has not yet received any ADT for moore than 9 months of ADT (before starting an androgen receptor targeted agent). 1. The patient has not yet received any ADT for moore than 9 months of ADT (before starting an androgen receptor targeted agent). 1. The patient has not the been treated with docetaal and has received no more than 9 months of ADT (before starting an androgen receptor targeted agent). 1. The patient has not have been treated with docetaal of has received no more than 9 months of ADT (before starting an androgen receptor targeted agent). 1. The patient has not have been treated with docetaal of has received no more than 9 months of ADT (before starting an androgen receptor targeted agent). 1. The patient has not have been treated with docetaal of has received no more than 9 months of ADT (before starting an androgen receptor targeted agent). 1. The patient has not have been treated with docetaal of an screeved unit of 0 receive accurate with a durate or receive units of the patient "Starting and agent received agent". 1. The patient has not have been treated with docetaal of the screeved and rom of excless accurate with docetaal of the received agent of receive units and receiver units agent	No	TA712	07-Jul-21	05-Oct-21

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
			1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with enzalutamide will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.				
			2. This patient either has a proven histological or cytological diagnosis of adenocarcinoma of the prostate or has presented with a clinical picture consistent with metastatic prostate cancer with both widespread bone metastases radiologically typical of prostate cancer and a serum PSA of ≥50 ng/mL.				
			3. This patient has hormone-relapsed (castrate-resistant) metastatic prostate cancer.				
			4. The patient has no or only mild symptoms after androgen deprivation therapy has failed.	-			
			5. Chemotherapy is not yet indicated.				
ENZ4	Enzalutamide	Enzalutamide for the treatment of patients with hormone-relapsed (castrate- resistant) metastatic prostate cancer before chemotherapy is indicated where the following criteria have been met:	6. One of the following applies to this patient as regards any previous use of 2nd generation receptor inhibitors (such as enzalutamide, darolutamide or apalutamide) or CYP17 enzyme inhibitors (such as abiraterone). Please enter below as to which scenario applies to this patient: - the patient has not been previously received any treatment with enzalutamide or apalutamide or apalutamide or abiraterone or - the patient has previously received abiraterone for this same pre-chemotherapy indication in hormone-relapsed (castrate-resistant) prostate cancer but it was stopped within 3 months of it starting due to dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease progression	Yes	TA377	27-Jan-16	26-Apr-16
			7. The patient has an ECOG performance status (PS) of 0 or 1 or 2.				
			<ol> <li>Enzalutamide is to be continued until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment.</li> </ol>				
			9. A formal medical review as to how enzalutamide is being tolerated and whether treatment with enzalutamide should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the start of the third 4-weekly cycle of treatment.				
			10. Where a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected 4-weekly cycle length is needed, I will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment, including indicating as appropriate if the patient had an extended break because of COVID 19.				
			11. Enzalutamide is to be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics.				
			1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with enzalutamide will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.				
			2. This patient either has a proven histological or cytological diagnosis of adenocarcinoma of the prostate or has presented with a clinical picture consistent with metastatic prostate cancer with both widespread bone metastases radiologically typical of prostate cancer and a serum PSA of 250 ng/mL				
			3. This patient has hormone-relapsed (castration-resistant) metastatic prostate cancer.				
			<ol> <li>The patient has been treated with docetaxel-containing chemotherapy and has progressed during or following treatment.</li> </ol>				
ENZ5	ENZ5 Enzalutamide or abiraterone or between the prostate cancer with please enter below as to which scenario applies to this patient:	the patient has not previously received any treatment with enzalutamide or darolutamide or apalutamide or abiraterone or - the patient has previously received abiraterone for this same post-chemotherapy indication in hormone-relapsed (castrate-resistant) prostate cancer but it was stopped within 3 months of it starting due to dose-limiting toxicity	No	TA316	23-Jul-14	21-Oct-14	
			6. The patient has an ECOG performance status (PS) of 0 or 1 or 2.	1			
			7. Enzalutamide is to be continued until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment.	]			
			8. A formal medical review as to how enzalutamide is being tolerated and whether treatment with enzalutamide should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the start of the third 4-weekly cycle of treatment.	]			
			9. Where a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected 4-weekly cycle length is needed, I will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment, including indicating as appropriate if the patient had an extended break because of COVID 19.				
			10. Enzalutamide is to be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics.				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
EPC1	Epcoritamab monotherapy	For the treatment of previously treated adult patients with diffuse large B-cell lymphoma who have received 2 or more lines of systemic therapy which have included polatuzumab vedotin unless the use of polatuzumab vedotin was contraindicated where the following criteria have been met:	<ul> <li>1. The global can be been multi- ye multi- by and the find og de systemic and-cancel due and any entitle due best of yestemic and-cancel due to the use of yestemic and-can</li></ul>	No	TA954	06-Mar-24	04-Jun-24

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
		Eribulin for treating locally advanced or	1. I confirm that an application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.				
ERIB1	Eribulin	metastatic breast cancer after 2 or more	2. I confirm that the patient has advanced breast cancer	Yes	TA423	21-Dec-16	21-Dec-16
		chemotherapy regimens	3. I confirm that the patient has has at least 2 prior chemotherapy regimens for advanced disease				
			4. I confirm the licensed dose and frequency of eribulin will be used.				
			1. I confirm that this application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy of everolimus with exemestane will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.				
			2. I confirm that the patient has ER +ve, HER2 -ve metastatic breast cancer				
		Everolimus with exemestane for treating	3. I confirm that the patient has no symptomatic visceral disease				
EVE1	Everolimus	advanced breast cancer after endocrine	4. I confirm that everolimus will be given in combination with exemestane	Yes	TA421	21-Dec-16	21-Dec-16
		therapy	5. I confirm that the patient has had previous treatment with a non-steroidal aromatase inhibitor	_			
			6. I confirm that the patient has had no previous treatment with exemestane for metastatic breast cancer	-			
			7. I confirm the patient has received no more than one line of cytotoxic chemotherapy for the treatment of advanced breast cancer.	-			
			8.1 confirm the licensed dose and frequency of everolimus will be used. 1.1 confirm that an application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy is to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy		TA432	22-Feb-17	
EVE5	Everolimus	Everolimus for advanced renal cell	2. I confirm that the patient has biopsy proven renal cell carcinoma	Yes			23-May-17
		carcinoma after previous treatment	3. I confirm that the patient has progressed during or after treatment with vascular endothelial growth factor targeted therapy				
			4. I confirm that the use of everolimus will be as per the Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC)				
			1. An application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy is to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy				
			2. The patient has histopathologically proven well differentiated neuroendocrine tumour of pancreatic origin				
		The treatment of unresectable or	3. The patient has unresectable or metastatic disease				
51/50		metastatic neuroendocrine tumours of	4. The patient has exhibited disease progression in past 12 months				
EVE6	Everolimus	pancreatic origin with disease progression	5. The patient has a performance status of 0-1	Yes	TA449	13-May-17	26-Sep-17
		where all the following criteria are met:	6. The patient has had no previous treatment with a mTOR inhibitor.				
			7. No planned treatment breaks of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected cycle length are allowed (to allow any toxicity of current therapy to settle or intercurrent comorbidities to improve).*				
			8. Everolimus will otherwise be used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).				
			1. An application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy is to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy				
			2. The patient has histopathologically proven well differentiated neuroendocrine tumour of gastrointestinal or lung origin				
			3. The patient has unresectable or metastatic disease				
		The treatment of unresectable or	4. The patient has no history of and no active symptoms to suggest a functional tumour				
5)(57	5	metastatic neuroendocrine tumours of	5. The patient has exhibited disease progression in past 12 months				
EVE7	Everolimus	gastrointestinal or lung origin with disease	6. The patient has a performance status of 0-1	Yes	TA449	13-May-17	26-Sep-17
		are met:	7. The patient has had no previous treatment with a mTOR inhibitor.	-			
			Requests for continuation of treatment after unplanned treatment breaks over this duration should be made via the treatment break approval process	1			
			9. Everolimus will otherwise be used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).	- 1			

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
GEM1	Gemtuzumab ozogamicin	Gemtuzumab ozogamicin as part of chemotherapy for previously untreated CO33 positive acute myeloid leukaemia in patients AGED 15 VEARS AND OVER where the following criteria are met:	1.1 confirm that this application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with gemtuumab oxogamicin will be prescribed by a consultant specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy 2. Confirm that I am fully aware of the potential for gemtuumab oxogamicin inducing hepatotoxicity including veno-occlusive liver disease/sinusoidal obstruction syndrome 3. This patient has a confirmed diagnosis of CD33-positive acute myeloid leukaemia but does NOT have acute promyelocytic leukaemia 4. The patient has previously untreated acute myeloid leukaemia but does NOT have acute promyelocytic leukaemia 5. The patient is aged 15 years and over Note: there is a separate application form for those patients who are aged less than 15 years 6. I confirm that due dy cotgenetics test has shown that the patient has one of the following (please tick appropriate box): - Favourable risk stratification according to the 2017 ELM risk stratification OR - Intermediate risk stratification according to the 2017 ELM risk stratification OR - The result of the cytogenetics test has alsown that the patient has one of the following (please tick appropriate box): - Favourable risk stratification according to the 2017 ELM risk stratification OR - The result of the cytogenetics test is avaited and there is a clinical need for urgent systemic therapy to be commenced. If this is the case, it is mandatory that gemtuzumab oxogamicin will be stopped as soon as adverse cytogenetics. Such discontinuation of gemtuzumab oxogamicin may be before all of the 1st cycle of induction treatment has been administered. Ticking the 'Need for urgent restarement before cytogenetics are known. 8. The patient sint for intensive induction cheombierapy 9. Gemtuzumab oxogamicin is to be given with the combination of daunorubicin and cytarabine (DA) regimen unless elter entered into the hational AML19 clinical trial in which case it can also be given in combination with midostaurin for patients with a FIT anutation accordi	No	TA545	14-Nov-18	12-Feb-19
GEM2	Gemtuzumab ozogamicin	Gemtuzumab ozogamicin as part of chemotherapy for previously untreated CD33 positive acute myeloid leukaemia in CHILD patients AGED LESS THAN 15 YEARS where the following criteria are met:	1. An application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with gentuzumab ozogamicin will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the potential for gentuzumab ozogamicin inducing hepatotoxicity including veno-occlusive liver disease/sinusoidal obstruction syndrome 3. The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of CO33-positive acute myeloid leukaemia but does NOT have acute promyelocytic leukaemia 4. The patient has previously untreade acute myeloid leukaemia but does NOT have acute promyelocytic leukaemia 5. The patient is a child* and: 5. The patient is a child* and is confirmed dignestic is a child and according to the 2017 ELN risk stratification on the single addition in patient is a child* and cryptopertic test is a shown that the patient is a child* and exece cryptogenetics: strutificatio	No	TA545	14-Nov-18	12-Feb-19

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
GILT1	Gilteritinib	For treating relapsed/refractory FLT3 mutation positive acute myeloid leukaemia in aduts where the following criteria have been met:	<ol> <li>This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with gilteritinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>The patient has a proven diagnosis of acute myeloid leukaemia.</li> <li>The patient has a FMS-like tyrosine kinase 3 (FLT3) mutation (internal tandem duplication [ITD] or tyrosine kinase domain [TKD]) as determined by a validated test.</li> <li>The patient has relapsed/refractory FLT3 positive acute myeloid leukaemia.</li> <li>The patient has not received previous systemic therapy with other FLT3 inhibitors (with the exception of sorafenib or midostaurin used in first-line therapy or in clinical trials in 1st line therapy).</li> <li>The patient has a ECOG performance status (PS) of 0, 1 or 2.</li> <li>Use of gilteritinib will be as monotherapy.</li> <li>Gilteritinib will be continued until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or the time at which the patient is considered to be cured or until the patient receives a haematopoietic stem cell transplant whichever occurs first is as a consequence of the optimised NLCE recommendation.</li> <li>Note: patients who receive a stem cell transplant for FLT3 AML and who have not previously received treatment with gilteritinib cannot commence maintenance gilteritinib. Such patients can only receive gilteritinib if they relapse post-SCT.</li> <li>The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for differentiation syndrome consequent to gilteritinib administration.</li> <li>Mere a treatment threak of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected cycle length is needed, I will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment, including indicating as appropriate if the patient had an extended break because of COVID 19.</li> <li>Cliteritinib will be otherwise used as set to un ints Summary of Product Characte</li></ol>		TA642	12-Aug-20	10-Nov-20

	s	L. I confirm that this application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with glofitamab monotherapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of	indication		Guidance	funding started
GLO1 Glofitamab adult monotherapy lines	the treatment of previously treated the treatment of previously treated the patients with diffuse large B-cell booms who have received 2 or more of systemic therapy where the ollowing criteria have been met:	yeares and accore theory. I content with a painting accore theory of the base and accore theory of the base and accore theory. I content with a painting accore theory of theory	Yes	TA927	17-Oct-23	16-Nov-23

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
IBRS	Ibrutinib	For the treatment of relapsed/ refractory mantle cell lymphoma in patients who have either only received 1 prior line of systemic therapy or been treated with 22 prior lines if 20 al line therapy was initiated before NICE's recommendation in January 2018 where all the following criteria are met:	<ol> <li>The application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy is to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>The patient has a confirmed histopathological diagnosis of mante cell lymphoma</li> <li>Either the patient has previously been treated with one prior line of ritusimab-containing chemotherapy ONLY or the patient has received ≥2 lines of therapy as long as 2nd line therapy was commenced before January 2018, the time at which NICE issued its guidance restricting use to 2nd line therapy was initiated before January 2018, the time at which NICE issued its guidance recommending use as 2nd line therapy only.</li> <li>Please entre below which of these scenarios applies to this patient:         <ul> <li>- 2 prior line of rituximab-containing chemotherapy or</li> <li>- 2 lines of prior systemic therapy as initiated before January 2018, the time at which NICE issued its guidance recommending use as 2nd line therapy only.</li> <li>NB Patients treated with more than 1 line of prior therapy are not eligible for treatment with ibrutinib unless 2nd line therapy was commenced before January 2018.</li> <li>A. The presence of relapsed/refractory mantle cell lymphoma with documented progression of disease during or following rituximab-containing 1st line chemotherapy or ≥2 lines of prior systemic therapy as long as 2nd line therapy was initiated before January 2018, the time at which NICE issued its guidance received any B cell receptor therapies (ibrutinib or other Bruton's tyrosine kinase inhibitors)</li> <li>For patient has never received any B cell receptor therapies (ibrutinib or other Bruton's tyrosine kinase inhibitors)</li> <li>Ibrutinib is to be continued until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment</li> <li>The patient's performance status is 0 or 1 or 2&lt;</li></ul></li></ol>	Yes	TA502	31-Jan-18	01-May-18
IBR9_v1.1	lbrutinib monotherapy	Ibrutinib monotherapy for the treatment of patients with chronic lymphatic leukaemia which has a 17 pdeletion or TP53 mutation where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application for ibrutinib is being made by and the first cycle of this systemic anti-cancer therapy, 2. The patient has been diagnosed with chronic lymphatic leukaemia (CLL) or small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL). 3. The patient has been diagnosed with chronic lymphatic leukaemia (CLL) or small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL). 3. The patient has been tested for 17p deletion and preferably for TPS3 mutation as well and the results are positive for either 17p deletion or TPS3 mutation or both. Please indicate the result of these tests below: - positive for TP3 deletion and negative for TP33 mutation or - positive for TP3 deletion and not testef for TP33 mutation or - positive for TP3 predetion and not testef for TP33 mutation or - positive for TP3 deletion and not testef for TP33 mutation or - positive for DP3 mutation. 4. The patient has symptomatic disease which requires systemic therapy. 5. The patient has not received any previous BTK inhibitor therapy for CLL/SLL unless 1st line acalabrutinib or 1st line zanubrutinib has had to be stopped as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease progression. Please mark which of the 3 scenarios below applies to this patient: - the patient has an treceived any previous BTK inhibitor therapy for CLL/SLL or - the patient previously commenced 1st line acalabrutinib has had to be stopped solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease progression - the patient previously commenced 1st line acalabrutinib has had to be stopped solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease progression - the patient previously commenced 1st line acalabrutinib has had to be stopped solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease progression - the patient previously commenced 1st line acalabrutinib has had to be stopped solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease progression - the patient previously commenced	Ves	T4429	25-Jan-17	25-Apr-17

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
IBR10_v1.2	Ibrutinib	Ibrutinib monotherapy for the treatment of patients with previously treated chronic lymphatic leukaemia where the following criteria have been met:	1. This spillcation for ibrutinib is being made by and the first cycle of this systemic anti-cancer therapy with ibrutinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has been previously diagnosed with chronic lymphatic leukaemia (CLL) or small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL). 3. The patient has been tested for 17p deletion and not tested for TP53 mutation - negative for 17p deletion and not tested for TP53 mutation - negative for 17p deletion and not tested for TP53 mutation - negative for 17p deletion and not tested for TP53 mutation - negative for 17p deletion and pagative for TP53 mutation - negative for 17p deletion and pagative for TP53 mutation - negative for 17p deletion and pagative for TP53 mutation - negative for 17p deletion and pagative for TP53 mutation - negative for 17p deletion and pagative for TP53 mutation - negative for 17p deletion and pagative for TP53 mutation - negative for 17p deletion and pagative for TP53 mutation - positive for 17p deletion and pagative for TP53 mutation - positive for 17p deletion and positive for TP53 mutation - positive for 17p deletion and positive for TP53 mutation - positive for 17p deletion and positive for TP53 mutation - positive for 17p deletion and positive for TP53 mutation - positive for 17p deletion and positive for TP53 mutation - positive for 17p deletion and positive for TP53 mutation - positive for 17p deletion and positive for TP53 mutation - positive for 17p deletion and positive for TP53 mutation - positive for 17p deletion and positive for TP53 mutation - positive for 17p deletion and positive for TP53 mutation - positive for 17p deletion and positive for TP53 mutation - positive for 17p deletion and positive for TP53 mutation - positive for 17p deletion and positive for TP53 mutation - positive for 17p deletion and positive for TP53 mutation - positive for 17p deletion and positive for TP53 mutation - positive for 17p deletion and positive for TP53 muta	Yes	TA429	25-Jan-17	25-Apr-17
			The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0 or 1 or 2.     The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0 or 1 or 2.     Use of ibrutinib in this indication will be as monotherapy.     The prescribing clinician is aware that warfarin or other vitamin K antagonists should not be administered concomitantly with ibrutinib and that ibrutinib has clinically significant interactions with CYP3A4 inhibitors and inducers (see ibrutinib's Summary of Product Characteristics).     Io. Ibrutinib is to be continued until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment, whichever is the sooner.     Note: Patients entered into the NIHR STATIC trial (NIHR ref: 52879) may be randomised to receive intermittent treatment as part of the trial protocol.     11. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with ibrutinib should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the first 8 weeks of freatment.				
			12. When a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected 4-weekly cycle length is needed, a treatment break approval form will be completed to restart treatment. 13. Ibrutinib will be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	TA	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
IBR11	Ibrutinib in combination with venetoclax	For the 1st line treatment of previously untreated chronic lymphatic leukaemia where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application for ibruitinib in combination with venetocka: is being made by and the first cycle of ibruinib plus venetocka will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has been diagnosed with chronic lymphatic leukaemia or small lymphocytic lymphoma. 3. The patient has been diagnosed with chronic lymphatic leukaemia or small lymphocytic lymphoma. 4. The patient has been diagnosed with chronic lymphatic leukaemia or small lymphocytic lymphoma. 4. The patient has been tested for 17 b deletion and negative for TPS3 mutation 4. Positive for 17b deletion and negative for TPS3 mutation 4. Positive for 17b deletion and positive for TPS3 mutation 4. The outcome of IGHV mutation testing if known: 4. Please indicate the result of this test below: 4. Give unmutated 4. The outcome of IGHV mutation testing if known: 4. The patient has symptomatic disease which requires systemic therapy. 5. The patient has symptomatic disease which requires systemic therapy. 6. The patient has store on todone 5. The patient has store for any systemic therapy for CLU/SL L. Is ubrutinib and venetockax treatment will be 1st line treatment. 7. The patient has store performance status of 0 or 1 or 2. 8. Ibrutinib will be given in combination with venetockax and that the venetockax will only be commenced after the patient has completed the first 3 x 4-weekly cycles of librutinib, i.e., addition of venetockax at cycle 4. 10. The patient has been easesed specifically for potential drug interactions with venetockax. 11. The maximum treatment duration of ibrutinib in this indication is for a maximum of 15 x 4-weekly cycles. 12. The maximum treatment duration of section and there expected 4-weekly cycles is a divertify cycle. 13. Ibrutinib julu venetocka are to be continued until disease progression or unacceptable boxicity or patient choice to stop treatment reformation formation and 12 cycles of venetoclax. 14. When a treatment break of more than 6	No	TA891	31-May-23	29-Aug-23

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
INO1	Inotuzumab ozogamicin	The treatment of relapsed/refractory Philadelphia positive and Philadelphia negative 8 cell precursor acute lymphoblastic leukaemia in ADULT patients where all the following criteria are met:	1. An application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with inotuzumab ozogamicin will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the risk factors for inotuzumab ozogamicin inducing hepatotoxicity including veno-occlusive liver disease/sinusoidal obstruction syndrome and that this risk rises as the number of cycles administered increases 3. The patient has relaped or refractory C022-positive 8 cell precursor acute lymphoblastic leukaemia (ALL). Please tick appropriate box as to which type of ALL the patient has:         * Philadelphia chromosome negative ALL or         * Philadelphia chromosome positive ALL in which case treatment with at least one second or third generation TKI must have also failed         . The patient has been previously treated with intensive combination chemotherapy as initial treatment with or without subsequent salvage chemotherapy or blinatumomab         . The patient has been previously treated with intensive combination chemotherapy as initial treatment with or without subsequent salvage chemotherapy or blinatumomab         . The patient has been previously treated dwith intensive combination chemotherapy as initial treatment with or without subsequent salvage chemotherapy or blinatumomab         . The patient has been previously treated by and administered in either bone marrow transplant centres or in major haematological centres that regularly treat patients with relapsed/refractory ALL and who have regular         ALL multi-disciplinary team meetings and close links with bone marrow transplant centres or in major haematological centres that regularly treat patients with relapsed/refractory ALL and who have regular         ALL multi-disciplinary team meetings and close links with bone marrow transplant centres or in major haematological centres that regularly treat patients with relapsed/refractory ALL and who have regular	No	TA541	19-Sep-18	18-Dec-18
INO2	Inotuzumab ozogamicin	The treatment of relapsed/refractory Philadelphia positive and negative 8 cell precursor acute lymphoblastic leukaemia in CHILD patients where all the following criteria are met:	1. An application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with inotuzumab ozogamicin will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the risk factors for inotuzumab ozogamicin inducing hepatotoxicity including veno-occlusive liver disease/sinusoidal obstruction syndrome and that this risk rises as the number of cycles administered increases 3. The patient has relapsed or refractory CD22-positive B cell precursor acute lymphoblastic leukaemia (ALL). Please tick appropriate box as to which type of ALL the patient has: * Philadelphia chromosome negative ALL or * Philadelphia chromosome negative ALL or * Philadelphia chromosome positive ALL in which case treatment with at least one second or third generation TK imust have also failed 4. The patient has been previously treated with intensive combination chemotherapy as initial treatment with or vibour subsequent salvage chemotherapy or blinatumomab 5. The patient is a child* and: * pro-pubscent or * pro-pubscent and will receive inotuzumab ozogamicin at the dosage described in the results of the inotuzumab ozogamicin trial in children and reported in Pediatric Blood Cancer 2014; 61: 369-372 doi: 10.1002/pbc.24721 * to there is a separate Blueteq form to be used for inotuzumab ozogamicin in this indication in adults. 6. Inotuzumab ozogamicin will only be requested by and administered in principal treatment centres 7. The use of the inotuzumab ozogamicin bind patient plant the specifical groups appropriate to the subspecialty with active and credible expertise in the relevant field of whom at least one must be a consultant paediatricin. The MDT should include a paediatric pharmacist and other professional groups appropriate to the disease area 8. The patient should no takive a complete remision (CR) or CR with incomplete haematological recovery (CR) and minimal residual disease negativity after 2 cycles. For patients	No	TA541	19-Sep-18	18-Dec-18

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
IV01_v1.0	ivosidenib monotherapy		1. This application for ivosidenib is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with ivosidenib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has a histologically or cytologically confirmed diagnosis of cholangiocarcinoma. Please also indicate below whether the cholangiocarcinoma is of intra-hepatic origin or est-thepatic origin or metastatic disease. 3. The patient has unesctable locally advanced or metastatic disease. 5. The patient has been previously treated with systemic therapy for cholangiocarcinoma on the disease has progressed during or after such therapy. Such systemic therapy could have been in the adjuvant or neoadjuvant or advanced disease settings. Please also indicate whether the patient has received 1 or 22 lines of systemic therapy. 4. The patient has been previously treated with 1 line of systemic therapy for cholangiocarcinoma or est-thepatic origin or estimate disease settings. Please also indicate whether the patient has received 1 or 21 lines of systemic therapy. 4. The patient has been previously treated with 1 line of systemic therapy for cholangiocarcinoma or estimate there are accored to real metastases or fit the patient has brain metastases or of the patient has brain metastases. 4. The patient has ne RCOG performance status of 0 or 1. 5. The patient the has no know brain metastases or grades the effect of vosidenib on causing elongation of the heart rate corrected QT interval (QTC): 5. an ECCG must be done at the state web fuel for 3 weeks of treatment and the monthy thereafter if the QT interval (TC): 5. an ECCG must be done at least weekly during the first 3 weeks of treatment and the monthy thereafter if the QT interval (TC): 5. an ECCG must be done at least weekly during the first 3 weeks of treatment and the monthy thereafte	No	TA948	31-Jan-24	30-Apr-24

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
			1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with kazomib in combination with lenalidomide and dexamethasone will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy 2. The patient has an established diagnosis of multiple myeloma. 3. The prescribing clinician understands that this combination of bazomib, lenalidomide and dexamethasone in this indication is not funded for amyloidosis patients (with the exception of patients with a proven diagnosis of progressive myeloma and who also have an associated diagnosis of the patients are stablished diagnosis of primary amyloidosis (and that NHS funding for kazomib is only for the specific myeloma indication recommended by NICE. Please indicate below the appropriate status for this patient: - this patient dase a proven diagnosis of primary amyloidosis or - this patient has a proven diagnosis of primary samyloidosis or - this patient has a proven diagnosis of primary samyloidosis or - this patient has a proven diagnosis of progressive myeloma and also have an associated diagnosis of amyloidosis and this kazomib combination is being prescribed for the myeloma Note: for primary amyloidosis patients requiring systemic therapies, NISE does fund other treatments already in routine commissioning for myeloma. NISE does not fund this kazomib combination in this indication for patients with amyloidosis unless they have a proven diagnosis of progressive myeloma and also have an associated diagnosis of amyloidosis The patient therapy or combination frequencing of clinical triak (http://doi.org/10.1182/blood.2010-10-29487). A line of therapy is defined as one or more cycles of a planned treatment program. This may consist of one or more planned cycles or forwares when a planned dore of therapy is interrupted by a need for additional treatment for the disease. Please indicate the number of prior lines of treatment: - 2 prior lines or therapy is interrupted by a need for				
IXA1_v1.1	kzzomib with lenalidomide and dexamethasone	The treament of relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma where all the following criteria are met:	5. The patient's disease is neither refractory to previous proteasome inhibitor-based nor to lenalidomide-based treatment at any line of therapy (in this context, refractory disease is defined as disease progression on treatment or disease progression within 60 days of the last dose of a proteasome inhibitor or lenalidomide). 6. The patient has either been refractory to at least 1 line of therapy or has responded and relapsed after each line of therapy. Please indicate which scenario applies: - the patient's disease has scenored and relapsed to each line of therapy and has never been refractory to any line of therapy Please indicate which scenario applies: - Patient received lenalidomide appart of 1st line therapy and was not refractory to that lenalidomide-based treatment - Patient received lenalidomide appart of 3t line therapy and was not refractory to that lenalidomide-based treatment - Patient received lenalidomide appart of 3t line therapy and was not refractory to that lenalidomide-based treatment - Patient received lenalidomide appart of 3t line therapy and was not refractory to that lenalidomide-based treatment - Patient received lenalidomide appart of 3t line therapy and was not refractory to that lenalidomide-based treatment - Patient received lenalidomide appart of 3t line therapy and was not refractory to that lenalidomide-based treatment - Patient has been treated with a previous suclogous or allogenic stem cell transplant or not. Please indicate which scenario applies: - Patient has been treated with a previous suclogous or allogenic stem cell transplant - Patient is treatment-naive to any therapy with kazomib unless the patient has been treated with kazomib in a company early access scheme and all other treatment criteria on this form apply. 10. Nazomib is only to be used in combination with lenalidomide addexamethasone <sup>+</sup> . + Note: all 3t grings in the combination (l.e. kazomib line desamethasone <sup>+</sup> ) must be continued until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or patient cherapy post	Yes	TA870	22-Feb-23	23-May-23

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
LEN1	Lenalidomide in combination with dexamethasone	The 1st line treatment in transplant ineligible patients with multiple myeloma in whom thalidomide is contraindicated or who cannot toierate thalidomide where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with lenalidomide in combination with dexamethasone will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of multiple myeloma. 3. The patient has either a contraindication to being commenced on treatment with 1st line thalidomide-containing chemotherapy or has commenced treatment with thalidomide-containing treatment and toxicity has forced its discontinuation at a time when the patient had neither demonstrated refractory disease nor relapsed after responding to thalidomide-containing systemic therapy. Please mark below which group this patient applies to: - the patient has been commenced on 1st line thalidomide is contraindicated or - the patient has been commenced on 1st line thalidomide in combination with dexamethasone. Celene did not submit a case for the combination of fenaldomide and dexamethasone b. Note: The recommended on 1st line thalidomide is continuation with dexamethasone. Celene did not submit a case for the combination of the salidomide and dexamethasone b. Note: It is not commissioned for use in combination with metapy is indicated for the treatment of adult patients with previously untreated multiple myeloma who are not eligible for transplant, in this indication the combination with melphalan. S. The patient is of ECOG performance status 0 or 1 or 2. Please tasks on or 1 he base below: - performance status 1 or - performance status 2 or - A formal metalomide A formal metalomide is nonbination with melphalan A formal metalogic review as to whether treatment with lenaldomide A formal metalogic review as to whether treatment with lenaldomide in combination with any other agents A formal metical review as to whether treatment with lenaldomide in combination with any other agents A formal metalor review as to wh	No	TA587	26-Jun-19	24-Sep-19
LEN2	Lenalidomide in combination with dexamethasone	The 2nd line treatment in transplant ineligible patients with multiple myeloma previously treated with a 1st line bortezomib- containing regimen where the following criteria have been met:	<ol> <li>This application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with lenalidomide in combination with dexamethasone will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of multiple myeloma.</li> <li>The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of multiple myeloma.</li> <li>The patient has been treated with a 1st line regimen which contained bortezomib.</li> <li>The patient has received 1 and no more than 1 prior line of treatment and that the numbering of a line of treatment is in accordance with the International Myeloma Workshop Consensus recommendations for the uniform reporting of clinical trials (http://doi.org/10.1182/blood-2010-10-299487). A line of therapy is defined as one or more cycles of a planned treatment program. This may consist of one or more planned cycles of single-agent therapy combination have showen followed by stem cell transplantation them maintenance is considered to be 1 line of therapy. A new line of therapy starts when a planned course of therapy is modified to include other treatment agents (alone or in combination) as a result of disease progression, relapse or toxicity, the exception to this being the need to attain a sufficient response for stem cell transplantation tho proceed. A new line of therapy also starts when a planned period of observation off therapy is interrupted by a need for additional treatment for the disease.</li> <li>The patient has dan o previous therapy with lenalidomide.</li> <li>Lenalidomide is only to be used in combination with dexamethasone and that it is not to be used in combination with any other agents.</li> <li>Lenalidomide is only to be used in combination with dexamethasone continues or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the first 8 weeks of treatment.</li> <li>A formal medical review as to whether treatment with lenalidomide in combination with dexamethason</li></ol>	No	TAS86	26-Jun-19	24-Sep-19

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
			1. This application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with lenalidomide in combination with dexamethasone will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.				
			2. The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of multiple myeloma.	4			
			3. The patient is ineligible for stem cell transplantation				
			4. The patient has received at least 2 prior lines of treatment and that the numbering of a line of treatment is in accordance with the International Myeloma Workshop Consensus recommendations for the uniform reporting of clinical trials (http://doi.org/10.1182/blood-2010-10-299487). A line of therapy is defined as one or one cycles of a planned treatment program. This may consist of one or more planned cycles of single-agent therapy or combination therapy, as well as a sequence of treatments administered in a planned manner (lie induction chemotherapy/chemotherapies when followed by stem cell transplantation then maintenance is considered to be 1 line of therapy. A new line of therapy starts when a planned course of therapy is modified to include other treatment agents (alone or in combination) as a result of disease progression, relapse or toxicity, the exception to this being the need to attain a sufficient response for stem cell transplantation to proceed. A new line of therapy as starts when a planned or additional treatment for the disease.				
	Lenalidomide	The 3rd or later line of treatment in transplant ineligible patients with multiple	S. The patient is of ECOG performance status 0 or 1 or 2. Please tick one of the boxes below: - performance status 0 or				
LEN3	in combination with dexamethasone	myeloma previously treated with at least 2 prior regimens where the following criteria are met:	- performance status 1 <b>or</b> - performance status 2	No	TA171	18-Jun-09	16-Sep-09
			6. The patient has had no previous therapy with lenalidomide.	1			
			7. Lenalidomide is to be used in combination with either dexamethasone or dexamethasone plus cyclophosphamide and that it is not to be used in combination with any other agents unless accompanied by a separate and specific blueteq treatment criteria form. If cyclophosphamide is used in combination with lenalidomide and dexamethasone, the cyclophosphamide must be initiated with the first cycle of lenalidomide plus dexamethasone and not as a result of disease progression whilst on lenalidomide and dexamethasone.				
			8. Lenalidomide plus dexamethasone is to be continued until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment, whichever is the sooner.	1			
			9. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with lenalidomide in combination with dexamethasone continues or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the first 8 weeks of treatment.	-			
			10. No treatment breaks of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected cycle length are allowed (to allow any toxicity of current therapy to settle or intercurrent comorbidities to improve).	-			
			11. Lenalidomide will be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics.				
			1. This application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with lenalidomide will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.				
			2. The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of transfusion-dependent anaemia due to low- or intermediate-1-risk myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS) associated with an isolated deletion 5q cytogenetic abnormality				
			3. The other therapeutic options (e.g. best supportive care including regular red blood cell transfusions) are insufficient or inadequate.				
			4. When starting lenalidomide the ANC is greater than (>) 0.5 x 10^9/L and/or platelet counts greater than (>) 25 x 10^9/L				
		The treatment of myelodysplastic	5. The patient is of ECOG performance status 0 or 1 or 2. Please tick one of the boxes below:				
LEN4	Lenalidomide	syndromes associated with an isolated	- performance status 0 or - performance status 1 or	No	TA322	24-Sep-14	23-Dec-14
LEIN4	Lenalidomide	deletion 5q cytogenetic abnormality where the following criteria are met:	- performance status 2	NO	1A322	24-3ep-14	23"Det-14
		where the following criteria are met:	6. The patient has had no previous therapy with lenalidomide.	1			
			7. Lenalldomide is only to be used as a single agent at a starting dose of 10mg daily as per the summary of product characteristics				
			8. Lenalidomide is to be discontinued if no response after 4 cycles. If patients are responding after 4 cycles, lenalidomide will be continued until loss of response (progression of MDS or need for RBC transfusion) or unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment, whichever is the sooner.				
		toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment, whichever is the sooner. 9. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with lenalidomide continues or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the first 4 cycles of treatment.	1				
			10. No treatment breaks of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected cycle length are allowed (to allow any toxicity of current therapy to settle or intercurrent comorbidities to improve).	1			
			11. Lenalidomide will be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics.	1			

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
			1. This application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with lenalidomide in combination with rituximab will be prescribed by a consultant specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient is an adult and has a histological diagnosis of follicular lymphoma of grades 1-3. 3. The patient has been previously treated with at least 1 prior systemic therapy for follicular lymphoma and now requires further systemic treatment. For patients who have received rituximab or obinuturumab, please mark below as to whether the patient has disease that is anti-CD20 antibody sensitive i.e. responded to the last anti-CD20 antibody-containing regimen and had progressive disease wore than 6 months after completion of that anti-CD20 antibody-containing regimen - Anti-CD20 antibody-containing regimen or had progressive disease within 6 months of completion of that anti-CD20 antibody-containing regimen - Anti-CD20 antibody-containing - Anti-CD20 - Antibody - Anti-CD20 -				
LEN5	Lenalidomide in combination with rituximab	For previously treated follicular lymphoma (grades 1-3a) where all the following criteria have been met:	4. The patient is of ECOG performance status 0 or 1 or 2. 5. The patient has had no previous therapy with lenalidomide. 6. The patient will be treated with a maximum of 12 4-weekly cycles of lenalidomide. 7. The rituximab schedule of administration of 375mg/m2 given intravenously (IV) on days 1, 8, 15 and 22 in cycle 1 and then either 375mg/m2 given intravenously (IV) or 1400mg given subcutaneously (SC) on D1 only in cycles 2-5 will be used	No	TA627	07-Apr-20	06-Jul-20
			<ol> <li>Lenalidomide is only to be used in combination with rituation and that it is not to be used in combination with any other agents.</li> <li>Note: if rituatinab has to be discontinued for toxicity, lenalidomide can be continued up to the maximum of 12 cycles.</li> <li>Prior to cycle 1 the patient will receive tumour lysis syndrome prophylaxis (allopurino), rasburicase or equivalent as per institutional guideline) and that the patient will be counselled as to be well orally hydrated during the 1st week of the 1st cycle or longer if clinically indicated.</li> <li>The patient will have routine biochemistry tests performed weekly during cycle 1 and as clinically indicated and these results will be reviewed on day of testing to check for tumour lysis syndrome and its consequences.</li> </ol>				
			11. The patient will be treated for any Tumour Flare Reaction as set out in the Summary of Product Characteristics (SmPC) for lenalidomide.  12. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with lenalidomide in combination with rituximab should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the first 8 weeks of treatment.  13. No treatment breaks of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected cycle length are allowed (to allow any toxicity of current therapy to settle or intercurrent comorbidities to improve).  14. Lenalidomide and rituximab will be otherwise used as set out in their Summary of Product Characteristics (SmPC).				
LEN6_v1.3	Lenalidomide	Lenalidomide monotherapy as maintenance treatment in newly diagnosed patients with multiple mycloma who have undergone autologous stem cell transplantation where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application for maintenance lenalidomide is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with maintenance lenalidomide monotherapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has newly diagnosed multiple myelona. 3. The patient has newly diagnosed multiple myelona. 4. The patient has that an adequate hearnatological recovery following actiologues stem cell transplantation. 4. The patient has that an adequate hearnatologue at recovery following actiologues is need transplantation. 5. The prescribing of dinais and transplantation. 5. The prescribing of dinais and the recover deel disasse programs in site the transplantation was done. 5. The prescribing of dinais and the recover deel canceplantation: 7. The patient has been receiving NKS approved free of charge supply of maintenance lenalidomide as part of the NiRK AdAR trial and whils taill in enalidomide dis due to eart the trial on study closure of the patient has been receiving NKS approved free of charge supply of maintenance lenalidomide as part of the NiRK AdAR trial and whils taill in enalidomide trastment to or after the 18th february 2020*. Figure 11 the patient has been receiving NKS approved free of charge supply of maintenance lenalidomide as part of the NiRK AdAR trial and whils taill in enalidomide trastment on or after the 18th february 2020*. Figure 11 the patient has been receiving NKS approved free of charge supply of maintenance lenalidomide as part of the NiRK AdAR trial and whils taill in remains has howed for transplant display patients with lenalidomide maintenance lenalidomide as part of the NiRK AdAR trial and whils taill in remains has howed for transplant display patients with lenalidomide maintenance lenalidomide as part of the NiRK AdAR trial and whils taill in remains has howed to the trial on the supplay of maintenance lenalidomide as part of the NiRK AdAR	Νο	TA680	03-Mar-21	01-Jun-21

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
LNV1	Lenvatinib with everolimus	The treatment of previously treated advanced renal cell carcinoma	The application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy      The patient has a confirmed histological diagnosis of renal cell carcinoma with a clear cell component Note: papillary, chromophobe and Xp11 translocation sub types can be treated as per clear cell pathway 3. The patient has either metastatic disease or inoperable locally advanced disease 4. The patient has previously received only 1 vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF)-targeted systemic therapy for advanced/metastatic renal cancer* 5. The patient has previously received only 1 vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF)-targeted systemic therapy for advanced/metastatic renal cancer* 5. The patient has previously received only 1 vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF)-targeted systemic therapy for advanced/metastatic renal cancer* 5. The patient has received no previous treatment or within 6 months of discontinuing previous treatment 6. The patient has received no previous treatment with either lenvatinib with everolimus 7. The patient has received no previous treatment with either lenvatinib or everolimus 8. The patient has no brain metastases or, if the patient has brain metastases, then these have been treated and are symptomatically stable 9. Lenvatinib with everolimus will be continued until loss of clinical benefit or unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment 10. If unacceptable toxicity occurs, the daily doses of lenvatinib and, if necessary, everolimus are to be modified as needed according to the dose/management plan as set out in section 4.2 of the Summary of Product Characteristics for lenvatinib (Kisplyx) 11. No treatment breaks of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected cycle length are allowed (to allow any toxicity of current therapy to settle or intercurrent comorbidities to improve) 12.Lenvatinib (Kisplyx) and everolimus are to be otherwise used as set out in	No	TA498	24-Jan-18	24-Apr-18
LNV2	Lenvatinib	The treatment of differentiated thyroid cancer after radioactive iodine where all the following criteria are met:	This application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with lenvatinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy     This patient has a confirmed histological diagnosis of differentiated thyroid carcinoma (papillary or follicular or Hurtle cell type)     The patient has a confirmed histological diagnosis of differentiated thyroid carcinoma (papillary or follicular or Hurtle cell type)     The disease is refractory to radioactive lodine     The patient has either metastatic disease or inoperable locally advanced disease     The disease is refractory to radioactive lodine     The disease is progressive and is either symptomatic or imminently likely to become symptomatic.     The patient is treatment naïve to both lenvatinib and sorafenib unless <b>either</b> a) previously enrolled in the company's lenval or imminently likely to become symptomatic.     The patient has had to discontinue sorafenib by the conditions so scheme and all other NHS England treatment criteria are fulfilled is if treated with previous sorafenib, lenvatinib will only be accepted for NHS funding if the patient has had to discontinue sorafenib by the conditions extend to use of toxicity (is there is sorafenib toxicity which cannot be managed by dose delay or dose modification) and there has been no disease progression whilst on sorafenib within 3 months of starting sorafenib because of intolerance within 3 months of its start and if the disease has not progressed whilst the patient has not funded and vice versa.     The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0 or 1 or 2     Lenvatinib is to be continued as long as clinical benefit is observed or until there is unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment     On treatment treats we as set out in the lenvating bould continue or not will be scheduled to cocur at least by the end of the first 8 weeks of treatment     I. Lenvatinib is to be otherwise used as set out in th	No	TA535	08-Aug-18	06-Nov-18

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
LNV3	Lenvatinib	Treatment of Child-Pugh A locally advanced or metastatic hepatocellular carcinoma where the following criteria are met:	1. This application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with lewatinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. One of the following applies to the patient, either: - option 1 in which the patient has a confirmed histological diagnosis of hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC) or - option 2 in which a biopsy is deemed to be very high risk or technically not fassible in the patient nation and the criteria below are also all met: a. the decision not to biopsy has been made and documented by a specialist HCC multi-disciplinary team meeting b. the tumour meets the non-invasive diagnostic criteria of HCC* c. data is submitted as part of the ongoing "systemic Therapy Audit, previously known as the Sorafenib Audit 2. It is expected that option 2 will only apply in exceptional circumstances and it should be noted that audit of non-biopsy rates will be reviewed regularly. **EASL-EONTC Clinical Practice duditiens: Management, Journal of Hepatology 2012 vol 56 p036 943. Non-invasive criteria can only be applied to cirrhotic patients and are based on imaging techniques obtained by 4-phase multidetector Cf scan or dynamic contrast-enhanced MRL Diagnosis should be based on the identification of the typical hallmark of HCC (hypervascular in the arterial phase with washout in the portal venous or delayed phases). While one imaging technique is required for nodules beyond Lm in diameter, a more conservative approach with 2 techniques is recommended in suboptimal settings.  4. Either: the patient has not received any previous systemic therapy for hepatocellular carcinoma (option 1) or the patient has had to discontinue sorafenib within 3 months of starting sorafenib and solely because of toxicity (i.e. there was sorafenib backity which could not be managed by dose delay or dose modification) and there has been no disease progression whils to norafenib loption 2) or if the patient has received attrastor diseas of 0 or	No	TA551	19-Dec-18	19-Mar-19

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
LNV4	Lenvatinib in combination with pembrolizumab	patients with intermediate or poor risk advanced rend cell carcinoma for whom treatment with nivolumab plus ipilimumab would otherwise be suitable where the following criteria have been met:	In the agedication is being made by and the find cycle of yotence, and cancer therapy with the combination of terrotical phase periodication by a consultant specifical specifical type of the combination of terrotical phase periodication and the periodication of the management of and the beatment modifications that may be required for immouse related adverse nections due to be depaint inhibitor terations of an observation of terrotical phase periodication in the management of and the beatment modifications that may be required for immouse related adverse nections due to be depaint inhibitor terations of an observation of terrotical phase periodication in the intervention of the proceeding distribution of terrotical phases are and the proceeding distribution of terrotical phases are	No	TASS	Guidance	started 11-Apr-23

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
			1. I confirm that this application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with liposomal cytarabine and daunorubicin will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy				
		The treatment of adults with newly diagnosed acute myeloid leukaemia (AML)	<ol> <li>This patient is an adult and has a confirmed diagnosis of acute myeloid leukaemia with one of the following types:         <ul> <li>therapy-related AML (I-AML) with a documented history of prior cyctoxic therapy or ionising radiotherapy for an unrelated disease or</li> <li>chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia AML (CMMoL AML) with a documented history of MOS prior to transformation to AML or</li> <li>myelodysplasia AML (MDS AML) with a documented history of MDS prior to transformation to AML or</li> <li>de novo AML with karyotypic changes characteristic of MDS.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>				
LCD1	Liposomal cytarabine and daunorubicin	that is secondary to therapy or myelodysplasia or chronic myelomonocytic	3. I confirm that the patient is newly diagnosed with one of the above types of AML and has not received any chemotherapy for this AML.	No	TA552	19-Dec-18	19-Mar-19
		leukaemia where the following criteria are met:	<ol> <li>I confirm that the patient has an ECOG performance score of 0, 1 or 2.</li> <li>I confirm that the patient is fit for induction chemotherapy with liposomal cytarabine and daunorubicin.</li> </ol>				
			5. Confirm that the patients is in the mount of removine apy with most stratagine and downorbolicity. 6. I confirm that the patient will be treated with liposomal cytarabine and downorbolicity. downorbolicity.				
			7. I note that the use of liposomal cytarabine and daunorubicin is exempt from the NHS England Treatment Break policy				
		5	<ol> <li>I confirm that liposomal cytarabine and daunorubicin is to be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics</li> </ol>				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
LON1_v1.0	Loncastuximab tesirine monotherapy	systemic therapy (which have included polatuzumab vedotin unless the use of polatuzumab vedotin was contra-indicated)		No	TA947	31-jan-24	30-Apr-24
			<ol> <li>The prescribing clinician and the treating team are familiar with the dose modifications and delays required for the management of adverse reactions to loncastuximab tesirine, both haematological and non-haematological (eg for oedema, effusions, cutaneous toxicity and abnormal liver function tests).</li> <li>A formal medical review as to whether treatment with loncastuximab tesirine should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the first 6 weeks of treatment.</li> <li>S When a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected 3-weekly cycle length is needed, a treatment break approval form will be completed to restart treatment</li> <li>Loncastuximab tesirine will be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC)</li> </ol>				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
LORI	Lorlatinib	For anaplastic lymphoma kinase positive advanced non-small-cell lung cancer previously treated with 1st line alectinib or 1st line brigatinib or 1st. line aeritaiho ar 1st. line crizotinib followed by a 2nd line ALK tyrosine kinase inhibitor threapy (frigatinib or certinib) where the following criteria have been met:	<ol> <li>This application for lorlatinib is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with lorlatinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>The patient has a locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer.</li> <li>The patient has a histologically or cyclologically confirmed diagnosis of non-small cell lung cancer that carries an anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK) rearrangement based on a validated test.</li> <li>The only previous NHS England-commissioned TKI treatment that the patient has progressed on is 1st line alectinib or 1st line certitinib or 1st line critotinib followed by one other second generation ALK tyrosine kinase therapy (Digatinib or certitinib)</li> <li>Please tick appropriately below as to which type of previous NHS England-commissioned treatment the patient has progressed on:         <ul> <li>1st line ingratinib or</li> <li>1st line alectinib or</li> <li>1st line critotinib followed by either brigatinib or certitinib</li> <li>S. The patient has not been previously treated with lorlatinib has been received as part of any compassionate use scheme and the patient meets all the other criteria set out here.</li> <li>Lorlatinib will be used only as monotherapy.</li> <li>The patient has no tocal performance status of 0 or 1 or 2.</li> <li>The patient either has no brain metastases or, if the patient has brain metastases, the patient choice to discontinue treatment, whichever is the sooner.</li> <li>The patient will be treated with lorlatinib unil loss of clinical benefit or excessive toxicity or patient choice to discontinue treatment, whichever is the sooner.</li> <li>The patient will be treated with lorlatinib should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the first 8 weeks of treatment.</li> <li>When a t</li></ul></li></ol>	No	TA628	13-May-20	11-Aug-20
LUTI	Lutetium oxodotreotide	Lutetium oxodotreotide for unresectable or metastatic, progressive, well differentiated and somatostatin receptor positive gastroenteropancreatic neuroendocrine carcinoma where all the following criteria are met:	<ul> <li>This application is made by a consultant oncologist who is specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy and who is a core member of the relevant Neuroendocrine Carcinoma Multi-Disciplinary Team (MOT)</li> <li>The Neuroendocrine Carcinoma MDT has confirmed the arrangements by which only persons authorised to handle radiopharmaceuticals (such as lutetium oxodotreotide) do so in authorised clinical settings and after evaluation of the patient by an appropriately trained and accredited physician</li> <li>The patient has a histologically documented, well differentiated neuroendocrine carcinoma of the gastrointestinal tract or pancreas</li> <li>Note: patient's disease is there unrescetable or metastatic</li> <li>The patient's disease is is somatostatin receptor positive on imaging (on PET scanning but otherwise on scintigraphy if PET scanning not possible) and this imaging confirms overexpression of somatostatin receptors in the tumour tissue with the tumour uptake at least as high as normal liver uptake (tumour uptake grade score ≥ 2)</li> <li>The patient has an ECOG performance status (PS) score of 0 or 1 or 2</li> <li>The patient has an ECOG performance status (PS) score of 0 or 1 or 2</li> <li>The patient has an ECOG performance status (PS) score of 0 or 1 or 2</li> <li>The patient has an ECOG performance status (PS) score of 0 or 1 or 2</li> <li>The patient has not received prior treatment with lutetium oxodotreotide</li> <li>Uutetium oxodotreotide is being given as monotherapy (bar somatostatin analogues in between treatments) and will involve a maximum of 4 infusions of 7400 MBq as long as there is no evidence of disease progression</li> <li>A formal face to face medical review as to whether treatment with lutetium oxodotreotide should continue or not will be scheduled to occur before each of the 4 planned treatment administrations</li> <li>The prescribing clinician notes that the use of lutetium oxodotreotide should</li></ul>	No	TA539	29-Aug-18	27-Nov-18

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
MID1	Midostaurin	Midostaurin for treating FLT3 mutation positive acute myeloid leukaemia in adults where the following criteria are met:	1. An application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with midostaurin will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy 2. This patient is an adult and has a confirmed diagnosis of acute myeloid leukaemia 3. The patient has a FLT3 mutation as determined by a validated test 4. The patient has a FLT3 mutation as determined by a validated test 5. The patient is fit for intensive induction chemotherapy 6. The patient his fit for intensive induction chemotherapy 6. The patient will be treated with midostaurin on by eavily standard daunorubicin and cytarabine induction chemotherapy and then in combination with high dose cytarabine consolidation chemotherapy unless entered into the national AML15 regland Treatment Breaks Policy. 7. As maintenance monotherapy midostaurin is to be only used in patients in complete remission of their AML 8. In the maintenance monotherapy phase, a maximum of 12 28-day cycles of midostaurin will be used 9. If the patient need let mansplant, midostaurin will be permanently discontinued prior to the stem cell transplant conditioning regimen 1. An application is be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics	No	TA523	13-Jun-18	11-Sep-18
MID2	Midostaurin	For aggressive systemic mastocytosis or aggressive systemic mastocytosis with an associated haematological neoplasm or mast cell leukaemia where the following criteria have been met:	<ol> <li>This application for midostaurin monotherapy is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with midostaurin monotherapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>This application for midostaurin monotherapy is being made by and the first cycle of systemic matcoytosis (ASM) or aggressive systemic mastocytosis with an associated haematological neoplasm (ASM-AHN) or mast cell leukaemia.</li> <li>Prease mark below which type of disease applies to this patient:</li> <li>aggressive systemic matcoytosis (ASM)</li> <li>aggres</li></ol>	. No	TA728	22-5ep-21	21-Dec-21
MID3	Midostaurin	For treating FLT3 mutation positive acute myeloid leukaemia in POST PUBESCENT CHILDREN LESS THAM 18 YEARS OLD where the following criteria have been met:	<ol> <li>This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with midostaurin will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>This patient is a post pubescent child less than 18 years old and has a confirmed diagnosis of acute myeloid leukaemia. Note: midostaurin is not licensed for AML in this age group and hence completion of this form also confirms that Trust policy is being followed as regards the use of unlicensed medicines. Note: For adults there is a separate blueteq form.</li> <li>The patient has a FLT3 mutation as determined by a validated test.</li> <li>The patient has a FLT3 mutation as determined by a validated test.</li> <li>The patient is fit for intensive induction chemotherapy.</li> <li>The patient is fit for intensive induction chemotherapy.</li> <li>The patient will be treated with midostaurin only in combination with standard mitoxantrone and cytarabine induction chemotherapy and then in combination with high dose cytarabine consolidation chemotherapy.</li> <li>As maintenance monotherapy, midostaurin is to be only used in patients in complete remission of their AML.</li> <li>In the maintenance monotherapy phase, a maximum of 12 28-day cycles of midostaurin will be used.</li> <li>If the patient proceeds to a stem cell transplant, midostaurin will be germanently discontinued prior to the stem cell transplant conditioning regimen.</li> <li>Midostaurin is to be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics.</li> </ol>		TA523	13-Jun-18	03-Feb-23

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
MOG1	Mogamulizumab	Mogamulizumab as 3rd line systemic therapy or beyond 3rd line systemic therapy for patients with stage lib to IVB mycosis fungoides where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with maganifizants with taper for adverse reactions to maganifizants and the accelerated in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The practical field initiation is fully wave of the management of and the treatment multifications that may be required for adverse reactions to maganifizants and the prescribing clinician understands the need for testing for heads to the prescribing clinician understands the need for testing for heads to the prescribing clinician understands the need for testing for heads to the prescribing clinician understands the need for testing for heads to the prescribing clinician understands the need for testing for heads to the prescribing clinician understands the need for testing for heads to the prescribing clinician understands the need for testing for heads to the prescribing clinician understands the need for testing for heads to the prescribing clinician understands the need for testing for heads to the prescribing clinician understands the need for testing for heads to the prescribing clinician understands the need for testing for heads to the prescribing clinician understands the need for testing for heads to the prescribing clinician understands the need for testing for heads to the prescribing clinician understands the need for testing for heads to the prescribing clinician understands the need for testing for heads to the prescribing clinician understands the need for testing for heads the stary videome.  1. The adverse the stary of memory formation theorem the stary videome. 1. The prescribing clinician understands the prescribing clinician understands the need for testing for heads the stary videome. 1. The prescribing clinician understands the need for testing for heads the prescribing clinician understands the need for testing for heads the stary videome. 1. The prescribing clinician understands the need for testing for heads the stary videome. 1. Thead testing for myosis fungalde	No	TA754	15-Dec-21	15-Mar-22

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
MOG2	Mogamulizumab	Mogamulizumab as 2nd line systemic therapy or beyond 2nd line systemic therapy for patients with stage IVA to IVS Secary syndrome where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with mogamulizumab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for adverse reactions to mogamulizumab and the prescribing clinician understands the need for testing for hepatitis b before mogamulizumab and the prescribing clinician understands the need for testing for hepatitis b before mogamulizumab treatment commences and the risk of tumour lysis syndrome in patients with replay proliferating disease and high tumour burden. 3. The patient has a diagnosis of Sezary syndrome. Please note that there is a separate for MOGI for patients with mycosis fungoides. 4. The disease tage of Sezary syndrome is stage IVA to IVA. Please math below the stage of disease that applies to this patient:	No	TA754	15-Dec-21	15-Mar-22

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
мом1	Momelotinib monotherapy	For the treatment of moderately to severely anaemic patients with myeloflibrosis and disease-related splenomegaly or symptoms where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with momelotinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient is an adult with a diagnosis of primary myelofibrosis (also known as chronic idiopathic myelofibrosis) or post polycythaemia vera myelofibrosis or post essential thrombocythaemia myelofibrosis. Please enter below as to which type of myelofibrosis applies to this patient: - primary myelofibrosis or - post essential thrombocythaemia wera myelofibrosis or - post essential thrombocythaemia myelofibrosis or - post essential thrombocythaemia myelofibrosis rest primary myelofibrosis has a risk category that is either intermediate-2 or high risk. Please enter below which myelofibrosis risk category applies to this patient: - intermediate 2 risk or - high risk - The patient has disease-related splenomegalty or symptoms 5. The patient has disease-related splenomegalty or symptoms 6. The patient has been previously treated with rusolithib or not: - no previous treatment with nuclithib - rusk patient has an ECOG performance status (PS) of 0 or 1 or 2 8. In terms of achte systemic therapy treated with rusolithib - 7. The patient has an ECOG performance status (PS) of 0 or 1 or 2 8. In terms of achte systemic therapy momelotinib has clinically important interactions with value strugs which can affect the CVP2A4 and other enzyme systems and also transporters (as set out in sections 4.4 and 4.5 of - 12. The prescribing clinician is aware that momelotinib has elevated and whether treatment with momelotinib 13. A formal medical review as to how momelotinib has clinically important interactions with value drugs which can affect the CVP2A4 and other enzyme systems and also transporters (as set out in sections 4.4 and 4.5 of - 12. The prescribing clinician is aware that momelotinib has clinically important interactions with walking drugs which can affect the CVP2A4 and o	No	TA957	20-Mar-24	18-Jun-24

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
			1. An application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with nab-paclitaxel will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy				
			2. The patient has a confirmed histological or cytological diagnosis of breast cancer.	1			
			3. The patient is being switched to nab-paclitaxel from either paclitaxel or docetaxel either following a severe hypersensitivity reaction which precludes further exposure to paclitaxel or docetaxel or to reduce the risks of treatment in potentially vulnerable patients	-			
NAB1	Nab-Paclitaxel	Paclitaxel as albumin-bound nanoparticles (nab-paclitaxel) for breast cancer where	4. Nab-paclitaxel is to be used either as a single agent or in combination for - neoadjuvant treatment - adjuvant treatment - treatment of metastatic disease	No			
		the following criteria have been met:	S. The licensed dose of nab-paclitaxel at 260mg/m2 IV every 21 days will be used when given as monotherapy. Note: The dose of nab-paclitaxel at 260mg/m2 IV every 21 days will be used when given as monotherapy. Note: The dose may be attenuated when given in combination with other chemotherapies. Weekly dosing is not commissioned				
			6. The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0, 1 or 2.				
			7. Nab-paclitaxel will otherwise be used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).	-			
			1. This application is being been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with nab-pacificatel plus gemcitabine will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.				
			2. The patient has confirmed histological or cytological diagnosis of pancreatic adenocarcinoma.	1	1		
			3. The patient has metastatic disease (patients with locally advanced disease are ineligible).	1			
NAB2	Nab-paclitaxel with gemcitabine	The treatment of untreated metastatic pancreatic cancer only if other combination chemotherapies are unsuitable and they would otherwise have gemcitabine monotherapy	A. The patient is either completely treatment naïve for systemic therapy for pancreatic cancer or the patient has received prior systemic anti-cancer therapy as neo-adjuvant or adjuvant therapy AND such treatment was completed at least 6 months previously. Please mark below whether or not previous systemic anti-cancer therapy for pancreatic cancer has ever been received in the neoadjuvant or the adjuvant disease settings:     no previous neoadjuvant/adjuvant systemic therapy of any kind and treatment naïve for metastatic pancreatic cancer     prior meeadjuvant (horm-metastatic disease and the last dose received by the patient was 6 or more months prior to this application     prior chemotherapy in the adjuvant setting and the last dose received by the patient was 6 or more months prior to this application	No	TA476	06-Sep-17	05-Dec-17
		8	5. Nab-pacilitaxel is to be used only in combination with gencitabine.	1			
			6. Nab-pacilitaxel plus gemcitabine is to be used as 1 <sup>st</sup> line treatment only.	1			
			7. The patient has a performance status of 0 or 1.	1			
			8. The patient is not considered to be a suitable candidate for oxaliplatin- and irinotecan-based combination chemotherapy and would otherwise receive gemcitabine monotherapy.				
			9. Nab-pacilitaxel will otherwise be used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).				
		The treatment of refractory T-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia or refractory T-	1. Application made by and first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy		(		
NEL1	Nelarabine	cell lymphoblastic non-Hodgkin's	2. a) Refractory T-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia, OR		n/a - NHS England clinical policy	-	01-Apr-21
		lymphoma where all the following criteria are met:	b) Refractory T-cell lymphoblastic non-Hodgkin's lymphoma		poncy		
		are met.	3. Treatment intent is to proceed to bone marrow transplantation				1

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
NERI	Neratinib	The extended adjuwant therapy for hormone receptor positive HE82-overexpressed early breast cancer after completion of adjuwant therapy with HE82 targeted monotherapy with trasturuamb where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application for neratinib as extended adjuvant chemotherapy is made by and the first cycle of adjuvant neratinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti- cancer therapy. 2. The patient has biologically documented breast cancer which is <b>BOTH</b> hormone receptor positive and HER2 overexpressed (HER2 3+ by immunohistochemistry and/or has a ratio of 22.0 by in situ hybridisation). Note: neratinib is not licensed for extended adjuvant therapy in hormone receptor negative patients. 3. The patient has been diagnosed with early breast cancer and this has been adequately excised. 4. That ether the patient did not receive neoadjuvant therapy or the patient was treated with neoadjuvant therapy <b>AND</b> there was residual invasive carcinoma in the breast and/or the axilla. Please mat below which applies to this patient: - patient did receive neoadjuvant therapy ratio as patient set and/or axillary nodes. Note: neratinib is not recommended by NICET farm neodjuvant therapy resulted in a pathological complete remission or if there was only residual carcinoma in situ disease in the breast and a pathological complete remission in the adiary nodes (if the axillary home) which applies to the any breast cancer either as neoadjuvant treatment, 5. The patient has received chemotherapy in the management of the early breast cancer either as neoadjuvant treatment pre-definitive surgery or as adjuvant therapy post-surgery. 6. The patient has an ECOG performance status was solve used as part of aneadjuvant treatment and on perturunab was used as part of adjuvant therapy. 7. The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0 or 1. 8. The left vertificular ejection fraction prior to commencing extended adjuvant threating with neratinib is 250%. 9. Before commencing neratinib the patient with anti-diarrhoeal medication to a frequency of 1-2 bowel movements per day. 10. A formal medical review as to whether extended adjuvant treatment with neratinib is 250%. 9. Before co	No	TA612	20-Nov-19	18-Feb-20
N/A	Nilotinib	Nilotinib for the treatment of untreated chronic phase chronic myeloid leukaemia	I. I confirm that an application has been made and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.     I. I confirm that the patient has chronic phase myeloid leukaemia     I. confirm that the patient has received no prior treatment     I. confirm that imatinib is not appropriate for this patient and that this has been discussed and supported by the relevant MDT involved in CML decision making     I. confirm that nilotinib will be used as outlined in the Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).	No	TA426	21-Dec-16	21-Mar-17
NIL4	Nilotinib	For treating imatinib-resistant or imatinib- intolerant Philadelphia chromosome positive chronic phase chronic myeloid leukaemia in children where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with nilotinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has Philadelphia chromosome positive CML in chronic phase. 3. The patient has been previously treated with imatinib which had to be discontinued due to resistance or intolerance. Please mark below whether the patient was resistant to or intolerant of imatinib: - resistant to imatinib or - intolerant of imatinib 4. The use of nilotinib has been discussed by the relevant multi-disciplinary team (MDT) involved in chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML) decision making, which must include at least two consultants in the subspecialty with active and credible expertise in the relevant field of whom at least one must be a consultant paediatrician. 5. The patient is a child and 1 understand the Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC) states that 'there is no experience with treatment of paediatric patients below 2 years of age' and 'there is limited data in imatinib-resistant or intolerant paediatric patients below 6 years of age'. 6. Treatment with nilotinib will be as monotherapy and with dosing as described in the Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC). 7. The prescribing clinician understands the SPC cautions that in paediatric patients alter at least 2 years of treatment, treatment-related adverse events associated with bone growth and development were reported and close monitoring of growth in paediatric patients under nilotinib treatment is therefore recommended. 8. When a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected cycle length is needed, I will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment, including indicating as appropriate if the patient had an extended break because of COVID19. 9. Nilotinib will obterwise be used as outlined in the Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).	No	As referenced in TA425	21-Dec-16	21-Mar-17

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
NIR1	Niraparib	Niraparib as maintenance treatment in patients with high grade epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube or primary peritoneal carcinoma who have a deleterious or somatic BRCA mutation and who have a recent FIRS TRLAPSE of platinum- sensitive disease and who are now in response following a SECOND platinum- based chemotherapy where the following criteria have been met: There is a separate form (NIR2) for niraparita as maintenance treatment in patients with high grade epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube or primary peritoneal carcinoma who AN OT have a deleterious or suspected deleterious germline and/or somatic BRCA mutation and who are in response following platinum-based SECOND or subsequent line chemotherapy.	1. This application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with nirganib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. This patient has a proven histopical diagonics of predominant histopy in this patient: - high pade endominant missopy in this patient: - high pade endominant diagonics of predominant histopy in this patient: - high pade endominant diagonics of predominant histopy in this patient: - high pade endominant diagonics of predominant histopy in this patient: - high pade endominant diagonics of predominant histopy in this patient: - high pade endominant diagonics of predominant histopy in this patient: - high pade endominant diagonics of predominant histopy in this patient: - high pade endominant diagonics of predominant histopy in this patient to determine the presence of diaterious or in both A file patient HAS a documented determina or suppected determinas BRCA mutation(s): - in the tumory (ornattic tissue) only or - in other tumory (ornattic tissue) only or - in other tumory (ornattic tissue) only or - in the tumory (ornattic tissue) on the histopic on the tumory on the tissue on the histopic on tumory (ornattic tissue) on the histopic on the tumory on the tissue on the histopic on tumory on the tissue on the patient has a construction or suppected determinas the tumory on the tissue on the patient histopic on the histopic on the histopic on thistopic on the histopic on the histopic on the histopic on t	Νο	TA784	20-Apr-22	19-Jul-22

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
NIR2	Niraparib	Niraparib as maintenance treatment in patients with high grade epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube or primary peritoneal carcinoma who do NOT have a deleterious or suspected deleterious germline and/or somatic BRA Mutation and who have a recent FIRST OR SUBSEQUENT relapse of platinum-snastive disease and who are now in response following a SECOND OR JBAItomy-snstitive disease and who are now in response following a SECOND OR SUBSEQUENT platinum-based chemotherapy where the following criteria have been met: There is a separate form (NIR1) for niraparib as maintenance treatment in patients with high grade epithelial ovarian, failopian tube or primary peritoneal carcinoma who have a deleterious or suspected deleterious germline and/or somatic BRAC mutation and who are in response following a platinum-based SECOND line chemotherapy.	1. This patient has a proven histopical diagnosis of predominantly high grade serous or high grade endometriol of high grade clear cell ovarian, fallopian tube or primary peritoneal carcinoma. Please enter below as which is the predominant histopic in this patient: - high grade endometriol adenocarcinoma or - high grade endowed carcinoma or - endowed or presented to the recerval on or subsequent high platnum-based chemotherapy i Achine or presented - of the recerval or or subsequent his platnum-based chemotherapy i Achine or -	No	TA784	20-Apr-22	19-Jul-22

Blueteq Form re	f: Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
NIV1	Nivolumab	Nivolumab for previously treated advanced renal cell carcinoma	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The prescribing clinican is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 3. The patient has unrescribel locally advanced or metastatic renal cell carcinoma (RCC) which has either a clear cell component or is one of the types of RCC as indicated below. Prease indicate below which RCC histology applies to this patient: CC with a clear cell component or Papiling NCC or Collecting due to CC (Sellini collecting duet RCC) or Multicular cyclic RCC or Collecting duet CC or Visit RCC or V	No	TA417	23-Nov-16	23-Dec-16

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
NIV2	Nivolumab	The treatment of relapsed or refractory classical Hodgkin Lympoma in ADULT patients where all the following criteria are met:	1. An application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy is to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy 2. The prescribing clinician is aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies and hepatitis 3. The patient has relapsed or refractory disease 4. The patient has relapsed or refractory disease 5. The patient has received prior treatment with brentuximab vedotin 7. The patient has a ECOG performance status (PS) 0-1 8. The patient has a ECOG performance status (PS) 0-1 8. The patient has no Known central nervous system lymphoma. 11. The patient has not received prior treatment with an anti-PD-L2, anti-CD137, or anti-Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated antigen-4 (CTLA-4) antibody unless received aprior treatment with enviruamb EAMS programme for the ison down central lated. 12. The patient has not received prior treatment ultration of 2 years of uniterrupted treatment or \$2 administrations (where administered every 2 weeks) or 26 administrations (where administered every 4 weeks) with involumab will otherwise be used as set out in ts Summary of Produc Characteristics (SPC) <sup>+</sup> * Noolumab can also be administered as set out in the Summary of Produc Characteristics (SPC) <sup>+</sup> * Noolumab can also be administered as set out in the Summary of Produc Characteristics (SPC) <sup>+</sup> * Noolumab can also be administered as set out in the Summary of Produc Characteristics (SPC) <sup>+</sup> * Noolumab can also be administered as set out in the Summary of Produc Characteristics (SPC) <sup>+</sup> * Noolumab can admine the adverse of a set out in the Summary of Produc Characteristics (SPC) <sup>+</sup> * Noolumab can admine tere adverse administered as set out in the Summary of Produc Characteristics (SPC) <sup>+</sup> * Noolumab can be adverting to the set of adverse administered as set out in the Summary of P	Yes	TA462	26 Aug-17	26-Aug-17
NIV3	Nivolumab	The treatment of relapsed or refractory classical Hodgkin Lymphoma in PAEDIATRQ patients where all the following criteria are met:	<ol> <li>An application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy is to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy         <ol> <li>The prescribing clinician is aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies and hepatitis.</li> <li>The patient has a histologically confirmed diagnosis of classical Hodgkin's Lymphoma</li> <li>The patient has relapsed or refractory disease</li> <li>The patient has needed prior high-dose conditioning chemotherapy followed by autologous stem cell transplant (ASCT) as part of previous therapy for classical Hodgkin's Lymphoma</li> <li>The patient has an ECOG performance status (PS) 0-1</li> <li>The patient has an ECOG performance status (PS) 0-1</li> <li>The patient has an elither post pubescent or is pre pubescent and will receive nivolumab dosage as described in the publication Blood 2016; 128: 5414             <ul></ul></li></ol></li></ol>	Yes		26-Aug-17	26-Aug-17

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
NIV4	Nivolumab	Nivolumab monotherapy for the treatment of PD-L1 positive NON- SQUAMOUS locally advanced or metastati disease non-small cell lung cancer after chemotherapy where the following criteria have been met:	<ol> <li>An application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy will be prescribed by a consultant specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies, hepatitis and skin toxicities.</li> <li>The patient has a histologically confirmed diagnosis of non-squamous non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC).</li> <li>The patient has stas shown that the patient's tumour expresses PD-L1 with a positive tumour proportion score (TPS) of at least 1%.</li> <li>The patient has progressed either after treatment with at least two cycles of platinum-based doublet chemotherapy for stage IIIB or IIIC or IV or recurrent NSCLC after previous potentially curative local management of has progressed either after treatment with at least two cycles of platinum-based doublet chemotherapy for stage IIIB or IIIC or V or recurrent NSCL after previous potentially curative local management or has progressed within 6 months of completing platinum-based adjuvant or neoadjuvant therapy or chemoradiation and if appropriate that the patient has had all appropriate targeted treatments if the patient has a tumour which is positive for an actionable genomic change in relation to EGR or ALX or ROS1 or ME SC AS C12C or RET or RBAY V800 status.</li> <li>The patient has not received prior treatment with an anti PD-1, anti-PD-1, anti-PD-12, anti-CD137 or anti-cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated antigen-4 (CTL-4) antibody unless the patient discontinued or completed checkpoint inhibitor therapy for NSCL and discontinued or completed previous checkpoint inhibitor therapy for NSCL and discontinued or completed previous checkpoint inhibitor therapy for NSCL and discontinued immunotherapy without disease progression and at least 6 months prior</li></ol>	Yes	TA713	07-Jul-21	05-Oct-21
			8. Treatment with nivolumab will continue for a total of 2 years* or until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or withdrawal of patient consent, whichever occurs first. ** 2 years treatment is defined as a maximum of 52 x 2-weekly nivolumab administrations or 26 x 4-weekly administrations. 9. Nivolumab will be administered as monotherapy at a dose of 240mg every 2 weeks or 480mg every 4 weeks. Note: nivolumab 480mg every 4 weeks is unificansed, therefore Trust policy regarding the use of unilensed treatments must be followed if using this dosing schedule. 10. The patient has no Symptomatically active brain metastases or leptomeningeal metastases. 12. A formal review as to whether treatment thin violumab should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the first 8 weeks of treatment. 13. When a treatment break of more than 12 weeks beyond the expected 2 or 4-weekly cycle length is needed, the prescribing clinician will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment, including as appropriate if the patient had an extended break on account of Covid-19. 14. Nivolumab will be otherwise used as set out in Its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
			1. An application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endotrism and skin toxicities. 3. The patient has a histologically or cytologically confirmed diagnosis of squamous non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC). 4. The patient has stage IIIB or IIIC or IV NSCLC or disease that recurred after previous potentially curative local management of NSCLC with surgery/chemoradiotherapy/radiotherapy. 5. PL-L1 testing with an approved and validated test to determine the Tumour Proportion Score (TPS) has been attempted prior to this application and the result is set out below. Please document the actual TPS below (if negative, record '0') or enter 'n/a' if the TPS cannot be documented and the reason why below: PS				
NIV5	Nivolumab	7. The patient has not received prior treatment with an anti PD-1, anti-PD-12, antiPD-12, anti-PD-12, anti-PD-12, anti-PD-12, antiP	Note: NHS England does not commission re-treatment with checkpoint inhibitor therapy for patients who have discontinued or completed previous checkpoint inhibitor therapy advanced/metastatic indication. Please mark below if the patient received previous checkpoint inhibitor therapy and in which setting: - the patient has never received any immunotherapy for NSLC. If so, please type 'n/a' in the 'Time gap' box below or - the patient has previously been treated with adjuvant immunotherapy without disease progression and at least 6 months prior to the first diagnosis of relapse. Please document in the box below the time gap in months between completion of previous adjuvant immunotherapy and first diagnosis of disease relapse or - the patient has previously been treated with neoadjuvant immunotherapy and first diagnosis of disease relapse or - the box below the time gap in months between completion of previous adjuvant immunotherapy and first diagnosis of disease relapse or - the patient has previously been treated with maintenance immunotherapy and first diagnosis of disease relapse or - the patient has previously been treated with maintenance immunotherapy and first diagnosis of disease relapse or - the patient has previously been treated with maintenance immunotherapy on VSLCL and discontinued immunotherapy without disease progression and at least 6 months prior to the first diagnosis of relapse. Please document in the box below the time gap in months between completion of previous maintenance immunotherapy without disease relapse or - the patient has previously been treated with maintenance immunotherapy for NSLCL and discontinued immunotherapy without disease relapse or - the patient has previously been treated with maintenance immunotherapy and first diagnosis of disease relapse: Time gap in months after completion of previous adjuvant maintenance checkpoint inhibitor immunotherapy and first diagnosis of disease relapse: Time gap in months after completion of previous adjuvant or maintenance che	Yes	TA655	21-0ct-20	19-Jan-21
			Construct the set of the se	-			

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
NIV6	Nivolumab	The treatment of recurrent or metastatic squamous-cell carcinoma of the head and neck after platinum-based chemotherapy where all the following crtieria are met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with nivolumab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, collits, nephritis, endocrinopathies, hepatitis and skin toxicity. 3. The patient has a histologically or cyclologically confirmed diagnosis of squamous cell carcinoma of the head and neck. 4. The patient has recurrent or metastatic head and neck cancer that is not amenable to local therapy with curative intent (surgery and/or radiation therapy with or without chemotherapy). 5. The patient has a progressed or accurred during or within 6 months of the last dose of previously received platinum-based chemotherapy. Please indicate below in which disease setting this previous platinum-based chemotherapy was given:	No	TA736	20-Oct-21	18-Jan-22

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
NIV7	Nivolumab	Nivolumab for the adjuvant treatment of newly diagnosed and completely resected stage III or completely resected stage IV malignant melanoma where the following criteria are met:	1. This application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with involumab will be prescribed by a consultant specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies and hepatitis. 3. This patient has a confirmed histological diagnosis of malignant melanoma. Please inclicate whether the melanoma is BRAV V600 mutation positive or not: BRAV V600 mutation negative 4. The patient has a confirmed histological diagnosis of the AICC 8th edition as stage III disease or completely resected stage IV disease. Please state which tage disease the patient has: 5. Tage III disease or 5. Tage III disease and 5. If stage III melanoma, the disease has been completely resected via sentinel node biopsy (Sentinel lymphadenectomy') or when indicated via completion lymph node disection and/or there has been complete resection of 1. The patient is treatment naive to systemic therapy or malignant melanoma and in particular has not previously received any BRAV V600 inhibitors or MEX inhibitors 5. The patient is treatment naive to systemic therapy or malignant melanoma and in particular has not previously received any BRAV V600 inhibitors or MEX inhibitors 5. The patient is treatment naive to systemic therapy or malignant melanoma and in particular has not previously received any BRAV V600 inhibitors or MEX inhibitors 5. The patient is treatment naive to systemic therapy or malignant melanoma and in particular has not previously received any BRAV V600 inhibitors or MEX inhibitors 5. The patient inhibitors and to patient has been completely resected 5. The preaching inhibitors and to patient the	No	TA684	17-Mar-21	15-Jun-21

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
Blueteq Form ref:	Nivolumab	Nivolumab monotherapy (with or without initial combination treatment with ipilinumab) for treating unresectable or advanced malignant melanoma (form a): REGISTRATION OF START OF NIVOLUMAB MONOTHERAPY OR OF PREVIOUSLY COMMENCED AND CRERENTLY COMMENCED AND CURRENTLY COMMENCED AND CURRENT COMMENCED AND CURRENTLY COMMENCED AND CURRENTLY COMMENC	Blueteq Approval Criteria  1. This application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with involumab will be/was prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. Note: If retartnet with involumab has already commenced, it is vital that the first treatment start date has been entered in the box above. 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-11 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endorrinopathies and hepatitis. 3. The patient has a histologically- or cyclogically-confirmed diagnosis of malignant melanoma. 4. The patient has unresectable or advanced melanoma. 5. In regard to his/her treatment for unresectable/adverse reactions due to anti-PD-12 metaments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, or iplinumab monotherapy or tooth BAAF/MEK targeted treatment and glimumab monotherapy. 6. At the time of commencing nivolumab the patient has/here the gatement with any of the following: anti-PD-1, anti-PD-12 and anti-CD37 treatments unless the patient has received adjuvant immunotherapy. 7. There is the future opportunity for patients continuing to response disease state after 2 or more years of planed treatment to choose to discontinue novolumab and then to re-start nivolumab be meade on the third part of this patient bas thready and should this option be chosen that both the date of discontinuation must be registered on the second part of this form and the application to restart nivolumab be meade on the third part of this parties part of the second part of this form and the application to re-start nivolumab be meade on the thigh part of the second part of this form and the application to re-start nivolumab be meade on the thigh part of the second part of this form and the application to re-start nivolumab be meade on the thigh pare in tombination with iplimumab combinetrapy.	drug/	ТАЗ84 & ТА400	NICE	18-May-16 (Pinetro
		patients registered as having electively and previously stopped nivolumab and in whom there is disease progression for which the clinician wishes to re-commence nivolumab monotherapy.	10. The licensed dose and frequency of nivolumab will be used (i.e. either 240mg every 2 weeks or 480mg every 4 weeks) unless the patient chooses to electively discontinue treatment as outlined in criterion 7.				
		3. The third part of the form (patient details will be automatically entered) will	12. Treatment breaks of up to 12 weeks beyond the expected cycle length are allowed but solely to allow any toxicities to settle.				
			Form b and c are shown on the next page				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
NIV8b	Nivolumab	part of the form which must use the same unique Blueteq identifier is for those patients registered as having electively	1. This registration of electively discontinued treatment with nivolumab has been made by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient is in a stable disease or a response state in relation to treatment with nivolumab for his/her melanoma. Please indicate the nature of the response to nivolumab and if in a complete or partial response, please enter the date that this response was achieved: - complete response (dd/mm/yyy) or - partial response and date of partial response (dd/mm/yyy) or - stable disease 3. The patient has either received 2 or more years of nivolumab (including any doses given with ipilimumab) or the patient was randomised to the 1 year discontinuation arm in the DANTE trial. Please state which of these 2 reasons apply for discontinuation of therapy: - Complete 2 rosons are in including any doses given with ipilimumab) or the patient was randomised to the 1 year discontinuation arm in the DANTE trial. Please state which of these 2 reasons apply for discontinuation of therapy: - Complete 2 rosons and the duration of treatment with nivolumab (i.e. the time between treatment commencement and discontinuation) Please also state the duration of treatment with nivolumab (i.e. the time between treatment commencement and discontinuation) 4. The patient has chosen this option of discontinuing therapy after an informed consenting process which has fully described the advantages and disadvantages of the options of either continuing on nivolumab or electively discontinuing nivolumab with the option of re-starting nivolumab if the disease progresses but only with nivolumab directly as the next systemic therapy following previous discontinuation of nivolumab	No	TA384 & TA400	18-Feb-16 & 27-Jul 16	18-May-16 (Blueteq approval required from 01-Feb-19)
NIV8c	Nivolumab	Nivolumab for treating unresectable or advanced malignant melanoma (form c): RE-START OF NVOLUMAB MONOTHERAPY The third part of the form which must use the same unique Blueteq identifier is for those patients registered as having electively and previously stopped nivolumab and in whom there is disease to re-commence nivolumab as the next systemic treatment.	1. This application to re-start nivolumab monotherapy has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with nivolumab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has progressive non-resectable or metastatic melanoma. Please state the duration of time off treatment (i.e. the time between previous nivolumab discontinuation and decision to re-start nivolumab) 3. The patient has received no other systemic therapy in the time between the date of elective discontinuation of nivolumab and this application to re-start nivolumab 4. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies and hepatitis. 5. The present intention is that the patient will be treated with nivolumab monotherapy until there is progressive disease or unacceptable toxicity or if the patient declines further therapy. 6. The patient has a sufficient performance status (PS) to be fit to receive treatment with immunotherapy. 7. Nivolumab will be administered as monotherapy. 7. Nivolumab will be administered as monotherapy. 7. An onther there are on ontherapy as is not commissioned. 8. The licensed dose and frequency of nivolumab musi pillimumab is not commissioned. 8. The licensed dose and frequency of nivolumab will be scheduled to occur at least by the start of the 3rd month of treatment and thereafter on a regular basis. 9. A formal medical review to assess the tolerability of treatment with nivolumab will be scheduled to occur at least by the start of the 3rd month of treatment and thereafter on a regular basis. 10. Treatment breaks of up to 12 weeks beyond the expected cycle length are allowed but solely to allow any toxicities to settle	No	TA384 & TA400	18-Feb-16 & 27-Jul 16	18-May-16 (Blueteq approval required from 01-Feb-19)

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
NIV9	Nivolumab in combination with ipilimumab	For the 1st line treatment of intermediate or poor risk advanced renal cell carcinoma where the following criteria are met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with the combination of nivolumab and iplifimumab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to checkpoint inhibitor treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies, hepathis and skin toxicity. 3. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to checkpoint inhibitor treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, respirate, endocrinopathies, hepathis and skin toxicity. 3. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to checkpoint inhibitor treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, endocrinopathies, hepathis and skin collecting due to the spirate of the spirate of the types of RCC as indicated below. Please indicate below which RCC or - Papilany RCC or - Ollecting due RCC (Bellin collecting due RCC) or - Multicolus crycity RCC or - Ramothy predomines status of Set (See below for descryption o		TA581	23-Mar-22	21-Jun-22
			6. The patient has a Karnofsky performance status of at least 70%. 7. The patient has no symptomatic brain metastases or leptomeningeal metastases currently requiring steroids for symptom control. 8. The patient is to be treated until loss of clinical benefit or excessive toxicity or patient choice, whichever is the sooner. Note: there is no stopping rule as to the maximum treatment duration of involumab in this indication. 9. Ipilimumab will be used at the RCC ipilimumab dose of 1mg/Kg every 3 weeks for a maximum of four 3-weekly cycles. 10. Nivolumab will be used at a dose of 3mg/Kg every 3 weeks for the first 4 cycles [ie when in combination with ipilimumab) and then as subsequent monotherapy at a fixed dose of either 240mg every 2 weeks or 480mg every 4 weeks or 480mg every 8 weeks if the patient is participating in the REFINE trial (NHR CPMS ID 50169) 11. Nivolumab and ipilimumab will be prescribed and administered as outlined in their respective Summary of Product Characteristics (SPCs) for this indication. 12. A formal medical review to assess the tolerability of treatment with nivolumab and ipilimumab will be scheduled to occur by the start of the 3rd 3-weekly cycle of treatment and thereafter on a regular basis. 13. When a treatment break of more than 3 months beyond the expected 2- or 4-weekly cycle length is needed, a treatment break approval form will be completed to restart treatment, including indicating as appropriate if the patient and an extended break because of Covid-19. 14. If the disease progresses on the nivolumab plus ipilimumab combination the next set of treatment options are those drugs which are routinely commissioned as first to be used VEGF- or VEGFR-targeting drugs ie one choice of				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
NIV10	Nivolumab and ipilimumab	For patients with microsatellite instability high (MSI+I) or mismatch repair deficiency (dMMR) metastatic colorectal cancer after prior fluoropyrimidine-based chemotherapy for metastatic disease where the following criteria have been met:		No	TA716	28-Jul-21	26-Oct-21

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
NIV15	Nivolumab	For the treatment of adult patients with unresectable locally advanced or recurrent or metastatic squamous cell carcinoma of the oesophagus previously treated with a fluoropyrimidine and platinum-based combination chemotherapy where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies, hepatitis and skin toxicity. 3. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies, hepatitis and skin toxicity. 3. The patient has a histopically concrimed diagnostic of systemic anti-cancer therapy of the possibility of the possibilit	No	TA707	15-Jun-21	13-Sep-21

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
NIV17	<b>Nivolumab</b> as adjuvant monotherapy	For patients with completely resected oesophageal or gastro-oesophageal carionam who have residual pathological disease at surgery following prior neoadjuvant chemoradiotherapy where the following criteria has been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with involumab monotherapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The prescribed pairs is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-11 treatments including pneumonitis, collis, nephritis, endocrinopathies, hepatitis and skin toxicity. 3. The prescribed with histological contentions of the easyphages 1 due to anti-PD-11 treatments including pneumonitis, collis, endocrinopathies, hepatitis, endocrinopathies, hepathies, the primary theration of the outperformed diagonal dimenoralistic treated with neuronal of the gastro-esophageal junction. 4. In this patient, the primary treatment intent at the outset of therapy was to treat with the sequence of chemoradiotherapy followed by surgical resection. 8. The practice with heoadjuvant chemoradiotherapy and that the concurrent chemoradiotherapy used with the radiotherapy and who then progress locally and have salvage surgery are not eligible for adjuvant involumab. 9. The patient has undergone surgery for MO disease and that the tumour has been completely resected with the resected specime for this patient use of resected specime for this patient use of resected specime for this patient use of resected specime for the patient by an of resected specime for the patient use of resected specime for the patient tor adverse resected with presceted	No	TA746	17-Nov-21	15-Feb-22
NIV18	Nivolumab and ipilimumab	Nivolumab in combination with ipilimumab for treating advanced melanoma	1.1 confirm that this application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with the combination of ipilimumab and nivolumab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2.1 confirm that as the prescribing clinicai a 1 and fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to checkpoint inhibitor treatments including pneumonitis, collits, nephritis, endocrinopathies, hepatitis and skin toxicities. 3.1 confirm that the patient has unresectable stage III or stage IV histologically confirmed melanoma. 4.1 confirm that the patient has unresectable stage III or stage IV histologically confirmed melanoma. 4.1 confirm that the patient has not received previous treatment for this indication or durresectable or metastatic melanoma with any of the following: anti-Programmed Death receptor-1 (PD-1), anti-Programmed Death-1 ligand-1 (PD-1), (PD-1), anti-Programmed Death receptor-1 (PD-1), anti-Programmed Death-1 ligand-1 (PD	No	TA400	27-Jul-16	25-Oct-16

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
NIV19	Nivolumab	Nivolumab monotherapy for adjuvant treatment after complete turnour resection in adult patients with high risk muscle invasive urothelial cancer with turnour cell PD-L1 expression of 21% and platinum-based chemotherapy is unsuitable where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is below made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with adjuwant involumals will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-11 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinogative, heaptstain and kin toxicly. 3. The patient has histologically documented diagnosis of muccie lenaise worbleid cancer of the bladder, <u>register</u> of renal pelvis. Please mark book toxic lise of origin of the urobelial cancer:	No	TA817	10-Aug-22	08-Nov-22

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
			1. This application for nivolumab in combination with ipilimumab is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with nivolumab in combination with ipilimumab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies, hepatitis and skin toxicity. 3. The patient has a histological or con-pleual or rom-pleual or grine. 4. The mesothelioma is of pleuar or non-pleual or rom, Please indicate below the site of origin of the mesothelioma in this patient: - the precommend or and - the precination or or - the trains a site subtype of mesothelioma as to whether the mesothelioma in this patient is of epithelioid type or non-epithelioid type (sarcomatoid or mixed [biphasic] histological types) or the type cannot be determined. Please indicate below the histological subtype of mesothelioma in this patient: - the precinations is of epithelioid type or - the mesothelioma is of on-epithelioid (sarcomatoid or biphasic) type or - the mesothelioma is of on-epithelioid or biphasic) type or - the mesothelioma is of on-epithelioid or biphasic) type or - the mesothelioma is of on-epithelioid or biphasic) type or - the mesothelioma is of on-epithelioid or biphasic) type or - the mesothelioma is of on-epithelioid or biphasic) type or - the mesothelioma is of on-epithelioid or biphasic) type or - the mesothelioma is of no-epithelioid or biphasic) type or - the mesothelioma is of on-epithelioid or biphasic) type or - the mesothelioma is of non-epithelioid or biphasic) type or - the mesothelioma is of non-epithelioid or biphasic) type or - the mesothelioma to peintent or the mesothelioma to the treatment or - the mesothelioma is of non-epithelioid or biphasic) type or - the mesothelioma is of non-epithelioid or				
NIV20	<b>Nivolumab</b> in combination with ipilimumab	For treatment of unresectable malignant mesothelioma previously untreated with systemic therapy where the following criteria have been met:	6. The patient has unresectable disease. 7. The patient has not previously received any systemic therapy for mesothelioma (neither cytotoxic chemotherapy nor immunotherapy) unless the patient was started on treatment with nivolumab and ipilumumab via the EAMS scheme and all other treatment criteria on this form are fulfilled. Please mark below which of these 2 clinical scenarios applies to this patient: - The patient has not received prior systemic treatment for mesothelioma including chemotherapy, anti-PD-11, anti-PD-12, anti-PD-12, anti-Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated antigen-4 (CTLA-4) antibodies. - Received prior treatment with nivolumab and ipilumumab via EAMS scheme and all other treatment criteria on this form are fulfilled Note: patients previously treated with cytotoxic chemotherapy for mesothelioma or with immunotherapy for mesothelioma and end eligible to receive nivolumab plus ipilimumab.	No	TA818	17-Aug-22	16-Sep-22
			8. The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0 or 1. 9. The patient either has no known brain metastases or if the patient has brain metastases, the patient is symptomatically stable prior to starting nivolumab in combination with ipilimumab. 10. Nivolumab and ipilimumab will no the combined with any other systemic anti-cancer therapy. 11. Nivolumab will be administered at a flat dose of 360mg every 3 weeks. Note: if nivolumab is discontinued because of toxicity, ipilimumab must also be stopped. 12. Ipilimumab will be administered at a dose of 1mg/Kg every 6 weeks. Note: if nivolumab is discontinued because of toxicity, ipilimumab must also be stopped. 13. Ipilimumab is discontinued because of toxicity, nivolumab can be continued as monotherapy. 13. The patient will be treated until loss of clinical benefit or excessive toxicity or patient choice to discontinue treatment or completion of 2 years of treatment (a maximum of 35 cycles of nivolumab and a maximum of 17 cycles of ipilimumab), whichever is the sooner. Note: the registration trial for this indication (Checkmate743) had a 2 year stopping rule in the trial design and NICE's assessment of clinical and cost effectiveness was based on a treatment duration of nivolumab plus ipilimumab that reflected the 2 year stopping rule in Checkmate743. 14. A first formal medical review as to whether treatment with nivolumab in combination with ipilimumab should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the first 6 weeks of treatment. 14. Untoo a town brain team to the first 6 weeks of treatment. 15. Untoo a town brain team to the first 6 weeks of treatment. 16. Untoo a town brain team town brain team team team town on this polimumab town become the hole whether treatment with nivolumab in combination with ipilimumab should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the first 6 weeks of treatment.				
			15. When a treatment break of more than 12 weeks beyond the expected 6-weekly cycle length is needed, a treatment break approval form will be completed to restart treatment, including as appropriate if the patient had an extended break on account of Covid-19. 16. The next appropriate line of therapy would be platinum-based chemotherapy in combination with pemetrexed if the patient is fit enough to receive such treatment. 17. Nivolumab and ipilimumab will be used as set out in their respective Summary of Product Characteristics (SPCs).				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
NIV21	Nivolumab in combination with platinum and fluoropyrimilme-based chemotherapy	For previously untreated unresectable advanced or recurrent or metastatic squamous cell carcinoma of the oesophagus with a tumour cell PD-L1 expression of 21% and a PD-L1 combined positive score of -10 where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with nivolumab in combination with chemotherapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-1 or anti-PD-11 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies, hepatitis and skin toxicity. 3. The patient has histologically or cyclologically-confirmed diagnosis of squamous cell carcinoma of the oesophagus or adenosquamous carcinoma of the oesophagus. Please mark below which histology applies to this patient: - squamous cell carcinoma of the oesophagus 4. The patient has locally advanced unresectable or recurrent or metastatic disease. 5. The patient has not received any previous systemic therapy for locally advanced unresectable or recurrent or metastatic disease. in addition, please mark below whether the patient has/has not previously received any systemic therapy for squamous cell or adenosquamous carcinoma of the oesophagus - this patient was previously treated with neorabing various sceled or adenosquamous carcinoma of the oesophagus - this patient was previously treated with concurrent or sequential chemostrapy for squamous cell or adenosquamous carcinoma of the oesophagus and undervent surgery and has since had disease progression - this patient was previously treated with downer theraptor for squamous cell or adenosquamous carcinoma of the oesophagus and has since had disease progression - this patient was previously treated with concurrent or sequential chemostrapy for squamous cell or adenosquamous carcinoma of the oesophagus and has since had disease progression - this patient was previously treated with downer theraptor squamous cell or adenosquamous carcinoma of the oesophagus and has since had disease progression - this patient was previously	No	TA865	08-Feb-23	09-May-23
			11. The patient has an ECOG performance status (PS) of 0 or 1 and is fit for platinum and fluoropyrimidine-based chemotherapy in combination with nivolumab.     12. The patient has no symptomatically active brain metastases or leptomeningeal metastases.     13. Nivolumab will be stopped at whichever of the following events occurs first: disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or withdrawal of patient consent or <b>after 2 calendar years of treatment regardless of any treatment breaks</b> .     Note: the 2 year stopping rule for involumab in this indication.     Note: once nivolumab is stopped after 2 calendar years of treatment, it cannot be re-started.				
			14. A formal medical review as to how nivolumab plus chemotherapy is being tolerated and whether nivolumab should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the second cycle of treatment. 15. When a treatment break of more than 3 months beyond the expected 2- or 4-weekly cycle length is needed, the prescribing clinician will complete a treatment break to restart treatment. 16. Nivolumab will otherwise be used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
NIV22	Nivolumab in combination with platinum and fluoropyrimiline-based chemotherapy	For previously untreated advanced or metastatic HER-2 negative adenocaricomas of the stomach, gastro- oesophageal junction or oesophagus which express PO-11 with a combined positive score of 5 or more where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with involumab in combination with fluoropyrimidine-based chemotherapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-1 or anti-PD-11 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies, hepatits and skin toxicity. 3. The patents has instablegically or cyclologically-confirmed diagnosis of HER-2 negative adenocarcinoma of the stomach or gastro-oesophageal junction or oesophagus. Plesse mark below which site of disease applies to this patient:	Νο	TA857	11-jan-23	11-Apr-23
			<ol> <li>The patient has an ECOG performance status (P5) of 0 or 1 and is fit for platinum and fluoropyrimidine-based chemotherapy in combination with nivolumab.</li> <li>The patient has no symptomatically active brain metastases or leptomeningeal metastases.</li> <li>Nivolumab will be administered at a dose of either 240mg 2-weekly or 360mg 3-weekly in combination with platinum and fluoropyrimidine-based chemotherapy and subsequently as 4-weekly monotherapy. Note: nivolumab monotherapy can be continued after discontinuation of chemotherapy in the absence of disease progression. In such circumstances, NHS England recommends the administration of nivolumab 480mg 4-weekly unless there are clinical reasons for using 2- or 3-weekly nivolumab.</li> <li>The chemotherapy used in combination with nivolumab will be both platinum and fluoropyrimidine-based. Please mark below which chemotherapy regimen is being used in this patient:         <ul> <li>- oxaliplatin plus modified de Gramont regimen</li> <li>- cisplatin plus infused 5-fluorouracil</li> <li>- another regimen</li> </ul> </li> <li>Nivolumab will be topped at whichever of the following events occurs first: disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or withdrawal of patient consent or after 2 calendar years of treatment regardless of any treatment breaks.</li> <li>A formal medical review as to how nivolumab plus chemotherapy is being tolerated and whether nivolumab bould continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the second month cycle of treatment.</li> <li>Miven a treatment break of more than 3 months beyond the expected 2-, 3- or 4-weekly cycle length is needed, the prescribing clinician will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment, including indicating 15. Nivolumab will otherwise be used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).</li> </ol>				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
NIV23	<b>Nivolumab</b> plus chemotherapy	For the neoadjuvant treatment of adults with previously untreated UICC/AICC 8th edition stage IIA or IIB or IIB or N2 only IIB non-small cell lung cancer and who are candidates for potentially curative surgery where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the fint optic of systemic and-cancer therapy with neadjusant nivolumab in combination with chemotherapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic and-cancer therapy. 2. The prescribes (finician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endotrician bit has a specialist sadistic inclusions. 3. The patient has a hotologically documented disposite of non-small cell lung cancer (NSCL). Pease mark below which hotolog applies to this patient: - squamous NSCL - and-squamous NSCL - and-squamous NSCL - and-squamous NSCL - and-squamous NSCL - and advection on an LE gene fusion and process, i.e. the patient has a squamous cell cancinome GPT/ALK status. Pease mark below which option applies to this patient: - squamous NSCL - and advection on an LE gene fusion and process, i.e. the patient has consented to be treated with numberned base on discussed with the patient base bene discussed with the patient during the consenting process, i.e. the patient has a squamous cell cancinome GPT/ALK status. Pease mark below which option applies to this patient: - advection on an LE gene fusion and proceed with involumab has been discussed with the patient during the consenting process S. The dincinal TWI staging has been spread at the appropriate tung Cancer MDT meeting to be stage IIA or IIB or I	Νο	TA876	22-Mar-23	20-Jun-23

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
NIVREL1	Nivolumab in combination with relatlimab (Opdualag *)	As first immunotherapy for treating unresectable or metastatic melanoma in patients aged 12 years or more where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with the combination of nivolumab plus relatinab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to checkpoint inhibitor treatments including pneumonitis, collis, nephritis, endocrinopathies, hepatits, mycoarditis and skin toxicilies. 3. The patient is aged 12 years or ider. 4. The patient is aged 12 years or ider. 5. The patient is and on treatived previous treatment for the indication of unrescetable or metastatic melanoma with any of the following: anti-Programmed Death receptor-1 (PD-1), anti-Programmed Death-1 ligand-1 (PD-11), anti-Programmed Death-1 ligand-2 (anti-CTL-4) antibudies. Note: treatment with involumab in the indimumb. 5. The patient is aged 12 years or ider. 5. The patient is aged to the indication of unrescetable or metastatic melanoma with any of the following: anti-Programmed Death receptor-1 (PD-1), anti-Programmed Death-1 ligand-1 (PD-11), ant	Νο	TA950	07-Feb-24	07-May-24

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
OBI2	Obinutuzumab	Obinutuzumab in combination with chlorambucil for untreated chronic lymphocytic leukaemia where the following criteria have been met:	<ol> <li>This application is being made by and the 1st cycle of systemic anti cancer therapy with obinutuzumab plus chlorambucil will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti- cancer therapy.</li> <li>The patient has a confirmed pathological diagnosis of chronic lymphocytic leukaemia.</li> <li>The patient has documented CD20+ chronic lymphocytic leukaemia</li> <li>The patient has NOT been previously treated for chronic lymphocytic leukaemia and has comorbidities that make full-dose fludarabine-based therapy and bendamustine-based therapy unsuitable for them, e.g. people who have comorbidities such as impaired renal function, hypertension or diabetes</li> <li>A maximum of 6 cycles of the combination of obinutuzumab plus chlorambucil should be used</li> <li>The patient has a performance status (PS) of 0 - 2.</li> <li>No planned treatment breaks of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected cycle length are allowed (to allow any toxicity of current therapy to settle or intercurrent comorbidities to improve).*         * Requests for continuation of treatment breaks over this duration should be made via the treatment break approval process.     </li> <li>8. The licensed doses and frequencies of obinutuzumab and chlorambucil will be used.</li> </ol>	No	TA343	02-Jun-15	31-Aug-15
OBJBEN1	Obinutuzumab with bendamustine	The treatment of follicular lymphoma refractory to ritusimab where the following criteria apply:	<ol> <li>An application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>The patient has a confirmed histological diagnosis of follicular lymphoma.</li> <li>The patient has been previously treated for follicular lymphoma with rituximab-containing chemotherapy (i.e. with induction rituximab-containing chemotherapy.</li> <li>Please indicate below whether the patient progressed during rituximab-containing induction chemotherapy or during or within 6 months of completing maintenance rituximab monotherapy.</li> <li>The patient has either failed to respond to or progressed during rituximab-containing combination induction chemotherapy or - The patient has either failed to respond to or progressed during rituximab-containing combination induction chemotherapy or - The patient has enter failed to respond to or progressed during rituximab-containing induction chemotherapy or - The patient has enter failed to respond to or progressed during rituximab-containing combination induction chemotherapy or - The patient has progressed during or within 6 months of completing maintenance single agent rituximab.</li> <li>If the patient progressed during or within 6 months of completing maintenance single agent rituximab.</li> <li>If the patient was previously treated with 1st line obinutzumab-containing chemotherapy or not:         <ul> <li>The patient has not previously treated with 1st line obinutzumab-containing chemotherapy.</li> </ul> </li> <li>A maximum of 6 cycles of the combination of obinutzumab is endermotherapy.</li> <li>A maximum of 2 years or until disease progression (whichever occurs first).</li> <li>A maximum of 2 years or until disease progression (whichever occurs first).</li> <li>The patient has an ECOG performance status (PS) of 0 - 2.</li> <li>No planned weaks dones and frequencies of ob</li></ol>	No	TA629	13-May-20	11-Aug-20

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
OBI1		The treatment of untreated advanced follicular lymphoma where all the following crtieria are met:	<ol> <li>This application is made by and the first cycle of obinituzumab in combination with chemotherapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy</li> <li>The patient has a confirmed histological diagnosis of grade 1-3a CD20-positive follicular lymphoma</li> <li>The patient has not previously received any of the following for treatment of lymphoma: chemotherapy alone, immunotherapy alone (rituximab, obinutuzumab) or chemotherapy in combination with immunotherapy (rituximab, obinutuzumab).</li> <li>The patient has not previously received any of the following for treatment of lymphoma: chemotherapy alone, immunotherapy alone (rituximab, obinutuzumab) or chemotherapy in combination with immunotherapy (rituximab, obinutuzumab).</li> <li>The patient has been assessed according to the Following for treatment of lymphoma international Prognostic Index (FLIP) and has scored a value of at least 2. Please indicate FLIPI score: Following received any core 0 (rituximab, contex), score 0 (rituximab, contex), score 0 (rituximab, contex), score 0 (rituximab), contex (rituximab, contex), score 0 (rituximab), score 0 (ri</li></ol>	No	TA513	21-Mar-18	19-Jun-18
			extended break on account of Covid-19. 11. Obinutuzumab is to be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
OLAPIa	Olaparib in its tablet formation	For the maintenance treatment in patients with high grade epithelial stage III or IV ovarian, fallopian tube or primary peritoneal carcinom who are in response following platinum-based FIRST line chemotherapy AND who have a deleterious or suspected deleterious germline and/or somatic BRCA mutation where the following criteria have been met: THIS FORM IS FOR INITIATION OF MAINTENANCE OLAPARIB AS A SINGLE AGENT ONLY. THIS FORM IS FOR INITIATION OF MAINTENANCE OLAPARIB TABLETS IN THIS INDICATION. A separate CDF form OLAPD Is only for those patients with	1. This application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with olaparib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. This patient has a proven histological diagnosis of predominant hyigh grade serous or high grade endometrioid or high grade clear cell ovarian, fallopian tube or primary peritoneal carcinoma. Please enter below as to which is the predominant histology in this patient: - high grade endometrioid adenocarcinoma or - high grade clear cell carcinoma - This patient has had germline and/or somatic (tumour) BRCA testing. Please enter below the type of tissue on which BRCA mutation positive and germline BRCA mutation negative or - proven somatic BRCA mutation or germline BRCA mutation testing results are known at the time of this application: - proven somatic BRCA mutation or suspected deleterious BRCA mutation (s). Please enter below as to which deleterious or suspected deleterious BRCA mutation(s). Please enter below as to which deleterious or suspected deleterious BRCA mutation(s). Please enter below as to which deleterious or suspected deleterious BRCA mutation(s). Please enter below as to which deleterious applications or suspected deleterious BRCA mutation(s). Please enter below as to which deleterious applications with recently diagnoeed and treated stage 1-IC disease or for patients relapsing after previous treatment. 6. One of the following scenarios applies to the surgical management of the patient in relation to the stage of the disease: - the patient has stage III disease and had an infortral atterpt at optimal correductive surgery or - the patient has stage III disease and had an upfront atterpt at optimal correductive surgery or - the patient has stage III disease and had an upfront atterpt at optimal correductive surgery or - the patient has stage III disease and had an upfront atterpt at optimal correductive surgery or - the patient has stage III disease and had an upfront atterpt	Yes	TA962	28-Mar-24	26-Jun-24
		patients for funding of olapant tablets to continue beyond 2 years A separate form (OLAP4) is to be used for olaparib in combination with bevacizumab as maintenance treatment in this 1st line indication.	<ul> <li>9. This patient has responded to the recently completed 1st line chemotherapy and has achieved a partial or complete response to treatment according to the definitions given below and with no evidence of progressive disease on the post-chemotherapy scan and the CA125 is normal or</li> <li>- achieved a partial response at the end of 1st line chemotherapy i.e. has had at least a 30% reduction in measurable or non-measurable disease on the post-chemotherapy scan and the CA125 is normal or</li> <li>- achieved a partial response at the end of 1st line chemotherapy i.e. has had at least a 30% reduction in measurable or non-measurable disease from the start of to the completion of 1st line chemotherapy or the patient has a complete response to treatment be normal range.</li> <li>10. The patient has not previously received a PARP inhibitor unless 1st line maintenance niraparib monotherapy has had to be stopped within 3 months of its start solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease progression. Please mark below which scenario applies to this patient:</li> <li>- the patient has never previously received a PARP inhibitor or</li> <li>- the patient has never previously received a PARP inhibitor or</li> <li>- the patient has previously received a PARP inhibitor deterapy and this has had to be stopped within 3 months of its start solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease progression.</li> <li>10. Olaparib will be used as montherapy.</li> <li>11. Olaparib will be used as montherapy.</li> <li>12. Maintenance olaparib is not being administered concurrently with maintenance bevacizumab.</li> <li>Please indicate below whether bevacizumab used in combination with the 1st line chemotherapy or</li> <li>- bevacizumab 15.mg/kg given in combination with platinum-based chemotherapy or</li> <li>- bevacizumab 15.mg/kg given in combination with platinum-based chemotherapy or</li> <li>- bevacizumab 2.mg/kg given in combination with platinum-based</li></ul>	Yes	TA962	28-Mar-24	26-Jun-24

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
OLAP1b	Olaparib in its tablet formation	with nigg grade epithelia BKCA multiplo positive stage till or IV ovaria (falopian tube or primary peritoneal carcinoma who responded to platinum-based FIRST line chemotherapy AND who still have stable residual disease after 2 years of olaparib maintenance therapy and who are planned to continue with maintenance olaparib where the following criteria have been met: THIS FORM IS FOR CONTINUATION OF MAINTENANCE OLAPARIB AFTER COMPLETION OF 2 YEARS OF TREATMENT. A separate from OI APIA is used for	2. This patient has just completed 2 years of maintenance therapy with olaparib following a response to platinum-based 1st line chemotherapy for BRCA mutation positive high grade serous or endometrioid ovarian, tailopian tube or primary peritoneal carcinoma. 3. The patient has had a scan after completing 2 years of maintenance olaparib and this scan confirms the presence of stable residual disease and serial CA125 measurements also show no evidence of disease relapse. Note: If the patient is in complete remission after 2 years of maintenance olaparib, maintenance olaparib should be discontinued as per the marketing authorisation of olaparib and the NICE guidance. 4. The prescribing clinician considers that the patient is likely to benefit from continuing on maintenance olaparib. 5. The patient continues to have a sufficiently good ECOG performance to continue on olaparib maintenance therapy. 6. Olaparib is to be continued until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment. 7. Olaparib will continue to be used as monotherapy. 8. When a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected 4-weekly cycle length is needed, the prescribing clinician will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment.	Yes	TA962	28-Mar-24	26-Jun-24

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
OLAP2	<b>Olaparib</b> In its tablet formation	For the maintenance treatment in patients with high grade epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube or primary peritoneal carcinoma who HAVE a deleterious or suspected deleterious germline and/or somatic BRCA mutation and who have a recent FIRST RELAPSE of platinum- sensitive disease and who are now in response following a SECOND platinum- based chemotherapy where the following criteria have been met: There is a separate form OLAP1 for olaparib in its tablet formulaton tube or primary pertoneal carcinoma who have a deleterious or suspected deterious genine and/or somatic BRCA mutation who are in response following platinum- based RSI line chemotherapy. There is also a separate form OLAP3 for olaparib in its tablet formulation as maintenance treatment in patients with high rade epithelial stage III or IV ovarian, fallopian tube or primary peritoneal acrinoma who have a deleterious or suspected deleterious germline and/or somatic RRA mutation who are in response following platinum-based THID or subsequent line chemotherapy.	<ol> <li>This application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with objarits tablets will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>This patient has a proven histological diagnosis of predominantly high grade serous or high grade endometrioid or high grade clear cell ovarian, fallopian tube or primary peritoneal carcinoma.         <ul> <li>Play grade motivation advices or the patient histology in this patient:             <ul></ul></li></ul></li></ol>	Νο	TA908	05-Jul-23	03-Oct-23
			12. The patient has an ECGG performance status of either 0 or 1. Please enter below as to which ECGG performance status applies to this patient:         - ECGG PS 0 or         - ECGG PS 0 or         13. Olaparito is to be continued until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment.         14. A formal medical review as to whether maintenance treatment with olaparib should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the start of the third cycle of treatment.         15. No treatment breaks of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected cycle length are allowed (to allow any toxicity of current therapy to settle or intercurrent comorbidities to improve).         16. Olaparito in is to be thornwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics.				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
OLAP3	Olaparib in its tablet formation	For maintenance treatment in patients with high grade epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube or primary peritoneal carcinoma who have a deleterious or somatic BRCA mutation and who have a recent SECDNO DR SUBSEQUENT relapse of platinum-sensitive disease and who are now in response following a THIRD OR SUBSEQUENT platinum-based chemotherapy where the following criteria have been met: This OLAP3 form should also be used for patients transitioning from olaparib capsules to olaparib tablets in this particular indication for maintenance therapy after 3rd or subsequent platinum- based chemotherapy. There is a separate form OLAP1 for olaparib in its tablet formulation as maintenance treatment in patients with high grade epithelial stage III or IV ovarian, fallopian tube or primary peritoneal carcinoma who have a deleterious or suspected deleterious germline and/or somatic BRCA mutation who are in response following platinum-based fIRST line chemotherapy.	1. This application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. This patients has a proven histological diagnosis of predominantly high grade serous or endometrioid ovarian, falsplan table or primary pertness claritions. 3. This patients has a degreents and/or same the same testing. 4. This patients has a degreent and/or same testing of the second of the	Νο	TA620	15-Jan-20	14-Apr-20

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
OLAP4_v1.1	Olaparib in combination with bevacizumab	high grade epithelial stage III or IV ovarian, fallopian tube or primary peritoneal carcinoma who are in response following platinum-based FIRST line chemotherapy AND whose cancer has a positive status for homologous recombination deficiency as defined by the presence of either a deleterious or suspected deleterious BRCA 1/2 germline and/or somatic mutation or genomic instability where the following criteria have been met: There is a separate form OLAPLa for use of <u>olaparib montherapy</u> as maintenance treatment in patients with high grade epithelial stage III or IV ovarian, fallopian due or primary peritoneal carcinoma who are in response following platinum-based FIRST line chemotherapy NDO whose cancer has the presence of a deleterious or suspected deleterious BRCA 1/2 germline and/or somatic mutation	1. In the appendix and cancertain the the exclusion is have made by and the find quick of systems, and cancer the the quick of systems, and cancertain the exclusion of systems is an exclusion specification of the product of cancer the product	Yes	TA946	17-Jan-24	16-Apr-24

0.045         Origan         1. The planet has been which been of the park of the mark of the mark of the mark of the park of the mark of the mar	Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
NHS England will not fund the use of adjuvant olaparib in patients who have accessed olaparib via a company early access scheme unless ALL the treatment criteria on this form are fulfilled.       Please mark below which scenario applies to this patient:         I the patient has never previously received a PARI inhibitor or       -       -         I the patient has a received olaparib as part of a company early access scheme for this adjuvant indication and all the other criteria set out in this form are fulfilled.       -         13. The patient has an ECOG performance status of either 0 or 1.       -			Olaparib monotherapy as adjuvant treatment of high-risk TRIPLE NEGATIVE early breast cancer treated with neoadjuvant or adjuvant chemotherapy and definitive local therapy in patients with a deleterious or suspected deleterious germline BRCA mutation where the following criteria have been	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy, with oligarith will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy, 2. This patient has a provem histophysical diagons of trigle negative treat cancer (hormone receptor negative and HE 2 negative). 3. This patient has a comment systemic anti-cancer therapy, 4. This patient has a comment systemic anti-cancer therapy, 4. This patient has a comment systemic anti-cancer is not funded. 4. This patient HAS a comment systemic anti-cancer therapy, 4. This patient HAS a comment systemic anti-cancer is not funded. 5. The patient has recently completed either neoadjuvant chemotherapy or adjuvant chemotherapy. 4. This patient HAS a comment systemic anti-cancer therapy, 4. This patient HAS a comment systemic anti-cancer therapy and by a consultant speciality specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 5. The patient has recently completed either neoadjuvant chemotherapy or adjuvant chemotherapy containing regimen or a lagivant cytotoxic chemotherapy regimes:	indication		Guidance	funding started

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
OLAP6	Olaparib in combination with hormone therapy	As adjuvant treatment of high-risk HORMONE RECEPOR POSITIVE HER 2 KEGATVE early breast cancer treated with neoadjuvant or adjuvant chemotherapy and definitive local therapy in patients with a deleterious or suspected deleterious germline BRCA mutation where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by each the first cycle of parathenic artic securit many with algorith without prescribed by a consultant speculial specifically trained and accredited in the use of systeme and scancer theory. 3. This patients are are consented permited defections or supecified defections or first consent theory and the section or any exceted defections or first consented defections of the trained of the	Νο	TASB6	10-May-23	08-Aug-23

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
OLAP7	Olaparib	Olaparib monotherapy for metastatic castration-resistant prostate cancer bearing germline and/or somatic BRCA 1 or 2 mutations in patients who have progressed following previous treatment with an androgen receptor trapted agent AND HAVE ALSO BEEN TREATED WITH DOCETAXEL where the following criteria have been met:	<ol> <li>This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with olaparib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>This patient either has a proven histological or cyclological diagnosis of adenocarcinoma of the prostate or has presented with a clinical picture consistent with metastatic prostate cancer with both widespread bone metastases radiologically typical of prostate cancer and a serum PSA of at least SOng/ml.</li> <li>This patient HAS a documented germline and/or somatic deleterious or suspected deleterious BRCA 1 or BRCA 2 mutation(s).</li> <li>Please enter below as to which deleterious or suspected deleterious BRCA nutation(s) the patient has         <ul> <li>BRCA 1 mutation or</li> <li>both BRCA1 and BRCA 2 mutations</li> <li>This patient has been previously treated with an androgen receptor targeted agent (enzalutamide or apolatamide or abiraterone) and has progressed on such treatment.</li> <li>The patient has been previously treated with docetaxel and has progressed after such treatment.</li> <li>Note: there is a separate form OLAPB for patients who have no theor previously treated with docetaxel.</li> <li>Olaparib will be prescribed as monotherapy.</li> <li>Note: it is expected that treatment with LHRH agonists/antagonists will continue unless the patient has undergone surgical castration.</li> <li>The patient has an ecceved any previous treatment with a PAPP inhibitor.</li> <li>The patient has an ecceved any previous treatment with a PARP inhibitor.</li> <li>The patient has an ecceved any previous treatment with a PARP inhibitor.</li> <li>The patient has an ecceved any previous treatment with a PARP inhibitor.</li> </ul> </li> <li>In Algorib is to be continued until disease progression or unacceptable toxic</li></ol>	No	TA887	10-May-23	08-Aug-23
OLAP8	Olaparib	Olaparib monotherapy for metastatic castration-resistant prostate cancer bearing germaine and/or somatic BRCA 1 or 2 mutations in patients who have progressed following previous treatment with an androgen receptor tragted agent AND HAVE NOT BEEN PREVIOUSLY TREATED where the following criteria have been met:	<ol> <li>This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with olaparib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>This patient either has a proven histological or cyclogical diagnosis of adenocarcinoma of the prostate or has presented with a clinical picture consistent with metastatic prostate cancer with both widespread bone metastases radiologically typical of prostate cancer and a serum PSA of at least SOng/ml.</li> <li>This patient HAS a documented germline and/or somatic deleterious BRCA nutation(s) the patient has</li> <li>BRCA 1 mutation or</li> <li>BRCA 1 mutation or</li> <li>both BRCA1 and BRCA 2 mutations</li> <li>The patient has been previously treated with an androgen receptor targeted agent (enzalutamide or apalutamide or abiraterone) and has progressed on such treatment.</li> <li>The patient has NOT been previously treated with docteaxel.</li> <li>Note: there is a separate form OLAP7 for patients who have been previously treated with docetaxel.</li> <li>Olaparib will be prescribed as monotherapy.</li> <li>Note: it is expected that treatment with LHRH agonists/antagonists will continue unless the patient has undergone surgical castration.</li> <li>The patient has not received any previous treatment with a PARP inhibitor.</li> <li>The patient with a performance status of o or 1 or 2.</li> <li>Note aratient with a performance status of or or 1 or 2.</li> <li>Olaparib is to be continued until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment.</li> <li>A formal medical review as to whether olaparib should continue or not will be scheduel to occur at least by the start of the third 4-weekly cycle of treatment.</li> <li>A formal medical review as as whether olaparib should continue or on the scheduel to occur at least by the start of the third 4-weekly cycle of treatment.</li></ol>	No	TA887	10-May-23	08-Aug-23

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
OLAP9	Olaparib in combination with abiraterone	The treatment of metastatic hormone- relapsed (castrate-resistant) prostate cancer in patients who are treatment naive to androgen receptor inhibitors and in whom chemotherapy is not yet clinically indicated or appropriate where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application for oliganit plus abitraterone is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with oliganit plus abitraterone will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systeme cancer and server histological diagnosis of adenocarcinoma of the prostate or has presented with a clinical picture consistent with metastatic prostate cancer with both widespread bone metastases typical of prostate cancer and server mPSA of at least S0ng/mL 3. The patient has metastatic prostate cancer. 4. The patient has metastatic prostate cancer. 5. The patient has not been treated with chemotherapy for the hormone-relapsed (castrate-resistant) indication and that for this same hormone-relapsed (castrate-resistant) indication chemotherapy is either not yet clinically indicated or is inappropriate (contraindicated or declined by the patient). Note: chemotherapy given for hormone-sensitive disease earlier in the treatment pathway does not exclude patients from potential access to olaparib plus abitraterone. 5. The patient has not previously received any therapy with an androgen receptor inhibitor such as enzalutamide, abitraterone, apalutamide or darolutamide at any place in the prostate cancer treatment pathway except in the case of patients who necevice androgen receptor inhibitor such as enzalutamide, abitraterone, apalutamide or darolutamide at any place in the prostate cancer treatment pathway OR - the patient has not previously received any therapy with an androgen receptor inhibitor such as enzalutamide, abitraterone, apalutamide or darolutamide at any place in the prostate cancer treatment pathway OR - the patient has not previously received any place in the give previous in precision or evidence of clinical or radiological progressive disease at the time such androgen receptor inhibitor such as enzalutamide, abitraterone, apalutamide or darolutamide at any place in the prostate cancer treatment pathway OR - the patient fraceved androgen receptor in	No	TA951	07-Feb-24	07-May-24

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
0511	Osimertinib	The the second-line treatment of locally advanced or metastatic epidermal growth factor receptor 1790M mutation-positive non small cell lung cancer in adults where all the following criteria are met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with osimerinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accedited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has histological or cyclological evidence of NSCLC that carries an EGFR T790M mutation based on a validated test <b>DR</b> there is documented agreement by the lung MDT that the radiological appearances are in keeping with locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC <b>AND</b> there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of an EGFR T790M mutation. Please mark below on which basis the diagnosis of EGFR T790M mutation positive NSCLC has been made in this patient: Histological or cyclological evidence Occumented agreement by the lung MDT that the radiological appearances are in keeping with locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC and there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of an EGFR T790M mutation. 3. The patient has locally advanced or metastatic disease. 4. The patient has blocally advanced or a metastatic disease. 5. The patient has blocally advanced or a metastatic disease. 5. The patient has blocally advanced or a metastatic disease. 5. The patient has blocally advanced or a metastatic disease as exhibiting unequivocal evidence of a T790M mutation. 5. There is at least evidence of radiological disease progression on 1st line EGFR-targeted tyrosine kinase (TKI) therapy and there has been no further systemic anti-cancer treatment. 9. Please mark below which Stratin applies to this patient: - eriorlinib - eriorlinib - Celffort the patient has had no prior treatment with osimertinib aro simertinib. Been received as adjuwant treatment for resected stages IB to N2 only IIIB NSCLC with either an EGFR exon 19 deletion or exon 21 substitution Please mark below which Seratin applies to this patient: - no prior treatment with osimertinib for resected stages IB to N2 only IIIB NSCLC and did not progress whilst still rec	No	TA653	14-Oct-20	12-jan-21
OSI2	Osimertinib	factor receptor mutation-positive non- small cell lung cancer in adults where the following criteria have been met:	<ol> <li>Discription will be used as set out in its summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).</li> <li>This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with osimertinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>The patient has histological or cytological evidence of NSCLC that carries a sensitising EGFR mutation based on a validated test <b>QR</b> there is documented agreement by the lung MDT that the radiological appearances are in keeping with locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC Prodogical evidence.</li> <li>Documented agreement by the lung MDT that the radiological appearances are in keeping with locally advanced or metastatic discusse indication, the patient has not review any previous cytological evidence.</li> <li>The patient has locally advanced or metastatic discusse indication, the patient has not review any previous cytological evidence.</li> <li>The patient has had no prior treatment with an EGFR inhibitor unless afatinb or dacomitinib or erlotinib or gefitnib has had to be stopped within 3 months of its start solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of progressive disease enducent with an EGFR inhibitor unless afatinb or dacomitinib or erlotinib or gefitnib has had to be stopped within 3 months of its start solely as a consequence of progressive disease enducent with an EGFR inhibitor with treatment for resected stages 18 to N2 only 118 NSCLC with either an EGFR exon 19 deletion or exon 21 substitution mutation and the patient did not progress while tail receving adjuvant osimetrinib.</li> <li>Previous treatment with a EGFR inhibitor but treatment has had to be stopped within 3 months of its start solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of progressive disease encordes adjuvant osi</li></ol>	No	TA654	14-Oct-20	12-Jan-21

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
PALI_v1.4	Palbociclib (in combination with an aromatase inhibitor)	The treatment of previously untreated, hormone receptor-positive, HEB2- negative, locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer	1. This application for palbociclib in combination with an aromatase inhibitor is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy 2. The patient has histologically or cytologically documented oestrogen receptor positive and her-2 negative breast cancer 3. The patient has had no prior treatment with a CDK 4/6 inhibitor unless either ribociclib or abemaciclib has had to be stopped within 6 months of its start solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease progression or abemaciclib has been previously received as adjuvant therapy and treatment with abemaciclib was completed without disease progression at least 12 months prior to the first diagnosis of recurrent or metastitic disease. Please mark below which one of these 4 scenarios applies to this patient: - on prior treatment with a CDK 4/6 inhibitor abemaciclib but treatment has had to be stopped within 6 months of its start solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of progressive disease or or previous treatment with the 1st line CDK4/6 inhibitor abemaciclib but treatment has had to be stopped within 6 months of its start solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of progressive disease or or previous treatment with the 1st line CDK4/6 inhibitor ribecilib but treatment has had to be stopped within 6 months of its start solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of progressive disease or or previous treatment with abemaciclib was completed without disease progression at least 12 months prior to the first diagnosis of recurrent or metastatic disease 4. The patient has matetatic breast cancer or locally advanced breast cancer which is not amenable to curative treatment 5. The patient has had no previous hormone therapy for locally advanced or metastatic disease i.e. is hormone therapy naive for	Yes	TA495	20-Dec-17	20-Mar-18
PAL2_v1.1	Palbociclib in combination with fulvestrant	For hormone receptor-positive, HER2- negative, locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer where the following criteria are met:	1. This application for palbocidib in combination with fulvestrant is being made by and the first cycle of palbociclib plus fulvestrant will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has histologically or cyclologically documented oestrogen receptor positive and HER-2 negative breast cancer. 3. The patient has metatatic breast cancer or locally advanced breast cancer which is not amenable to curative treatment. 4. The patient has metatatic breast cancer or locally advanced breast cancer which is not amenable to curative treatment. 5. The patient has necose performance status of 0 or 1 or 2. 6. The patient has necose performance status of 0 or 1 or 2. 6. The patient has necesived previous endocrine therapy according to one of the three populations as set out below as these are the groups on which the NICE Technology Appraisal for palbociclib plus fulvestrant focused. Please record which population the patient falls into: - has progressive disease whill 2 vie somost of completing adjuvant endocrine therapy for early breast cancer with no subsequent endocrine therapy received following disease progression or - has progressive disease whill 2 vie somost of completing adjuvant endocrine therapy for early breast cancer with no subsequent endocrine therapy received following disease progression or - has progressive disease on 1st line endocrine therapy for advanced/metastatic breast cancer with no subsequent endocrine therapy and treatment with a DCM 4/6 hinkintor unless either absence of disease. Please mark below which one of these 4 scenarios applies to this patient: - on prior treatment with a DCM 4/6 hinkintor absence of disease progression and the CDM 4/6 hinkintor absencicilib in combination with fulvestrant but treatment has had to be stopped within 6 months of its start solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease treatices and the application breatient with be CDM 6/6 hinkin	Yes	TA836	26-Oct-22	24-Jan-23

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
			1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of panitumumab in combination with FOLFIRINOX/FOLFOXIRI chemotherapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. This patient has RAS wild-type metastatic colorectal cancer. 3. This patient has not received previous cyclotoxic chemotherapy or not: - the patient has not had previous neoadjuvant cyclotoxic chemotherapy for metastatic colorectal cancer or - the patient has been treated with previous neoadjuvant cyclotoxic chemotherapy for potentially resectable metastatic colorectal cancer The patient has been treated with previous neoadjuvant cyclotoxic chemotherapy for metastatic colorectal cancer or - the patient has been treated with previous neoadjuvant cyclotoxic chemotherapy for potentially resectable metastatic colorectal cancer - 4. Panitrummab in this FOLFIRINOX/FOLFOXIRI is being used as site for 1st line treatment for metastatic colorectal cancer or - panitrummab + FOLFIRINOX/FOLFOXIRI is being used as 1st line treatment for metastatic colorectal cancer or - panitrummab + FOLFIRINOX/FOLFOXIRI is being used as 1st line treatment for metastatic colorectal cancer or - panitrummab + FOLFIRINOX/FOLFOXIRI is being used as 1st line treatment for metastatic colorectal cancer or - panitrummab + FOLFIRINOX/FOLFOXIRI is being used as 1st line treatment for metastatic colorectal cancer or - panitrummab + FOLFIRINOX/FOLFOXIRI is being used as 1st line treatment for metastatic colorectal cancer or - panitrummab + FOLFIRINOX/FOLFOXIRI is being used as 2nd line treatment for metastatic colorectal cancer as the patient has MSI-H/dMMR disease and has been treated with 1st line perbrolizumab or 1st line nivolumab which was previously available as an Interim COVID option				
PAN3	Panitumumab in combination with FOLFIRINOS or FOLFOXIRI (5-fluorouracil, irinotecan and oxaliplatin) chemotherapy	For chemotherapy-naive untreated metastatic colorectal cancer where the following criteria have been met:	Commutation chemotineapy. Patients who have successful resection(s) after neoadjuvant cetuximab/panitumumab-containing combination chemotherapy for metastatic disease and who did not progress on such chemotherapy may receive cetuximab/panitumumab with subsequent first-line combination chemotherapy if they present later with progression of metastatic disease. Please mark below the patient's treatment status in respect of previous cetuximab/panitumumab-containing neoadjuvant chemotherapy: - the patient has not been treated with previous chemotherapy with either cetuximab containing combination chemotherapy for metastatic disease or - the only previous cetuximab/panitumumab-containing chemotherapy was with neoadjuvant treatment for potentially resectable disease which resulted in a lack of disease progression and the patient was then unable to proceed to surgery of net an unsuccessful surgery or - the only previous cetuximab/panitumumab-containing chemotherapy was with neoadjuvant treatment for potentially resectable disease which resulted in a lack of disease progression and the patient was then able to proceed to surgery of has since relapsed	Yes	TA439	29-Mar-17	27-Jun-17
			Control of the patient of the patient has BRAF V600 mutation-positive disease, the patient will be ineligible for encorafenib plus cetuximab as a subsequent line of therapy if they receive a cetuximab/panitumumab-containing regimen now as first-line therapy.      The prescribing clinician is aware that form 1st December 2020 an NHS England Best Value framework is in operation for cetuximab and panitumumab in first line colorectal cancer. The choice of this panitumumab-containing regimen is therefore in line with the local application of the Best Value framework for these drugs within my organisation.      Panitumumab will be given in combination FOLFIRINOX/ FOLFORIR (5-fluorouracil, irinotecan and oxaliplatin in combination) chemotherapy.      S. Panitumumab in combination with FOLFIRINOX/ FOLFORIR theramberapy will be given until disease progression on this regimen and that panitumumab will be discontinued when this disease progression occurs.      If the patient experiences excessive toxicity with irinotecan and/or oxaliplatin, panitumumab can be subsequently continued in combination a fluoropyrimidine without irinotecan and/or oxaliplatin until disease progression has occurred with 1st line treatment.      Note: continued use of panitumumab beyond 1st line therapy is not commissioned once disease progression has occurred with 1st line treatment.      Ower a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected cycle length is needed, I will complete a treatment break form to restart treatment, including an indication as appropriate if the patient had an extended break because of COVID 19      Or approximation State of Product Characteristics (SPC).				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
			<ol> <li>This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with panitumumab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>This patient has RAS wild-type metastatic colorectal cancer.</li> <li>This patient has not received previous cytotoxic treatment for metastatic disease unless there has been use of previous neoadjuvant combination cytotoxic chemotherapy for potentially resectable metastatic colorectal cancer.</li> <li>The patient has not had previous neoadjuvant cytotoxic chemotherapy for metastatic colorectal cancer or         <ul> <li>the patient has not had previous neoadjuvant cytotoxic chemotherapy for potentially resectable metastatic colorectal cancer or             <ul></ul></li></ul></li></ol>				
PANI	Panitumumab in combination with irinotecan-based chemotherapy	For chemotherapy-naive metastatic colorectal cancer where the following criteria are met:	Patients with potentially resectable metastatic disease who have received a neoadjuvant cetuximab/panitumumab-containing combination chemotherapy with the intention of resection if the metastases become resectable, and who do not progress while on treatment with cetuximab/panitumumab but who then become unsuitable for surgery or have unsuccessful surgery, may continue treatment with the same cetuximab/panitumumab-containing combination chemotherapy. Patients who have successful resection(s) after neoadjuvant cetuximab/panitumumab-containing combination chemotherapy. Please mark below the patient's treatment status in respect of previous cetuximab/panitumumab-containing combination chemotherapy: - the patient has not been treated with previous chemotherapy with either cetuximab or panitumumab-containing combination chemotherapy for metastatic disease or - the only previous cetuximab/panitumumab-containing chemotherapy was with neoadjuvant treatment for potentially resectable disease which resulted in a lack of disease progression and the patient was then unable to proceed to surgery or had unsuccessful surgery or - the only previous cetuximab/panitumumab-containing chemotherapy was with neoadjuvant treatment for potentially resectable disease which resulted in a lack of disease progression and the patient was then able to proceed to surgery but has since relapsed	Yes	TA439	29-Mar-17	27-Jun-17
			6. The prescribing clinician is aware that if this patient has BRAF V600 mutation-positive disease, the patient will be ineligible for encorafenib plus cetuximab as a subsequent line of therapy if they receive a cetuximab/panitumumab-containing regimen now as first-line therapy. 7. The prescribing clinician is aware that from 1st December 2020 an NHS England Best Value framework is in operation for cetuximab and panitumumab in first line colorectal cancer. The choice of this panitumumab-containing regimen is therefore in line with the local application of the Best Value framework for these drugs within my organisation. 8. Panitumumab lin combination with irinotecan-based combination chemotherapy. 9. Panitumumab lin combination with irinotecan-based combination chemotherapy. 9. Panitumumab in combination with ininotecan-based combination chemotherapy will be given until disease progression on this regimen and that panitumumab will be discontinued when this disease progression occurs. 9. Panitumumab in combination with ininotecan-based chemotherapy will be given until disease progression on this regimen and that panitumumab will be discontinued when this disease progression occurs. 9. Panitumumab in combination with ininotecan-based chemotherapy will be given until disease progression occurs. 9. Panitumumab in combination w				
			If the patient experiences excessive toxicity with innotecan, panitumumab can be subsequently continued in combination with a fluoropyrimidine alone until disease progression and then will be discontinued. Note: continued use of panitumumab beyond 1st line therapy is not commissioned once disease progression has occurred with 1st line treatment. 10. Where a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected cycle length is needed, I will complete a treatment break form to restart treatment, including an indication as appropriate if the patient had an extended break because of COVID 19 11. The use of panitumumab will be as per the Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).	-			

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
PAN2	Panitumumab in combination with oxaliplatin-based chemotherapy	For chemotherapy-naive metastatic colorectal cancer where the following criteria are met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with pantiumunab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. This patient has DAS wilk type metatatic colorectal cancer. 3. This patient has the network provide cyclotacic treatment for metatatic disease unless three has been use of previous neoadjuvant combination cyclotacic chemotherapy for potentially resectable metatatic colorectal cancer. 4. Patient has been treated with previous neoadjuvant cyclotacic chemotherapy for potentially resectable metatatic colorectal cancer or 4. Patient has been treated with previous neoadjuvant cyclotacic chemotherapy to potentially resectable metatatic colorectal cancer or 4. Patient has been treated with previous neoadjuvant cyclotacic chemotherapy to potentially resectable metatatic colorectal cancer or 4. Patient mumb - outigitatin-based chemotherapy is being used as sind in treatment for metastatic colorectal cancer or 4. Patient mumb - outigitatin-based chemotherapy is being used as a sind in treatment for metastatic colorectal cancer or 4. Patient has not received protor treatment with reservice as and din treatment for metastatic colorectal cancer or 4. Patient has not received protor treatment with reservice as and the treatment for metastatic colorectal cancer or 4. Patient has not received protor treatment with reservice as and the treatment for surgery or have unsuccessful surgery, may continue treatment with the same ectual mab/patientumab out to the become unsultable based combination chemotherapy is protoreable metatates disease. 4. Patients with potentially resectable metatates (assee the has become resectable, and who did not progress on such chemotherapy may receive ectualmab/pantiumumab containing combination chemotherapy if on restated disease on the patient has been unsub for process of mathy providual disease progression and the patient with sease ectavianab/pantiumumab containing c		TA439	29-Mar-17	27-jun-17
PANO1	Panobinostat	Panobinostat for treating multiple myeloma after at least 2 previous treatments	nca	No	TA380	27-Jan-16	26-Apr-16
PDL1	Pegylated Liposomal Doxorubicin	The treatment of sarcomas where all the following criteria are met:	An application has been made by and first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy     A application in patients with cardiac impairment requiring an anthracycline, 1st line indication or     B) Sarcoma in patients with cardiac impairment requiring an anthracycline, 2nd line indication     To be used within the treating Trust's governance framework, as Pegylated Uposomal Doxorubicin is not licensed in these indications	Yes	n/a - NHS England clinical policy	-	01-Apr-21

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
			1. An application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy is to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.				
			2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies, hepatitis and skin toxicities.				
			3. The patient has a histologically- or cytologically-confirmed diagnosis of stage IIIB or stage IIIC or stage IV non-small cell lung cancer (squamous or non-squamous).				
			4. The patient has stage IIIB or IIIC or IV NSCLC or had disease that recurred after previous potentially curative local management of NSCLC with surgery/chemoradiotherapy/radiotherapy.				
			5. An approved and validated test has shown that the patient's tumour expresses PD-L1 with a positive tumour proportion score [TPS] of at least 1%.				
			6. The patient has progressed either after treatment with at least two cycles of platinum-based doublet chemotherapy for stage IIIB or IIIC or IV or recurrent NSCLC after previous potentially curative local management or has				
			progressed within 6 months of completing platinum-based adjuvant or neoadjuvant therapy or chemoradiation and if appropriate that the patient has had all appropriate targeted treatments if the patient has a tumour which is positive for an actionable genomic change in relation to EGFR or ALK or ROS1 or MET exon 14 or KRAS G12C or RET or BRAF V600 status.				
			7. The patient has not received prior treatment with an anti PD-1, anti-PD-L1, anti-PD-L2, anti-CD137 or anti-cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated antigen-4 (CTL-4) antibody unless the patient discontinued or completed checkpoint				
			inhibitor immunotherapy as part of adjuvant/neoadjuvant/maintenance therapy without disease progression and at least 6 months elapsed between the date of the last immunotherapy treatment and the date of first diagnosis of				
			relapse with recurrent or metastatic disease.				
			Note: NHS England does not commission re-treatment with checkpoint inhibitor therapy for patients who have discontinued or completed previous checkpoint inhibitor therapy for the locally advanced/metastatic indication.				
			Please mark below if the patient received previous checkpoint inhibitor therapy and in which setting:				
			the patient has never received any immunotherapy for NSCLC. If so, please type 'n/a' in the 'Time gap' box below or				
		Pembrolizumab monotherapy for the	the patient has previously been treated with adjuvant immunotherapy for NSCLC and discontinued immunotherapy without disease progression and at least 6 months prior to the first diagnosis of relapse. Please document in the				
PEMB1	Pembrolizumab		box below the time gap in months between completion of previous adjuvant immunotherapy and first diagnosis of disease relapse or	No		11-Jan-17	11-Feb-17
PEIVIBL	Pembrolizumab		the patient has previously been treated with neoadjuvant immunotherapy for NSCLC and discontinued immunotherapy without disease progression and at least 6 months prior to the first diagnosis of relapse. Please document in	NO	TA428	11-JBU-17	11-FeD-17
		following criteria are met:	the box below the time gap in months between completion of previous neoadjuvant immunotherapy and first diagnosis of disease relapse or				
			the patient has previously been treated with maintenance immunotherapy post chemoradicitherapy for NSLCL and discontinued immunotherapy without disease progression and at least 6 months prior to the first diagnosis of freadase. Please document in the box below the time gap in months between completion of previous maintenance immunotherapy and first diagnosis of disease relaase.				
			relapse. Please document in the box below the time gap in months between completion of previous maintenance immunotherapy and first diagnosis of disease relapse				
			Time gap in months after completion of previous adjuvant or neoadjuvant or maintenance checkpoint inhibitor immunotherapy and first diagnosis of disease relapse:				
			Note: the mandatory interval between the last date of administration of any prior adjuvant/neoadjuvant/maintenance immunotherapy and the date of first relapse is at least 6 months. For patients suffering a first relapse within 6-				
			12 months of previous immunotherapy, clinicians should bear in mind the long elimination half-lives of immunotherapies and make individual assessments of the overall benefit/risk ratio of re-treatment with immunotherapy.				
			8. Treatment with pembrolizumab will continue for a total of 2 years* or until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or withdrawal of patient consent, whichever occurs first.				
			*2 years treatment is defined as a maximum of 35 x 3-weekly cycles or the equivalent numbers of cycles if 6-weekly dosing is used.				
			9. Pembrolizumab will be used as monotherapy.				
			10. The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0 or 1.				
			11. The patient has no symptomatically active brain metastases or leptomeningeal metastases.				
			12. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with pembrolizumab should continue or not will occur at least by the end of the first 6 weeks of treatment.				
			13. When a treatment break of more than 12 weeks beyond the expected cycle length is needed, I will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment, including as appropriate if the patient had an extended break				
			on account of COVID 19.				
			14. Pembrolizumab will be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics.				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
Blueteq Form ref:	Pembrolizumab	Pembrolizumab monotherapy for the first line treatment of locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell ung cancer which expresses PO-L1 with a tumour proportion score of at least 50% where all the following criteria are met:	Blueteq Approval Criteria  I The application is being endor by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with perhodization than any be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PO-LI treatments including perumonits, collisis, reporting, endormaphilits, busing analytic advices of endormaphilits, busing analytic advices and endormaphilits, advices and endormaphility, busing advices and endormaphility,	drug/ indication	TA	NICE	baseline funding
			<ol> <li>A formal medical review as to how pembrolizumab is being tolerated and whether pembrolizumab should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the second 3-weekly or first 6-weekly cycle of treatment.</li> <li>When a treatment break of more than 3 months beyond the expected cycle length is needed, a treatment break approval form will be completed to restart treatment, including indicating as appropriate if the patient had an extended break because of Covid-19.</li> <li>Pembrolizumab will otherwise be used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics.</li> </ol>				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
PEMB7	Pembrolizumab	Pembrolizumab for adjuvant treatment of melanoma with high risk of recurrence where the following criteria have been met:	1. This spelication is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with pembrolizumab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrimopathies, hepatitis and sin toxicities. 3. This patient has a confirmed histological diagnosis of malignant melanoma Please indicate whether the melanoma is BRAF V600 mutation positive or not: - BRAF V600 mutation positive or - BRAF V600 mutation stage as stage III disease according to the AICC 8th edition. Please state which stage disease the patient has: - Stage III disease or - Stage III disease and this has been done with either a sentinel hymph node biopsy ('sentinel lymphadenectomy') or when indicated with a completion lymph node disection The prescribing clinician has taken place for stage III disease and this has been done with either a sentinel hymph node biopsy ('sentinel lymphadenectomy') or when indicated with a completion lymph node disection The prescribing clinician has discussed with the patient the benefits and toxicities of adjuwant pembrolizumab in stage III disease in patients who have previously received adjuwant immunotherapy for stage IIB or IIC disease To stage III disease, the S and D year figures are 85% and 77%, respectively - To stage IIII disease, the S and D year figures are 85% and 65%, respect	No	TA766	02-Feb-22	03-Məy-22

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
PEMB8	Pembrolizumab	Pembrolizumab in combination with pemetrexed- and platinum-based chemotherapy for the first line treatment of PD-L1 positive or negative locally advanced or metastatic non-squamous non-snall cell lung cancer where all the following criteria are met:	1. This application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic ratio career therapy with pertorilization with perturbated and societation that use of systemic ratio career therapy with perturbation of the societation of the societatio		TA683	10-Mar-21	08-Jun-21

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
PEMB9a	Pembrolizumab	of treatment; this second part (patient details will be automaticity entered) will only appear once the first part of the form is sporoved and should be completed at the time of elective discontinuation of permoving the same same unique bluete; discriftier is for those patients registered as having electively and previously stopped permovingumab and in whom there is disease progression for which the livid; an wichse to racromense a networklimmab	Prior adjuvant immunorited by with involunde of perinolizumab. There is the future opportunity for patients continuing in a stable disease or a response disease state after 2 or more years of planned treatment to choose to discontinue pembrolizumab and then to re-start pembrolizumab on disease progression as the next systemic therapy and should this option be chosen that both the date of discontinuation must be registered on the second part of this form and the application to re-start pembrolizumab be made on the third part of this form. The patient has a sufficient performance status (PS) to be fit to receive treatment with immunotherapy. Pembrolizumab will be administered as monotherapy unless being administered in the SCIB1-002 study in which case it may be given with SCIB1 (the trial's investigational Medicinal Product) The licensed dose* and frequency of pembrolizumab will be used unless the patient chooses to electively discontinue treatment as outlined in criterion 7.	No	TA366	25-Nov-15	23-Feb-2016 (Blueteq approval required from 01-Feb-19)
ремв9ь	Pembrolizumab	Pembrolizumab monotherapy for treating unresectable or advanced malignant melanoma (form b): REGISTATION OF DISCONTINUATION OF PEMBROLIZUMAB This second part of the form which must use the same unique Bluetes (identifier is for those statistist in stable or response remission who have chosen to electively discontinue pembrolizumab; this second part must be completed at the time of discontinuation of permoliziumab. The third part of the form which must use the same unique Blueteq (identifier is for those patient registred as having electively and previously stopped pembrolizumab and in whom there is discase progression for which the clinician wishes to re- commence pembrolizumab; this third part of the form (patient details will be automatically entered) will only appear once the second part of the form has been approved.		No	TA366	25-Nov-15	23-Feb-2016 (Blueteq approval required from 01-Feb-19)

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
PEMB9c	Pembrolizumab	Pembrolizumab monotherapy for treating unresectable or advanced malignant melanoma (form c): RE-START OF PEMBROLIZUMAB MONOTHERAPY The third part of the form which must use the same unique Blueteq identifier is for those patients registered as having electively and previously stopped pembrolizumab and in whom there is disease progression for which the clinician wishes to re-commence pembrolizumab as the next systemic treatment.	1. This application to re-start pembrolizumab has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with pembrolizumab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has progressive non-resectable or metastatic melanoma. Please state the duration of time off treatment (i.e. the time between previous pembrolizumab discontinuation and decision to re-start pembrolizumab) 3. The patient has received no other systemic therapy in the time between the date of elective discontinuation of pembrolizumab and this application to re-start pembrolizumab 4. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies and hepatitis. 5. The present intention is that the patient will be treated with pembrolizumab until there is progressive disease or unacceptable toxicity or if the patient declines further therapy. 5. The present intention is that the patient will be treated with pembrolizumab until there is progressive disease or unacceptable toxicity or if the patient declines further therapy. 7. Pembrolizumab will be administered as monotherapy 8. The lenseed dose and frequency of pembrolizumab until there is progressive disease or unacceptable toxicity or if the patient declines further therapy. 7. Pembrolizumab will be administered as monotherapy 8. The lenseed dose and frequency of pembrolizumab until there is progressive disease or unacceptable toxicity or if the patient declines further therapy. 9. A formal medical review to assess the tolerability of treatment with pembrolizumab will be scheduled to occur by the start of the 3rd 3-weekly cycles of pembrolizumab for equivalent if having 6 weekly dosing) and thereafter on a regular basis 1. The asses of up to 12 weeks beyond the exected cycle length are allowed but solely to allow any to	No	TA366	25-Nov-15	23-Feb-2016 (Blueteq approval required from 01-Feb-19)

lueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
PEMB10_v1.2	Pembrolizumab in combination with carboplatin and paclitaxel		1. This application is being made by and the first cycle dystemic anti-cancer thrapy with the combination of pembrolizamab, carboplatin and pacifizate will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accordend to the specifican of systemic anti-cancer thrapy. 2. The prescribe dividend to the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneuronitis, colitis, nephrits, endorringsthee, hegatistic and kin rocker. 3. The patient has a histologically-confined digrapsis of squamous non-small cell lung cancer (MSCLC). 3. The patient has a bistologically-confined digrapsis of squamous non-small cell lung cancer (MSCL). 3. The patient has a bistologically-confined digrapsis of squamous non-small cell lung cancer (MSCL). 3. The patient has a bistologically-confined digrapsis of squamous non-source (PJ) has been attempted on recorded here. 3. Fibe attempted constrict of the presential last in tertament options, PD-L1 terging with an approved document de adverse reactions and the result is set out below. 3. Fibe attempted constrict of the presential last in tertament options, PD-L1 terging was and will adverse result with the contribution of the patient stress on why: 3. Fibe attempted and recorded here. 3. Fibe attempted constrict of the presential last in tertament options, PD-L1 terging was and sequelic terging and patient as to the relative ments of prebrolizant honoremotical presentiation of the matagement of and PD-L1 treating was antigoting and patient as to be relative ments of prebrolizant honoremotical presentiation of the prebrolizant honoremotical presentiation of the prebrolizant honoremotical presentiation of the relative ments of prebrolizant honoremotical presentiation of the prebrolizant honoremotical presentiation of the relative ments of prebrolizant honoremotical presentiation of the prebrolizanth decountered of the adverse record of the adverse record of the adverse record of the adve	No	TA770	09-Feb-22	10-May-22
			9. The patient is fit for the combination of pembrolizumab, carboplatin (AUC 6mg/ml/min) and pacitaxel (200mg/m <sup>2</sup> ) and that a maximum of 4 cycles of chemotherapy will be given. Note: the chemotherapy doses in this regimen are higher than may be the case in common practice and so careful selection of patients is required to ensure that patients can tolerate these higher doses of chemotherapy. Note: the use of the combination of pembrolizumab, carboplatin and nab-paclitaxel in this indication was not submitted to NICE for appraisal by MSD and hence nab-paclitaxel is not commissioned in this indication.				
			10. On completion of the combination planes of perinorificationa planes and objective perinorification of the combination planes of perinorificationa of the particular set of perinorification of the combination planes of perinorificationa of the particular set of perinorification of the combination of perinorification of the combination of perinorification of the particular set of the perinorification of the particular set o	-			
			12. The patient has an ECOG performance status (PS) of 0 or 1.				
			13. The patient has no symptomatically active brain metastases or leptomeningeal metastases.				
			14. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with the combination of pembrolizumab plus carboplatin and paclitaxel should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the first 6 weeks of treatment.				
			15. Where a treatment break of more than 12 weeks beyond the expected cycle length is needed, the prescribing clinician will complete a treatment break form to restart treatment, including an indication as appropriate if the				
			patient had an extended break because of COVID 19.				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
			<ol> <li>This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with pembrolizumab monotherapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti- cancer therapy.</li> <li>The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies and hepatitis.</li> </ol>				
			<ol> <li>The patient has a documented histological diagnosis of squamous cell carcinoma of the head and neck.</li> <li>The patient has either metastatic head and neck cancer or locally advanced/unresectable recurrent head and neck cancer that is not amenable to curative intent with local therapy (surgery and/or radiation therapy with or without chemotherapy).</li> </ol>				
		For previously untreated metastatic or	5. PD-L1 testing with an approved and validated test to determine the Combined Positive Score (CPS) has been done prior to this application and the CPS is ≥1% and the result is set out below. Please document the actual CPS below Note: perbroit/unamb is not funded in this indication for patients with tumours without a documented ≥1% positive PD-L1 CPS score. 6. The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0 or 1 and would otherwise be potentially fit for 1st line combination chemotherapy.				
PEMB12	Pembrolizumab	unresectable recurrent PD-L1 positive head and neck squamous cell carcinoma (HNSCC) where the following criteria have been met:	The patient has an ECOS performance status of 0 a land would only were potentiary in (0 1st me commandian chemoticity)     The patient has an ECOS performance status of 0 a land would only were potentiary in (0 1st me commandian chemoticity)     The patient has an ECOS performance status of 0 a land would only were potentiary in (0 1st me commandian chemoticity)     The patient has an ecosy performance status of 0 a land would only were potentiary in (0 1st me commandian chemoticity)     The patient has not received performance status of 0 a land would only were potentiary in (0 1st me commandian chemoticity)     The patient has not received performance status of 0 a land would only were potentiary in (0 1st me commandian chemoticity)     Please tick one of the following options which applies as to any previous systemic therapy:     - the patient has not received any previous systemic therapy for this metastatic/locally advanced/unresectable recurrent indication or     - the patient has received performance systemic therapy for this metastatic/locally advanced/unresectable recurrent indication as part of Interim COVID19 funding	No	TA661	25-Nov-20	23-Feb-21
			<ol> <li>Pembrolizumab will only be administered as monotherapy at a dose of 200mg every 3 weeks or at a dose of 400mg every 6 weeks.</li> <li>Note: NICE has not recommended the use of pembrolizumab in combination with chemotherapy in this indication.</li> <li>The patient has no symptomatically active brain metastases or leptomeningeal metastases.</li> </ol>				
			<ol> <li>10. The patient will receive a maximum treatment duration of 2 years of uninterrupted treatment (or 35 x 3-weekly cycles of pembrolizumab or its equivalent if 6-weekly pembrolizumab monotherapy dosing is used) or on disease progression or unacceptable toxicity, whichever occurs first.</li> <li>11. Where a treatment break of more than 12 weeks beyond the expected 3 or 6-weekly cycle length is needed, I will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment, including indication as appropriate if the patient had an extended break because of COVID19.</li> </ol>				
			12. Pembrolium and by a consultant specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti- 17. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with pembrolizumab monotherapy will be prescribed by a consultant specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-	-			<u> </u>
			<ul> <li>cancer therapy.</li> <li>2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies, hepatitis and skin toxicity.</li> <li>3. The patient's tumour has a documented presence of microsatellite instability-high (MSi-H) or DNA mismatch repair deficiency (dMMR) confirmed by validated testing.</li> <li>5. Wild type or mutant RAS status has been determined on this patient's tumour and the result is recorded below: <ul> <li>wild type RAS status</li> <li>mutant RAS status</li> <li>Test result not yet reported and the decision to proceed without knowing RAS status has been discussed with the patient during consenting process.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>				
			6. Wild type or mutant BRAF status has been determined on this patient's tumour and the result is recorded below: - wild type BRAF status - mutant BRAF status - Test result not yet reported and the decision to proceed without knowing BRAF status has been discussed with the patient during consenting process.				
PEMB14	Pembrolizumab	For the 1st line treatment of patients with metastatic colorectal cancer exhibiting microsatellite instability-high (MSI-H) or	7. The patient has not received previous systemic therapy for metastatic colorectal cancer unless this was given with neoadjuvant intent. Please mark below which clinical scenario applies to this patient: <ul> <li>- no previous systemic therapy for metastatic colorectal cancer and no previous neoadjuvant chemotherapy for metastatic interestatic accorderation and the previous systemic therapy for metastatic colorectal cancer and no previous quality with neoadjuvant intent for the metastatic indication Note: patients may of course have previous/vected encodyuvant systemic therapy for non-metastatic disease and/or adjuvant chemotherapy after surgery.</li></ul>	No	TA709	23-Jun-21	21-Sep-21
		mismatch repair deticiency (dwiwk) where the following criteria have been met:	8. The patient has an ECOG performance status (PS) of 0 or 1. 9. The patient has on symptomatic brain or leptomeningeal metastases. 10. The patient has not symptomatic brain or leptomeningeal metastases. 10. The patient has not received and prior treatment with an anti-PD-1, anti-PD-12, anti-CD137, or anti-Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated antigen-4 (CTLA-4) antibody unless the patient was enrolled in the NEOPRISM-CRC clinical trial (NIHR CPMS ID:52000) and did not have radiologically-assessed evidence of progressive disease at the end of neoadjuvant pembrolizumab therapy. Please mark below which clinical scenario applies to this patient: - the patient has not received any previous anti-PD-1, anti-CD137, or anti-Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated antigen-4 (CTLA-4) antibody therapy for metastatic colorectal cancer - the patient was enrolled in the NEOPRISM-CRC clinical trial ((NIHR CPMS ID:52000) and did not have clear evidence of radiologically-assessed at the end of neoadjuvant pembrolizumab therapy - the patient was enrolled in the NEOPRISM-CRC clinical trial (NIHR CPMS ID:52000) and did not have clear evidence of radiologically-assessed progressive disease at the end of neoadjuvant pembrolizumab therapy - the patient was enrolled in the NEOPRISM-CRC clinical trial (NIHR CPMS ID:52000) and did not have clear evidence of radiologically-assessed progressive disease at the end of neoadjuvant pembrolizumab therapy - the patient was enrolled in the NEOPRISM-CRC clinical trial (NIHR CPMS ID:52000) and did not have clear evidence of radiologically-assessed progressive disease at the end of neoadjuvant pembrolizumab therapy - the patient has enrolled in the NEOPRISM-CRC clinical trial (NIHR CPMS ID:52000) and did not have clear evidence of radiologically-assessed progressive disease at the end of neoadjuvant pembrolizumab therapy - the patient has enrolled in the NEOPRISM-CRC clinical trial (NIHR CPMS ID:52000) and did not have clear evidence of radiologically-assessed progressive disease at the end of neoadjuvant p				
			11. Pembrolizumab will be administered as monotherapy at a dose of 200mg every 3 weeks or a dose of 400mg every 6 weeks. 12. Pembrolizumab will be stopped on disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or withdrawal of patient consent or after a total treatment duration of 2 years (or a maximum of 35 3-weekly cycles or the equivalent number of 6 weekly cycles to result in a total treatment duration of 2 years (or a maximum of 35 3-weekly cycles or the equivalent number of 6 weekly cycles to result in a total treatment duration of 2 years), whichever of these events occurs first.				
			13. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with pembrolizumab should continue will occur at least by the end of the 2nd month of treatment. 14. Where a treatment break of more than 12 weeks beyond the expected 3 or 6-weekly cycle length is needed, I will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment, including indicating as appropriate if the patient had an extended break because of COVID 19.				
			15. As part of this consenting process, I have explained to the patient that when compared with chemotherapy the risk of dying is greater for pembrolizumab in the first 4 months of treatment and that the long term benefit in overall survival with pembrolizumab occurs after this initial treatment period. 16. Pembrolizumab will be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
	Pembrolizumab in combination with	For previously untreated advanced oesophageal or HER-2 negative gastro-	<ol> <li>This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with pembrolizumab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-1 or anti-PD-11 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies, hepatitis and skin toxicity.</li> <li>The patient has a histologically- or cytologically-confirmed diagnosis of oesophageal cancer (squamous or adenocarcinoma) or HER-2 negative adenocarcinoma of the gastro-oesophageal junction.</li> <li>Please mark below which histology applies to this patient:         <ul> <li>squamous cell carcinoma of the oesophagus</li> <li>adenocarcinoma of the oesophagus</li> <li>HER-2 negative adenocarcinoma of the gastro-oesophageal junction</li> </ul> </li> <li>A. The patient has locally advanced unresectable or metastatic disease.</li> <li>S. An approved and validated text has demonstrated that the tumour has a PD-L1 expression with a combined positive score (CPS) of z10.</li> <li>The patient has not received any previous systemic therapy for locally advanced unresectable or metastatic disease.</li> <li>In addition, please mark below whether the patient has/has not previously received any systemic therapy for oesophageal cancer or adenocarcinoma of the gastro-oesophageal junction</li> <li>In addition, please mark below whether the patient has/has not previously received any systemic therapy for oesophageal cancer or HER-2 negative adenocarcinoma of the gastro-oesophageal junction and underwent surgery and has since had disease progression</li> <li>In big patient was previously treated with neoadjuvant chemotherapy for oesophageal cancer or HER-2 negative adenocarcinoma of the gastro-oesophageal junctio</li></ol>				
PEMB15	in compination with platinum and fluoropyrimidine-based chemotherapy	oesophageal adenocarcinoma either of which expresses PD-L1 with a combined positive score of ≥10 where the following criteria have been met:	<ol> <li>The patient has not received prior treatment with any antibody which targets PD-1 or PD-L1 or PD-L2 or CD137 or OX40 or anti-cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated antigen-4 (CTLA-4).</li> <li>The patient has an ECOG performance status (PS) of 0 or 1 and is fit for platinum and fluoropyrimidine-based chemotherapy in combination with pembrolizumab.</li> <li>The patient has no symptomatically active brain metastases or leptomeningeal metastases.</li> <li>Pembrolizumab will be administered at a dose of either 200mg 3-weekly or 400mg 6-weekly initially in combination with platinum and fluoropyrimidine-based chemotherapy.</li> </ol>	No	TA737	20-Oct-21	18-Jan-22
			11. The chemotherapy used in combination with pembrolizumab will be both platinum and fluoropyrimidine-based.         Please mark below which chemotherapy regimen is being used in this patient:       - oxaliplatin plus capecitabine         - oxaliplatin plus modified de Gramont regimen       - cisplatin plus infused 5-fluorouracil         - another regimen       -         12. Pembrolizumab will be stopped at whichever of the following events occurs first: disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or withdrawal of patient consent or after 2 years of treatment (or after 35 x 3-weekly cycles or its equivalent if 6-weekly dosing is used).         Note: the 2 year stopping rule for pembrolizumab in this indication was a key part of the company submission to NICE of the clinical and cost effectiveness of pembrolizumab in this indication.         Note: conce pembrolizumab is to how pembrolizumab plus chemotherapy is being tolerated and whether pembrolizumab should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the second 3-weekly cycle of				
			treatment. 14. When a treatment break of more than 3 months beyond the expected 3- or 6-weekly cycle length is needed, I will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment, including indicating as appropriate if the patient had an extended break because of Covid-19. 15. Pembrolizumab will otherwise be used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC) with the exception of criterion 12.				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
		cai 2.	This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with pembrolizumab monotherapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti- cancer therapy.     The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-1 or anti-PD-1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinoathies, hepatitis and skin toxicity.				
			3. The patient has a histologically confirmed diagnosis of classical Hodgkin lymphoma.				
			4. The patient is aged 3 years and older. 5. The patient has relapsed or refractory Hodgkin lymphoma following stem cell transplantation.				
			5. Ine patient has tealpsed of tertactory moughining monomenation and tertactory moughining stem cell transplantation. Please mark below whether the patient had autologous and/or allogeneic stem cell transplantation:			I	
			- autologous transplantation only				
		For relapsed/refractory classical Hodgkin	- allogeneic transplantation only				
		lymphoma in patients aged 3 years and	- both autologous and allogeneic transplantation 6. The patient has never previously been treated with brentuximab vedotin.		TA772		
PEMB16	Pembrolizumab	cell transplantation but never previously	7. The patient has never previously been dealed with demoximum vebourit.	No		23-Feb-22	24-May-22
		received brentuximab vedotin where the following criteria have been met:	8. The patient has an ECOG performance status (PS) of 0 or 1 and is fit for treatment with pembrolizumab.				
		following criteria have been met:	9. Pembrolizumab will be administered as monotherapy at a dose of either 200mg 3-weekly or 400mg 6-weekly.				
			10. Pembrolizumab will be stopped at whichever of the following events occurs first: disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or withdrawal of patient consent or after 2 years of treatment (or after 35 x 3-weekly cycles or its equivalent if 6-weekly dosing is used).				
			Note: the 2 year stopping rule for pembrolizumab in this indication was a key part of the company submission to NICE of the clinical and cost effectiveness of pembrolizumab in this indication. Note: once pembrolizumab is stopped after 2 years of treatment, it cannot be re-started.				
			11. A formal medical review as to how pembrolizumab monotherapy is being tolerated and whether pembrolizumab should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the second 3-weekly cycle of treatment.				
			12. When a treatment break of more than 3 months beyond the expected 3- or 6-weekly cycle length is needed, I will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment, including indicating as appropriate if the patient				
			13. Pembrolizumab will otherwise be used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC) with the exception of criterion 10.				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	TA	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
PEMB17	Pembrolizumab	Pembrolizumab monotherapy for relapsed/refractory classical Hodgkin lymphoma in patients aged 3 years and older who have NOT been previously treated with stem cell transplantation or brentuximab vedotin	<ol> <li>This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with pembrolizumab monotherapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-11 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies, hepatitis and skin toxicity.</li> <li>The patient has a histologically confirmed diagnosis of classical Hodgkin lymphoma.</li> <li>The patient has a histologically confirmed diagnosis of classical Hodgkin lymphoma.</li> <li>The patient has a lastologically confirmed diagnosis of classical Hodgkin lymphoma.</li> <li>The patient has a histologically confirmed diagnosis of classical Hodgkin lymphoma.</li> <li>The patient has a lastologically confirmed diagnosis of classical Hodgkin lymphoma.</li> <li>The patient has a lastologically confirmed diagnosis of classical Hodgkin lymphoma.</li> <li>The patient has read the previously been treated with brentximab vedotin.</li> <li>The patient has never previously been treated with brentximab vedotin.</li> <li>The patient is currently ineligible for stem cell transplantation.</li> <li>The patient is currently ineligible for stem cell transplantation.</li> <li>The patient has not been previously fracted with stem cell transplantation.</li> <li>The patient has not confident for threatment with pembrolizumab OR is not a candidate for stem cell transplantation.</li> <li>The patient has an ECOG performance status (PS) of 0 or 1 and is fit for treatment with pembrolizumab may be.</li> <li>The patient has an ECOG performance status (PS) of 0 or 1 and is fit for treatment with pembrolizumab may be.</li> <li>The patient has an ECOG performance status (PS) of 0 or 1 and is fit for treatment with pembrolizumab with exercito</li></ol>	No	ΤΑ772	23-Feb-22	24-May-22

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug NICE App	proved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
PEMB18_v1.2	Pembrolizumab in combination with paclitaxel or nab-paclitaxel positive score ( positive score (	nt of previously untreated vanced unresectable vanced unresectable to (CPS) of 100 more where g criteria have been met: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Le a galacitan has been made by and the first cycle of systemic antic access therapy with penkrolitumab in combination with pacificate or nab-pacificate will be prescribed by a consultant specifically trained and excendent in the origon of systemic antic access therapy with penkrolitumab in combination with pacificate will be prescribed by a consultant specifically trained and excendent in the origon of systemic antic access the systemic reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, notification is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, notification thas either focally advanced unresectable or metastatic breast cancer. In particular base cancer, has a directoria analysis performed and this is negative for all of the following: the HER2 receptor, oetrogen receptor and progesterone receptor i.e. the patient has triple megative disease. The patient's tumour has been tested by an approved and validated test for PD-L1 expression as measured by the immune cell (IC) test is 10 or more. The patient must not be treated with permitorizumab and should be treated with access (ICF) test and the result is 10 or more. The patient must not IC is such as a paproved and validated test for PD-L1 expression as measured by the combined positive score (ICF) test and the off success and the ICF success. The patient such and PD-L1 expression are required as the manufacturer of permitorizumab, MSD, only sought a recommendation from NICE for patients who were ineligible for atecolizumab and had a PD-L1 expression test are equired as and maxime the PD-L1PD-L1 therapy for the breast cancer or the patient has neekeed and any prior treatment and for at test 12 months after completion of anti-PD-L1PD-L1 therapy and there was no disease relapses. If the patient has neekeed as a single again patient on attripo treatment and of at test 12 months after comp	-	TA801	29-Jun-22	27-Sep-22

Blueteq Form ref	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
PEMB19_v1.1	Pembrolizumab	Pembrolizumab monotherapy for adjuvant treatment after complete tumour resection of renal cell carcinoma in adult patients at increased risk of recurrence following nephrectomy and resection of all metastatic disease where the following criteria have been met:	1. An application has been made by and the find cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with adjusant pencipitarus and will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The prescribed plancian is fully avaine of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse neactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinogative, head with ACC biology applies to this patient: 3. The patient has a histologically documented diagnosis of real cell cancoma (ACC). Presen indicate book with ACC biology applies to this patient: 4. EC with a clear cell component or 4. Papalary ACC 4. Active time of first presentation with ACC to report the management of and first presentation with ACC and the CC or 4. Additional to CC or 4. Additional discusse and the first presentation with ACC applies to this patient: 4. Additional to CC or 4.	No	TA830	19-Oct-22	17-Jan-23

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
PEMB20_v1.0	Pembrolizumab	Pembrolizumab for the adjuvant treatment of newly diagnosed and completely resected stage IIB or stage IUC malignant melanoma where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with adjuvant pembrolizumab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies, hepatitis and sint toxicities. 3. This patient has a documented histological diagnosis of malignant melanoma. Please indicate whether the melanoma is BRAF V600 mutation positive or not: BRAF V600 mutation negative 4. The patient has melanoma which has been staged as stage IIB or stage IIC disease according to the ALCC 8th edition. Please state which stage disease the patient has: - Stage IIC disease or - Stage IIC disease Commission any adjuvant immunotherapy with checkpoint inhibitors for stage III disease in patients who have previously received adjuvant immunotherapy for stage IIB disease The prescribing clinician has discussed with the patient the benefits and toxicities of adjuvant pembrolizumab in stage IIB/IIC disease and has used the expected median figures below for melanoma-specific survival in relation to the risk disease, the 5 and 10 year figures are 82% and 75%, respectively - for stage IIB disease, the 5 and 10 year figures are 82% and 75%, respectively - for stage IIB disease, the 5 and 10 year figures are 82% and 75%, respectively - for stage IIB disease, the 5 and 10 year figures are 82% and 75%, respectively - for stage IIB disease, the 5 and 10 year figures are 82% and 75%, respectively - for stage IIB disease, the 5 and 10 year figures are 82% and 75%, respectively - for stage IIB disease, the 5 and 10 year figures are 82% and 75%, respectively - for stage IIB disease, the 5 and 10 year figures are 82% and 75%, respectively - for stage I	No	TA837	26-Oct-22	24-Jan-23

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
PEMB21	Pembrolizumab	Pembrolizumab in combination with chemotherapy as neoadjuvant treatment and then continued as adjuvant	<ul> <li>1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of neoadjuvant systemic and cancer therapy. with pembolizamb in combination with carboplatin and pacitized will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained according the use of systemic and cancer.</li> <li>3. The patient has a histologically confirmed diagoois of breast cancer.</li> <li>4. The patient has care that and sintication.</li> <li>5. The patient has nearly diagoosed and previously untrested breast cancer.</li> <li>5. The patient has nearly diagoosed and previously untrested breast cancer.</li> <li>6. The patient has nearly diagoosed and previously untrested breast cancer.</li> <li>6. The patient has nearly diagoosed and previously untrested breast cancer.</li> <li>6. The patient has nearly diagoosed and previously untrested breast cancer.</li> <li>7. The patient signification of the patient has nearly diagoosed and previously untrested breast cancer.</li> <li>6. The to clinic/ladiological overfines to suggest that the patient has negative for all the following the HR12 receptor, extrogen receptor i.e. the patient has triple negative disease.</li> <li>7. The patients disformed by howing 12 to 12 or 22.4 No 2 desease.</li> <li>9. The patients disformed by the stage of the breast cancer in this patient:</li> <li>1. This application of the neoadywant part of therapy is to treat this patient:</li> <li>1. The patients disformed by and the intensity of the stage of the breast cancer in this patient:</li> <li>1. The patients disformed by and the intensity of the stage of the breast of the recedure and by and the intensity of the stage of the breast cancer in this patient:</li> <li>1. The patient disformed by and the intensity of the treat with pertorliumab.</li> <li>9. The patient discover of the reseduration the patient with the sequential combinations with carboplatin (ALC 5 m/m/min f] given 3-weekly and pacitized and the intent in the given of the cayles of the method the stage of the breast of the stage of the cayles of t</li></ul>		TA851		

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
PEMB22	Pembrolizumab In combination with chemotherapy with or without bevacizumab	For the treatment of persistent, recurrent or metastatic cervical cancer in patients whose tumour PD-L1 expression test results have a combined positive score (CPS) of 1 or more where the following criteria have been met:	1. This again, and the set of years and second than years of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including perumonits, colls, nephrots, only and years of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including perumonits, colls, nephrots, only and years of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including perumonits, colls, nephrots, only and years of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including perumonits, colls, nephrots, only and years of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatment with herbook with historia graphenes of the parties of the PD-L1 expression of the PD-L1	No	TA939	13-Dec-23	12-Mar-24

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
PEMB23	Pembrolizumab in combination with	or radiotherapy or chemoradiotherapy where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with pembrolizumab in combination with lerwatinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The prescribing clinician is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with pembrolizumab in combination with lerwatinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically training neumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endotring is accounted on the context of the endometrial accretions of any kind or with accritosace mode (Mede Mulerian trainons.) Note: patients with endometrial accretions of any kind or with accritosace mode (Mede Mulerian trainon) are NOT eligible for pembrolizumab plus lervatinib. 4. The mismatch repair status of the endometrial accretions at known at present:	No	TA904	21-Jun-23	19-5ep-23

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
PEMB24	Pembrolizumab monotherapy		1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with pembrolizumab monotherapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti- cancer therapy. 2. The prescribing clinician is thully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies, benefits and sociumented presence of microstaellite insubility-high (MSH-H) or DNA mismatch repair deficiency (dMMR) confirmed by validated testing. 5. Wild type or mutant RAS status has been determined on this patient's tumour and the result is recorded below: - wild type RAS status 6. Wild type or mutant RAS status has been determined on this patient's tumour and the result is recorded below: - wild type BAS status 6. Wild type or mutant RAS status has been determined on this patient's tumour and the result is recorded below: - wild type BAS status 6. Wild type or mutant RAS status has been determined on this patient's tumour and the result is recorded below: - wild type BAS status 6. Wild type BAS status 6. Wild type GAS status 6. Wild type GA	No	TA914	20-Sep-23	19-Dec-23

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
PEMB25	Pembrolizumab monotherapy	For the treatment of patients with ENDOMETRIAL carcinoma exhibiting microsatellite instability (MSI-H) or deficient mismatch repair (dMMR) and who have progressive disease during or following prior platinum-containing therapy given in any setting for advanced or recurrent or metastatic disease and who are not candidates for potentially curative surgery or radiotherapy or chemoradiotherapy where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with pembrolizumab monotherapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti- cancer therapy. 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies, hepatitis and skin toxicity. 3. The patient has a histologically- or cyclologically confirmed diagnosis of endometrial carcinoma. Note: patients with endometrial acronom and with or with carcinoacroma (Miked Mullerian tumour) are NOT eligible for pembrolizumab monotherapy. 4. The patient has advanced or recurrent or metastatic endometrial carcinoma and is not a candidate for any potentially curative treatment with surgery or radicherapy or chemoradicherapy. 5. The patient has advanced or recurrent or metastatic endometrial carcinoma and is not a candidate for any potentially curative treatment with surgery or radicherapy or chemoradicherapy or for recurrent disease or for mere than one of these settings. 7. The patient has progressive disease during or following the most recent platinum-containing chemotherapy. 8. Pembrolizumab will be given as monotherapy. Note: pembrolizumab will be given as monotherapy. 9. Note: pembrolizumab will be treated with a fixed dose of pembrolizumab wherever appropriate. 10. The patient has NOT received any prior antibody treatment which targets PD-1 or PD-12 or CD137 or CD400 or anti-cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated antigen-4 (CTLA-4). 11. Treatment will be treated with a fixed dose of pembrolizumab whenever appropriate. 12. The patient has an Symptomatically active brain metastases or leptomeningeal metastase. 13. The patient has an symptomatically active brain metastases or leptomeningeal metastases. 14. A formal medical review as to how pembrolizumab is used. 15. The patient has an symptomatic	No	TA914	20-Sep-23	19-Dec-23
PEMB26	Pembrolizumab monotherapy	For the subsequent treatment of patients with previously treated unresectable or metastatic <b>GASTRIC</b> cancer exhibiting microsatellite instability-high (MSI-H) or mismatch repaird deficiency (4MMS) where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with pembrolizumab monotherapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti- cancer therapy. 2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies, hepatitis and skin toxicity. 3. The patient has unrescetable or metastatic gastric carcinoma. 4. The patient has unrescetable or metastatic gastric carcinoma. 5. The patient has unrescetable or metastatic gastric carcer. 6. The patient has received previous chemotherapy for unresectable or metastatic gastric cancer. 7. The patient has received previous chemotherapy for unresectable or metastatic gastric cancer. 7. The patient has not SCOD genomance status (PS) of 0 or 1. 7. The patient has not SCOD genomance status (PS) of 0 or 1. 7. The patient has not SCOD genomance status (PS) of 0 or 1. 7. The patient has no symptomatically active brain metastases or leptomeningeal metastases. 7. The patient has not STM performance status (PS) of 0 or 1. 7. The patient has not STM performance status (PS) of 0 or 1. 7. The patient has not symptomatically active brain metastases or leptomeningeal metastases. 7. The patient has not STM performance status (PS) of 0 or 1. 7. The patient has not symptomatically active brain metastases or leptomeningeal metastases. 7. The patient has NOT received prior treatment with an anti-PD-1, anti-P	No	TA914	20-Sep-23	19-Dec-23

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
			1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with pembrolizumab monotherapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti- cancer therapy.				
			2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies, hepatitis and skin toxicity.				
			3. The patient has unresectable or metastatic small intestinal carcinoma.	1			
			4. The patient's tumour has a documented presence of microsatellite instability-high (MSI-H) or DNA mismatch repair deficiency (dMMR) confirmed by validated testing.	]			
			5. The patient has received previous treatment for unresectable or metastatic small intestinal cancer.				
			6. The patient has progressive disease during or following the most recent chemotherapy.				
PEMB27	Pembrolizumab	with previously treated unresectable or metastatic SMALL INTESTINAL carcinoma exhibiting microsatellite instability-high	7. The patient has an ECOG performance status (PS) of 0 or 1. Note: NHS England does not fund this treatment in patients of ECOG PS 2.	No	TA914	20-Sep-23	19-Dec-23
r civibz /	monotherapy	(MSI-H) or mismatch repair deficiency	8. The patient has no symptomatically active brain metastases or leptomeningeal metastases.		16514	20-366-23	15-Dec-25
		(dMMR) where the following criteria have	9. The patient has NOT received prior treatment with an anti-PD-1, anti-PD-12, anti-CD137, or anti-Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated antigen-4 (CTLA-4) antibody.	1			
		been met:	10. Pembrolizumab will be administered as monotherapy at a dose of 200mg every 3 weeks or a dose of 400mg every 6 weeks. Note: NHS England recommends the use of 6-weekly pembrolizumab whenever appropriate.				
			11. Pembrolizumab will be stopped at whichever of the following events occurs first: disease progression or loss of clinical benefit or unacceptable toxicity or withdrawal of patient consent or after a total treatment duration of 2 years (or a maximum of 35 3-weekly cycles or the equivalent number of 6-weekly cycles to result in a total treatment duration of 2 years).				
			12. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with pembrolizumab should continue will occur at least by the end of the 2nd month of treatment.	1			
			13. When a treatment break of more than 12 weeks beyond the expected 3 or 6-weekly cycle length is needed, a treatment break approval form will be completed to restart treatment.	1			
			14. Pembrolizumab will be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).	1			
			1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with pembrolizumab monotherapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti- cancer therapy.				
			2. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies, hepatitis and skin toxicity.				
			3. The patient has unresectable or metastatic biliary tract carcinoma.	1			
			4. The patient's turnour has a documented presence of microsatellite instability-high (MSI-H) or DNA mismatch repair deficiency (dMMR) confirmed by validated testing.	1			
			5. The patient has received previous chemotherapy for unresectable or metastatic billary tract cancer.	1			
		For the subsequent treatment of patients	6. The patient has progressive disease during or following the most recent chemotherapy.	1			
		with previously treated unresectable or metastatic BILIARY TRACT cancer	7. The patient has an ECOG performance status (PS) of 0 or 1.	-			
PEMB28	Pembrolizumab monotherapy	exhibiting microsatellite instability-high	Note: NHS England does not fund this treatment in patients of ECOG PS 2.	No	TA914	20-Sep-23	19-Dec-23
	monotherapy	(MSI-H) or mismatch repair deficiency	8. The patient has no symptomatically active brain metastases or leptomeningeal metastases.				
		(dMMR) where the following criteria have been met:	9. The patient has NOT received prior treatment with an anti-PD-1, anti-PD-12, anti-CD137, or anti-Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated antigen-4 (CTLA-4) antibody.	]			
		been met.	10. Pembrolizumab will be administered as monotherapy at a dose of 200mg every 3 weeks or a dose of 400mg every 6 weeks.				
			Note: NHS England recommends the use of 6-weekly pembrolizumab whenever appropriate.	_			
			11. Pembrolizumab will be stopped at whichever of the following events occurs first: disease progression or loss of clinical benefit or unacceptable toxicity or withdrawal of patient consent or after a total treatment duration of 2 years (or a maximum of 33 - weekly vocks or the equivalent number of 6-weekly vocks or the equ				
				-			
			12. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with pembrolizumab should continue will occur at least by the end of the 2nd month of treatment.  13. Using a treatment bench of a non-ther 11 medical head head of the 2nd month of the 2nd mon	-			
			13. When a treatment break of more than 12 weeks beyond the expected 3 or 6-weekly cycle length is needed, a treatment break approval form will be completed to restart treatment.	4			
			14. Pembrolizumab will be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
PEMIG1	Pemigatinib	For locally advanced or metastatic cholangiocarcinoma which has a fibroblast growth factor receptor 2 gene fusion/rearrangement in patients with disease progression during or after previous systemic therapy where the following criteria have been met:	1. This spapilation for pemigatinib is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with pemigatinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti- cancer therapy. 2. The patient has a histologically or cyclogically confirmed diagnosis of cholangiocarcinoma. Please also indicate below whether the cholangiocarcinoma is of intrahepatic origin or the cholangiocarcinoma is of intrahepatic origin or the cholangiocarcinoma has been results for fibroblast growth factor receptor 2 (FGFR2) gene fusion or rearrangement with a validated test and the result is positive. 4. The patient has unresectable locally dowanced or metastatic disease. 5. The patient has been previously treated with systemic therapy for cholangiocarcinoma or the patient has been previously treated with systemic therapy for cholangiocarcinoma or the patient has a nECOG performance status of 0 or 1 or 2. 7. The patient there has no anotherapy. 9. The patient has an RECOG performance status of 0 or 1 or 2. 10. The prescribing clinician understands that pemigatinib can cause serous retuined detachment and therefore optimalized examination (including optical coherence tomography) has been arranged prior to initiation of pemigatinib and understand shat pemigatinib can cause serous retuined detachment and therefore optimalized examination (including optical coherence tomography) has been arranged prior to initiation of pemigatinib and the mission therapy (ervery 2 months for the first fa months and every 3 months thereafter). 11. The prescribing clinician is aware of the risk of the patient has and every 3 months therefore optimal optimalized and accredited pemigatinib. 13. A first formal medical review as to whether treatment with pemigatinib. 14. A first formal medical review as on the restore of protography based envery 4 months therefore of discontinued. 15. Pemigatinib will be otherwise used as set out in its perifyce of the accessive towicity or patient choice to disc	No	TA722	25-Aug-21	24-Sep-21

PE22 PE23 PE24 PE24 PE24 PE25 PE25 PE25 PE25 PE25 PE25 PE25 PE25	Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
11. Pertuzumab or PHESGO* will be otherwise used as set out in their respective Summary of Product Characteristics (SPCs).	PER2a	Pertuzumab	trastuurmab in NODE POSITIVE patients for the neoadjuvant treatment of locally advanced, inflammatory or early breast cancer at high risk of recurrence (PER2a) where the following criteria have been met This form (introduced in November 2019) is for patients known to be pathologically node positive patients is nown to be pathologically node positive patients in the call y advanced inflammatory perturuands, form PER4a for node positive patients with locally advanced, inflammatory or early breast cancer who are node negative or of unknown hodd is tatus when commencing nee dijavant perturuands, form PER4a for nows to locade for the neoadjuvant part of treatment followed b form PER4a for the adjuvant part of treatment	according the use of systemic anti-carer theory. MOT: This application should be made immediately prior to commencing perturumab plus trasturumab when given with single agent docetaxel/pacitized chemotherapy as part of sequential anthracycline/taxaer regimen and not at the start of the anthracycline/taxaer component. 2. The patient has newly diagnosed locally advanced, inflammatory or early breast cancer at high risk of recurrence (i.e. must have stage T2-14b and MD disease) and has pathologically-proven node positive disease 3. The patient has baseline UEP greater than or equal to SSX % or if anthracyclines were given that the UEP was greater than or equal to SOX after completion of the anthracycline component of the neo-adjuvant chemotherapy 6. The patient has baseline UEP greater than or equal to SSX % or if anthracyclines were given that the UEP was greater than or equal to SOX after completion of the anthracycline component of the neo-adjuvant chemotherapy 6. The patient has baseline UEP greater than or equal to SSX % or if anthracyclines were given that the UEP was greater than or equal to SOX after completion of the anthracycline component of the neo-adjuvant chemotherapy 6. The patient has received no prior treatment with chemotherapy or HEP2 therapy for this breast concer 7. Pertrusmab due has given with chemotherapy or HEP2 MADICAL trial 7. Particurumab due has given with chemotherapy in either arm of the study or potential participants in the NIHA-approved HEP2 MADICAL trial (UKCRN Study ID:13362 where pacitizate/fast-pacitizate/docetaxel may be ready. 7. Patient NIB anterioded in the RISE ADICAL trial of tallored treatment for HEP2 we early breast cancer 7. The patient with every calculater determines and the study of patiential participants in the NIHA-approved HEP2 MADICAL trial (UKCRN Study ID:1362 where pacitizate/fast-pacitizate/docetaxel may be ready. 7. Patient NIB and treater at the RISE ADICAL trials of tallored treatment for HEP2 we early breast cancer 7. Patient NIB and trea		TA424	21-Dec-16	21-Mar-17

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
PER2D	Pertuzumab	Neoadjuvant pertuzumab plus trastuzumab in patients who are NODE NEGATIVE or of UNKNOWN NODAL STATUS for the neoadjuvant treatment of locally advanced, inflammatory or early breast cancer at high risk of recurrence (PER2b) where the following criteria have been met: This form (introduced November 2019) is for patients who are node negative or of unknown nodal status prior to commencing neo-adjuvant therapy. If a biogy post-surgery shows that the patients are found to be node positive, then for them to commencing adjuvant treatment with perturunab and trasturunab, form PER4b must be completed.	1. An application has been made by and the find cycle of systemic and -cancer therapy, with perturbands (in combination with chemotherapy and trastaurunb) will be prescribed by a consultant specialitat specifically trained and according the application should be made immediate by information and the start of the anti-system based component. 2. Treatments being imitiated with neodylown immet 3. The patients being imitiated with neodylown immet 3. The patient has needed locally advanced, imfiammatory or early breast cancer at high risk of recorrence (i.e. must have stage T2-T4b and M0 disease) and is either node negative or is of unknown nodal status prior to during on the status and be advanced infiammatory or early breast cancer at high risk of recorrence (i.e. must have stage T2-T4b and M0 disease) and is either node negative or is of unknown nodal status prior to during on the automatical status and the status and the index of the automatical status and the index of the automatical status and the status and the index of the automatical status and the index of the aut	No	TA424	21-Dec-16	21-Mar-17
		11. Pertu				1	

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
PERI	Pertuzumab (In combination with trastuzumab and docetaxel or capecitabine)	The first line treatment of locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer where all the following criteria are met:	1. This application for perturumab in combination with trasturumab and docetaxel or capecitabine is being made by and the first cycle will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has histologically documented breast cancer which is HER2 3+ by immunohistochemistry and/or has a HER2 ratio of ≥2.0 by in situ hybridisation. 3. The patient has baseline LVEF of greater than or equal to 50%. 6. Any adjuvant HER2 therapy was completed more than 12 months prior to the diagnosis of locally advanced or metastatic disease. 7. The patient has had no prior treatment with chemotherapy or HER2 therapy for locally advanced or metastatic disease. 8. The patient was a notice to more than 12 months prior to the diagnosis of locally advanced or metastatic disease. 9. The patient will receive pertrumab and trasturumab as first line treatment tim combination with docetaxel or capecitabline. Note if a patient more treatment, which occetax and has a severe allergic reaction to the docetaxel and is re-challenged with docetaxel unsuccessfully, chemotherapy with the combination of pacificaxel, perturumab and trasturumab and trasturumab and trasturumab are not to be used beyond first disease progression outside the CNS. Note: Treatment with perturumab and trasturumab and intrasturumab are not to be used progression solely within the CNS. 10. Treatment will be given using either intravenous perturumab and intrasturumab or using the PHESGO® brand combination perturumab and trasturumab combination injection 11. The prescribing clinician understands the differing dosages to be used for the different formulations of perturumab in relation to the first (loading) cycle and then in subsequent cycles: 11. The prescribing clinician understands the differing dosages to be used for the different formulations of perturumab in relation to the first (loading) cycle and then in subsequent cycles: 11. The prescribing clinician understands the differing dosages	Yes	TA509	07-Mar-18	05-Jun-18
PER3	Pertuzumab	Pertuzumab in combination with trastuzumab and chemotherapy as adjuvant therapy for axillary node positive HER2-positive early breast cancer and with NO preceding neoadjuvant chemotherapy in combination with pertuzumab and trastuzumab (PER3) where the following criteria have been met: Note: there is a separate form PER4a for adjuvant perturumab and adjuvant chemotherapy in combination with pertuzumab and trastuzumab and who continue on adjuvant treatment after surgery. For patients who were node negative or of unknown nodal status when commencing neo- adjuvant chemotherapy in combination with perturumab and trasturumab and in whom surgery has demonstrated node positive disease, form PER4b must be used for adjuvant pertuzumab and trasturumab and merekab must be used for adjuvant	<ol> <li>This application for pertuzumab in combination with trastuzumab as part of adjuvant systemic therapy is made by and the first cycle of adjuvant pertuzumab and trastuzumab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>The patient has histologically documented breast cancer which is HER2 3+ by immunohistochemistry and/or has a ratio of 22.0 by in situ hybridisation.</li> <li>The patient has been diagnosed with early breast cancer and this has been adequately excised.</li> <li>The patient has pathologically documented axillary lymph node involvement.</li> <li>Perturumab in combination with trastuzumab as adjuvant treatment is only NICE-recommended and commissioned in patients with pathologically documented axillary lymph node involvement.</li> <li>S. The patient has 0.5.1 of perturumab's Summary of Product Characteristics. Please mark as to which regimen is to be used:         <ul> <li>-3.4 cycles of AC or EC followed by 3-4 cycles of docetaxel or 12 cycles of weekly pacitized or             <li>-5 cycles of AC or EC followed by 3-4 cycles of docetaxel or 12 cycles of weekly pacitized or             <li>-6 cycles of addition with theraturumab and trastuzumab and trastuzumab should commence with the first taxane cycle. Pertuzumab and trastuzumab and trastuzumab and trastuzumab and trastuzumab and trastuzumab and trastuzumab and the documence with the first taxane cycle. Pertuzumab and trastuzumab and the adjuvant chemotherapy regimens.             </li> <li>16 a patient has a server allergic reaction to the docetaxel or 12 cycles of weekly pacitized or             </li> <li>6 Aradimum of 18 cycles of pertuzumab and intravenous perturumab and intravenous becutaned.</li> </li></li></ul> </li> <li>6. A maximum of 18 cycles of pertuzumab guita the motherapy regimens is or using the PHESGO® brand combination pertuzumab and trastuzumab subcutaneous injection.</li></ol>	No	TA569	20-Mar-19	18-Jun-19

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
PER4a		Pertuzumab in combination with trastuzumab as adjuwant therapy for patients with HER2-positive early breast cancer which was diagnosed as being NODE POSITIVE prior to neoadjuwant treatment and has now completed neoadjuwant pertuzumab in combination with trastuzumab and chemotherapy and surgery (PER4a) where the following criteria have been met: These patients must have had form PER2a completed for the neoadjuwant portion of their therapy. For patient who were node negative or diuwnow modul status prior to commencing such PER2b adjuwant theirapy, form PE2Di (neoadjuwant petients who are found to be node positive after surgery. For node positive patients who did not receive neo adjuwant themotherapy with perturumabs, form PER3 hold bus usef for adjuwant treatment of perturumab + trastuzumab.	<ol> <li>This application for perturumab in combination with trastructumab as part of adjuwant chemotherapy is made by and the first cycle of adjuwant perturumab and trastructumab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>The patient has histologically documented breast cancer which is HER2 3+ by immunohistochemistry and/or has a ratio of 22.0 by in situ hybridisation.</li> <li>The patient has been diagnosed with early breast cancer and this has been adequately excised.</li> <li>The patient has been diagnosed with early breast and sally my combinition with perturumab and trastructumab or residual immasive carcinoms to neoadjuwant chemotherapy in combination with perturumab and trastrucumab or residual immasive disease progression. Please indicate below whether or not the patient achieved a pathological complete regione in hows at dar indiagn yolds after neoadjuwant themotherapy in combination with perturumab and trastrucumab or residual immasive disease progression adjuwant perturumab put vargery as they were known to be node positive before the pathology results were available to confirm the status as to pathological complete regions in homotogical complete regions in combination with perturumab and trastrucumab and trastrucumab or trastructumation with neoadjuwant therative and surgery</li> <li>A maximum of 18 cycles of perturumab plus trastruumab post-surgery as they were known to be node positive disease progression. Please indicate balance and the status as to pathological complete regions in combination with perduction with perduction and trastructumab and trastructumab and trastructumab will be subcevently administered.</li> <li>A maximum of 18 cycles of perturumab plus trastruumab post-surgery as they were known to be node positive and before the pathology results have confirmed the status as to pathological complete registerin envision.</li> <li>A maximum of 18 cycles of HER2 directe</li></ol>	Νο	TA569	20-Mar-19	18-Jun-19

PEAb       Perturned          1. The application of perturnation continuous with transmusce approx of adjuscet temperturnation of adjuscet perturnation and transmusce base of adjuscet temperturnation adjuscet temperturnation of adjuscet temperturnation adjuscet temperturnatis adjuscet temperturnation adjuscet tempertu	Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	TA	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
break because of COVID 19. 12. Pertuzumab or PHESGO® will be otherwise used as set out in their respective Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC)	PER4b	Pertuzumab	Pertuzumab in combination with trastuzumab as adjuvant therapy for HER2 positive early breast cancer patients thought to be node negative or of unknown modal status prior to neoadjuvant chemotherapy and found to be axillary node positive AFTER completion of neoadjuvant pertuzumab/trastuzumab and surgery (PER4b) where the following criteria have been met: These patients must have completed form PER2b for the neoadjuvant portion of their therapy. PER2b patients (node negative or of unknown nodal status prior to neoadjuvant chemotherapy) who are node negative after surgery canch have adjuvant perturumab a NICE has only recommended adjuvant perturumb in patients who are node positive. For patients known to be node positive prior to commericity neoadjuvant therapy. For patients known to be node positive prior to adjuvant preturum ab shuld proceed directly to adjuvant treatment in combination with perturumab and trastuzumab (form PER3).	trained accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2 The patient has histologically documented breast cancer which is HER3 3+ by immunohistochemistry and/or has a ratio of 22.0 by in situ hybridisation. 3. The patient has received neoadjuvant chemotherapy in combination with perturumab and trasturumab and trasturumab and trasturumab and trasturumab or - pathological complete response in breast and asillary nodes after neoadjuvant chemotherapy in combination with perturumab and trasturumab or - residual imasive disease remaining in both breast and asillary nodes after neoadjuvant chemotherapy in combination with perturumab and trasturumab or - residual imasive disease remaining in both breast and asillary nodes after neoadjuvant chemotherapy in combination with perturumab and trasturumab or - residual imasive disease remaining in both breast and asillary nodes after neoadjuvant theomotherapy in combination with perturumab and trasturumab or - residual imasive disease remaining in both breast and asillary nodes after neoadjuvant treatment and definitive surgery has since found an absence of invasive carcinoma in the axillary nodes into readjuvant treatment and definitive surgery has since found an absence of invasive carcinoma in the axillary nodes but there are histological changes (such as fibrois) which the pathological ompetitive and provides asillary nodal involvement and trasturumab	Νο	TA569	20-Mar-19	18-Jun-19

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
Blueteq Form ref:	Polatuzumab vedotin in combination with bedarustine and rituximab	For previously treated patients with	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with polatuzumab vedotin in combination with bendamustine and rituximab will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient is an adult or a post-pubescent child: 4. The patient is an adult or a post-pubescent child: 4. The patient is an adult or a post-pubescent child: 4. The patient is an adult or a post-pubescent child: 5. The patient is an adult or a post-pubescent child: 5. The patient is an adult or a post-pubescent child: 5. The patient is an adult or a post-pubescent child: 5. The patient is an adult or a post-pubescent child: 5. The patient is a post-pubescent child: 5. The patient has a histologically confirmed diagnosis of diffuse large B cell iymphoma (DBCL). This includes the following: 5. OECL on otherwise specified (ND) (including germinal centre B-cell (GCB) and activated B-cell (ABC) subtypes) 5. OF patient has a histologically confirmed diagnosis of diffuse large B cell iymphoma (DBCL). This includes the following: 5. OECL on otherwise specified (ND) (including germinal centre B-cell (GCB) and activated B-cell (ABC) subtypes) 5. OF patient has a histologically confirmed diagnosis of diffuse large B cell iymphoma. 5. OF cell characterize and the patient has gere relative of polatizumab. 5. OF cell characterize and the patient has been relative and the patient and trips histologically confirmed diagnosis of the patient and the patient and trips histologically confirmed diagnosis of the patient on the patient and trips histologically confirmed diagnosis of the patient and trips histologically confirmed diagnosis of the patient and the relative of a patient and trips histologically confirmed diagnosis of the patient and trips histologically confirmed diagnosis of the patient and trips histologically confirmed diagnosis of the patient and the relative patient and trips histologically confirmed diagnosis of the patient and	drug/	ТА	NICE	baseline funding
			14. When a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected 3-weekly cycle length is needed, I will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment, including as appropriate if the patient had an extended break on account of Covid-19. 15. Polatuzumab vedotin, bendamustine and rituximab will otherwise be used as set out in their respective Summary of Product Characteristics SPCs).				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
POL2_y1.2	Polatuzumab vedotin in combination with rituximab, cyclophosphamide, doxorubicin and prednisolone	For people with previously untreated diffuse large B-cell ymphoma where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and alon the first oper displacement and career therapy, with platicational with intrainably cyclophosphanide, discolution and predincisions will be prescribed by a constraint special integrational displacement and and gree 33 years). Passes much block whether the patient is and did or a post-placement dividing e 33 years). Passes much block whether the patient is and did or a post-placement dividing e 33 years). Passes much block whether the patient is and did or a post-placement dividing e 33 years). Passes much block whether the patient is and did or a post-placement dividing e 33 years). Passes much block whether the patient is and did or a post-placement dividing e 34 years. Passes much block wheth of the two options splice:	No	TA874	01-Mar-23	30-May-23

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	TA	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
			This application for pomalidomide has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with pomalidomide will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy     The patient has multiple myeloma	_			
		Pomalidomide for multiple myeloma	3. The patient's performance status (PS) is 0-2	-			!
POM1	Pomalidomide	previously treated with lenalidomide and bortezomib	4. The patient has previously received 3 lines of treatment with adequate trials of at least all of the following options of therapy: a routinely commissioned or CDF-funded proteasome inhibitor (bortezomib/carfilzomib/xazomib), lenalidomide and alkylating agents	No	TA427	11-Jan-17	11-Apr-17
			5. The patient has refractory disease to the previous line of treatment	1			
			6. Pomalidomide will be used as outlined in the Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC)	-			!
		The treatment of Philadelphia	1. An application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy is to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy				
PON1	Ponatinib	chromosome positive acute lymphoblastic leukaemia where all the following criteria	2. The patient has Philadelphia chromosome positive acute lymphoblastic leukaemia	Yes	TA451	13-Feb-17	26-Sep-17
		are met:	3. Imatinib is not clinically appropriate for the patient or the T315I gene mutation is present	1			
		The treatment of chronic phase,	1. An application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy is to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy				
PON6	Ponatinib	accelerated phase or blast phase chronic myeloid leukaemia where all the following	2. The patient has chronic phase, accelerated phase or blast phase chronic myeloid leukaemia	Yes	TA451	13-Feb-17	26-Sep-17
		criteria are met:	3. The disease is resistant to dasatinib or nilotinib, or the patient cannot have dasatinib nor nilotinib and imatinib is not clinically appropriate, or the T3151 gene mutation is present	-			
			1. This application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with radium-223 will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy				
			2. ONE of the following applies to this patient: - The patient has histologically or cytologically confirmed adenocarcinoma of the prostate and has castration-resistant disease with two or more symptomatic bone metastases detected on skeletal scintigraphy <b>OR</b> - The patient had a high clinical suspicion of prostate cancer with a high PSA value (>100ng/ml) at diagnosis and has castration-resistant disease with two or more symptomatic bone metastases detected on skeletal scintigraphy <b>OR</b> - The patient had a high clinical suspicion of prostate cancer with a high PSA value (>100ng/ml) at diagnosis and has castration-resistant disease with two or more symptomatic bone metastases detected on skeletal scintigraphy	-			
			3. The patient has symptomatic bone metastases with either regular use of analgesic medication or treatment with external-beam radiation therapy required for cancer related bone pain within the previous 12 weeks	-			
			4. The patient has no known visceral metastases and no previous history of visceral spread.	1			
			5. The patient has no malignant lymphadenopathy that is more than 3cm in diameter	-			
			6. The patient's Performance Status is 0-2	-			
		Radium-223 dichloride for treating	7. The patient has no imminent or established spinal cord compression	1			
N/A	Radium-223	hormone-relapsed prostate cancer with	8. The patient has had no previous hemibody external radiotherapy or systemic radiotherapy with radioisotopes within the previous 24 weeks	Yes	TA412	28-Sep-16	28-Dec-16
		bone metastases	<ul> <li>9. ONE of the following applies to this patient as the amended marketing authorisation for radium-223 now requires patients to be in disease progression after at least 2 prior lines of systemic therapy (other than LHRH analogues) for metastatic castration-resistant prostate cancer or who are ineligible for available systemic therapy options:</li> <li>The patient has already had prior docetaxel AND either abiraterone or enaultamide and has disease progression</li> <li>The patient has already had prior docetaxel AND the patient has disease progression</li> <li>Docetaxel is contraindicated or the patient is not suitable for docetaxel AND both abiraterone and enzalutamide are contraindicated or the patient is not suitable for docetaxel AND both abiraterone and enzalutamide are contraindicated or the patient is not suitable for docetaxel AND both abiraterone and enzalutamide and has disease progression</li> <li>Docetaxel is contraindicated or the patient is not suitable for docetaxel AND both abiraterone and enzalutamide are contraindicated or the patient is not suitable for docetaxel AND both abiraterone and enzalutamide and has disease progression</li> <li>Due to COVID19 the patient is not suitable for docetaxel AND the patient thas already had either abiraterone or enzalutamide</li> </ul>				
			10. Radium-223 will be used as monotherapy or in combination only with LHRH analogues. Radium-223 must not be taken in combination with abiraterone or enzalutamide or any other systemic therapies except those that maintain reduced levels of male hormones				
			11. Radium-223 will otherwise be used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC)	1			
			12. No treatment breaks of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected 4-weekly cycle length are allowed (to allow any toxicity of current therapy to settle or intercurrent comorbidities to improve)* *Requests for continuation of treatment after unplanned treatment breaks over this duration should be made via the treatment break approval process				
			1. An application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy is to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy				-
		The treatment of previously treated	2. Patient has histologically confirmed, metastatic or unresectable GIST	1			'
DEC1	Descenteral	unresectable or metastatic gastrointestinal	3. Patient has ECOG performance status (PS) 0-1		<b>T</b> 1 1 0 0	45.11.4-	
REG1	Regorafenib	stromal tumours where all the following	4. Patient has had disease progression on or intolerance to previous imatinib	Yes	TA488	15-Nov-17	14-Feb-18
		criteria are met:	5. Patient has had disease progression on or intolerance to previous suntillib	4			
			6. No treatment breaks of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected cycle length are allowed (to allow any toxicity of current therapy to settle or intercurrent comorbidities to improve) T. Benergfenite to be ablenuiced are at an it is forwarea or if modut of theratorialized	-			
			7. Regorafenib to be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
REG2_v1.1	Regorafenib	The second line of tyrosine kinase inhibitor systemic therapy of Child-Pugh A locally advanced or metastatic hepatocellular carcinoma previously treated with soralenio Where the following criteria are met:	<ol> <li>This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with regorafenib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>The patient has been previously treated with sorafenib for locally advanced or metastatic hepatocellular carcinoma.</li> <li>The patient thas been previously treated with sorafenib for locally advanced or metastatic hepatocellular carcinoma.</li> <li>The patient currently has Child-Pugh liver function class A.</li> <li>Note: NLCE has not recommended regorafenib for patients with Child-Pugh liver function class B.</li> <li>The patient sis aware that there is no efficacy and toxicity data for regorafenib in patients previously treated with sorafenib who had to either discontinue sorafenib on account of toxicity or were unable to tolerate total adily doses of sorafenib of 400mg or more.</li> <li>The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0 or 1.</li> <li>Note: NLCE has not recommended regorafenib in patients with an ECOG performance status of ≥2.</li> <li>The patient has not been previously treated its sorafenib unless cabozantinib has had to be stopped within 3 months of its start solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease progression.</li> <li>The patient has not been previously treated with regorafenib.</li> <li>Regorafenib is to be continued until loss of clinical benefit or unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment, whichever is the sooner.</li> <li>A formal medical review as to whether treatment with regorafenib should continue or not will be scheduled to occur no later than by the end of the 2nd month of therapy.</li> <li>More material review as to whether treatment with regorafenib should continue or not will be scheduled to occur no later than by the end of the 2nd month of therapy.</li> <li>More aread or more than 6 weeks beyond the expected 4-w</li></ol>	No	TA555	09-Jan-19	09-Apr-19
REG3	Regorafenib	with, or are not considered candidates for, available therapies including fluoropyrimidine-based chemotherapy and anti-EGFR-based treatment where the following criteria have been met:	<ol> <li>This application is both being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with regorafenib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>The patient has a histologically confirmed diagnosis of adenocarcinoma of the colon or rectum.</li> <li>The patient has been previously treated for metastatic disease.</li> <li>The patient has been previously treated for metastatic disease with, or is not considered a candidate for, fluoropyrimidine-containing chemotherapies which include 5-fluorouracil and/or capecitabine and/or tegafur but not necessarily triffuridine (plus tipiracil).</li> <li>The patient has been previously treated with triffuridine plus tipiracil or not.</li> <li>Please the base previously treated with triffuridine plus tipiracil or not.</li> <li>Please tick which option applies to this patient:         <ul> <li>-no, the patient has not been previously treated with triffuridine plus tipiracil or             -no, the patient has not been previously treated with regorafenib.</li> <li>Regorafenib is not to be used in combination with any other systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Regorafenib is not to be used in combination with any other systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>Arematine thas not been previously treated with triffuridine plus tipiracil or         <ul> <li>-no, the patient has not been previously treated with regorafenib.</li> <li>Regorafenib is not to be used in combination with any other systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Mora medical review as to whether treatment with regorafenib discontrue or not will be schedule to occur no later than by the end of the 2nd (28-day) cycle of therapy.</li> <li>When a restament break form will be completed to restart treatment.</li> <li>Regorafenib will be otherwise used as set out in its Summary</li></ol>	No	TA866	08-Feb-23	09-May-23

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
RIB1_v1.4	Ribociclib (in combination with an aromatase inhibitor)	The treatment of previously untreated, hormone receptor-positive, HEB2- negative, locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer	L. This application for ribociclib in combination with an aromatase inhibitor is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy  2. The patient has histologically occumented oestrogen receptor positive and her-2 negative breast cancer  3. The patient has histologically or cyclologically documented oestrogen receptor positive and her-2 negative breast cancer  3. The patient has histologically or cyclologically documented oestrogen receptor positive and her-2 negative breast cancer  3. The patient has histologically or cyclologically documented oestrogen receptor positive and her-2 negative breast cancer  3. The patient has histologically or cyclologically documented oestrogen receptor positive and her-2 negative breast cancer  3. The patient has histologically or cyclologically documented oestrogen received as adjuvant therapy and treatment with abemaciclib was completed without disease progression at least 12 months prior to the first diagnosis of recurrent or metastatic disease.  Please mark below which one of these 4 scenarios applies to this patient: - no prior treatment with the 15t line CDK4/6 inhibitor palbociclib but treatment has had to be stopped within 6 months of its start solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of progressive disease or - previous treatment with the 15t line CDK4/6 inhibitor abemaciclib but treatment with abemaciclib was completed without disease progression at least 12 months prior to the first diagnosis of recurrent or metastatic disease or - previous treatment with also also to assert and treatment with abemaciclib was completed without disease progression wit LHRH agonist treatment disease 4. The patient has had no previous hormone therapy for locally advanced breast cancer which is not amenable to curative treatment 5. The patient has had no previous hormone therapy with anstracel or lettroole whether as ad	No	TA496	20-Dec-17	20-Mar-18
RIB2_v1.1	Ribociclib in combination with fulvestrant	The treatment of hormone receptor- positive, HER2-negative, locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer where the following criteria have been met:	<ol> <li>This application for ribociclib in combination with fulvestrant is being made by and the first cycle of ribociclib plus fulvestrant will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>The patient has histologically or cyclogically documented oestrogen receptor positive and HER-2 negative breast cancer.</li> <li>The patient has metastatic breast cancer or locally advanced breast cancer which is not amenable to curative treatment.</li> <li>The patient has metastatic breast cancer or locally advanced breast cancer which is not amenable to curative treatment.</li> <li>The patient has metastatic breast cancer or locally advanced breast cancer which is not amenable to curative treatment.</li> <li>The patient has metastatic breast cancer or locally advanced breast cancer which osubsequent endocrine therapy received following disease progression or - has progressive disease whitis 12 or less months of completing adjuvant endocrine therapy for early breast cancer with no subsequent endocrine therapy received following disease progression or - has progressive disease whitis 12 or less months of completing adjuvant endocrine therapy for early breast cancer with no subsequent endocrine therapy received following disease progression or - has progressive disease whitin 12 or less months of completing adjuvant endocrine therapy received following disease progression or - has progressive disease on this received preversion.</li> <li>The patient has had no prior treatment with a CDK 4/6 inhibitor unless either abernaciclib (in combination with fulvestrant) patient becar basence of disease progression or abeaucilib has been previously received adjuvant therapy and treatment with abeaucilib was completed without disease progression at least 12 months prior to the first diagnosis of recurrent or metastatic disease.</li> <li>Please mark below which one of these 4 scenarios applies to this patient:         - o</li></ol>	No	TA687	31-Mar-21	29-Jun-21

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
RUX1_v2.1	Ruxolitinib	intermediate-2 or high-risk myelofibrosis where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with ruxolitinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has primary myelofibrosis (also known as chronic idiopatic myelofibrosis) or post polycythaemia vera myelofibrosis or post essential thrombocythaemia myelofibrosis. Please mark below which of these 3 diagnoses applies to this patient: - primary myelofibrosis (also known as chronic idiopatic myelofibrosis) or - post polycythaemia vera myelofibrosis or - post polycythaemia vera myelofibrosis applied to this patient is either intermediate-2 or high-risk disease. Please mark below which of these risk categories applies to this patient: - the patient has intermediate-2 risk myelofibrosis or - the patient has intermediate-2 risk myelofibrosis. 3. The risk category of myelofibrosis 3. The risk myelofibrosis 3. The risk myelofibrosis 3. The risk category of myelofibrosis 3. The risk myelofibrosis 4. The patient has symptomatic disease-related splenomegaly and/or constitutional symptoms of myelofibrosis. 5. Treatment will be discontinued after 6 months if there has been no reduction in spleen size or improvement in symptoms since initiation of therapy. 7. For patients who have previously demonstrated some degree of clinical improvement but have since sustained an increase in their spleen length of 40% compared with their baseline size (roughly equivalent to a 25% increase in splent volume), ruxolitinib therapy with a JAK inhibitor or has been previously treated only with momelotinib or received previous ruxolitin be being requested. Please mark being reviously treated with momel	Yes	TA386	23-Mar-16	21-Jun-16
RUX2	Ruxolitinib	For the treatment of polycythaemia vera for adult patients who are resistant to treatment with hydroxycarbanide or who cannot tolerate treatment with hydroxycarbanide where the following criteria have been met:	10. Ruboiltim will otherwise be used as set out its Summary of Product Characteristics.         11. This application is being made by and the fits cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with wulditribli will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.         2. The patient has a confirmed diagoois of polycythaemia vera 2V).         3. The patient has in first polycythaemia vera as defined by any one of the following criteria applying to this patient:         9 age >60 years         • proviso documented thrombods: [including transient ischaemic attack) or enythomelagia or migraine (severe, recurrent, requiring medication and considered to be secondary to the PV) either after diagnosis of the PV or within the 10 years before diagnosis and regarded as being disease-related         • apidate(count cereding 1000 x 100 <sup>0</sup> AL any point during the patient's disease         • apidate(count cereding 1000 x 100 <sup>0</sup> AL any point during the patient's disease         • apidate(count cereding 1000 x 100 <sup>0</sup> AL any point during the patient:         • apidate(count cereding 1000 x 100 <sup>0</sup> AL any point during the patient:         • apidate(count cereding 1000 x 100 <sup>0</sup> AL any point during the patient:         • apidate(count cereding 1000 x 100 <sup>0</sup> AL any point during the patient:         • apidate(count cereding 1000 x 100 <sup>0</sup> AL any point during the patient:         • apidate(count cereding 1000 x 100 <sup>0</sup> AL any point during the patient:         • apidate(count cereding 1000 x 100 <sup>0</sup> AL any point during the patient:         • apidate(count cered	- Yes	TA921	18-Oct-23	16-Jan-24

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
SACI	Sacituzumab govitecan	For the treatment of patients with previously treated unresectable locally advanced or metastatic triple negative breast cancer where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application for sacturumba govitean is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with sacturumba govitecan will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic attra-cancer therapy. 2. The pattern than a histologically or cyclogically-confirmed diagnosis of breast cancer. 3. The pattern than environment therapy specifically for the unrescetable locally advanced or metastatic freest cancer. 4. The patient has had a composite provide and this is negative for all of the following: the HER2 receptor, nestrogen receptor and progesterone receptor i.e. the patient has <b>triple negative disease</b> . 5. Effler this patient has had 2 or more prior lines of systemic therapy specifically for the unrescetable locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer indication are the patient has only had 3 line of systemic therapy specifically for the unrescetable locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer indication are the patient has only had 3 line of systemic therapy specifically for the unrescetable locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer indication and the as the previously received adjuvant or neoadjuvant systemic therapy second for the patient has also previously received adjuvant or neoadjuvant systemic therapy second for the patient has been treated with 1st line atecolizumab or perturbicitations and the patient was technically eligible for 1st line atecolizumab or perturbicitations and the patient was technically eligible for 1st line atecolizumab or perturbicitations and the patient was treated with 1st line atecolizumab or perturbicitation by a consideration is only tenses ad according to NICC recommendations of the patient to be eligible for 1st line atecolizumab or perturbicitations by a second and concording to NICC recommendations of the patient to be eligible for 1st line atecolizumab or perturbicitations by advanced or metastatic disease end sociazumab paymenterindised and eccording to NICC recommendations to the eligible and to	Yes	TA819	17-Aug-22	15-Nov-22

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	TA	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
SOR2	Sorafenib	The treatment of differentiated thyroid cancer after radioactive iodine where the following criteria are met:	1. This application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with sorafenib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy 2. This patient has a confirmed histological diagnosis of differentiated thyroid carcinoma (papillary or follicular or Hurtle cell type) 3. The patient has either metastatic disease or inoperable locally advanced disease 4. The disease is refractory to radioactive iodime 5. The disease is progressive and is either symptomatic or imminently likely to become symptomatic 6. The patient has to discontinue denvatinib and sorafenib unless the patient has had to discontinue lervatinib within 3 months of starting lervatinib because of toxicity (ie there is lervatinib toxicity which cannot be managed by dose delay or dose modification) and there has been no discase progression whils to nervatinib. Note: Sequential use of sorafenib and then lervatinib is only funded if the patient has to discontinue sorafenib because of intolerance within 3 months of its start and if the disease has not progressed whilst the patient is on sorafenib. The use of sorafenib after disease progression on or after lervatinib is only funded if the patient and vice versa. 7. The patient has an ECOG performance status of or 1 or 2. 8. Sorafenib is to be continued as long as clinical benefit is observed or until there is unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment. 9. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with sorafenib hould continue on not will be scheduled to currat teast by the end of the first 8 weeks of treatment 5. On to reatment threaks of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected cycle length are allowed (to allow any toxicity of current therapy to settle or intercurrent comorbidities to improve) 1. Sorafenib is to be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics	Yes	TA535	08-Aug-18	06-Nov-18
SOR3	Sorafenib	Treatment of Child-Pugh A locally advanced or metastatic hepatocellular carcinoma where the following criteria are met:	1.1. Samplication has been made by and the first developed of systemic anti-cancer therapy is to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy 1. An application has been made by and the first developed of systemic anti-cancer therapy is to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy 2. ONE of the following applies to the patient: the patient has a confirmed histological diagnosis of hepatocellular carcinoma or a biopsy is deemed to be very high risk or technically not feasible in the patient AND the criteria below are met: a. The decision not to biopsy has been made and documented by a specialist HCC MDM b. The tumour meets the non-invasive diagnostic criteria of hepatocellular carcinoma* c. Data is submitted as part of the ongoing Sorafenib Audit 2. It is expected that OPTION 2 will only apply in exceptional circumstances and it should be noted that responses will be reviewed regularly to ensure that this is the case. *EASI-CORTC Clinical Practice Guidelines: Management, Journal of Hepatology 2012 vol. 56 p 308-943. Non-invasive criteria can only be applied to cirrhoit patients and are based on imaging techniques obtained by 4-phase multidetector Cris car or dynamic contrast-enhanced MRI. Diagnosti should be based on the identification of the typical hallmark of HCC (Mpervascular in the arterial phase with washout in the portal venous or delayed phases). While one imaging technique is required for nodules beyond 1 cm in diameter a more conservative approach with 2 techniques is recommended in suboptimal settings. 3. Patient must have either metastatic disease or locally advanced disease that is ineligible for or failed surgical or locoregional therapies 4. Either the patient has not received any previous systemic therapy for hepatocellular carcinoma (option 1) or the patient has had to discontinue lenvatinib divition 2) or if the patient has received atecolizuma	Yes	TA474	06-Sep-17	05-Dec-17

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
SOR5	Sorafenib	Sorafenib maintenance for the treatment of FLT3-Internal Tandem Duplication (FLT3 ITD) acute myeloid leukaemia (AML) post allogeneic haematopoietic stem celi transpiantain (allo-HSCT) <b>IM ADUTS</b> where the following criteria are met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with sorafenib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has a diagnosis of FLT3-Internal Tandem Duplication (FLT3-ITD) mutation acute myeloid leukaemia (AML). 3. The patient has a diagnosis of FLT3-Internal Tandem Duplication (FLT3-ITD) mutation acute myeloid leukaemia (AML). 3. The patient has been discussed by a relevant specialist MDT and it has been agreed that sorafenib is the most appropriate therapy. 5. Sorafenib is not licensed for FLT3-ITD mutation AML maintenance therapy post allogeneic haematopoletic stem cell transplantation (allo-HSCT) and therefore Trust policy regarding unlicensed medicines has been followed. 5. The patient has been discussed by a relevant specialist MDT and it has been agreed that sorafenib is the most appropriate therapy. 6. Sorafenib is not licensed for FLT3-ITD mutation AML maintenance therapy post the most appropriate therapy. 7. The patient meets all of the following eligibility criteria: 9 ohs undergone allogeneic haematopoletic stem cell transplantation AMD 9 oblibits adequate engraftment (Lisobute neutrophil count of at least 10 x 10 <sup>4</sup> /L and a non-transfused platelet count of at least 30 x 10 <sup>4</sup> /L) at the time of sorafenib initiation. 8. The patient does not meet any one of the following exclusion criteria: 9 ohadivalas with contraindications to sorafenib, as outlined in the summary of product characteristics (SPC) OR 9 Persistent live dysfunction (total bilirubin twice or more the ULN) or creatinine distance 420mL/min) OR 9 Persistent live dysfunction (total bilirubin twice or more the ULN) or creatinine distance 420mL/min) OR 9 Persistemt live dysfunction (total bilirubin twice or more the ULN or creatinine distance 420mL/min) OR 9 Persistemt relevant on fistion formal total constraine bili about enterthere traten on this form must be fulfilled. 10. Treatment with sorafenib mainten	No	NHSE Policy: URN2262	N/A	06-Nov-23
SOR6	Sorafenib	Sorafenib maintenance for the treatment of FLT3-Internal Tandem Duplication (FLT3- TID) acute myoid leukaemic (AML) post allogeneic haematopoietic stem cell transplantation (allo-HSCT) <b>IN POST- PUBESCENT CHURCRN</b> where the following criteria are met:	An application has being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with sorfenib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.     An application first being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy.     An application first being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy.     Asofenib is not licensed for FLT3-Internal Tandem Duplication (FLT3-IntD) mutation acute myeloid leukaemia (AML).     S. The patient has a diagnosis of FLT3-IntD mutation AML maintenance therapy post allogeneic haematopoietic stem cell transplantation (allo-HSCT) and therefore Trust policy regarding unlicensed medicines has been followed.     S. The patient has been discussed by a relevant specialist MDT and it has been agreed that sorafenib is the most appropriate therapy. This MDT muts include at least two consultants with experience in the treatment of FLT3-ITD     MAL of whom at least one must be a consultant paediatrician. The MDT should also include a paediatric pharmacist and other professional groups appropriate to the disease area.     S. The patient mets all of the following eligibility criteria:     o has undergone allogeneic haematopoletic stem cell transplantation <b>ADD</b> o Exhibits adequate engraftment disolation entrophility court of at least 1.0 x 10 <sup>4</sup> /L and a non-transfused platelet count of at least 30 x 10 <sup>4</sup> /L) at the time of sorafenib initiation.     The patient does not meet any one of the following exclusion criteria:     o individuals with contraining the summary of product characteristics (SPC) OR     o Incorrolled graft versus hoat disasse (CoHD) OR     o Persistent reliver dysfunction (total bilirubin twice or more the upper limit of normal (UAH) or alaine aninotransferase or apartate aminotransferase twice or more the ULN) OR     o Persistent reliver dysfunction (creatine twice or more the upper limit of normal (UAH) or alaine aninotransferase or appartate the alion-HSCT	No	NHSE Policy: URN2262	N/A	06-Dec-23

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
SUN1	Sunitinib	The treatment of unresectable or metastatic neuroendocrine tumours of pancreatic origin with disease progression where all the following criteria are met:	An application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy is to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy     Constraints of the systemic anti-cancer therapy is to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy     Constraints of the systemic anti-cancer therapy is to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy     Constraints of the systemic anti-cancer therapy is to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy     Constraints of the systemic anti-cancer therapy is to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy     Constraints of the systemic anti-cancer therapy is to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy     Constraints of the systemic anti-cancer therapy is applied by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy     Constraints of the systemic anti-cancer therapy is applied by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy     Constraints of the systemic anti-cancer therapy is applied by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy     Constraints of the systemic anti-cancer therapy is applied by a consultant of treatment break approval process     Constraints of the systemic anti-cancer therapy is applied by a consultant of the treatment break approval process     Constraints of the systemic anti-cancer therapy is applied by a consultant of the treatment break approval process     Constraintspecifical anti-cancer applied by a constraint of the treatment bre	Yes	TA449	13-May-17	26-Sep-17

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
TALI	Talazoparib monotherapy	Talazoparib as monotherapy for treatment of adults with deleterious or suspected deleterious germline BRCA1 or 2 mutations who have HRE-7 negative locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer previously treated with an anthracycline and/or taxana in the adjuvant/neoadjuvant/advanced disease settings and also treated with prior endocrine-based therapy if the patient has hormone-receptor positive disease where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is both being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialis specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti- cancer therapy 2. This patient has a proven histological diagnois of HER 2 negative breast cancer. 3. This patient has a proven histological diagnois of HER 2 negative breast cancer. 4. This patient has a proven histological diagnois of HER 2 negative breast cancer. 4. This patient has a documented germline detetrious or suspected deleterious BRCA 1 or BRCA 2 mutation(s). Please enter below as to which deleterious and the detetrious of a suspected deleterious BRCA 1 or BRCA 2 mutation(s). 5. The patient has a concernet degreen detetrious or suspected deleterious BRCA 1 or BRCA 2 mutation(s). Please enter below as to which deleterious and/or a taxane in any of the adjuvant or neoadjuvant or advanced disease settings or	No	TA952	21-Feb-24	21-May-24

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
TALI1	Talimogene Laherparepvec	Talimogene laherparepvec for treating unresectable metastatic melanoma	1. I confirm that an application has been made and the first treatment will be prescribed and administered by a consultant specialist experienced in the treatment of melanoma 2. I confirm this treatment will be given by a specialist trained to give intra-lesional injections of talimogene. 3. I confirm the patient has cutaneous, subcutaneous or nodal deposit(s) of melanoma which is/are suitable for direct injection but is/are not surgically resectable. 4. I confirm the patient has cutaneous, subcutaneous or nodal deposit(s) of melanoma which is/are suitable for direct injection but is/are not surgically resectable. 5. I confirm the patient has sugged lib, stage IIC or stage IVMLa disease according to the AICC stage criteria of 2009 7th edition and if stage IVMLa disease (ie metastases to the skin, subcutaneous tissues or distant lymph nodes) has 5. I confirm the patient has tage appropriate for this patient as systemically administered immunotherapies or approved tale reserve the management of metastatic and locally advanced melanoma, 7. I confirm that talimogene is appropriate for this patient as systemically administered immunotherapies or approved targeted therapies are not considered the best option by the specialist melanoma multidisciplinary team meeting which includes an oncologist and a surgeon with expertise in the management of metastatic and locally advanced melanoma, respectively. 8. I confirm that talimogene evall only be administered as a single agent and not in combination with systemic therapies ege chemotherapy, targeted agents or immunotherapy unless this is which includes an oncologist and a surgeon will receive the licensed dose and frequency of talimogene laherparepvec 9. I confirm the patient will receive the licensed dose and frequency of talimogene laherparepvec	No	TA410	28-Sep-16	28-Dec-16

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
TEP1	Tepotinib	Tepotinib as monotherapy for the treatment of adult patients with <u>unreated</u> advanced/metastatic non-small cell lung epithelial transition (MET) exon 14 skipping alterations where the following criteria are met:	1. This application for teptointh is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with tepotinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has locally advanced or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer. Please indicate below whether the patient has non-squamous or squamous NSCLC: - non-squamous NSCLC 3. The patient has histological or cytological evidence of NSCLC that carries a MET exon 14 skipping alteration based on a validated test <b>QR</b> there is documented agreement by the lung MDT that the radiological appearances are in keeping with locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC AND there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of a MET exon 14 skipping alteration positive NSCL C has been made in this patient: - Vistological or cytological evidence Ocountented agreement by the lung MDT that the radiological appearances are in keeping with locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC and there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of a MET exon 14 skipping alteration positive NSCL C has been made in this patient: - Vistological or cytological evidence Ocountented agreement by the lung MDT that the radiological appearances are in keeping with locally advanced or metastatic NSCL and there is an informative circulating free DNA test result confirming the presence of a MET exon 14 skipping alteration The patient is not been previously treated with a drug specifically tageting a MET exon 14 skipping alteration unless the patient received teptotinib in the EAMS program and the patient meets all the other treatment criteria on this form The patient has no known brain metastases or if the patient does have brain metastases then the patient is symptomatically stable before staring teptotinib. Please math below the status with respect to known brain/CSM metastases - the patient has no brain presence of the patient does have brain met	No	TA789	18-May-22	17-Jun-22

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
TEP2	Tepotinib	Tepotinib as monotherapy for the treatment of adult patients with <u>previously treated</u> advanced/metastatic non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) harbouring mesenchymal-epithelial transition (MET) exon 14 skipping alterations where the following criteria are met:	1. This application for tepotinis is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with tepotinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has locally advanced or metastatic non-squamous NSCLC:	No	TA789	18-May-22	17-Jun-22

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
TIV1		The treatment of advanced renal cell carcinoma where all the following criteria are met:	1. This application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with twozanib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy 2. This patient has a confirmed histological diagnosis of renal cell carcinoma with a clear cell component Note: papillary, chromophobe and Xp11 trainsdication sub types can be treated as per clear cell pathway 3. The patient has either on previously received any vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF)-targeted systemic therapy or mTOR pathway inhibitor-targeted treatment unless they have received 1st line treatment with avelumab and axitinib or r had immediate prior treatment with either with pazopanib or sunitinib which has had to be stopped solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease progression: Prease mark which of these 3 scenarios below applies to this patient: - not previously received area vacular endothelial growth factor (VEGF)-targeted systemic therapy or mTOR pathway inhibitor-targeted treatment or - has not previously received treatment with eleval adartinib or - has not previously received treatment with eleval adartinib or - has not previously received treatment with eleval mapples to this patient: - not previously received treatment with eleval mapples to suntinib which has had to be stopped solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease progression (Patients treated with twozanib may switch to pazopanib or sunitinib which has had to be stopped solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease progression (Patients treated with twozanib may switch to pazopanib or sunitinib which has had to be stopped solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease progression (Patients treated with twozanib may switch to pazopanib or sunitinib which has had to be stopped solely as a consequence of dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear a	No	TA512	21-Mar-18	19-Jun-18

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
			1. This application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with trametinib in combination with dabrafenib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy				
			2. This patient has a confirmed histological diagnosis of malignant melanoma which is BRAF V600 mutation positive	1			
			3. The patient has unresectable stage III or stage IV disease that has been staged according to the AICC 8th edition	1			
TRADAB1	Trametinib and	Trametinib in combination with dabrafenib for treating unresectable or	4. The patient is treatment naive to BRAF V600 and MEK inhibitors for malignant melanoma unless either the patient has previously received adjuvant dabrafenib and trametinib and did not progress during such therapy or has received a sufficient trial of encorafenib plus binimetinib for advanced disease and this has had to be stopped solely as a consequence of persistent dose-limiting toxicity and in the documented absence of disease progression. Note: sequential treatment is not commissioned with encorafenib plus binimetinib and then on disease progression with dabrafenib plus trametinib.	No	74206	22-Jun-16	20-Sep-16
TRADADI	Dabrafenib	metastatic melanoma where the following criteria have been met:	5. The patient has sufficient ECOG performance status to tolerate treatment with the combination of trametinib plus dabrafenib	NO	1A396	22-3011-10	20-3ep-10
		6. Treatment with trametinib in combination with dabrafenib will be continued until loss of clinical benefit or unacceptable toxicity or withdrawal of patient consent. The only exception to this is for patients enrolled in the NIHR-approved INTERIM trial in which intermittent treatment is allowed and can be given in the experimental arm	_				
			7. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with trametinib in combination with dabrafenib should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the first 8 weeks of treatment	-			
			8. No treatment breaks of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected 4-weekly cycle length are allowed (to allow any toxicity of current therapy to settle or intercurrent comorbidities to improve)* *Requests for continuation of treatment after unplanned treatment breaks over this duration should be made via the treatment break approval process.				
			9. Trametinib in combination with dabrafenib is to be otherwise used as set out in their respective Summaries of Product Characteristics	1			
			1. This application is made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with dabrafenib in combination with trametinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy				
			2. This patient has a confirmed histological diagnosis of malignant melanoma which is BRAF V600 mutation positive		drug/ TA		
			3. The patient has disease that has been staged as stage III disease according to the AJCC 8th edition				
			4. This stage III disease has been completely resected either via sentinel lymph node biopsy ('sentinel lymphadenectomy') or when indicated via completion lymph node dissection and/or there has been complete resection of intransit metastases.			17-Oct-18	
			5. The patient is treatment naïve to systemic therapy for malignant melanoma and in particular has not previously received any BRAF V600 inhibitors or MEK inhibitors or immunotherapy with any check point inhibitors				
	Trametinib and	for the adjuvant treatment of completely	6. The prescribing clinician has discussed with the patient the benefits and toxicities of adjuvant trametinib and dabrafenib in stage III disease and has used the expected median figures below in relation to the risk of disease relapse if a routine surveillance policy is followed:				
TRADAB2	Dabrafenib	resected stage III BRAF V600 positive malignant melanoma where the following	- for stage IIIA disease, the 5 and 10 year melanoma-specific survival probabilities with routine surveillance are 93% and 88%, respectively - for stage IIIA disease, the 5 and 10 year figures are 83% and 7%, respectively	No	TA544		15-Jan-19
		criteria are met:	- nor stage into basease, into s and 10 year figures are 69% and 60%, respectively				
			- for stage IIID disease, the 5 and 10 year figures are 32% and 24%, respectively.				
			7. The patient has an ECOG performance status of either 0 or 1				
			8. Treatment with dabrafenib in combination with trametinib will be continued for a maximum of 12 months from the start of treatment in the absence of disease recurrence, unacceptable toxicity or withdrawal of patient consent	-			
			9. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with dabrafenib in combination with trametinib should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the first 8 weeks of treatment	1			
			10. No treatment breaks of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected 4-weekly cycle length are allowed (to allow any toxicity of current therapy to settle or intercurrent comorbidities to improve)*	1			
			*Requests for continuation of treatment after unplanned treatment breaks over this duration should be made via the treatment break approval process.				
			11. Dabrafenib in combination with trametinib is to be otherwise used as set out in their respective Summaries of Product Characteristics.				
			1. This application for dabrafenib and trametinib for BRAF V600-mutated anaplastic thyroid cancer (ATC) is being made by and the first cycle of dabrafenib and trametinib for BRAF V600-mutated ATC will be prescribed by a consultant specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anticancer therapy.				
			Conservation generating sector and account of the or or years and account of the original sector and t			1	
		Dabrafenib in combination with trametinib	The patient is been tested for and has a confirmed BRAF Victo Implicate of your cancer.	1		1	
TRADAB3	Trametinib and	for BRAF V600-mutated anaplastic thyroid	4. The patient has a performance status of 0 or 1 or 2.	No	NHSE Policy:	N/A	21-Oct-22
INADADS	Dabrafenib	cancer (ATC) for ADULT patients where	5. Dabrafenib and trametinib for BRAF V600-mutated anaplastic thyroid cancer are to be continued until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment.		221006P	IN/A	21-00-22
		the following criteria have been met:	6. When a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected 4-weekly cycle length is needed, a treatment break approval form will be completed to restart treatment.	1		1	
			7. Dabrafenib and trametinib will be otherwise used as set out in their respective Summary of Product Characteristics (SPCs).	1		1	
			8. Trust policy regarding the use of unlicensed (off-label) treatments has been followed as these drugs in this treatment are not licensed in this indication.	1			

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
TRA2	Trastuzumab emtansine	As adjuvant therapy for patients with HER2-positive early breast cancer who have residual invasive disease following the combination of taxane-based and HER2-targeted eneadjuvan systemic therapy and surgery where the following criteria have been met:	<ol> <li>This application for trasturumab emtansine as adjuvant chemotherapy is being made by and the first cycle of adjuvant trasturumab emtansine will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>The patient has bistologically documented breast cancer which is HER2 3+ by immunohistochemistry and/or has a ratio of 22.0 by in situ hybridisation.</li> <li>The patient has been diagnosed with early breast cancer and this has been adequately excised.</li> <li>Prior to neoadjuvant chemotherapy the patient had clinical stage T1-14, nodal stage ND-3 and metastasis stage MD disease.</li> <li>The patient has been previously treated with all test 15 weeks of nonadjuvant cyclenoic chemotherapy which incorporated a minimum of at least 9 weeks of taxane-based chemotherapy and 9 weeks of HER2-targeted therapy unless entered into the ROSCO trial or was considered potentially eligible for the HER2 RADiCAL trial.</li> <li>Please tick below which option applies:         <ul> <li>The patient was enrolled into the ROSCO trial (UKCRN Study 1019069) and was treated with 4 cycles of neoadjuvant trytotherus but did not achieve a pathological complete response and has therefore received a cycles of adjuvant thematory with trasturumab with or without perturumab to trial diverse a pathological complete response and has therefore received a less 4 weeks of antmacycline-based adjuvant treatment</li> </ul> </li> <li>The patient was potentially eligible for the HER2 RADICAL trial.</li> <li>The patient has documented residual disease after neoadjuvant chemotherapy and HER2-directed treatment and that one of the following scenarios applies to this patient as to the documented residual invasive disease in the breast only or         <ul> <li>the patient had residual invasive disease in the breast only or</li> <li>the patient had residual invasive disease in the breast only or</li></ul></li></ol>	No	TA632	10-Jun-20	08-Sep-20
			10. The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0 or 1.     11. The left ventricular ejection fraction prior to commencing adjuvant treatment with trastuzumab emtansine remains 250%.     12. Treatment breaks of up to 6 weeks are allowed, but solely to allow toxicities to settle.     13. Trastuzumab emtansine will be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).     1. An application has been made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy is to be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy				
TRA1	Trastuzumab Emtansine	The treatment of HER2-positive locally advanced/ unresectable or metastatic (Stage IV) breast cancer where all the following criteria are met:	2. Progression of her-2 positive locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer 3. Progression during or after the most recent treatment for advanced stage disease or within 6 months of completing treatment for early stage disease 4. Previous treatment with a taxane 5. Previous treatment with a taxane 6. Performance statau of 0, 1 or 2 7. Left ventricular ejection fraction of 50% or more 7. Left ventricular ejection fraction of 50% or more 7. Note: To minimise the risk of more share than Summary of Product characteristics (SPC). Note: To minimise the risk of errors due to the similarity of the product name Trasturguma (Kadyla) with that of Trasturgumab the recommendations in the Risk Minimisation Plan educational material from the manufacturer should be followed when prescribing, dispensing and administering the product	Yes	TA458 (formerly TA371)	19-Jul-17	17-Oct-17
TRAM1	Trametinib		1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with trametinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. 2. The patient patient was initially diagnosed with either: - a serous ovarian or peritoneal carcinoma that has recurred with low grade serous histology (invasive micropapillary serous carcinoma or invasive grade 1 serous carcinoma) - or started with a serous borderline ovarian or peritoneal carcinoma which has recurred a slow grade serous carcinoma (invasive micropapillary serous carcinoma or invasive grade 1 serous carcinoma) - or started with a serous borderline ovarian or peritoneal carcinoma which has recurred a slow grade serous carcinoma (invasive micropapillary serous carcinoma or invasive grade 1 serous carcinoma) - or started with a serous borderline ovarian or peritoneal carcinoma which has recurred a slow grade serous carcinoma (invasive micropapillary serous carcinoma or invasive grade 1 serous carcinoma) - or started with a serous borderline ovarian or peritoneal carcinoma which has recurred a slow grade serous carcinoma (invasive micropapillary serous carcinoma or invasive grade 1 serous carcinoma) - or started with a serous borderline ovarian or peritoneal carcinoma (invasive micropapillary serous carcinoma or invasive grade 1 serous carcinoma) - The patient has or had disease which has progressed following at least 1 previous platinum-based chemotherapy regimen. 4. The patient has not previously received any MEK inhibitors. 5. Trametinib will be used as monotherapy at a dose of 2 mg daily as part of a 28 day cycle. 6. The patient has an ECOG performance status of either 0 or 1. 7. Trametinib is to be continued until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment. 8. A formal medical review as to how trametinib is being tolerated and whether treatment with trametinib should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the	No	NHSE Policy: URN2253	N/A	08-Nov-23

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
TRE1	Treosulfan (Trecondi <sup>®</sup> ) in combination with fludarabine	reduced intensity conditioning regimen (such as low dose busultan with fludarabine) would otherwise be suitable where the following criteria have been met: There is a separate form TRE2 for treosuffan in combination with fludarabine for part of conditioning treatment prior to diagenetic haemopoietic stem cell transplantation for malignant disease in PAEDATIC PATIENTS OLDER THAN 1	4. Treosulfan (as Trecondi <sup>®</sup> ) plus fludarabine will be used as part of the reduced intensity conditioning treatment prior to the allogeneic stem cell transplantation. Note: Trecondi <sup>®</sup> is the only licensed formulation of tresosulfan for use in this indication. 5. Treosulfan (as Trecondi <sup>®</sup> ) and fludarabine (including their doses and schedules of administration) will be otherwise used as set out in their respective Summaries of Product Characteristics (SmPCs).	No	TA640	05-Aug-20	03-Nov-20
TRE2	Treosulfan (Trecondi*) in combination with fludarabine	met: There is a separate form TRE1 for	1. This patient is ineligible for high incensionation with fludarabine is being made by and will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy and who has specific expertise in the allogeneic stem cell transplantation of malignant disease. 2. The patient is older than 1 month and younger than 18 years patient. Note: this access to Trecondl® in this indication is a Medicines for Children Policy extension of TA640. Note: there is a separate application form TRE1 to be used for this indication in adults. 3. Allogeneic stem cell transplantation is for the treatment of malignant disease. 4. This patient is ineligible for high intensity myeloablative therapy and as a consequence a reduced intensity conditioning regimen (such as low dose busulfan plus fludarabine or low dose melphalan plus fludarabine) as treatment prior to allogeneic stem cell transplantation. Note: Trecondl® is the only licensed formulation of tresosuffan for use in this indication. 6. The use of trecosuffan (as Trecondl®) in combination with fludarabine as reduced intensity conditioning regimen prior to allogeneic stem cell transplantation has been discussed at a multidisciplinary team (MDT) meeting which must include at least 2 consultants in the subspeciality what there and credible expertise in the relevant field of whom at least one must be a consultant paediatrician. The MDT should include a paediatric pharmacist and other professional groups appropriate to the disease. 7. Treosulfan (as Trecondl®) and fludarabine (including their doses and schedules of administration in this indication) will be otherwise used as set out in their respective Summaries of Product Characteristics (SPCS).	No	TA640	05-Aug-20	09-May-24

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
TRI1_v1.1	Trifluridine plus tipiracil	For patients with metastatic colorectal cancer who have been previously treated with, or are not considered candidates for, available therapies including fluoropyrimidine-based chemotherapy and anti-EGR-based treatment where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is both being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with triffuridine plus tipiracil will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti- cancer therapy. 2. The patient has a histologically confirmed diagnosis of adenocarcinoma of the colon or rectum. 3. The patient has a histologically confirmed diagnosis of adenocarcinoma of the colon or rectum. 4. The patient has been previously treated for metastatic disease with, or is not considered a candidate for, fluoropyrimidine-containing chemotherapies which include 5-fluorouracil and/or capecitabine and/or tegafur but not triffurdine (plus tipiracil). 5. The patient has been previously treated with regorafenib or not. Please tick which option applies to this patient: - ves, the patient has not been previously treated with regorafenib or - no, the patient has not been previously treated with regorafenib or - no, the patient has not been previously treated with regorafenib or - no, the patient has not been previously treated with regorafenib or - No, the patient has not been previously treated with regorafenib 2. The patient has not been previously treated with regorafenib 3. The patient has not been previously treated with regorafenib 3. The patient has not been previously treated with regorafenib 4. The patient has not been previously treated with regorafenib 5. The patient has not been previously treated with regorafenib 5. The patient has not been previously treated with regorafenib 5. The patient has not been previously treated with regorafenib 5. The patient has not been previously treated with regorafenib 5. The patient has not been previously treated with regorafenib 5. The patient has not been previously treated with regorafenib 5. The patient has not been previously treated with regorafenib 5. The patient has not been previously treated with regorafenib 5. The patient has not been previously treated with regorafenib 5. The patient has not been previously tre	No	TA405	24-Aug-16	22-Nov-16
TRI2	Trifluridine plus tipiracil	For the third or more line of systemic therapy for locally advanced or metastatic adenocarcinoma of the stomach or gastro- oesophageal junction where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with trifluridine plus tipiracil will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has a histologically confirmed diagnosis of adenocarcinoma of the stomach or gastro-oesophageal junction. 3. The patient has a histologically confirmed diagnosis of adenocarcinoma of the stomach or gastro-oesophageal junction. 4. The patient has an bistologically confirmed diagnosis of adenocarcinoma of the stomach or metastatic disease. 4. The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0 or 1. 5. The patient has not been previously treated with trifluridine plus tipiracil. 6. Trifluridine plus tipiracil is not to be used in combination with any other systemic anti-cancer therapy. 7. Trifluridine plus tipiracil is to be continued until loss of clinical benefit or unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment, whichever is the sooner. 8. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with trifluridine plus tipiracil should continue or not will be scheduled to occur no later than by the end of the 2nd (28-day) cycle of therapy. 9. Trifluridine plus tipiracil will be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics.	No	TA852	14-Dec-22	14-Mar-23

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
TUC1	Tucatinib in combination with trastuzumab and capecitabine		1. This splication for trustmith in combination with frastruumab and capecitable for the treatment of unresectable locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer is being made by and the first cycle of this trustmith and advacredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The gattern thas unresectable locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer. 3. The patient has intresectable locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer. 4. Confirmation of whether this patient received at HER2-targeted neoadjuwant regimen which contained both perturumab and trasturumab 5. Confirmation of whether the patient received at HER2-targeted neoadjuwant regimen which contained both perturumab and trasturumab 5. Confirmation of whether the patient received at HER2-targeted adjuvant regimen which contained both perturumab and trasturumab 5. Confirmation of whether the patient received at HER2-targeted adjuvant regimen which contained both perturumab and trasturumab 5. Confirmation of whether the patient received at HER2-targeted adjuvant regimen which contained both perturumab and trasturumab 5. Confirmation of whether the patient received at HER2-targeted adjuvant regimen which contained trasturumab the patient was not treated with at HER2-targeted adjuvant regimen which contained trasturumab and trasturumab 5. Confirmation of whether the patient received at HER2-targeted adjuvant regimen which contained trasturumab and trasturumab 5. Confirmation of whether the patient received at HER2-targeted adjuvant regimen which contained trasturumab and trasturumab 5. Confirmation of whether the patient received at HER2-targeted adjuvant regimen which contained trasturumab and trasturumab 5. Confirmation of whether the patient received at HER2-targeted adjuvant regimen which contained trasturumab and trasturumab 5. Confirmation of whether the patient received at HER2-targeted adjuvant regimen which contained trasturumab and trasturumab 5. Confirmation of whether the patient has tell-targeted regimen for locally advanced/metastatic diseas	No	TA786	27-Apr-22	26-Jul-22
		<ul> <li>S or more anti-HER2 therapies</li> <li>11. The patient has not previously received treatment with tucatinib unless the patient has received tucatinib via a cor</li> <li>12. The patient has not been previously treated with capecitabine in the locally advanced/metastatic disease setting.</li> <li>13. The status as to the presence of brain metastases/leptomeningeal spread and its symptomatic and treatment stat.</li> <li>the patient has never had any known brain metastases or leptomeningeal spread and has not received any active treatment stat.</li> <li>the patient has been previously treated with CNS radiotheraply/stereotactic radiosurgery/intrathecal chemotherapy is the patient has been previously treated with CNS radiotheraply/stereotactic radiosurgery/intrathecal chemotherapy at the patient has a ECOG performance status of 0 or 1.</li> <li>15. Confirmation of whether the treatment intent for all the treatment period is for this patient to receive trastuzunal it is strongly recommended by MHS England that the patien is treated with tucatinib in combination with trast.</li> <li>buefit for patients and significant service capacity advantages over intravenous administration for providers.</li> <li>Please mark below whether the treatment infor all the treatment period with tucatinib in combination with trast.</li> <li>subcutaneous trastuzumab is preferred for the entire treatment period</li> <li>intravenous trastuzumab is preferred for the entire treatment period</li> <li>intravenous trastuzumab is preferred for the entire treatment period</li> <li>16. Tucatinib will be given until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment.</li> <li>17. The prescribing dinkcina is aware that tucatinib has important drug interactions with the CYP2C8 and CYP3A system Characteristics and will take these interactions into consideration when prescribing all cycles of the tucatinib combinatis.</li> </ul>	13. The status as to the presence of brain metastases/leptomeningeal spread and its symptomatic and treatment status: - the patient has never had any known brain metastases/leptomeningeal spread - the patient has never had any known brain metastases/leptomeningeal spread - the patient has been previously treated with CNS radiotherapy/stereotactic radiosurgery/intrathecal chemotherapy and the metastatic CNS disease is stable - the patient has been previously treated with CNS radiotherapy/stereotactic radiosurgery/intrathecal chemotherapy and the metastatic CNS disease is progressing 14. The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0 or 1. 15. Confirmation of whether the treatment intent for all the treatment period is for this patient to receive trastuzumab via its subcutaneous or intravenous formulations. 11. Storingly recommended by NHS England that the patient is treated with toxcatinib in combination with trastuzumab to in the start of treatment with trucatinib plus capecitabline. The subcutaneous administration of trastuzumab has obvious benefit for patients and significant service capacity advantages over intravenous administration for providers. Please mark below whether the treatment intent for all the treatment period with tucatinib in combination with trastuzumab and capecitabline is to use the subcutaneous or the intravenous formulations of trastuzumab: - subcutaneous trastuzumab is preferred for the entire treatment period - intravenous trastuzumab is preferred for the entire treatment period - intravenous trastuzumab is preferred for the entire treatment period - subcutaneous trastuzumab is preferred for the entire treatment period - intravenous trastuzumab is preferred for the entire treatment period - intravenous trastuzumab is preferred for the entire treatment period - intravenous trastuzumab is preferred for the entire treatment period - intravenous trastuzumab is preferred for the entire treatment period - intravenous trastuzumab is preferred for the entire treatment period - intravenous tra				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
VEN1_v1.1	Venetoclax monotherapy	Treatment of chronic lymphatic leukaemia in the ABSENCE of 17p deletion (and absence of TP53 mutation if tested) where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application for venetoclay plus rituumbs is being made by and the first cycle of this systemic anti-cancer therapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti- cancer therapy. 2. The patient has been risk of the thore in wights in eaglew. If The same the steed, then in must be negative too. 4. The prescribing clinician canofirm whether the patient was previously treated with chemoimmunotherapy and if so, then the patient must have had progressive disease. Please must below which applies to this patient:	No	TA796	15-Jun-22	15-Jul-22

Blueteq Form ref	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
VEN2_v1.1	Venetoclax monotherapy	The treatment of previously treated chronic lymphatic leukaemia in the PRESENCE of 17p deletion or TP53 mutation where the following criteria have been met:		No	TA796	15-Jun-22	15-Jul-22

Blueteq Form re	: Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
VEN3_v1.7	Venetoclax (in combination with rituximab)	The treatment of previously treated chronic lymphatic leukaemia		No	TA561	27-Feb-19	28-May-19

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
VEN5	Venetoclax in combination with obinutuzumab	For the treatment of patients with previously untreated chronic lymphatic leukaemia which has a 17p deletion or TPS3 mutation where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application for venetoclax plus obinutuzumab is being made by and the first cycle of this systemic anti-cancer therapy. 2. The patient has been diagnosed with chronic lymphatic leukaemia (CLL) or small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL). 3. The patient has been tested for 17p deletion and for TP53 mutation and the results are positive for 17p deletion or TP53 mutation or both. Please indicate the result of these tests below: - Positive for 17p deletion and positive for TP53 mutation or - Negative for 17p deletion and positive for TP53 mutation or - Negative for 17p deletion and positive for TP53 mutation. 4. The patient has some received any previous systemic therapy. 5. The patient has a performance status of 0 or 1 or 2. 7. Venetoclax will be given in combination with obinutuzumab and that the venetoclax dose titration schedule will only be commenced after the patient has received the first 3 doses of obinutuzumab in cycle 1 (on days 1±2, 8 and 15) i.e. the venetoclax dose titration schedule in the updated venetoclax - that the patient has been propertively assessed for the risk of the development of turnour lysis syndrome: - that the patient has been propertively assessed for the risk of the development of turnour lysis syndrome (TLS) with venetoclax - that the patient has been propertively assessed for the risk of the development of turnour lysis syndrome (TLS) with venetoclax - that the patient has been robust system in place for mensuing appropriate bold on themistric societ down results and at the venetoclax dose levels described in Section 4.2 Table 3 of the Summary of Product Characteristics see thus://www.medicines.org.uk/emc/medicine3/2650 or https://products.mnray.ouk/substance/?substance/?bubsta	No	TA663	09-Dec-20	09-Mar-21
			9. The patient has been assessed specifically for potential drug interactions with venetoclax. 10. The maximum treatment duration of venetoclax in this indication is until day 28 of the 12th cycle of treatment i.e. the maximum duration of venetoclax treatment is for 45 weeks, consisting of 1 week from cycle 1 day 22 followed by 11 cycles of 4-weekly cycles of venetoclax in cycles 2-12. 11. The treatment duration of obinutuzumab is for a maximum of 6 cycles of oblinutuzumab. 12. Venetoclax is to be continued until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment or for the maximum treatment duration of 12 cycles (as measured above), whichever of these events is the sooner. 13. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with venetoclax in combination with oblinutuzumab should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the first 8 weeks of treatment. 14. When a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected 4-weekly cycle length is needed, I will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment, including as appropriate if the patient had an extended break on account of Covid-19. 15. Venetoclax and oblinut/zumab will be otherwise used as set out in their respective Summary of Product Characteristics (SPCs).				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
VEN6	Venetoclax in combination with obinutuzumab	For the treatment of patients with previously untreated chronic lymphatic leukaemia jaw whom chemotherapa with, the combinations of either FCR or BR would otherwise have been UNSUITABLE where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application for venetoclax plus oblinutuzumab is being made by and the first cycle of this systemic anti-cancer therapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti- cancer therapy. 2. The patient has been tested for 17p deletion and the result is negative. 4. The patient has been tested for 17p deletion and the result is negative. 4. The patient has been tested for TPS3 mutation and the result is negative. 5. The patient has symptomatic disease which requires systemic therapy. 6. The patient has not received any previous systemic therapy for CLL/SLL. 7. The patient has not received any previous systemic therapy for CLL/SLL. 7. The patient has a performance status of 0 or 1 or 2. 8. In the absence of this venetoclax plus oblinutuzumab the tenterody of the venetoclax disease which requires systemic and the result is not received any previous systemic therapy for CLL/SLL. 7. The patient has a performance status of 0 or 1 or 2. 8. In the absence of this venetoclax plus oblinutuzumab the tenterody and the twentodax dose titration schedule will only be commenced after the patient has received the first 3 doses of oblinutuzumab in cycle 1 (on days 1±2, 8 and 15) i.e. the venetoclax dose titration schedule is planned to commence or cycle 1 day 22 and be completed on cycle 2 day 28. 10. All of the following for the prevention and treatment of thueour lysis syndrome: - that the patient has been prospectively assessed for the risk of the development of tumour lysis syndrome: - that the patient has have hen prospectively assessed for the risk of the development of tumour lysis syndrome (TLS) with venetoclax - that there is a robust system in place for measuring appropriate blood chemistries both at the specified timings of blood chemistries according to TLS risk status and at the venetoclax dose levels described in Section 4.2 Table 3 of the Summary of Product Characteristics that there is a robust system in place for the withholding of the next	Νο	TA663	09-Dec-21	09-Mar-21
			11. The patient has been assessed specifically for potential drug interactions with venetoclax.  12. The maximum treatment duration of venetoclax in this indication is until day 28 of the 12th cycle of treatment i.e. the maximum duration of venetoclax treatment is for 45 weeks, consisting of 1 week from cycle 1 day 22 followed by 11 cycles of 4-weekly cycles of venetoclax in cycles 1 2.2.  13. The treatment duration of obinutuzumab is for a maximum of 6 cycles of obinutuzumab.  14. Venetoclax is to be continued until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment or for the maximum treatment duration of 12 cycles (as measured above), whichever of these events is the sooner.  15. A formal medical review as to whether treatment with venetoclax in combination with obinutuzumab should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the first 8 weeks of treatment.				
			16. When a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected 4-weekly cycle length is needed, I will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment, including as appropriate if the patient had an extended break on account of Covid-19.     17. Venetoclax and obinutzumab will be otherwise used as set out in their respective Summary of Product Characteristics (SPCs).				

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
VEN8	Venetoclax in combination with azacitidine	For untreated adult acute myeloid leukamia in patients unsuitable for intensive chemotherapy where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with venetodax plus axacitidine will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti- cancer therapy. 2. The patient has newly diagnosed acute mycloid leukaemia (AM). 3. The patient has healy's having modeluar analysis performed. Please mark below the somatic mutation found: - no analysis is bading having modeluar analysis performed. Please mark below the somatic mutation found: - no analysis is bading performed - not yet available - secondary AML	No	TA765	02-Feb-22	03-May-22

Blueteq Form ref	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
VEN9	Venetoclax in combination with low dose cytarabine	For previously untreated adult acute myeloid leukaemia in patients unsuitable for intensive chemotherapy and who have a bone marrow blast count >30% where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with venetockar plus fow dose cytarabine will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cinacer therapy. 2. The patient has newly diagnosed acute myeloid leukaemia (AML). 3. The patient has newly diagnosed acute myeloid leukaemia (AML). 4. The patient has newly diagnosed acute myeloid leukaemia (AML). 4. The patient has newly diagnosed acute myeloid leukaemia (AML). 4. The patient has previously untreated second and the patient of the	No	TA787	27-Apr-22	26-Jul-22

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
VI52	Vismodegib	For patients with multiple basal cell carcinomas (BCC) in adults where the following criteria have been met:	1. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with vismodegib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy 2. The patient has either (tick as appropriate): Gordin syndrome with non-locally dvanced, non-metastatic multiple basal cell carcinomas (BCC) (26) clinically evident at the point of decision to treat BCCs of which 3 are at least 5mm or Non-locally dvanced, non-metastatic multiple BCC (26) clinically evident at the point of decision to treat BCCs of which 3 are at least 5mm diameter, of which at least 1 is histopathologically confirmed. 4. The patient has at least 6 operable clinically evident non-locally advanced, non-metastatic BCC with surgically eligible tumours of 3 lesions of at least 5mm diameter, of which at least 1 is histopathologically confirmed. 5. The patient has an ECOS performance status of 0, 1 or 2 7. The stopping criteria have been explained and agreed with the patient before the treatment is started. 8. Vismodegib Null be prescribed at dose of 150mg daily taken once daily OR on an intermittent schedule, until disease progression or adverse effects which necessitate stopping. Please note which treatment schedule will be used (tick box): - Continuous therapy or - A 72 week period of: vismodegib 12 weeks; off treatment 8 weeks; vismodegib 12 weeks; off treatment 8 weeks; vismodegib 12 weeks; or - A 72 week period of: vismodegib 2 weeks; off treatment 8 weeks; vismodegib 12 weeks; off reatment 8 weeks; vismodegib 8 weeks; off reatment 8 weeks; vismodegib 8 weeks; off reatment 8 weeks; vismodegib 8 weeks; off reatment 8 weeks; vismodegib 12 weeks <sup>+</sup> or - A 72 week period of: vismodegib 12 weeks; off treatment 8 weeks; vismodegib 12 weeks; off carcinomas (MIKIE): a randomised regimen controlled, double-blind, hase 2 trial. The Lancet Oncology 18:A04-12. 5. The patient has been conselled about the adverse use of vismodegib in regnancy AND, ff a woman of child-bearing poten	No	NHSE Policy: 210504P	Guidance n/a	
			11. This application is for an adult patients and vismodegib will not be used in children and adolescents aged below 18 years.         12. Trust policy regarding the use of unlicensed treatments has been followed as vismodegib and the recommended intermittent schedules are not licensed in this indication.         13. Where a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected 4-week cycle length is needed, I will complete a treatment break approval form to restart treatment, including indicating as appropriate if the patient had an extended break because of COVID 19.         14. Vismodegib will otherwise be used as set out its Summary of Product Characteristics				

Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
Zanubrutinib	Zanubrutinib monotherapy for the treatment of patients with previously treated Waldenstrom's macroglobulinaemia and who would otherwise be next treated with bendamustine plus rituumab where the following criteria have been met:	2. The patient has been previously diagnosed with Waldenstrom's macroglobulinaemia. 3. The patient has symptomatic disease which requires systemic therapy. 4. The patient has been previously treated with at least 1 prior systemic therapy for Waldenstrom's macroglobulinaemia. Note: NICE could not recommend the use of zanubrutinib in treatment-naive patients in whom chemo-immunotherapy is unsuitable as the company did not submit evidence for the clinical and cost effectiveness of zanubrutinib in this patient group. 5. In the absence of this access to zanubrutinib, the patient would otherwise be next treated with the combination of bendamustine and rituximab. Note: the only previously treated patient group for which NICE concluded that zanubrutinib was clinically and cost effective was in those patients who would otherwise be next treated with bendamustine plus rituximab. NICE did not recommend zanubrutinib in patients who would otherwise be next treated with the combination of dexamethasone, rituximab and cyclophosphamide or any other therapies. 6. The patient is treatment raive to a Bruton's kinase inhibitor or the patient has been commenced on zanubrutinib with the manufacture's (BeiGene) early access scheme for previously treated Waldenstrom's macroglobulinaemia and all other treatment criteria on this from are fulfilled or the patient has been previously commenced annithing toxicity and in the clear absence of disease progression. Please mark which of the 3 scenarios below applies to this patient:		TA833	TA833 19-Oct-22 17-	17-Jan-23
		The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0 or 1 or 2.      The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0 or 1 or 2.      The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0 or 1 or 2.      The patient has an ECOG performance status of 0 or 1 or 2.      The prescribing clinician is aware that zanubrutinib has clinically significant drug interactions with CVP3A inhibitors and inducers as described in zanubrutinib's Summary of Product Characteristics.      Zanubrutinib is to be continued until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or patient choice to stop treatment, whichever is the sooner.      A formal medical review as to whether treatment with zanubrutinib should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the first 8 weeks of treatment.      When a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected 4-weekly cycle length is needed, a treatment break approval form will be completed to restart treatment, including as appropriate if the patient had an extended break on account of Covid-19.      Zanubrutinib will be otherwise used as set out in its Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).				
<b>Zanubrutinib</b> monotherapy	For the treatment of patients with previously untreated chronic lymphatic leukaemia which has a 17p deletion or TPS3 mutation where the following criteria have been met:	<ol> <li>This application for zanubrutinib is being made by and the first cycle of this systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>The patient has been diagnosed with chronic lymphatic leukaemia (CLL) or small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL).</li> <li>The patient has been diagnosed with chronic lymphatic leukaemia (CLL) or small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL).</li> <li>The patient has been tested for 17p deletion and for TPS3 mutation and the results are positive for 17p deletion or TPS3 mutation or both.</li> <li>Please indicate the result of these tests below:         <ul> <li>opsitive for 17p deletion and positive for TPS3 mutation or</li> <li>negative for 17p deletion and positive for TPS3 mutation or</li> <li>positive for both 17p deletion and TPS3 mutation.</li> <li>The patient has not received any previous systemic therapy.</li> </ul> </li> <li>The patient has not received any previous systemic therapy for CLL/SLL unless 1st line zanubrutinib was previously commenced via a BeiGene early access scheme or 1st line acalabrutinib or 1st line ibrutinib has had to be stopped due to dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease progression.</li> <li>Please mark which of the 4 scenarios below applies to this patient:</li> <li>the patient has not received any systemic therapy for CLL/SLL unless 1st line zanubrutinib was previously commenced via a BeiGene early access scheme and all other treatment criteria on this form are fulfilled or</li> <li>the patient previously commenced 1st line earalborutinib has had to be stopped solely due to dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease progression</li> <li>the patient has an ECOG performance status of 0 or 1 or 2.</li> <li>Use of anubrutinib in this indication will be as monotherapy.</li> <li>Note: Zanubrutinib in this indication will be as monotherapy.</li> <li>Note: Zanubrutinib in this indication will be as monotherapy.</li> <li>Note: Za</li></ol>	B-	TA931	22-Nov-23	20-Feb-24
	Zanubrutinib	Zanubrutinib     Zanubrutinib monotherapy for the treatment of patients with previously treated Waldenstrom's macroglobulinaemia and who would otherwise be next treated with bendamustine pizer ituximab where the following criteria have been met:       Zanubrutinib     For the treatment of patients with previously untreated chronic lymphatic leukaemia which has a 17p deletion or 193 mutation where the following	American         Instruction is being made by and the first cycle if the system: and care the target with is and underside will be precedually a solution if parameter is and care the target with its and the second is a specific target with a second is a specific target with a specific tar	Drig         ULC. Approved induction         Interpretation         Interpretation           Drig         In the spectrate biol biol biol biol biol biol biol biol	ODD         ALCLA Approach Induction         Auditability         ALCLA Approach         Auditability         ALCLA Approach         ALCLA Approacla ALCLA Approach         ALCLA Approach	Orig         NIC Approxed Indication         Image: Display D

Blueteq Form ref:	Drug	NICE Approved Indication	Blueteq Approval Criteria	Previous CDF drug/ indication	ТА	Date of Final NICE Guidance	Date baseline funding started
ZAN3_v1.0	<b>Zanubrutinib</b> monotherapy	For the treatment of patients with previously untreated chronic lymphatic leukaemis which does not have a 17p deletion or a TPS3 mutation and in whom chemotherapy with FCR or BR is unsuitable where the following criteria have been met:	<ol> <li>This application for zanubrutinib is being made by and the first cycle of this systemic anti-cancer therapy with zanubrutinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>The patient has been diagnosed with chronic lymphatic leukaemia (CLL) or small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL).</li> <li>The patient has been tested for TP53 mutation and the result is negative.</li> <li>The patient has been tested for TP53 mutation and the result is negative.</li> <li>The patient has symptomatic disease which requires systemic therapy.</li> <li>The patient has symptomatic disease which requires systemic therapy.</li> <li>The hasbence of this zanubrutinib treatment option, the patient would otherwise have been considered as UNSUITABLE for treatment with the combination of fludarabine, cyclophosphamide and rituximab (FCR) or the combination of bendamustine and rituximab (FQR) or the combination of seases progression.</li> <li>The patient has not received any previous systemic therapy.</li> <li>The patient has not received any previous systemic therapy for CLL/SLL unless 1st line zanubrutinib was previously commenced via a BeiGene early access scheme or 1st line acalabrutinib has had to be stopped solely due to dose limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease progression.</li> <li>Please mark which of the 3 scenarios below applies to this patient:         <ul> <li>the patient has not received any systemic therapy for CLL/SLL unless 1st line zanubrutinib treatment criteria on this form are fulfilled.</li> <li>the patient has not received any systemic therapy for CLL/SLL unless and to be stopped solely due to dose-limiting toxicity and in the clear absence of disease progression</li> </ul> </li> <li>The patient has not received any systemic therapy for CLL/SLL unless that due to stop sole of low to disease progression.</li> <li>The patient has n</li></ol>	No	TA931	22-Nov-23	20-Feb-24
ZAN4_v1.0	<b>Zanubrutinib</b> monotherapy	For the treatment of patients with previously treated chronic lymphatic leukaemia where the following criteria have been met:	<ol> <li>13. When a treatment break of more than 6 weeks beyond the expected 4-weekly cycle length is needed, a treatment break approval form will be completed to restart treatment.</li> <li>14. Zanubrutinib will be otherwise used as set out in ts Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).</li> <li>1. This application for zanubrutinib is being made by and the first cycle of this systemic anti-cancer therapy with zanubrutinib will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy.</li> <li>2. The patient has been reviously diagnosed with chronic lymphatic leukaemia (CLI) or small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLI).</li> <li>3. The patient has been tested for 17p deletion and for TP53 mutation or -negative for 12p deletion and rP53 mutation or -negative for 12p deletion and rP53 mutation or -negative for 12p deletion and rP53 mutation or -negative for 12p deletion and resystemic therapy.</li> <li>5. The patient has been previously treated with systemic therapy.</li> <li>6. The patient has symptomatic disease which requires systemic therapy.</li> <li>7. The patient has seen previously treated with systemic therapy.</li> <li>8. The patient has seen previously treated with systemic therapy.</li> <li>9. The patient has seen previously treated with systemic therapy.</li> <li>9. The patient has seen previously treated with systemic therapy.</li> <li>8. The patient has seen previously treated with systemic therapy.</li> <li>9. The patient has been previously treated with systemic therapy.</li> <li>9. The patient has been previously treated with systemic therapy.</li> <li>9. The patient has been previously treated with systemic therapy.</li> <li>9. The patient has since relapsed and this application will be the first use of a BTK inhibitor since the 1st line combination of ibrutinib plus venetoclax.</li> <li>9. The patient has not received any previously therapy for CLI/SLL and acalabrutinib ha</li></ol>	No	TA931	22-Nov-23	20-Feb-24

## Section C. Interim Systemic Anti-Cancer Therapy (SACT) treatment change options introduced during the COVID-19 pandemic.

To support the response to the COVID pandemic, NHS England and NICE published a guideline on the delivery of SACT (NICE NG161) and commissioned a list of 'COVID-friendly' interim cancer treatment options. These allowed clinicians to treat patients with less toxic therapies compared to standard treatment and could be given at home.

These arrangements maximised the safety of cancer patients due to start or on chemotherapy during the pandemic response, whilst also preserving efficacy, as well as making the best use of NHS resources (service capacity) and protecting staff from infection and lightening the burden on hospitals, critical during the pandemic response.

Funding for the Interim COVID treatments was provided from the start of the pandemic until the end of 2022/23. The number of Interim options available has decreased over time as indications were removed either because they had been superseded by NICE guidance or the need for the flexibility, they provided during the pandemic has reduced and clinicians have reverted to standard commissioned treatment options.

From 1st April 2023 four options have been retained until the agreed exit strategy for those indications is complete i.e., a decision from NICE which supersedes the COVID-friendly interim option or completion of assessment of a Clinical Policy application by the NHS England Specialised Services Clinical Panel. The options will be removed from this list when the final commissioning position is known or sooner if there is no longer a clinical need to retain these options.

NV13CV_v1.1       Nivolumab <ul> <li>A 2 rd line or subsequent line traatment</li> <li>A 2 rd line or subsequent line traatment</li> <li>Nivolumab</li> <li>Nivolumab</li> </ul> <ul> <li>A 2 rd line or subsequent line traatment</li> <li>A 2 rd line or subsequent line traatment</li> <li>A 2 rd line or subsequent line traatment</li> <li>Nivolumab</li> <li>Nivolumab</li> </ul> <ul> <li>A 2 rd line or subsequent line traatment</li> <li>A 2 rd line or subsequent line traatment</li> <li>A 3 rd line or subsequent line traatment</li> <li>Nivolumab</li> <li>Nivolumab</li> <li>A 2 rd line or subsequent line traatment</li> <li>A 3 rd line or subsequent line traatment</li> <li>A 4 rd line or subsequent line traatment</li> <li>A 3 rd line or subsequent line traatment</li> <li>A 4 rd line or subsequent line traatment</li> <li>A 1 re attent has a</li></ul>	2. This application is being made by and the first cycle of systemic anti-cancer therapy with nivolumab monotherapy will be prescribed by a consultant specialist specifically trained and accredited in the use of systemic anti-cancer therapy. 3. The prescribing clinician is fully aware of the management of and the treatment modifications that may be required for immune-related adverse reactions due to anti-PD-L1 treatments including pneumonitis, colitis, nephritis, endocrinopathies, hepatitis and skin toxicities. 4. The patient has a histologically or cyclologically confirmed diagnosis of mesothelioma. 5. The mesothelioma is of pleural or non-pleural origin. Please indicate below the site of origin of the mesothelioma in this patient: - the pleura Or - the periconsum Or - the periconsum Or - the tunica vaginalis in the testis			
10. In the absence of this COVID19-related nivolumab treatment option, this patient would otherwise have been eligible for 2nd or subsequent line cytotoxic chemotherapy.         11. The patient has no symptomatically active brain metastases or leptomeningeal metastases.         13. Nivolumab will be administered as monotherapy as either 2-weekly cycles of nivolumab ta dose of 240mg (or if the patient is stable and well, 4-weekly cycles of nivolumab monotherapy at a dose of 480mg).         Note: nivolumab will be continued until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or withdrawal of patient consent, whichever occurs first.         14. Nivolumab will be continued until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity or withdrawal of patient consent, whichever occurs first.         15. A formal medical review as to how nivolumab monotherapy is being tolerated and whether treatment with nivolumab monotherapy should continue or not will be scheduled to occur at least by the end of the first 8 weeks of treatment.         16. Where a treatment break of more than 12 weeks beyond the expected cycle length is needed, a treatment break approval form will be conflicient and shully discussed with the patient as to the risk/shenefits of giving this regimen including the discussion as to likely clinical benefit and toxicities of this treatment option compared with any cytotoxic chemotherapy regimen.	Plase indicate below the histological subtype of mesotheliona is the patient is accounted or pithelioid type of the mesotheliona is of point-epithelioid (accounted) or pithelioid type of the mesotheliona is of point-epithelioid (accounted) or pithelioid type of the mesotheliona is of point-epithelioid (accounted) or pithelioid type of the mesotheliona type again the patient has only been treated with cytotoxic chemotherapy (which has included first-line pemetresed and platinum-based combination chemotherapy) and thus this application for nivolumab monotherapy is for second or a subsequently line of systemic treatment. 8. The patient started 1st line chemotherapy on or before 14th July 2022, i.e. the date until which the only first line option available was chemotherapy. Note: Patients who started 1st line treatment after 14th July 2022 had the option of first line involumab with ipilumumab or chemotherapy and are therefore ineligible for second or subsequent line immunotherapy with single agent nivolumab. 8. The patient has not received prior treatment with an anti-PD-11, anti-PD-12, anti-CD137, or anti-Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated antigen-4 (CTLA-4) antibody. 10. In the absence of this COVID19-related nivolumab treatment option, this patient would otherwise have been eligible for 2nd or subsequent line cytotoxic chemotherapy. 11. The patient has no treceived prior treatment with an anti-PD-12, anti-CD137, or anti-Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated antigen-4 (CTLA-4) antibody. 12. The patient has no treceived prior treatment option, this patient would otherwise have been eligible for 2nd or subsequent line cytotoxic chemotherapy. 13. The patient has no stypeomatically active brain metastases or leptomeningeal metastase. 14. Novolumab will be administered as monotherapy as either 2-weekly cycles of nivolumab trants is table and well, 4-weekly cycles of nivolumab monotherapy at a dose of 480mg). Note: nivolumab in orubrade in combination with i	0 NG16	hivol ipilim fii mmunoi july 20 poti opti opti nonoth 161 161 terr for pr start chemol before when th option	CE approved volumab plus limumab as a first line otherapy optic otherapy optic otherapy optic tothelioma on 1 2022 (see NICE ). Therefore, it second-line second-line second-line second-line motherapy to ted rest of an patients who rest 41 July 2022, the only first-line otherapy on rest 41 July 2022, the only first-line semotherapy.

#### Version Control

Version No.	Date published	Author(s)	Revision summary
0.1	n/a	D Thomson; P Clark	Initial draft of new CDF list, based on pre-existing national CDF list but updated for changes to the CDF, for review.
1.0	29-Jul-16	D Thomson: P Clark	Final version of new CDF list
1.1	09-Aug-16	P Clark	New addition to CDF list
1.2	18-Aug-16	D Thomson: P Clark	New addition to CDF list and revision of criteria for a number of existing drugs
1.3	24-Aug-16	D Thomson: P Clark	Removal of one drug/indication for baseline funding and date for baseline funding added for existing drugs.
1.4	02-Sep-16	D Thomson: P Clark	Update to Radium criteria and timeline following publication of NICE FAD
1.5	20-Sep-16	D Thomson: P Clark	Removal of two drugs/indications for baseline funding
1.6	27-Sep-16	D Thomson; P Clark	Removal of two drug indications
1.7	04-Oct-16	D Thomson; P Clark	Addition of new CDF drug and date for baseline funding added for existing drugs
1.8	21-Oct-16	D Thomson; P Clark	New addition to CDF list
1.9	25-Oct-16	D Thomson; P Clark	Removal of one drug/indication for baseline funding.
1.10	03-Nov-16	D Thomson; P Clark	Update to eribulin following publication of NICE FAD
1.11	10-Nov-16	D Thomson; P Clark	Update to everolimus following publication of NICE FAD; update to section B - "NICE approved and baseline funded drugs/indications from 1st April 2016"
1.12	17-Nov-16	D Thomson; P Clark	Two new addition to CDF list and update to dasatinib criteria following publication of NICE FAD
1.13	23-Nov-16	D Thomson; P Clark	New addition to CDF list, removal of two drugs/indications for baseline funding and update to Nivolumab timeline following publication of final guidance
1.14	02-Dec-16	D Thomson; P Clark	New addition to CDF list (PEMB1_v1.0); update to neoadjuvant pertuzumab (PER2) criteria.
1.15	12-Dec-16	D Thomson; P Clark	New addition to CDF list (IBR3_v1.0); update to ibrutinib in pretreated CLL (IBR1) criteria.
1.16	21-Dec-16	D Thomson; P Clark	Removal of two drugs/indications for baseline funding; update of five timelines following publication of final NICE guidance; update to pembrolizumab criteria.
1.17	23-Dec-16	D Thomson; P Clark	Removal of one drug/indication for baseline funding; update to pertuzumab criteria
1.18	28-Dec-16	D Thomson; P Clark	Removal of three drugs and indications for baseline funding; removal of pegaspargase.
1.19	12-Jan-17	D Thomson; P Clark	Update to everolimus (RCC) following publication of NICE FAD; update to two timelines following publication of final NICE guidance; update to radium 223 criteria in section B
1.20	10-Feb-17	D Thomson: P Clark	Update to section B - "NICE approved and baseline funded drugs/indications from 1st April 2016"; update of 2 timelines following publication of final NICE guidance; update to ponatinib following ACD
1.21	02-Mar-17	D Thomson; P Clark	Updates to section A - CET1, CET4, PAN3, PAN1. Updates to section B - Ipilimumab + Nivolumab, Dabrafenib + Trametinib
1.22	21-Mar-17	D Thomson; P Clark	Removal of 5 drugs/indications for routine funding and addition to section B. Update to Ipilimumab + Nivolumab criteria.
1.23	11-Apr-17	D Thomson; P Clark	Removal of 1 drugs/indications for routine funding .
1.24	27-Apr-17	D Thomson; P Clark	Removal of 2 drug/indications for routine funding and update to section B. Addition of two drug/indications following publication of FAD
1.25	28-Apr-17	D Thomson; P Clark	Following publication of ponatinib in CML FAD - incorporation of 2 previous separate sets of criteria into a single set
1.26	02-May-17	D Thomson; P Clark	Replacement of current criteria for brentuximab in HD with new criteria following publication of NICE FAD and update to blimautmomab in children criteria
1.27	12-May-17	D Thomson; P Clark	Addition of 2 CDF drug/indications and updated of 1 CDF drug/indication following publication of FAD
1.28	31-May-17	D Thomson; P Clark	Removal of 1 drug/indication for routine funding and 1 new drug/indication addition following publication of the FAD
1.29	02-Jun-17	D Thomson; P Clark	2 new drug/indications following publication of FAD
1.30	09-Jun-17	D Thomson; P Clark	3 new drug/indications following publication of 2 FADs; update to existing criteria
1.31	15-Jun-17	B Groves; P Clark	Revision to 1 drug/indication following publication of FAD
1.32	30-Jun-17	D Thomson; B Groves	Revision to 1 drug/indication in CDF / two drugs in 4 indications moved from CDF to routine commissioning
1.33	10-Jul-17	P Clark; B Groves	1 new drug/indication following publication of FAD
1.34	24-Jul-17	P Clark; D Thomson; B Groves	1 new drug/indication; two drugs entering baseline commissioning, update to OLA2_v1.1 interim funding status
1.35	04-Aug-17	P Clark; D Thomson; B Groves	1 new drug/indication for interim funding before moving into routine commissioning
1.36	08-Aug-17	P Clark; D Thomson; B Groves	1 drug/indication revised and 1 new drug indication added
1.37	10-Aug-17	P Clark; D Thomson; B Groves	1 drug/indication revised and 1 new drug indication added; update to treatment break criteria throughout; update to 1 drug with date for transition to routine commissioning
1.38	24-Aug-17	P Clark; B Groves	1 indication deleted and replaced with updated and separate child and adult treatment criteria; Removal of 1 drug/indication for routine funding and update to section B; 2 drugs 'available to new patients' status updated
1.39	31-Aug-17	D Thomson; B Groves	1 indication moved into routine commissioning; 1 indication updated to reflect notice period for registering new patients
1.40	06-Sep-17	D Thomson; B Groves	2 indications updated to reflect the date they move into routine commissioning; 1 indication updated to reflect notice period for registering new patients
1.41	08-Sep-17	P Clark; D Thomson; B Groves	1 new drug in 2 indications added; 1 existing indication updated to reflect expected entry into routine commissioning
1.42	26-Sep-17	P Clark; D Thomson; B Groves	11 indications moved from CDF to routine commissioning
1.43	28-Sep-17	P Clark; D Thomson; B Groves	1 drug/indication added
1.44	05-Oct-17	P Clark; D Thomson; B Groves	1 drug/indication removed; 2 new CDF indications added
1.45	12-Oct-17	P Clark; D Thomson	1 drug/indication revised following interim funding
1.46	13-Oct-17	P Clark; D Thomson	1 new drug/indication entering CDF
1.47	17-Oct-17	P Clark; D Thomson; B Groves	2 drugs/indications moving from CDF to routine commissioning
1.48	01-Nov-17	P Clark; D Thomson; B Groves	1 drug/indication criteria updated
1.49	05-Nov-17	P Clark; D Thomson; B Groves	1 drug/indication criteria removed
1.50	08-Nov-17	P Clark: D Thomson: B Groves	1 drug/indication moved from CDF into routine commissioning

Version No.	Date published	Author(s)	Revision summary
1.51	16-Nov-17	P Clark; D Thomson; B Groves	2 new drug/indications added following publication of FAD
1.52	22-Nov-17	P Clark; D Thomson; B Groves	Notice of removal for 1 drug/indication; treatment criteria clarified for 1 drug/indication; 2 drug/indication titles amended
1.53	05-Dec-17	P Clark; D Thomson; B Groves	2 drugs/indications moved into routine commissioning;
1.54	07-Dec-17	P Clark; D Thomson; B Groves	1 drug/indication with interim funding
1.55	08-Dec-17	P Clark; D Thomson; B Groves	1 drug/indication with interim funding
1.56	14-Dec-17	P Clark; D Thomson; B Groves	1 drug/indication split into two indications; 2 drugs/indication updated with dates for expected entry into routine commissioning
1.57	19-Dec-17	P Clark; D Thomson; B Groves	1 new CDF drug/indication; notice given for 2 drugs/indications attracting interim funding which will move into rountine commissioning in 90-days; 4 updates to criteria (1 CDF, 3 routine)
1.58	02-Jan-18	P Clark; D Thomson	2 drug/indications moving from CDF to routine commissioning; 4 updates to criteria (1CDF, 3 routine); 1 update to IFA section
1.59	17-Jan-18	P Clark: B Groves	1 drug/indication added to the CDF; 1 drug/indication updated
1.60	18-Jan-18	P Clark; D Thomson; B Groves	1 drug/indication updated
1.61	22-Jan-18	B Groves	1 drug/indication delisted
1.62	01-Feb-18	B Groves	3 drugs for 4 indications upated following NICE final guidance
1.63	09-Feb-18	P Clark; D Thomson; B Groves	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning
1.64	12-Feb-18	P Clark; D Thomson; B Groves	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning
1.65	15-Feb-18	P Clark; D Thomson; B Groves	3 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication moved into routine commissioning; 1 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria
1.66	21-Feb-18	B Groves	2 drug/indications updated
1.67	01-Mar-18	P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication added to the CDF; 1 drug/ indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 3 drug/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.68	07-Mar-18	D Thomson; D Dwyer	1 indication moved into routine commissioning
1.69	16-Mar-18	P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication added to the CDF
1.70	20-Mar-18	D Thomson; D Dwyer	2 drugs/indications moved into routine commissioning
1.71	21-Mar-18	D Thomson; D Dwyer	2 drugs/indications updated to reflect the date they move into routine commissioning
1.72	28-Mar-18	D Thomson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication updated to reflect the date it moves into routine commissioning; 1 drug/indication moved into routine commissioning; 1 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria
1.73	03-Apr-18	P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication removed
1.74	09-Apr-18	P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding
1.75	11-Apr-18	D Thomson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication updated to reflect the date it moves into routine commissioning
1.76	19-Apr-18	P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	1 drug/ndication with updated treatment criteria
1.77	24-Apr-18	D Thomson; D Dwyer	2 drugs/indications moved into routine commissioning
1.78	25-Apr-18	D Thomson; D Dwyer	2 drugs/indications moved into routine commissioning
1.79	27-Apr-18	P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication added to the CDF
1.80	01-May-18	D Thomson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication moved into routine commissioning
1.81	04-May-18	P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	5 drugs/indications which will receive interim CDF funding: 2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning 1 drugs/indications which will receive interim CDF funding: 2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning 1 drugs/indication updated to reflect the date it moves into routine commissioning 1 drugs/indications which will receive interim CDF funding: 2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning 1 drugs/indications which will receive interim CDF funding: 2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning 1 drugs/indications which will receive interim CDF funding: 2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning 1 drugs/indications which will receive interim CDF funding: 2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning 1 drugs/indications which will receive interim CDF funding: 2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning 1 drugs/indications which will receive interim CDF funding: 2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning 1 drugs/indications which will receive interim CDF funding: 2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning 1 drugs/indications which will receive interim CDF funding: 2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning 1 drugs/indications which will receive interim CDF funding: 2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning 1 drugs/indications which will receive interim CDF funding: 2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning 1 drugs/indications which will receive interim CDF funding: 2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning 1 drugs/indications which will receive interim CDF funding: 2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning 1 drugs/indications which will receive interim CDF funding: 2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning 1 drugs/indications which will receive interim CDF funding: 2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning 1 drugs/indications which will receive interim CDF funding: 2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning 1 drugs/indications which will receive interim CDF funding: 2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning 1 drugs/indications which will receive interim CDF fund
	16-May-18	D Thomson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication (proteine crime) interim (DF funding 1 drug) interim (DF funding 1 drug) indication (proteine commissioning which will receive interim (DF funding 1 drug) indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim (DF funding 1 drug) indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim (DF funding 1 drug) indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim (DF funding 1 drug) indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim (DF funding 1 drug) indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim (DF funding 1 drug) indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim (DF funding 1 drug) indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim (DF funding 1 drug) indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim (DF funding 1 drug) indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim (DF funding 1 drug) indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim (DF funding 1 drug) indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim (DF funding 1 drug) indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim (DF funding 1 drug) indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim (DF funding 1 drug) indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim (DF funding 1 drug) indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim (DF funding 1 drug) interim (DF funding 1 dru
1.83	17-May-18	P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	
1.84	25-May-18	P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication added to the CDF 1
1.85	01-Jun-18	P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication awde to the CDF
1.86	05-Jun-18 13-Jun-18	D Thomson; D Dwyer	1 or org/more more more more more more more more
		P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	s or ugy/motations moved into routine commissioning 2 or ugy/motations updated to note e win recommendation; 1 or ug/motation with updated treatment criteria
1.88	19-Jun-18 26-Jun-18	D Thomson; D Dwyer	2 drug/indications moved into routine commissioning 1 drug/indication moved into routine commissioning 1 drug/indication moved into routine commissioning 1 drug/indication moved into routine commissioning
1.89		D Thomson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication for votine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria
	28-Jun-18	P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication vidi rodated treatment crietria 2 drug/indication vidi rodated treatment crietria 2 drug/indication vidi rodated treatment crietria
1.91	05-Jul-18 10-Jul-18	D Thomson; D Dwyer	2 drug/indications with updates treatment criteria 1 drug/indication moved into routine commissioning 1 drug/indication moved into routine commissioning 1 drug/indication moved into routine commissioning
1.92	10-Jul-18 12-Jul-18	D Thomson; D Dwyer	1 drug/micitation movem mo routine commissioning 2 drugs/indications for outine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 3 drugs/indications moved into routine commissioning; 1 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria
1.93	12-Jul-18 13-Jul-18	P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	2 drug/micration moved into routine commissioning inter time textee interim Cor transing, 5 drugymicrations moved into routine commissioning inter time textee interim Cor transing, 5 drugymicrations moved into routine commissioning interiment criteria
1.94	13-Jul-18 20-Jul-18	D Thomson; D Dwyer P Clark: D Thomson: D Dwyer	1 drug/indication updated to reflect the date it moves into routine commissioning; 1 drug/ indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria
1.96	25-Jul-18	P Clark; D Thomson; B Groves	1 drug in 2 indications entering a CDF managed access period 1 drug/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.97	03-Aug-18	D Thomson; D Dwyer	
1.98	09-Aug-18	P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 2 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria; 3 drugs/indications updated to reflect the date they move into routine commissioning 1 drug/indications with updated treatment criteria; 3 drugs/indications updated to reflect the date they move into routine commissioning 1 drug/indications with updated treatment criteria; 3 drugs/indications updated to reflect the date they move into routine commissioning 1 drug/indications with updated treatment criteria; 3 drugs/indications updated to reflect the date they move into routine commissioning 1 drug/indications with updated treatment criteria; 3 drugs/indications updated to reflect the date they move into routine commissioning 1 drug/indications with updated treatment criteria; 3 drugs/indications updated to reflect the date they move into routine commissioning 1 drug/indications with updated treatment criteria; 3 drugs/indications updated to reflect the date they move into routine commissioning 1 drug/indications with updated treatment criteria; 3 drugs/indications updated to reflect the date they move into routine commissioning 1 drug/indications with updated treatment criteria; 3 drugs/indications updated to reflect the date they move into routine commissioning 1 drug/indications with updated treatment criteria; 3 drugs/indications updated to reflect the date they move into routine commissioning 1 drug/indications with updated treatment criteria; 3 drugs/indications updated to reflect the date they move into routine commissioning 1 drug/indications with updated treatment criteria; 3 drugs/indications updated to reflect the date they move into routine commissioning 1 drug/indications with updated treatment criteria; 3 drugs/indications updated to reflect the date they move into routine commissioning 1 drug/indications with updated treatment criteria; 3 drugs/indications updated to reflect the date they move into routine commissioning 1 drugs/indications with updated treatmen
1.99	14-Aug-18	B Groves; P Clark; D Thomson	1 drug/indication for votine commissioning in urdginatication move back to the CDF ist 1 drug/indication for votine commissioning indication for votine interim CDF funding: 3 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria; 2 drugs/indications updated to reflect the date they move into routine commissioning drugs and the commissionin
1.100	24-Aug-18	P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	1 ur ug/moncation no noume commissioning which win receive memory configurations with updated treatment criteria; 2 drugs/molcations updated to renect the date they move into routine commissioning

Version No.	Date published	Author(s)	Revision summary
1.101	31-Aug-18	P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	2 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria; 1 drug/indication updated to reflect the date it moves into routine commissioning
1.102	07-Sep-18	P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication moved into routine commissioning; 1 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.103	11-Sep-18	D Thomson; D Dwyer	7 drugs/Indications moved into routine commissioning
1.104	17-Sep-18	P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding
1.105	05-Oct-18	P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 2 drugs/indications updated to reflect the date it moves into routine commissioning; 1 drug/indication with an updated form code; 2 drugs/ indications with updated treatment criteria
1.106	16-Oct-18	P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication moved into routine commissioning; 18 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.107	06-Nov-18	P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	2 drugs/indications moved into routine commissioning
1.108	08-Nov-18	P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	2 drugs/ indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding
1.109	20-Nov-18	P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	2 drugs/indication added to the CDF; 2 drugs/indications updated to reflect the date it moves into routine commissioning; 2 drugs/indications moved into routine commissioning
1.110	22-Nov-18	P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication added to the CDF
1.111	27-Nov-18	D Thomson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication moved into routine commissioning
1.112	30-Nov-18	P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication added to the CDF
1.113	07-Dec-18	P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication added to the CDF; 1 drug/indication recommended for routine commissioning which will be available via a free of charge compassionate access scheme until 90 days after the date NICE publishes final guidance; 1 drug/indication updated to reflect the date it will be delisted; 1 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria
1.114	12-Dec-18	P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria
1.115	17-Dec-18	P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	3 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria; 1 drug/indication updated to reflect the date it will be delisted
1.116	19-Dec-18	P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	2 drugs/indications moved into routine commissioning; 2 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria; 2 drugs/indications updated to reflect the date it moves into routine commissioning
1.117	21-Dec-18	P Clark; D Thomson; D Dwyer	3 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.118	31-Dec-18	P Clark; B Groves	8 drugs/indications updated; 1 drug/indication moved to routine commissioning
1.119	15-Jan-19	P Clark; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication moved to routine commissioning; 1 drug/indication removed from the CDF list; 1 drug/indication updated to reflect the date it moves into routine commissioning
1.120	17-Jan-19	P Clark; D Dwyer	1 drug/ indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 2 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.121	18-Jan-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 4 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.122	23-Jan-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	2 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.123	24-Jan-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria
1.124	25-Jan-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	2 drugs/indications suspended from CDF funding for new patients
1.125	01-Feb-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication added to the CDF
1.126	01-Feb-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	2 drug/indication added to list B
1.127	15-Feb-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication removed from the CDF; 2 drugs/indications moved to routine commissioning; 3 drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive CDF interim funding; 6 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.128	12-Mar-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication added to the CDF; 3 drugs/indications updated to reflect the date it moves into routine commissioning
1.129	21-Mar-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/ indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 2 drugs/indications moved to rountine commissioning; 1 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria
1.130	28-Mar-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication added to the CDF
1.131	02-Apr-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication added to the CDF
1.132	05-Apr-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication added to the CDF
1.133	09-Apr-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication added to list B; 1 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria
1.134	18-Apr-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	2 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria; 3 drugs/indications updated to reflect the date it moves into routine commissioning
1.135	02-May-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication updated to reflect the date it moves into routine commissioning
1.136	17-May-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria; 2 drugs/indications with new Blueteq forms created
1.137	28-May-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	3 drugs/indications moved into routine commissioning
1.138	18-Jun-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	3 drugs/indications moved into routine commissioning
1.139	19-Jun-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 9 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria
1.140	02-Jul-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication recommendation to the CDF
1.141	05-Jul-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/ indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication moved to routine commissioning
1.142	17-Jul-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication recommendation to the CDF; 4 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria; 2 drugs/indications removed from the CDF
1.143	23-Jul-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	2 drugs/indications moved into routine commissioning
1.144	26-Jul-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	2 drugs/indications updated to reflect the date it moves into routine commissioning: 1 drug/indication recommeded to the CDF
1.145	30-Jul-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication updated to reflect the date supply became available
1.146	02-Aug-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	3 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.147	06-Aug-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/ indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding
1.148	08-Aug-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication added to the CDF
1.149	03-Sep-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication added to the CDF

Version No.	Date published	Author(s)	Revision summary
1.150	24-Sep-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	2 drug/indication added to list B
1.150	03-Oct-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	2 and principation updated to reflect the date supply became available
1.152	11-Oct-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	2 drugs/indications added to the CDF; 2 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.153	22-Oct-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	2 drug/indication added to list B
1.154	12-Nov-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication added to list B; 7 drugs/indications with updated criteria; 1 drug/indication with treatment criteria added to list B
1.155	28-Nov-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drugs/indications added to the CDF; 2 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.156	29-Nov-19 04-Dec-19	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drugs/indications added to the CDF; 1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 6 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.157	15-Jan-20	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	4 urgs/mitacions with updates treatment criteria 1 drug/mitacions with updates treatment criteria 1 drug/mitacions with updates treatment criteria 1 drug/mitacions for votine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 4 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.159	27-Feb-20	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication added to list B; 1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding
1.160	09-Mar-20	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	3 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.161	03-Apr-20	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication added to the CDF; 12 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.162	17-Apr-20	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication recommended for the CDF; 17 drug/indications added to list C; 1 drug/indication added to list B
1.163 1.164	07-May-20	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 12 drug/indications added to list C
1.164	22-May-20 27-May-20	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indications added to list C; 6 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria 1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding
1.165	13-Jul-20	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication for ordene commissioning which will receive metinic COP rolling; 1 drug/indication for ordene commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 2 drug/indications with updated treatment criteria; 1 drug/indication added to list B; 1 drug/indication with CDF exit date added
1.167	31-Jul-20	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication added to the CDF; 1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 2 drugs/indications added to list B; 1 drug/indication removed from list C
1.168	20-Aug-20	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 3 drugs/indications with published treatment criteria after marketing authorisation; 2 drugs/indications added to list B; 4 drugs/indications with date moving to routine commissioning updated
1.169	11-Sep-20	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 6 indications added to list C; 1 drug/indication removed from list C; 5 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.170	23-Oct-20	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	2 drugs/indications added to the CDF; 1 drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 indications removed from list C; 2 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.171	12-Nov-20	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	3 drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drugs/indications added to the CDF; 4 drugs/indications added to list B
1.172	25-Nov-20	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drugs/indications removed from list C; 2 drugs/indications with date moving to routine commissioning updated
1.173	15-Dec-20	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	3 drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 5 drugs/indications threat the commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 5 drugs/indications threat
1.174 1.175	19-Jan-21 27-Jan-21	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer P Clark: S Williamson: D Dwyer	3 drugs/indications added to the CDF; 3 drugs/indications added to list B; 5 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.175	18-Feb-21	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 origination or roune commissioning which which ever memin corr inding 2 originations with updated for attention of the padded for attention (the 1 drug/indication with updated for attention (the 1 drug/indication with updated for attention (the 1 drug/indication updated to reattention) updated for attention (the 1 drug/indication updated for attention) updated for attention (the 1 drug/indication updated for attention) updated for attention (the 1 drug/indication updated for attention) updated for attention (the 1 drug/indication updated for attention) updated for attention (the 1 drug/indication updated for attention) updated for attention (the 1 drug/indication) updated for attention (the 1 drug/ind
1.177	19-Mar-21	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim OF hundres 1 and granteener updated in the CDF; 1 drugs/indications added to list C; 1 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria; 4 drugs/indications added to list B
1.178	29-Mar-21	P Clark; S Williamson; R Mishra	9 drugs/indications removed from list C
1.179	28-Apr-21	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	2 durgs/indications removed from the CDF; 1 drug/indication recommended for the CDF; 1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 2 drugs/indications added to list B; 6 drugs/indications with updated date moving to routine commissioning
1.180	17-May-21	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication added to list D; 2 drugs/indications recommended for routine commissioning; 1 drug/indication removed from list C; 7 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.181	17-Jun-21	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 11 drugs/indications added to list B; 8 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria; 1 durg/indication removed from list C; 1 drug/indication removed from the CDF
1.182	25-Jun-21	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication removed from list B; 5 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.183	01-Jul-21 23-Jul-21	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	4 drugs/indications removed from list C; 1 drug/indication added to list B 1 drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication added to list B; 7 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria; 1 drug/indication removed from list C
1.185	30-Jul-21	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding: 1 drugs/indication added to list §; 1 drugs/indications removed from list C
1.186	21-Aug-21	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria
1.187	10-Sep-21	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 2 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria
1.188	17-Sep-21	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication added to list B
1.189	21-Sep-21	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication added to list B; 4 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.190	24-Sep-21 01-Oct-21	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication added to list 8; 1 drug/indication with updated date moving to routine commissioning 2 drugs/indications recommended for the CDF; 1 drug/indication with updated traitment enterina
1.191	08-Oct-21	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	2 drugs/indications added to life 3;1 drug/indication with a updated title  2 drugs/indications added to life 3;1 drug/indication with a updated title
1.193	15-Oct-21	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	I drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 2 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.194	02-Nov-21	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication added to list D; 1 drug/indication added to list B; 5 drugs/indications with updated date moving to routine commissioning
1.195	11-Nov-21	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding
1.196	17-Nov-21	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication recommended for the CDF; 1 drug/indication with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 9 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.197	30-Nov-21	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	2 drugs/indications recommended for the CDF; 2 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.198	03-Dec-21 16-Dec-21	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	S drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria 1 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria 1 drugs/indication swith updated treatment criteria 1 drugs/indication added to list 8; 1 drugs/indication with updated date moving to routine commissioning 0 drugs of the commission of the commis
1.199	16-Dec-21 22-Dec-21	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 arog/macadon for routine commissioning which will receive merim Cor funding; 3 drugs/indications with updated treatment interies; 1 drug/indication with updated or set is 1 arog/macadon with updated or set is 1 arog/maca
1.200	21-Jan-22	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	A and production for volume commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding. 2 drugs/materials and det to its B
1.202	26-Jan-22	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	3 drugs/indications added to list B
1.203	02-Feb-22	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication added to list D; 3 drugs/indications with updated date moving to routine commissioning
1.204	08-Feb-22	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication recommended for the CDF; 1 drug/indication removed from list C
1.205	25-Feb-22	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication recommended for the CDF; 1 drug/indication added to list B
1.206	03-Mar-22 24-Mar-22	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication recommended for the CDF; 2 drugs/indications added to list B 1 drug/indication recommended for the CDF; 2 drugs/indications added to list B: 10 drugs /indications recommended for the CDF; 2 drugs/indications added to list B: 10 drugs /indications added to list B: 10 drugs
1.207	24-Mar-22 01-Apr-22	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication recommended for the CDF; 2 drugs/indications added to list 8: 10 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria 7 drugs/indications removed for list C: 6 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.209	07-Apr-22	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	I drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 3 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.210	14-Apr-22	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 9 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.211	05-May-22	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer	1 drug/indication added to list D; 3 drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 6 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.212	17-May-22	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	1 drug/indication added to list B; 3 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria; 10 drugs/indications with updated date moving to routine commissioning
1.213	25-May-22	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 2 drugs/indications added to list B; 1 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria
1.214	06-Jun-22 17-Jun-22	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	6 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria 1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication moved into routine commissioning; 1 drug/indication removed from the CDF; 2 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria; 2 drugs/indications with updated date moving to routine commissioning
1.216	23-Jun-22 29-Jun-22	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	1 drug/indication with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 3 drugs/indications moved into routine commissioning; 10 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria 1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 2 drugs/indications with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 1 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria
1.217	29-Jun-22 30-Jun-22	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	1 arog/mataton for routine commissioning which will receive merim. Cor undarg: a orogo/matatons with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 1 arog/mataton with updated treatment oritera
1.218	07-Jul-22	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	1 drug/indication for video commissioning which will receive memine to Producing 1 drug/indication for video commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding 1 drug/indication for video commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding
1.220	14-Jul-22	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	3 drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication moved into routine commissioning; 3 drugs/indications with updated indication and treatment criteria
-	1		

Version No.	Date published	Author(s)	Revision summary
1.221	18-Jul-22	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	1 drug/indication updated to reflect the date supply became available and treatment criteria added; 1 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria
1.222	20-Jul-22	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	4 drugs/indications moved into routine commissioning; 1 drug/indication with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 2 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.223	26-Jul-22	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	2 drugs/indications moved into routine commissioning
1.224	03-Aug-22	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	1 drug/indication with updated date moving to routine commissioning
1.225	10-Aug-22 18-Aug-22	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	2 drugs/indications with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 1 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria: changes made to section C and front page 1 drug/indication for routine commissioning; the drug/indication with updated treatment criteria changes made to section C and front page
1.227	23-Aug-22	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	a way matching from white provides and the second s
1.228	02-Sep-22	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication moved into routine commissioning; 1 drug/indication with updated date moving to routine commissioning
1.229	07-Sep-22	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	1 drug/indication updated to reflect availability
1.230	16-Sep-22	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication more into routine commissioning; 10 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.231	23-Sep-22 07-Oct-22	P Clark; S Williamson; D Dwyer P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication with rotitine commissioning and the statement riteria; 1 drug/indication with updated treatment riteria; 1 drug/indication with updated treatment riteria; 2 drug/indication with updated treatment; 2 drug/indication with updated trea
1.232	11-Oct-22	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	2 ang/mataktor investine commissioning ; a ang/mataktor with optace date more govorante commissioning; a ang/mataktor with optaced reament circles  1 drug/mataktor for courties commissioning with will receive interim CDF fording
1.234	13-Oct-22	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	1 drug/indication updated to reflect the date supply became available
1.235	19-Oct-22	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	2 drugs/indications moved into routine commissioning; 2 drugs/indications with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 3 drugs/indications removed from list C; 13 drugs/indications assigned with Blueteq Form references
1.236	26-Oct-22	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	2 drugs/indications with updated date moving to routine commissioning
1.237	08-Nov-22 10-Nov-22	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 2 drugs/indications moved into routine commissioning 2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 2 drugs/indications with updated indication and treatment criteria
1.238	16-Nov-22	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	2 or gymanatoria or ordanic obranic of the CDF, enoved from list D, with updated tractment circles, 1 or gymanatoria more or updated indicatoria or updated indi
1.240	24-Nov-22	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	a origination for routine commissioning which will receive interim DF funding
1.241	25-Nov-22	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	1 drug/indication added to list D
1.242	14-Dec-22	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	3 drugs/indications with updated date moving to routine commissioning
1.243	20-Dec-22	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	1 drug/indication recommended for the CDF; 1 drug/indication with updated indication and treatment criteria
1.244	22-Dec-22 04-Jan-23	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication assigned with a Blueteq Form reference; 1 drug/indication vith updated indication; 2 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.245	12-Jan-23	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	1 ungrimulation with update date moving to routine commissioning 2 drugs/indications with updated date moving to routine commissioning
1.247	18-Jan-23	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	2 drugs/indications moved into routine commissioning; 1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria
1.248	25-Jan-23	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 2 drugs/indications moved into routine commissioning; 2 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria; 1 drug/indication with updated Blueteq Form reference
1.249	26-Jan-23	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria
1.250	09-Feb-23	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	1 drug/indication with updated CDF managed access status; 2 drugs/indications with updated date moving to routine commissioning
1.251 1.252	22-Feb-23 01-Mar-23	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding;1 drug/indication with updated CDF managed access status; 1 drug/indication with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 1 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria 2 drugs/indications with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 2 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.252	09-Mar-23	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	2 drugy/indiadois win update date moving to routine commissioning, 2 drugy/indiadois with update transmissioning, 2 dru
1.254	14-Mar-23	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	3 drugs/indications moved into routine commissioning; 6 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.255	22-Mar-23	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	1 drug/indication with updated date moving to routine commissioning
1.256	29-Mar-23	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	1 drug/indication recommended for the CDF
1.257	31-Mar-23	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	4 drugs/indications removed from list (; 2 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.258	06-Apr-23 11-Apr-23	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz P Clark: S Williamson: Z Niwaz	2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication moved into routine commissioning 2 drugs/indications moved into routine commissioning; 2 drugs/indications (4 forms) with updated treatment criteria
1.260	21-Apr-23	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	I drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication (2 forms) with updated treatment criteria
1.261	24-Apr-23	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication with updated indication and treatment criteria
1.262	27-Apr-23	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	2 drugs/indications recommended for the CDF; 1 drug/indication (2 forms) with updated drug name and treatment criteria
1.263	04-May-23	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	1 drug/indication with updated Blueteq form reference; 6 drugs/indications with updated drug column; 6 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.264	11-May-23	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding, removed from list C; 2 drugs/indications moved into routine commissioning, with updated treatment criteria; 2 drugs/indications (4 forms) with updated date moving to routine commissioning
1.265	18-May-23	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria
1.266	02-Jun-23	P Clark; R Nijjar; Z Niwaz	3 drugs/indications moved into routine commissioning; 1 drug/indication with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 2 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria; 2 drugs/indications with updated Blueteq form reference; 1 drug/indication with updated drug column
1.267	08-Jun-23	R Nijjar; Z Niwaz	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 8 drugs/indications with updated Blueteq form reference
1.268	14-Jun-23	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	1 drug/indication with updated date moving to routine commissioning
1.269	22-Jun-23	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	1 drug/Indication recommended for the CDF; 1 drug/indication moved into routine commissioning; 2 drugs/indications with updated date moving to routine commissioning
1.270	31-Jul-23	P Clark; S Williamson; Z Niwaz	2 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria 2 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria 2 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.271	08-Aug-23 17-Aug-23	P Clark; S Williamson; J Hill P Clark; S Williamson; J Hill	2 drugs/indications (4 forms) moved into routine commissioning: 1 drug/indication with updated treatment into a drug/indication with updated TA number, Date of final NICE guidance, Date baseline funding started
1.272	24-Aug-23	P Clark; S Williamson; J Hill	1 drug/mataon pi onis for noune commissioning which will be very enterim Contrations, 1 drug/mataon reliable to the commissioning which will be very enterim Contrations, 2 drug/mataon enterim contrations of the commission of the
1.274	07-Sep-23	P Clark; J Hill	2 or or get/monocomme opence are commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 2 drugs/indications moved into routine commissioning; 2 drugs/indications with updated Previous CDF drug/ indication column
1.275	12-Sep-23	P Clark; J Hill	1 drugs/indications moved into routine commissioning
1.276	14-Sep-23	P Clark; J Hill	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding
1.277	22-Sep-23	P Clark; J Hill	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 2 drug/indications with updated treatment critering; 5 drug/indications with updated date moving to ortuine commissioning in 1 drug/indications with updated date moving to ortuine commissioning in 1 drug/indications with updated date moving to ortuine commissioning in 1 drug/indications with updated date moving to ortuine commissioning in 1 drug/indications with updated date moving to ortuine commissioning in 1 drug/indications with updated date moving to ortuine commissioning in 1 drug/indications with updated date moving to ortuine commissioning in 1 drug/indications with updated date moving to ortuine commissioning in 1 drug/indications with updated date moving to ortuine commissioning in 1 drug/indications with updated date moving to ortuine commissioning in 1 drug/indications with updated date moving to ortuine commissioning in 1 drug/indications with updated date moving to ortuine commissioning in 1 drug/indications with updated date moving to ortuine commissioning in 1 drug/indications with updated date moving to ortuine commissioning in 1 drug/indications with updated date moving to ortuine commissioning in 1 drug/indications with updated date moving to ortuine commissioning in 1 drug/indications with updated date moving to ortuine commissioning in 1 drug/indications with updated date moving to ortuine commissioning in 1 drug/indications with updated date moving to ortuine commissioning in 1 drug/indications with updated date moving to ortuine commissioning in 1 drug/indications with updated date moving to ortuine commissioning in 1 drug/indications with updated date moving to ortuine commissioning in 1 drug/indications with updated date moving to ortuine commissioning in 1 drug/indications with updated date moving to ortuine commissioning in 1 drug/indications with updated date moving to ortuine commissioning in 1 drug/indications with updated date moving to ortuine commissioning in 1 drug/indications with updated date
1.278	19-Oct-23	P Clark; Z Niwaz	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning; 9 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria; 1 drug/indication with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 9 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria; 1 drug/indication with updated Expected Entry into Baseline Commissioning; 5 drugs / indications with updated treatment criteria; 1 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria; 1 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria; 1 drug/indication with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 9 drugs / indications with updated treatment criteria; 1 drug/indication with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 9 drugs / indications with updated treatment criteria; 1 drug/indication with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 9 drugs / indications with updated treatment criteria; 1 drug / indication with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 9 drugs / indications with updated treatment criteria; 1 drug / indication with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 9 drugs / indications with updated treatment criteria; 1 drug / indication with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 9 drugs / indications with updated treatment criteria; 1 drug / indication with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 9 drugs / indications with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 9 drugs / indications with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 9 drugs / indications with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 9 drugs / indications with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 9 drugs / indications with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 9 drugs / indications with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 9 drugs / indications with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 9 drugs / indications with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 9 drugs / indications with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 9 drugs / indications with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 9 drugs / indications with updated date m
1.279 1.280	01-Nov-23 17-Nov-23	P Clark; J Hill P Clark; J Hill	1 drug/indication updated to reflect the date supply became available and treatment criteria added; 1 drug/indication with updated date moving to routine commissioning
1.280	23-Nov-23	P Clark; J Hill	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding with updated treatment criteria; 1 drug/indication moved into routine commissioning; 1 drug/indication added to list 8 1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication (3 forms) with updated date moving to routine commissioning
1.282	30-Nov-23	P Clark; J Hill	A origination or owner commissioning when white the term of thomas, a long matching or owner commission removed from the CDF 1 drug/indication removed from tist C; 8 drug/ind
1.283	08-Dec-23	P Clark; J Hill	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 2 drugs/indications added to list B, 1 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria

Version No.	Date published	Author(s)	Revision summary
1.284	14-Dec-23	P Clark; J Hill	2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication with updated date moving to routine commissioning
1.285	21-Dec-23	P Clark; J Hill	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication (5 forms) moved into routine commissioning
1.286	09-Jan-24	P Clark; J Hill	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding
1.287	19-Jan-24	P Clark; J Hill	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication moved into routine commissioning; 2 drugs/indications with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 1 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria
1.288	26-Jan-24	R Chauhan; J Hill	1 drug/indication moved into routine commissioning
1.289	01-Feb-24	P Clark; J Hill	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding, 2 drugs/indications with updated date moving to routine commissioning, 2 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria
1.290	02-Feb-24	P Clark; J Hill	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding
1.291	08-Feb-24	P Clark; J Hill	2 drugs/indications with updated date moving to routine commissioning; 1 drug/indication withdrawn market authorisation notice
1.292	15-Feb-24	P Clark; J Hill	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria
1.293	20-Feb-24	Z Niwaz	1 drug/indication updated to reflect the date supply became available and treatment criteria added; 1 drug/indication (3 forms) moved into routine commissioning
1.294	28-Feb-24	P Clark; J Hill	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria (2 forms); 1 drug/indication with updated date moving to routine commissioning
1.295	05-Mar-24	P Clark; J Hill	1 drug/indication recommended for the CDF; 1 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria
1.296	07-Mar-24	P Clark; J Hill	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication removed from list B
1.297	13-Mar-24	P Clark; J Hill	1 drug/indication updated to reflect the date supply became available and treatment criteria added; 1 drug/indication moved into routine commissioning; 1 drug/indication with updated date moving to routine commissioning
1.298	21-Mar-24	P Clark; J Hill	2 drugs/indications for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding and with updated treatment criteria; 1 drug/indication with updated date moving to routine commissioning
1.299	28-Mar-24	P Clark; J Hill	2 drugs/indications with updated date moving to routine commissioning (3 forms)
1.300	09-Apr-24	P Clark; J Hill	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication moved into routine commissioning
1.301	11-Apr-24	P Clark; J Hill	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding and with updated treatment criteria (2 forms); 1 drug/indication with updated date moving to routine commissioning
1.302	17-Apr-24	P Clark; J Hill	1 drug/indication moved into routine commissioning; 1 continuation form for 1 drug/indication removed from the CDF
1.303	22-Apr-24	P Clark; J Hill	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding
1.304	24-Apr-24	P Clark; J Hill	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding
1.305	02-May-24	P Clark; J Richardson; Z Niwaz	2 drugs/indications moved into routine commissioning; 1 drug/indication with updated date moving to routine commissioning (2 forms)
1.306	10-May-24	P Clark; J Richardson; J Hill	1 drug/indication for routine commissioning which will receive interim CDF funding; 1 drug/indication added to list B; 2 drugs/indications moved into routine commissioning; 2 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria; 1 drug/indication with updated date moving to routine commissioning
1.307	17-May-24	P Clark; J Richardson; J Hill	2 drugs/indications with updated date moving to routine commissioning (3 forms)
1.308	21-May-24	P Clark; J Richardson; J Hill	1 drug/indication moved into routine commissioning; 15 drugs/indications formatting issues fixed
1.309	31-May-24	P Clark; J Richardson; J Hill	5 drugs/indications with updated treatment criteria; 1 drug/indication with updated date moving to routine commissioning
1.310	07-Jun-24	P Clark; J Richardson; Z Niwaz	1 drug/indication moved into routine commissioning; 1 drug/indication with updated note in NICE approved indication column
1.311	13-Jun-24	P Clark; J Richardson; J Hill	1 drug/indication updated to reflect the date supply became available and treatment criteria added; 1 drug/indication with updated note in NICE approved indication column
1.312	21-Jun-24	P Clark; J Richardson; J Hill	1 drug/indication recommended for the CDF; 1 drug/indication moved into routine commissioning
1.313	28-Jun-24	P Clark; J Richardson; Z Niwaz	2 drugs/indications moved into routine commissioning (3 forms); 1 drug/indication with updated treatment criteria

#### Changes to recent versions

Indition         Meta for addition of a final control of			
media de la manufacion de la factor	General or criteria	Summary of changes	
	changed		
BackMedia manual prison of the second	Changes to version 1.313		
		Moved into routine commissioning - section B of list	
ResResResResNote on the set of the		Moved into routine commissioning - section B of list	
mage			
		Treatment criteria (#17) updated	
ModeModeModeNoteMode <td></td> <td></td>			
		Moved into routine commissioning - section B of list	
MathemMathema Mark Mark Mark Mark Mark Mark Mark Mar			
Penergenergenergenergenergenergenergener			
Image: Product of the second		Note in Nice approved motation column updated	
		Mand late aution commissioning costion B of list	
Benef and Part of Part			
In Marce and Part A		Inde in Inde approved indeation column dybared	
		Treatment criteria (#12.13.14) undated	
Reside         Todies data (singlade			
Field         Notes of the state s			
Bits         Selected and			
Charge involution         Control           Internation         Merit involution         Merit involutinvolutin         Merit involution         Merit			
	Changes to version 1.308		
RAIL         Image: Provide a material of the term image: commission of term image: commission of the term image: commission of term image: commission			
Instrument         Instrument           Sin 20         Set private 2000         Set private 2000 <td></td> <td></td>			
Gene in a substance         Second Secon			
Bill         Bill <td< td=""><td></td><td></td></td<>			
Instal         Instal <th instal<<="" td=""><td></td><td></td></th>	<td></td> <td></td>		
Inside         Index betwee twee twee twee twee twee twee tw			
Pose server serve		Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning	
initial         Messale for auton consulating reconsigning recon			
Interms         Addit souther commission : excluse of a file           NNEL         Media for commission : excluse of a file           NNEL         Control : Contro			
NMR11         Mode in counies commissioning: section B of Hit           OLA9         Mode in counies commissioning: section B of Hit           IT         Teatment critering (III) splated           MOL         Teatment critering (III) splated in momes to routine commissioning: section B of Hit           Moter         Teatment critering (III) splated in momes to routine commissioning: section B of Hit           Moter         Teatment critering (III) splated in momes to routine commissioning: section B of Hit           Moter         Teatment critering (III) splated in momes to routine commissioning: section B of Hit           Moter         Teatment critering (III) splated in momes to routine commissioning: section B of Hit           Moter         Teatment critering (IIII) splated in momes to routine commissioning: section B of Hit           Moter         Teatment critering (IIII) splated in momes to routine commissioning: section B of Hit           Moter         Teatment critering (IIII) splated in throutine commissioning: section B of Hit           Moter         Teatment critering (IIII) splated in throutine commissioning: section B of Hit           Moter         Teatment critering (IIII) splated in throutine commissioning: receting (IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII			
0.№9         Modila notative commissioning - section 8 of 1st           1 Rea of Texane criterial (21, 3, 0 pdated           1 Rea of Texane criterial (21, 3, 0 pdated           StUR2         Date updated criterial (21, 3, 0 pdated           StUR3         Date updated criterial (21, 3, 0 pdated           StUR3         Date updated criterial (21, 3, 0 pdated           StUR3         Recommedifer criterial (21, 4, 5, 0, 7, 5, 1, 5), 1) splated           StUR3         Recommedifer criterial (21, 4, 5, 0, 7, 5, 1, 5), 1) splated           StUR4         Recommedifer criterial criterial (21, 5, 0, 7, 5, 1, 5), 1) splated           StUR4         Recommedifer criterial criterial (21, 5, 0, 7, 5, 1, 5), 1) splated           StUR4         Recommedifer criterial criterial (21, 5, 0, 7, 5, 1, 5), 1) splated           StUR4         Recommedifer criterial criterial (21, 5, 0, 7, 5, 1, 5), 1) splated           StUR4         <			
Initian         Initian Treatment interly 14, 34, 39 update           Initian         Treatment interly 14, 34, 39 update           Initian         Initian           Initian         In			
Index         Instant citeria (s1) updated           SUD         Treatment citeria (s1) updated           SUD         Model into coulte commissioning-section 8 of list           SUD         Out updated to reatmet der multisoning-section 10 list           SUD         Out updated to reatmet der multisoning           SUD         Out updated to reatmet der multisoning           SUD         Supdated to reatmet der multisoning           SUD         Supdated to reatmet der multisoning           SUD         Supdated to reatmet der multisoning receiving CDF interim funding section 10 filst           SUD         Supdated to reatmet der multisoning receiving CDF interim funding Treatment criteria (s1, s, s, r, s, s, 1, 1) updated           SUD         Supdated to reatmet der multisoning receiving CDF interim funding. Treatment criteria (s1, s, s, r, s, s, 1, 1) updated           SUD         Supdated to reatmet der multisoning. receiving CDF interim funding. Treatment criteria (s1, s, s, r, s, s, 1, 1) updated           SUD         Supdated to refated at moves to rudine commissioning. receiving CDF interim funding. Treatment criteria (s1, s, s, r, s, s, 1, 1) updated           SUD         Supdated to			
Still         Die qualet for erflet die trinse tor nichte commissionig : section B of Ist           Norit         Moder into routine commissionig : section B of Ist           Norit         Moder into routine commissionig : section B of Ist           BMBS         Bit qualet die rothet die commissionig : section B of Ist           PMBS         Bit qualet die rothet die routine commissionig : section B of Ist           Reserver 139         Terminet die rothet die rothet commissionig : section B of Ist           Reserver 130         Reserver 130           Bit qualet die rothet commissionig : section B of Ist         Terminet die rothet commissionig : section B of Ist           Reserver 130         Reserver 130         Reserver 130           Status         Reserver 130         Reserver 130 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td></t<>			
Charget version 1.35			
N01         Word in or outing commissioning - section B of Hit           N04         Word in or outing commissioning - section B of Hit           PKMS         Date updated or inflect date It moves to routine commissioning           PKMS         Technologie Section B of Hit           Other B         Technologie Section B of Hit           State Section B         Technologie Section B of Hit			
Inst         Med Informatisoning-section B of Ist           PKMB         Need Informatisoning-section B of Ist           PKMB         Resommed for rolute commissioning receiving CDF interin funding, see weblict ettry for more information           NBTRA         Resommed for rolute commissioning receiving CDF interin funding, see weblict ettry for more information           NBTRA         Recommed for rolute commissioning receiving CDF interin funding, see weblict ettry for more information           NBTRA         Recommed for rolute commissioning receiving CDF interin funding, see weblict ettry in the see weblick ettry in the setry in the see weblick ettry		Moved into routine commissioning - section B of list	
PARB6         Image: Not Control in Control i			
Charges to version 1.30         Recommende for routine commissioning receiving CDF interim funding, see weblist entry for more information           StaNa         Recommende for routine commissioning receiving CDF interim funding           StaNa         Recommende for routine commissioning receiving CDF interim funding           OLAPA         Moved Into routine commissioning receiving CDF interim funding           OLAPA         Moved Into routine commissioning receiving CDF interim funding           TSDD         Recommende for routine commissioning receiving CDF interim funding. Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 6, 1, 1, 1) updated           TSDD         Recommende for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding. Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated           TSDD         Recommende for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding. Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated           TSDD         Recommende for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding. Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated           TSDD         Recommende for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding. Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated           TSDD         Recommende for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding. Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated           TSDD         Recommende for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding. Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated           TSDD         Recommende for routine commissioning. receiving CDF interim funding. Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 0, 1, 12, 1			
BATRA4         Revnede for value comsissing, receiving functing use weblik entry function           Stans         Revnede for value comsissing, receiving functing use weblik entry function           Stans         Revnede for value comsissing, receiving functing use weblik entry function           Other         Main to comsissing receiving function           Stans         Revnede for value comsissing, receiving function           Table         Revnede for value comsissing, receiving function           Stans         Revnede for value comsissing, receiving function           Stans         Revnede for value comsissing, receiving function           Stans         Revnede for value comsissioning, receiving function           Stans         Revned value for value comsissioning, receiving function <td>PEMB6</td> <td></td>	PEMB6		
Changes to version 1.300 <ul> <li>Mecon mended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding</li> </ul> <li>Changes to version 1.300</li> <li>Changes to version 1.300</li> <li>Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 13, 15) updated</li> <li>TSD1b</li> <li>Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 13, 15) updated</li> <li>CABME</li> <li>CABME<!--</td--><td>Changes to version 1.304</td><td></td></li>	Changes to version 1.304		
SEUN3         Reomended for outine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding           Charge to version 22           OLA4         Mode into routine commissioning - section B of list           TSD2b         Removed from the CDF           Charge to version 22         Remomended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 13, 15) updated           TSD2b         Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated           TSD3         Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated           TSD3         Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated           CABNIV         Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated           CHARGE         Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated           DUR2         Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated           OLA7         Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 0, 11, 2, 13, 4, 15) updated           OLA7         Re updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning           OLA7         Reup dated to reflect date it moves to routine c	DABTRA4	Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF Interim funding, see weblist entry for more information	
Charges to version 1.30     Mode into routine commissioning - section B of list       TSO2     Removed from the CDF       Charges to version 1.30     Ecommended for coutine commissioning, receiving CDF interin funding; Treatment criteria (#3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 13, 15) updated       TSO3     Recommended for coutine commissioning, receiving CDF interin funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated       TSO3     Recommended for coutine commissioning, receiving CDF interin funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated       Charges     Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning, receiving CDF interin funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated       Charges     Recommended for coutine commissioning, receiving CDF interin funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated       Charges     Recommended for coutine commissioning, receiving CDF interin funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated       Other     Nee update to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning, receiving CDF interin funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated       Outper     Recommended for coutine commissioning, receiving CDF interin funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated       Outper     Need into routine commissioning, receiving CDF interin funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated       Outper     Date update to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       Outper     Date update to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       Outper     Date update to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning			
OLAP4     More duite commissioning, section 8 of list       TiSO2b     Recommende for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; treatment citeria (#3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 13, 15) updated       TISO1a     Recommende for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; treatment citeria (#3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 13, 15) updated       TISO1a     Recommende for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; treatment citeria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated       TISO1a     Recommende for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; treatment citeria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated       CABNV1     Date update to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment citeria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated       CABNV1     Date update to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment citeria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated       SUEX     Recommende for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment citeria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 0, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated       OLAPA     New for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding;       OLAPA     New for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding;       OLAPA     Date update tit moves to routine commissioning       OLAPA     Date update to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       OLAPA     Date update to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       OLAPA     Date update routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment citeria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 0, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated <t< td=""><td></td><td>Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF Interim funding</td></t<>		Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF Interim funding	
Tis02b       Renoved from the CDF         Changes to version 1.301       Fecommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 13, 15) updated         TIS01a       Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated         TIS01b       Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated         CABNIV1       Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning         Changes to resident date it moves to routine commissioning       Fectomended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding         SELIN2       Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding         DuR2       More into routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding         DuR3       Note into routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding         DuR4       Note into routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding         DuR5       Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning         OLAP1a       Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning         OLAP1a       Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning         OLAP1a       Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning         PEMB5       Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 0, 11, 12, 13, 1			
Changes to version 1.30         Concented of routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding: Treatment criteria (#3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 13, 15) updated           TS01         Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding: Treatment criteria (#3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 13, 15) updated           CABN/0         De updated for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding: Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated           CABN/0         De updated for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding: Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated           Changes version         Concented for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding: Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated           SUR0         Roomended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding: Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated           Outper         More Interime Commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding: Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated           Outper         More Interime Commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding: Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 0, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated           Outper         More Interime Commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding: Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 0, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated           Outper         Roomened for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding: Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 0, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated			
TS01a     Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 13, 15) updated       TS01b     Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated       CABN/1     Date updated to routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated       CABN/1     Date updated to routine commissioning CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated       Chapes to version 1.30     Seconded for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated       Chapes to version 1.30     More interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated       Chapes to version 1.30     More interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated       Chapes to version 1.30     Interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 0, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated       Chapes to version 1.30     Interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 0, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated       Chapes to version 1.30     Interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 0, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated       Chapes to version 1.30     Interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 0, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated       Chapes to version 1.30     Interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 0, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated       Chapes to version 1.30     Interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 0, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated       Chapes to version 1.3		Removed from the CDF	
TSD1     Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interin funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated       TSD1     Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interin funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated       CABNIV     Set updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning, receiving CDF interin funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 6) updated       SELIN2     Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interin funding       DN2     Neve Interocommissioning, receiving CDF interin funding       DN2     Neve Interocommissioning, receiving CDF interin funding       Charges     Neve Interocommissioning, receiving CDF interin funding       DARS     Neve Interocommissioning, receiving CDF interin funding       OLAP1     Dated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       OLAP2     Dated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       OLAP3     Dated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       OLAP4     Dated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       OLAP3     Dated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning, receiving CDF interin funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 0, 0, 11, 2, 13, 14, 15) updated       PMAS     Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interin funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 0, 0, 11, 2, 13, 14, 15) updated			
CABNV1     Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       Changes to version 1.300       SELING     Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding       DUR2     Moved into routine commissioning, section B of list       DuR3     Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       OLAP1a     Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       OLAP1a     Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       OLAP1a     Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       OLAP1a     Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       OLAP1a     Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       OLAP1a     Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       OLAP1a     Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       OLAP1a     Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       OLAP1a     Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning.       OLAP1a     Determissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated       PEM85     Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated       PEM85     Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated <td></td> <td></td>			
Changes to version 1.300         SELIN2       Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding         DUR2       Moved into routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding         Changes to version 1.397       Change to version 1.400         OLAP1a       Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning         OLAP1a       Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning         OLAP1a       Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning         OLAP1a       Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning         OLAP1a       Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning         OLAP1a       Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning         OLAP1a       Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning         OLAP1a       Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning         OLAP1a       Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning         OLAP1a       Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning         PEM85       Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding, Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 0, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated         PEM85       Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding, Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 0, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated			
SELIN2     Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding       DUR2     Moved into routine commissioning, - section 8 of list       Charges to errison: 2007     Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       OLAP1a     Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       OLAP1a     Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       OLAP1a     Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       OLAP1a     Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       OLAP1a     Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       OLAP1a     Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       OLAP1a     Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       OLAP1a     Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning.       PEMB5     Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated       PEMB5     Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated			
DUR2       Moved into routine commissioning - section B of list         Changes to version 1.29       Jate updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning         DLR3       Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning         OLAP1a       Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning         OLAP1a       Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning         OLAP1a       Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning         OLAP1a       Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning         OLAP1a       Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning         OLAP1a       Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning         OLAP1a       Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated         PEMB5       Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated         PEMB5       Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated			
Changes to version 1.299         DAR5       Date update to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning         OLAP1a       Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning         OLAP1b       Changes to version 1.298         PEMB5       Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated         PEMB6       Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated			
DARS     Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       OLAP1a     Olate updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       OLAP1a     Olate updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       OLAP1a     Charges to version 1.29       PEMBS     Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated       PEMB6     Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated		Moved into routine commissioning - section B of list	
OLAP1a     Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning       OLAP1b     Changes       Changes to version 1.28       PEMB6     Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated       PEMB6     Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated	Changes to version 1.299		
OLAP1b     OLAP1b       Changes to version 1.299     F       PEMBS     Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated       PEMB6     Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated			
Changes to version 1.29         PEM85       Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated         PEM86       Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated		Date updated to reflect date it moves to routine commissioning	
PEMBS       Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated         PEMB6       Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated			
PEMB6 Recommended for routine commissioning, receiving CDF interim funding; Treatment criteria (#1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15) updated			
MOWI   Date updated to renect date it moves to routine commissioning			
	MOM1	Juate upoateo to renect date it moves to routine commissioning	